

String

Q1. Write a Java program to find sum of two string and calculate the length of a final string.

Sample TestCase:

input:

```
x = 'Hello'
y = ' Pentagon'
```

output:

```
13
```

```
In [ ]: import java.util.*;
class Bonus {
    public static void main(String[] arg) {
        String x = "Hello";
        String y = " Pentagon";
        String str = (x+y).replaceAll("\\s","");
        System.out.println(str.length());
    }
}
```

Q2. Write a Java program to print that slice of string.

Sample TestCase:

Input:

```
x = Hello Pentagon
n1 = 1
n2 = 4
```

Output:

```
ello
```

```
In [ ]: import java.util.*;
class Bonus {
    public static void main(String args[]){
        String s1="Hello Pentagon";
        int x= 1;
        int y = 4;
        System.out.println(s1.substring(x,y+1));
        }
    }
}
```

Q3. Write a Java program to print the first character of the string.

Sample TestCase:

Input:

```
Hello Pentagone
```

Output:

```
Н
```

```
In [ ]: import java.util.*;
class Bonus {
    public static void main(String args[]){
        String s1="Hello Pentagon";

        System.out.println(s1.charAt(0));
        }
    }
}
```

Q4. Write a Java program to print the last character of the string.

Sample TestCase:

Input:

```
Hello Pentagone
```

Output:

e

```
In [ ]: import java.util.*;
class Bonus {
    public static void main(String args[]){
        String s1="Hello Pentagon";
        int n = s1.length();

        System.out.println(s1.charAt(n - 1));
        }
    }
}
```

Q5. Write a Java program to print the string in which all the case-based characters have had their case swapped.

Sample TestCase:

Input:

```
Hello pENTAGON sPACE
```

Output:

```
hELLO Pentagon Space
```

```
In [ ]: class swapcase {
           public static void main(String []args){
              char c = 0;
              String str = "Hello pENTAGON sPACE";
              int len = str.length();
              StringBuffer strBuffer = new StringBuffer(len);
              for (int i = 0; i < len; i++) {
                 c = str.charAt(i);
                 if (Character.isUpperCase(c)) {
                    c = Character.toLowerCase(c);
                 } else if (Character.isLowerCase(c)) {
                    c = Character.toUpperCase(c);
                 strBuffer.append(c);
              System.out.println("Converting case: "+strBuffer.toString());
           }
        }
```

Q6. Write a Java program to print the min alphabetical character from the string.

Sample TestCase:

Input:

```
HELLO PENTAGON SPACE
```

Output:

```
A
```

```
In [ ]:
        class GFG
        {
            static void printMinIndexChar(String str, String patt)
            {
                int minIndex = Integer.MAX_VALUE;
                int m = str.length();
                int n = patt.length();
                for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                    for (int j = 0; j < m; j++) {
                        if (patt.charAt(i) == str.charAt(j) && j < minIndex) {</pre>
                            minIndex = j;
                             break;
                        }
                    }
                }
                if (minIndex != Integer.MAX_VALUE)
                    System.out.println("Minimum Index Character = " +
                                         str.charAt(minIndex));
                else
                    System.out.println("No character present");
            }
            public static void main(String[] args)
                String str = "HELLO PENTAGON SPACE";
                String patt = "set";
                printMinIndexChar(str, patt);
            }
        }
```