Muhammad Rifan IA 5009211138 Pemrosesan sinyal Optimasi

Diberikan

$$x (\Pi_1, \Pi_2)$$
 $h (\Pi_1, \Pi_2)$
 $\downarrow 1$
 $\downarrow 1$

konvolusikan sinyal di atas ... 9(n,,n2) = \(\sum_{k12-4}^{\infty} \times (k1,k2) h (n,-k1-n2-k2)

langkah pertama. cerminkan h (n,,nz) rehingga didapatkan

shg tonvolusisan sinyal sebagai berikut

$$\begin{vmatrix}
0 & -1 & (1 \cdot 2) & 5 & 3 & \Leftrightarrow & -1(0) + (2) & = 2 \\
0 & -1 & (1 \cdot 2) & 5 & \Leftrightarrow & -1(0) + (2) & = 2
\end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix}
1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\
0 & (-1 \cdot 3) & (1 \cdot 5) & \Leftrightarrow & -1(2) + 5 & = 3
\end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix}
1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\
0 & 2 & (-1 \cdot 5) & (1 \cdot 3) & \Leftrightarrow & -5 + 3 & = -2
\end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix}
1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\
0 & 2 & 5 & (-1 \cdot 3) & 1 & \Leftrightarrow & -3 + 1(0) & = -3
\end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} 0 & -1 & (1 \cdot 1) & 4 & 1 & 4 \\ & 1 & (1 \cdot 2) & 5 & 3 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} (-1 \cdot 1) & (1 \cdot 4) & 1 & 4 \\ & (1 \cdot 2) & (1 \cdot 4) & 1 & 4 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} (1 \cdot 2) & (1 \cdot 5) & 3 \\ & (1 \cdot 2) & (1 \cdot 5) & 3 \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} (1 \cdot 4) & (1 \cdot 1) & (2) & -1 \\ & 2 & (1 \cdot 5) & (1 \cdot 3) \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} (1 \cdot 4) & (1 \cdot 1) & (2) & -1 \\ & 2 & (1 \cdot 5) & (1 \cdot 3) \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} (1 \cdot 4) & (1 \cdot 1) & (2) & -1 \\ & 2 & (1 \cdot 3) & (2) \end{vmatrix}$$

$$\begin{vmatrix} (1 \cdot 4) & (1 \cdot 1) & (2) & (2) \\ & 2 & (1 \cdot 3) & (2) \end{vmatrix}$$

sehingga hasil akhir yang didapat

$$9(N_1N_2) = \begin{cases} 1 & \Gamma & V \\ 3 & 10 & \Gamma & 2 \\ 2 & 3 & -2 & -3 \end{cases}$$