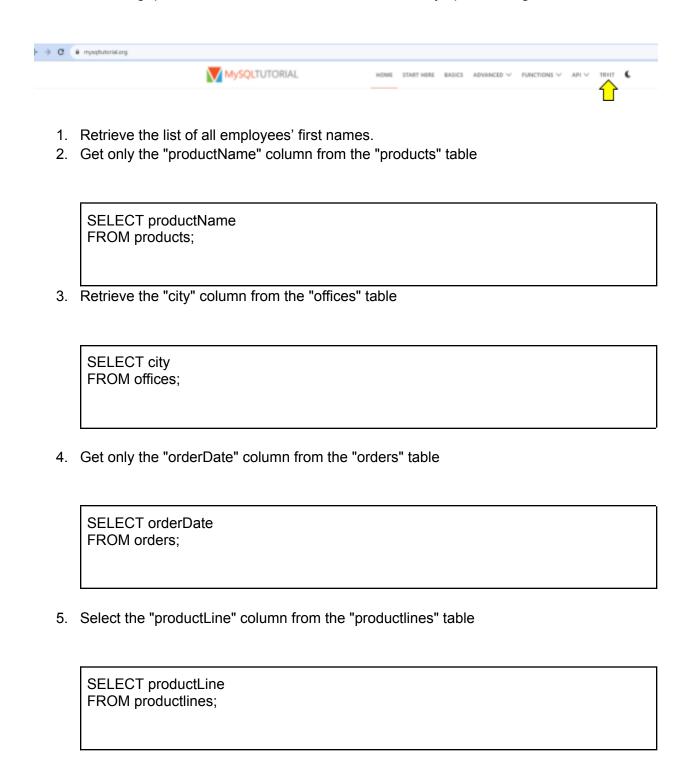
Databases:

**** The following queries are based on the "SandBox" from mysqltutorial.org



6.	Retrieve the "customerName" and "contactFirstName" columns from the "customers" table				
	SELECT customerName, contactFirstName FROM customers;				
7.	Get the "productName" and "buyPrice" columns from the "products" table				
	SELECT productName, buyPrice FROM products;				
8.	Select the "firstName" and "lastName" columns from the "employees" table				
	SELECT firstName, lastName FROM employees;				
9.	Retrieve the "city" and "country" columns from the "offices" table				
	SELECT city, country FROM offices;				
10.	Get the "orderNumber" and "orderDate" columns from the "orders" table				
	SELECT orderNumber, orderDate FROM orders;				
11	Patriove the "customerName" "contactFirstName" and "contactLastName" columns				

from the "customers" table

	SELECT customerName, contactFirstName, contactLastName FROM customers;
	Get the "productCode," "productName," and "buyPrice" columns from the "products" table
	SELECT productCode, productName, buyPrice FROM products;
	Select the "employeeNumber," "firstName," and "lastName" columns from the "employees" table
	SELECT employeeNumber, firstName, lastName FROM employees;
14.	Retrieve the "officeCode," "city," and "country" columns from the "offices" table
	SELECT officeCode, city, country FROM offices;
15.	Get the "orderNumber," "orderDate," and "status" columns from the "orders" table
	SELECT orderNumber, orderDate, status FROM orders;

16. F	Retrieve the list of all employees' first & last name.
17. F	Retrieve all columns from the "customers" table
	SELECT * FROM customers;
18. 0	Get all columns from the "products" table
	SELECT * FROM products;
19. \$	Select all columns from the "employees" table
	SELECT * FROM employees;
20. F	Retrieve all columns from the "offices" table
	SELECT * FROM offices;
21. (Get all columns from the "orders" table
	SELECT * FROM orders;

23.	Retrieve the list of all employees' last name, email & job title. Retrieve all columns from the "customers" table and order the results by customer in a second to provide a second to be
	in ascending order
	SELECT * FROM customers ORDER BY customerName ASC;
24.	Get all columns from the "products" table and order the results by buy price in descending order
	SELECT * FROM products ORDER BY buyPrice DESC;
25.	Get a list of distinct offices by city
	SELECT DISTINCT city
	FROM offices;
26.	List the distinct job titles of employees

	SELECT DISTINCT country FROM customers;
28.	Get a list of distinct order statuses
	SELECT DISTINCT status FROM orders;
30.	Retrieve all columns for all employees. List all columns for employees, and sort the results by their last names in alphabetical order
	SELECT * FROM employees ORDER BY lastName;
31.	Retrieve all columns for all customers
	SELECT * FROM customers ORDER BY customerNumber;
	Retrieve the list of all customers' names. Retrieve a list of all customers in alphabetical order by customer name.
	SELECT customerName FROM customers ORDER BY customerName;

35	Retrieve :	the list	of all	l customers	and their	contact	details	(name	phone	email)
JJ.	1 CUILCYC	1110 1131	OI all	i custonicis	and then	COLITACE	uctans	(Hallic,	prioric,	Cilian,

SELECT customerName, phone, email FROM customers;

36. Retrieve the names and credit limits of customers with a credit limit greater than \$50,000.

SELECT customerName, creditLimit FROM customers WHERE creditLimit > 50000;

37. Get the product names and quantities ordered for products with a quantity ordered greater than 30.

SELECT productName, quantityOrdered FROM orderdetails WHERE quantityOrdered > 30;

38. Retrieve a list of customer details for customers who are located in France.

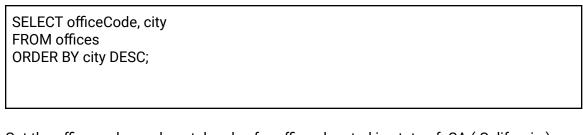
SELECT * FROM `customers` WHERE country = "france";

39. Retrieve office codes and city names from the "offices" table where the city name starts with the letter "L"

	SELECT officeCode, city FROM offices WHERE city LIKE 'L%';
_	Retrieve customer names and contact names from the "customers" table where the contact last name starts with "D" and is followed by any characters
	SELECT customerName, contactLastName, contactFirstName FROM customers WHERE contactLastName LIKE 'D%';
	Get product names and product codes from the "products" table where the product code starts with "S10_" and is followed by any characters
	SELECT productName, productCode FROM products WHERE productCode LIKE 'S10_%';
	Retrieve office codes and postal codes from the "offices" table where the postal code contains the pattern "9XXX" ((X can be replaced with any digit))
	SELECT officeCode, postalCode FROM offices WHERE postalCode LIKE '9';
	Get order numbers and order dates from the "orders" table where the order date is in the year 2004
	SELECT orderNumber, orderDate

	FROM orders WHERE orderDate LIKE '2004%';
	Select employee names and email addresses from the "employees" table where the employees' first name doesnt start with "N" letter.
	select firstName , lastName , email FROM employees WHERE firstName NOT LIKE "N%"
	Retrieve office codes and cities from the "offices" table where the city name ends with "o"
	SELECT officeCode, city FROM offices WHERE city LIKE '%o';
46.	Retrieve details about the last 5 products that were ordered from "orders".
	SELECT * FROM `orders` order BY orderDate DESC LIMIT 5;
47.	List the products that have a price greater than \$50
	SELECT productName, buyPrice FROM products WHERE buyPrice > 50;

48. Get all columns for products, and sort the results by product code in descending order
SELECT * FROM products ORDER BY productCode DESC;
49. Retrieve all columns for orders and order the results by order date in ascending order
SELECT * FROM orders ORDER BY orderDate;
50. List the products in descending order of their buy price.
SELECT productName, buyPrice FROM products ORDER BY buyPrice DESC;
51. Retrieve the order numbers and order dates for all orders, sorted by order date in ascending order.
SELECT orderNumber, orderDate FROM orders ORDER BY orderDate;
52. List the offices in descending order of their city.



53. Get the office codes and postal codes for offices located in state of CA (California).

```
SELECT officeCode, postalCode
FROM offices
WHERE state = 'CA';
```

54. Retrieve the order numbers and order dates for orders placed before January 1, 2005

```
SELECT orderNumber, orderDate
FROM orders
WHERE orderDate < '2005-01-01';
```

55. Retrieve the names and phone numbers of customers from the USA.

```
SELECT customerName, phone , country
FROM customers
WHERE country = 'USA';
```

56. Get order numbers and order dates from the "orders" table where the order date is in the year 2005 and the status is "Shipped"

```
SELECT orderNumber, orderDate
FROM orders
WHERE orderDate LIKE '2005%' AND status = 'Shipped';
```

product li	ines that have a	text
from the	USA or France	
th a buy p	price between \$	50 an
placed be	pefore January 1	, 200
)7-12-31';		
17-12-31'; ted in Cali		(CA) or

```
SELECT officeCode, postalCode, state
FROM offices
WHERE state = 'CA' OR state = 'NY';
```

62. Retrieve the product names and buy prices for products with a buy price between \$20 and \$50, and the product name contains "Car."

```
SELECT productName, buyPrice FROM products
WHERE buyPrice BETWEEN 20 AND 50 AND productName LIKE '%Car%';
```

63. List the customer names, phone numbers, and credit limits for customers from France, USA, or Germany with a credit limit greater than \$50,000.

```
SELECT customerName, phone, creditLimit
FROM customers
WHERE country IN ('France', 'USA', 'Germany') AND creditLimit > 50000;
```

64. Retrieve the customer names and credit limits for customers whose credit limit is either less than \$10,000 or greater than \$100,000.

```
SELECT customerName, creditLimit
FROM customers
WHERE creditLimit < 10000 OR creditLimit > 100000;
```

65. Get the product names and buy prices for products with a buy price less than \$30 or a product name containing "Motorcycle.

	SELECT productName, buyPrice FROM products WHERE buyPrice < 30 OR productName LIKE '%Motorcycle%';
66. F	Retrieve distinct product codes
	SELECT DISTINCT productCode FROM products;
67. F	Retrieve customers with a NULL value in the credit limit column
	SELECT customerName, creditLimit FROM customers WHERE creditLimit IS NULL;
	Get product codes and product names for products with a NULL value in the product scale column
	SELECT productCode, productName FROM products WHERE productScale IS NULL;
69. l	List order numbers and comments for orders with NULL comments
	SELECT orderNumber, comments FROM orders WHERE comments IS NULL;

70. Retrieve the first 5 customers (customer name , contact last & first name) from the "customers" table
SELECT customerName, contactLastName, contactFirstName FROM customers LIMIT 5;
71. Retrieve a list of customers and provide an alias for the customer name column:
SELECT customerName AS "Customer Name" FROM customers;
72. List product names and their corresponding buy prices with aliases
SELECT productName AS "Product Name", buyPrice AS "Price" FROM products;
73. Retrieve order details, including order numbers and product codes, and provide aliases for these columns
SELECT orderNumber AS "Order Number", productCode AS "Product Code" FROM orderdetails;
74. Get the names of product lines and provide an alias for the product line column
SELECT productLine AS "Line Name" FROM productlines;

75. Get a list of employees with their full names and pr name columns	ovide aliases for the first and last
SELECT CONCAT(firstName, ' ', lastName) AS "Ful FROM employees;	l Name"
76. Retrieve a list of customers and order them by cust limiting the results to the first 10 customers	tomer name in ascending order,
SELECT customerName FROM customers ORDER BY customerName ASC LIMIT 10;	
77. Get a list of products ordered by their buy price in d to the first 5 products	lescending order, limiting the results
SELECT productName, buyPrice FROM products ORDER BY buyPrice DESC LIMIT 5;	
78. List the order numbers and order dates for all order order, and limit the results to the first 20 orders	rs, sorted by order date in ascending
SELECT orderNumber, orderDate FROM orders ORDER BY orderDate ASC LIMIT 20;	

79. Get the office codes and cities for offices in alphabetical order of city names, and limit the results to the first 3 offices

SELECT officeCode, city
FROM offices
ORDER BY city ASC
LIMIT 3;

80. Get the product codes and product names for products ordered by product name in ascending order, and limit the results to the first 12 products

SELECT productCode, productName FROM products ORDER BY productName ASC LIMIT 12;

81. Get order numbers and order dates for orders in descending order of order date, and limit the results to the first 7 orders

SELECT orderNumber, orderDate FROM orders ORDER BY orderDate DESC LIMIT 7;

82. find employees whose first names start with the letter T , end with the letter m, and contain any single character between

SELECT
employeeNumber,
lastName,
firstName
FROM
employees
WHERE

firstname LIKE 'T_m';

83. search for employees whose last names don't start with the letter B

```
SELECT
employeeNumber,
lastName,
firstName
FROM
employees
WHERE
lastName NOT LIKE 'B%';
```

84. find products whose product codes contain the string "_20"

```
SELECT
productCode,
productName
FROM
products
WHERE
productCode LIKE '%\_20%';
```

85. Retrieve customer names and contact names from the "customers" table where the contact last name is not NULL

```
SELECT customerName, contactLastName, contactFirstName
FROM customers
WHERE contactLastName IS NOT NULL;
```

86. Get product names and product codes from the "products" table where the product code is not NULL

```
SELECT productName, productCode
FROM products
WHERE productCode IS NOT NULL;
```

87. Select employee names from the "employees" table as "employee name " where the extension is not NULL
SELECT CONCAT(firstName, ' ', lastName) AS employeeName FROM employees WHERE extension IS NOT NULL;
88. Retrieve office codes and postal codes from the "offices" table where the postal code is not NULL
SELECT officeCode, postalCode FROM offices WHERE postalCode IS NOT NULL;
89. Retrieve the total quantity ordered across all orders
SELECT SUM(quantityOrdered) AS totalQuantityOrdered FROM orderdetails;
90. Get the total payment amount across all payments
SELECT SUM(amount) AS totalPaymentAmount FROM payments;
91. Select the total sales across all employees
canceled

92. Get the average credit limit across all customers
SELECT AVG(creditLimit) AS averageCreditLimit FROM customers;
93. Select the average budget across all offices
canceled
94. Display Total Quantity Ordered and Average Quantity Ordered for All Orders
SELECT SUM(quantityOrdered) AS totalQuantityOrdered, AVG(quantityOrdered) AS averageQuantityOrdered FROM orderdetails;
95. Display Total Payment Amount and Average Payment Amount for All Customers
SELECT SUM(amount) AS totalPaymentAmount, AVG(amount) AS averagePaymentAmount FROM payments;
96. Display Total Sales and Average Sales for All Employees
canceled

97. Display the Total Buy Price and Average Buy Price for All Products

SELECT
SUM(buyPrice) AS totalBuyPrice,
AVG(buyPrice) AS averageBuyPrice
FROM
products;

98. Display the Total Credit Limit and Average Credit Limit for All Customers

SELECT
SUM(creditLimit) AS totalCreditLimit,
AVG(creditLimit) AS averageCreditLimit
FROM
customers;

99. Display the Total Budget and Average Budget for All Offices

SELECT
SUM(budget) AS totalBudget,
AVG(budget) AS averageBudget
FROM
offices;

100. Retrieve office codes and cities for the offices 1,2,4

SELECT officeCode, city
FROM offices
WHERE officeCode IN ('1', '2', '4');