Examining runtime

WRITING EFFICIENT PYTHON CODE



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Why should we time our code?

- Allows us to pick the optimal coding approach
- Faster code == more efficient code!

How can we time our code?

- Calculate runtime with IPython magic command %timeit
- Magic commands: enhancements on top of normal Python syntax
 - Prefixed by the "%" character
 - Link to docs (here)
 - See all available magic commands with %lsmagic

Using %timeit

Code to be timed

```
import numpy as np
rand_nums = np.random.rand(1000)
```

```
%timeit rand_nums = np.random.rand(1000)
```

```
8.61 \mus \pm 69.1 ns per loop (mean \pm std. dev. of 7 runs, 100000 loops each)
```

%timeit output

Code to be timed

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%timeit output

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```
rand_nums = np.random.rand(1000)
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%timeit rand_nums = np.random.rand(1000)
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8.61 µs ± 69.1 ns per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 7 runs, 100000 loops each)
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%timeit output

Code to be timed

```
rand_nums = np.random.rand(1000)
```

```
%timeit rand_nums = np.random.rand(1000)
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```
8.61 \mus \pm 69.1 ns per loop (mean \pm std. dev. of 7 runs, 100000 loops each)
```

Specifying number of runs/loops

Setting the number of runs (-r) and/or loops (-n)

```
# Set number of runs to 2 (-r2)
# Set number of loops to 10 (-n10)

%timeit -r2 -n10 rand_nums = np.random.rand(1000)
```

```
16.9 \mus \pm 5.14 \mus per loop (mean \pm std. dev. of 2 runs, 10 loops each)
```

Using %timeit in line magic mode

Line magic (%timeit)

```
# Single line of code

%timeit nums = [x for x in range(10)]
```

```
914 ns \pm 7.33 ns per loop (mean \pm std. dev. of 7 runs, 1000000 loops each)
```

Using %timeit in cell magic mode

Cell magic (%%timeit)

```
# Multiple lines of code

%%timeit
nums = []
for x in range(10):
    nums.append(x)
```

```
1.17 \mus \pm 3.26 ns per loop (mean \pm std. dev. of 7 runs, 1000000 loops each)
```

Saving output

Saving the output to a variable (-0)

```
times = %timeit -o rand_nums = np.random.rand(1000)
```

```
8.69 \mus \pm 91.4 ns per loop (mean \pm std. dev. of 7 runs, 100000 loops each)
```

times.timings

```
[8.697893059998023e-06,
8.651204760008113e-06,
8.634270530001232e-06,
8.66847825998775e-06,
8.619398139999247e-06,
8.902550710008654e-06,
8.633500570012985e-06]
```

times.best

8.619398139999247e-06

times.worst

8.902550710008654e-06



Comparing times

Python data structures can be created using formal name

```
formal_list = list()
formal_dict = dict()
formal_tuple = tuple()
```

Python data structures can be created using literal syntax

```
literal_list = []
literal_dict = {}
literal_tuple = ()
```

```
f_time = %timeit -o formal_dict = dict()
145 ns \pm 1.5 ns per loop (mean \pm std. dev. of 7 runs, 10000000 loops each)
l_time = %timeit -o literal_dict = {}
93.3 ns \pm 1.88 ns per loop (mean \pm std. dev. of 7 runs, 10000000 loops each)
diff = (f_time.average - l_time.average) * (10**9)
print('l_time better than f_time by {} ns'.format(diff))
```

l_time better than f_time by 51.90819192857814 ns

Comparing times

```
%timeit formal_dict = dict()
```

```
145 ns \pm 1.5 ns per loop (mean \pm std. dev. of 7 runs, 10000000 loops each)
```

```
%timeit literal_dict = {}
```

93.3 ns \pm 1.88 ns per loop (mean \pm std. dev. of 7 runs, 10000000 loops each)

Off to the races!

WRITING EFFICIENT PYTHON CODE



Code profiling for runtime

WRITING EFFICIENT PYTHON CODE



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Code profiling

- Detailed stats on frequency and duration of function calls
- Line-by-line analyses
- Package used: line_profiler

```
pip install line_profiler
```

Code profiling: runtime

```
heroes = ['Batman', 'Superman', 'Wonder Woman']

hts = np.array([188.0, 191.0, 183.0])

wts = np.array([ 95.0, 101.0, 74.0])
```

```
def convert_units(heroes, heights, weights):
   new_hts = [ht * 0.39370  for ht in heights]
    new_wts = [wt \star 2.20462 for wt in weights]
   hero_data = {}
   for i,hero in enumerate(heroes):
        hero_data[hero] = (new_hts[i], new_wts[i])
    return hero_data
convert_units(heroes, hts, wts)
{'Batman': (74.0156, 209.4389),
 'Superman': (75.1967, 222.6666),
 'Wonder Woman': (72.0471, 163.1419)}
```



Code profiling: runtime

```
%timeit convert_units(heroes, hts, wts)
```

```
3 \mu s \pm 32 ns per loop (mean \pm std. dev. of 7 runs, 100000 loops each)
```



```
%timeit new_hts = [ht * 0.39370 for ht in hts]
1.09 µs ± 11 ns per loop (mean ± std. dev. of 7 runs, 1000000 loops each)
%timeit new_wts = [wt * 2.20462 for wt in wts]
1.08 \mus \pm 6.42 ns per loop (mean \pm std. dev. of 7 runs, 1000000 loops each)
%%timeit
hero_data = {}
for i,hero in enumerate(heroes):
    hero_data[hero] = (new_hts[i], new_wts[i])
634 ns \pm 9.29 ns per loop (mean \pm std. dev. of 7 runs, 1000000 loops each)
```

Code profiling: line_profiler

Using line_profiler package

%load_ext line_profiler

Magic command for line-by-line times

%lprun -f

Code profiling: line_profiler

Using line_profiler package

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Magic command for line-by-line times

%lprun -f convert_units

Code profiling: line_profiler

Using line_profiler package

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Magic command for line-by-line times

%lprun -f convert_units convert_units(heroes, hts, wts)



%lprun -f convert_units convert_units(heroes, hts, wts)

```
Timer unit: 1e-06 s
```

Total time: 2.6e-05 s

File: <ipython-input-211-2e40813f07a3>

Line #	Hits	Time	Per Hit	% Time	Line Contents
1					def convert_units(heroes, heights, weights):
2					
3	1	13.0	13.0	50.0	$new_hts = [ht * 0.39370 for ht in heights]$
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%timeit convert_units convert_units(heroes, hts, wts)

 $3 \mu s \pm 32 ns per loop (mean \pm std. dev. of 7 runs, 100000 loops each)$

%lprun -f convert_units convert_units(heroes, hts, wts)

Timer unit: 1e-06 s

Total time: 2.6e-05 s

File: <ipython-input-211-2e40813f07a3>
Function: convert_units at line 1

Line #	Hits	Time	Per Hit	% Time	Line Contents
1					def convert_units(heroes, heights, weights):
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Let's practice your new profiling powers!

WRITING EFFICIENT PYTHON CODE



Code profiling for memory usage

WRITING EFFICIENT PYTHON CODE



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Quick and dirty approach

```
import sys

nums_list = [*range(1000)]
sys.getsizeof(nums_list)
```

9112

```
import numpy as np
nums_np = np.array(range(1000))
sys.getsizeof(nums_np)
```

8096



Code profiling: memory

- Detailed stats on memory consumption
- Line-by-line analyses
- Package used: memory_profiler

```
pip install memory_profiler
```

• Using memory_profiler package

```
%load_ext memory_profiler

%mprun -f convert_units convert_units(heroes, hts, wts)
```



Code profiling: memory

- Functions must be imported when using memory_profiler
 - o hero_funcs.py

```
from hero_funcs import convert_units
```

```
%load_ext memory_profiler
```

%mprun -f convert_units convert_units(heroes, hts, wts)

```
%mprun -f convert_units convert_units(heroes, hts, wts)
```

Mem usage	Increment	Line Contents
103.8 MiB	103.8 MiB	def convert_units(heroes, heights, weights):
103.9 MiB	0.0 MiB	$new_hts = [ht * 0.39370 for ht in heights]$
104.1 MiB	0.2 MiB	$new_wts = [wt * 2.20462 for wt in weights]$
104.1 MiB	0.0 MiB	hero_data = {}
104.3 MiB	0.0 MiB	for i,hero in enumerate(heroes):
104.3 MiB	0.2 MiB	<pre>hero_data[hero] = (new_hts[i], new_wts[i])</pre>
104.3 MiB	0.0 MiB	return hero_data
	103.8 MiB 103.9 MiB 104.1 MiB 104.1 MiB 104.3 MiB 104.3 MiB	103.8 MiB 103.8 MiB 103.9 MiB 0.0 MiB 104.1 MiB 0.2 MiB 104.1 MiB 0.0 MiB 104.3 MiB 0.0 MiB 104.3 MiB 0.2 MiB



```
%mprun -f convert_units convert_units(heroes, hts, wts)
```

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11	104.3 <mark>MiB</mark>	0.0 <mark>MiB</mark>	return hero_data



Data used in this example is a random sample of 35,000 heroes.

(not original 480 superheroes dataset)

```
%mprun -f convert_units convert_units(heroes, hts, wts)
```

Filename: ~/hero_funcs.py Line # Mem usage Increment Line Contents 103.8 MiB 103.8 MiB def convert_units(heroes, heights, weights): 103.9 MiB 0.0 MiB $new_hts = [ht * 0.39370 for ht in heights]$ 104.1 MiB 0.2 MiB new_wts = [wt * 2.20462 for wt in weights] 104.1 MiB 0.0 MiB $hero_data = \{\}$ 104.3 MiB 0.0 MiB for i,hero in enumerate(heroes): 104.3 MiB 0.2 MiB hero_data[hero] = (new_hts[i], new_wts[i]) 10 11 104.3 MiB 0.0 MiB return hero_data



Small memory allocations could result in 0.0 MiB output.

(using original 480 superheroes dataset)

```
%mprun -f convert_units convert_units(heroes, hts, wts)
```

Line	#	Mem usage	Increment	Line Contents
	1	 98.7 MiB	 98.7 MiB	def convert_units(heroes, heights, weights):
	2			
	3	98.7 MiB	0.0 MiB	$new_hts = [ht * 0.39370 for ht in heights]$
	4	98.7 MiB	0.0 MiB	$new_wts = [wt * 2.20462 for wt in weights]$
	5			
	6	98.7 MiB	0.0 MiB	hero_data = {}
	7			
	8	98.7 MiB	0.0 MiB	for i,hero in enumerate(heroes):
	9	98.7 MiB	0.0 MiB	<pre>hero_data[hero] = (new_hts[i], new_wts[i])</pre>
1	.0			
1	.1	98.7 MiB	0.0 MiB	return hero_data



- Inspects memory by querying the operating system
- Results may differ between platforms and runs
 - Can still observe how each line of code compares to others based on memory consumption

Let's practice!

WRITING EFFICIENT PYTHON CODE

