## III & IV Semester DS & RDBMS

## **Program List for the Academic Year 2020-21**

## Part A: DATA STRUCTURES USING C

- 1. Reverse a string using pointers.
- 2. Implement Pattern matching algorithm.
- 3. Search an element in the 2-dimensional array
- 4. Append 2 arrays
- 5. Search an element in the array using binary search.
- 6. Read a sparse matrix and display its triplet representation using array.
- 7. Create a singly linked list of n nodes and display it.
- 8. Delete a given node from a singly linked list.
- 9. Create a doubly linked list of integers and display in forward and backward direction.
- 10.Implement Stack using array
- 11.Implement Stack using linked list
- 12. Evaluation of postfix expression.
- 13.Implement Queue using array.
- 14.Implement Queue using linked list.
- 15. Search an element in a binary search tree
- 16.Implement exchange sort
- 17.Implement selection sort.
- 18.Implement insertion sort.

## Part B: RDBMS

- 1. Create a table customer (cust\_no varchar (5), cust\_name varchar (15), age number, phone varchar (10))
  - a) insert 5 records and display it
  - b) add new field d\_birth with date datatype
  - c) create another table cust\_phone with fields cust\_name and phone from customer table
  - d) remove the field age
  - e) change the size of the cust\_name to 25
  - f) delete all the records from the table
  - g) rename the table cutomer to cust
  - h) drop the table

2. Create a table sale\_man ( salesman\_no primary key, s\_name not null, place, phone unique)

Create table sales\_order (order\_no primary key

order\_date not null

salesman\_no foreign key references salesman\_no in sales\_man

del\_type values should be either P or F (check constraints)

order\_status values should be 'Inprocess','Fullfilled','Backorder', 'Cancelled' (check constraints))

- a) Insert few records in both tables
- b) Delete primary key from sales\_man table
- c) Delete Foreign key and Check constraints from sales\_order table
- d) Add primary key in sales\_man using ALTER TABLE
- e) Add foreign key and CHECK constraints in sales\_order table using ALTER TABLE
- 3. Create a table Hospital with the fields

(doctorid, doctorname, department, qualification, experience).

Write the queries to perform the following.

- a) Insert 5 records
- b) Display the details of Doctors
- c) Display the details of doctors who have the qualification 'MD'
- d) Display all doctors who have more than 5 years experience but do not have the qualification 'MD'
- e) Display the doctors in 'Skin' department
- f) update the experience of doctor with doctored='D003' to 5
- g) Delete the doctor with DoctorID='D005'
- 4. Create the following tables

Bank\_customer (accno primary key, cust\_name, place)

Deposit (accno foreign key, deposit\_no, damount)

Loan (accno foreign key loan\_no, Lamount)

Write the following queries

- a) Display the details of the customers
- b) Display the customers along with deposit amount who have only deposit with the bank
- c) Display the customers along with loan amount who have only loan with the bank
- d) Display the customers they have both loan and deposit with the bank
- e) Display the customer who have neither a loan nor a deposit with the bank
- 5. Create a table employee with fields (EmpID, EName, Salary, Department, and Age). Insert some records. Write SQL queries using aggregate functions and group by clause
  - A. Display the total number of employees.
  - B. Display the name and age of the oldest employee of each department.
  - C. Display the average age of employees of each department
  - D. Display departments and the average salaries
  - E. Display the lowest salary in employee table

- F. Display the number of employees working in purchase department
- G. Display the highest salary in sales department;
- H. Display the difference between highest and lowest salary
- 6. Create a table product with the fields (Product\_code primary key, Product\_Name, Category, Quantity, Price).

Insert some records Write the queries to perform the following.

- a. Display the records in the descending order of Product\_Name
- b. Display Product\_Code, Product\_Name with price between 20 and 50
- c. Display the details of products which belongs to the categories of 'bath soap', 'paste', or 'washing powder'
- d. Display the products whose Quantity less than 100 or greater than 500
- e. Display the products whose names starts with 's'
- f. Display the products which not belongs to the category 'paste'
- g. Display the products whose second letter is 'u' and belongs to the Category 'washing powder'
- 7. Consider the employee database given below. Give an expression in SQL for each of the following queries:

EMPLOYEE (Employee-Name, City)

WORKS (Employee-Name, Company-Name, Salary)

COMPANY (Company-Name, City)

MANAGES (Employee-Name, Manager-Name)

- A) Find the names of all employees who work in Infosys
- B) Find the names and cities of residence of all employees who works in Wipro
- C) Find the names, and cities of all employees who work in Infosys and earn more than Rs. 10,000.
- D) Find the employees who live in the same cities as the companies for which they work.
- E) Find all employees who do not work in Wipro Corporation.
- F) Find the company that has the most employees.
- 8. Write a program code to calculate the area of a circle for a value of radius varying from 3 to 7. Store the radius and the corresponding value of calculated area in an empty table named areas with field's radius and area.
- 9. Write a program block to calculate the electricity bill by accepting cust\_no and units\_consumed
- 10.Create a procedure to print Fibonacci number up to a limit, limit is passed as an argument
- 11. Create a function to check whether a given number is prime or not
- 12.create a table emp\_salary(empno,enamedept,salary)

Write a function to return the average salary of a particular department by accepting departmentname as argument.