# Comparative Analysis: Razor Pages vs ASP.NET Core Web API

#### 1. Introduction:

In developing modern web applications, especially platforms like Profoliofy, selecting the appropriate technology stack directly influences scalability, maintainability, performance, and developer productivity. This document presents a comparison between two popular approaches within the Microsoft ecosystem:

- Razor Pages (ASP.NET Core)
- ASP.NET Core Web API + Frontend (e.g., React + Tailwind CSS)

#### 2. Architecture Overview:

Stack	Architecture Description	
Razor Pages	Monolithic web app where backend logic	
	and frontend UI are served together using	
	.cshtml views.	
ASP.NET Core Web API	Backend-only RESTful API that	
	communicates with a decoupled frontend	
	(React or others) via HTTP/JSON.	

## 3. Comparison Table:

This section compares Razor Pages and ASP.NET Core Web API + React stack across various dimensions.

Feature	Razor Pages	ASP.NET Core Web API +
		React
Development Speed	Faster for small to	X Slower initial setup
	medium CRUD apps	due to decoupled layers
Separation of Concerns	X Tight coupling of UI	✓ Clean separation;
	and logic	backend/frontend
		independent
Frontend Power	X Limited to HTML/CSS	✓ Full modern UI with
	+ minimal JS	React/Vue capabilities
Learning Curve	Easier for .NET	<b>X</b> Requires strong JS +
	developers	React understanding
API Reusability	X Limited	APIs reusable by
		mobile apps, admin panels,
		etc.
Performance	✓ Faster for server-	<b>☑</b> Better performance for
	rendered pages	dynamic SPAs
SEO	Excellent due to SSR	X Needs extra setup (e.g.,
		SSR with Next.js)
Maintainability	X Harder as code grows	Easier modular
		management
Community	✓ Full Microsoft support	✓ Larger JS ecosystem
		for UI
Testing	X Difficult to test UI	✓ Separate
	logic	unit/integration tests

#### 4. Real-World Use Cases

Examples of companies and products using each stack.

- Razor Pages in Production:
  - - Microsoft Identity UI: Login/Register pages
  - - Internal Admin Panels: CRUD + dashboards for small orgs
- ASP.NET Core Web API + React in Production:
  - - Stack Overflow Teams: Scalable Q&A systems
  - - Visual Studio Code Spaces: Developer environment management
  - - Ideal for Profoliofy: UI-driven, dynamic, and scalable portfolio builder

## 5. Pros and Cons Summary

- ✓ Razor Pages Pros
- - Rapid development and fewer moving parts.
  - Best suited for form-based, CRUD-heavy apps.
  - Easier hosting and deployment.
  - Integrated with .NET Identity.

## X Razor Pages Cons

- - Poor separation of concerns.
  - Limited frontend capabilities.
  - Difficult to reuse APIs.
  - Not ideal for large teams.

## ✓ ASP.NET Core Web API + React Pros

- - Clean separation of concerns.
  - Highly scalable and team-friendly.
  - Reusable APIs across platforms.
  - Powerful UI capabilities.

#### **★** ASP.NET Core Web API + React Minimal Trade-offs

- - Slightly longer setup time.
  - Requires frontend development knowledge (React).

#### 6. Final Verdict & Recommendation

For a product like Profoliofy, ASP.NET Core Web API with a frontend framework like React is the superior choice. Razor Pages offers simplicity but lacks long-term scalability, flexibility, and separation of roles. Choosing the API-centric architecture enables modular development, powerful UI customization, and future-proofing for mobile and AI integration.

## 7. Summary Statement

While Razor Pages can serve as a quick start for tightly scoped applications, ASP.NET Core Web API with a decoupled frontend stack aligns with modern development best practices. It provides superior long-term value for startups aiming for scalability, modularity, and cross-platform accessibility.

## 8. AI Integration Capability

Integrating Artificial Intelligence into modern web platforms has become a competitive necessity. ASP.NET Core Web API offers significantly better flexibility for AI-based modules and services compared to Razor Pages.

- Why ASP.NET Core Web API is better for AI Integration:
  - - Clean API endpoints make it easy to integrate with Python-based AI services (e.g., via FastAPI, Flask, or Azure ML).
  - Backend can communicate asynchronously with ML models hosted externally or internally.
  - - Easy to plug in AI features like resume parsing, auto-template recommendations, SEO scoring, and user behavior analytics.
- Why Razor Pages falls short:
  - Mixing AI logic within the monolithic structure adds unnecessary coupling and complexity.
  - - Not ideal for handling asynchronous or large-scale data-driven tasks.