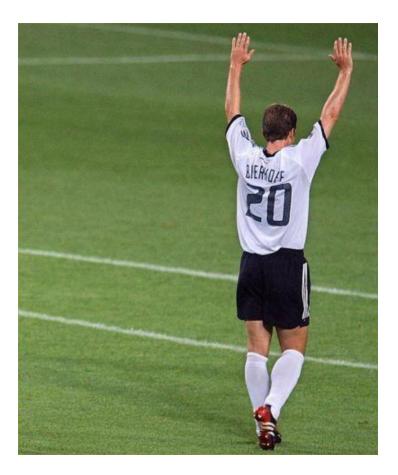
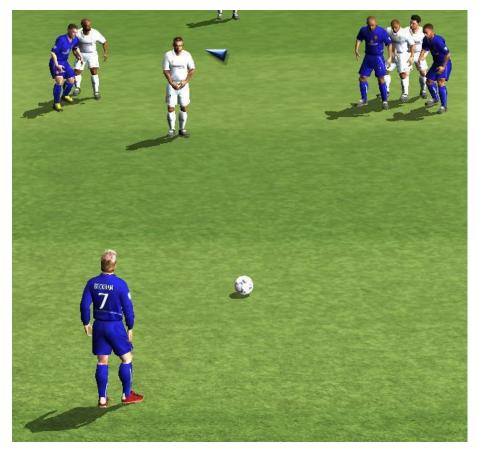
# Camera Model and Calibration

## Camera Calibration

- Determine extrinsic and intrinsic parameters of camera
  - Extrinsic
    - 3D location and orientation of camera
  - Intrinsic
    - Focal length
    - The size of the pixels

# Application: Object Transfer



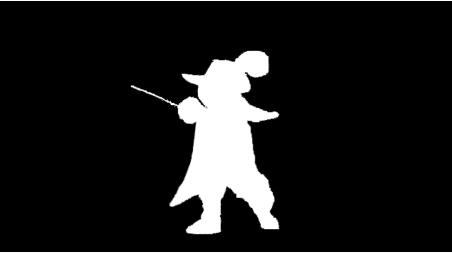


Source Image

Target Image

# More Results







#### Pose Estimation

• Given 3D model of object, and its image (2D projection) determine the location and orientation (translation & rotation) of object such that when projected on the image plane it will match with the image.

**Transformations** 

# 3-D Translation

$$\begin{bmatrix} X_2 \\ Y_2 \\ Z_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ Y_1 \\ Z_1 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} d_x \\ d_y \\ d_z \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} X_2 \\ Y_2 \\ Z_2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & d_x \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & d_y \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & d_z \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ Y_1 \\ Z_1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} X_2 \\ Y_2 \\ Z_2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = T \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ Y_1 \\ Z_1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & d_x \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & d_y \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & d_z \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ Translation Matrix}$$

$$\mathbf{T}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -d_x \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -d_y \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -d_z \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

 $TT^{-1} = T^{-1}T = I$ 

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & d_x \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & d_y \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & d_z \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -d_x \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -d_y \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -d_z \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} X_2 \\ Y_2 \\ Z_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \times S_x \\ Y_1 \times S_y \\ Z_1 \times S_z \end{bmatrix}$$

# Scaling

$$\begin{bmatrix} X_2 \\ Y_2 \\ Z_2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} S_x & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & S_y & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & S_z & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ Y_1 \\ Z_1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{S}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1/S_x & 0 & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 1/S_y & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 1/S_z & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$SS^{-1} = S^{-1}S = I$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} X_2 \\ Y_2 \\ Z_2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = S \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ Y_1 \\ Z_1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

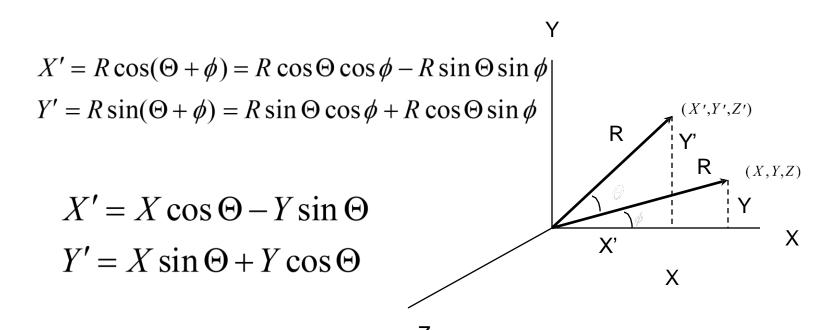
$$S = \begin{bmatrix} S_x & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & S_y & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & Sz & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \text{ Scaling Matrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} X_2 \\ Y_2 \\ Z_2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = S \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ Y_1 \\ Z_1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = S \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ Y_1 \\ Z_1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = S \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ Y_1 \\ Z_1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = S \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ Y_1 \\ Z_1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = S \begin{bmatrix} X_1 \\ Y_1 \\ Z_2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} X_2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1/S_x & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1/S_y & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1/S_z & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$X = R \cos \phi$$

#### Rotation

$$Y = R \sin \phi$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} X' \\ Y' \\ Z' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos\Theta & -\sin\Theta & 0 \\ \sin\Theta & \cos\Theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X' \\ Y \\ Z \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(R_{\theta}^{Z})^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos\Theta & \sin\Theta & 0 \\ -\sin\Theta & \cos\Theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos\Theta & \sin\Theta & 0 \\ -\sin\Theta & \cos\Theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \cos\Theta & -\sin\Theta & 0 \\ \sin\Theta & \cos\Theta & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

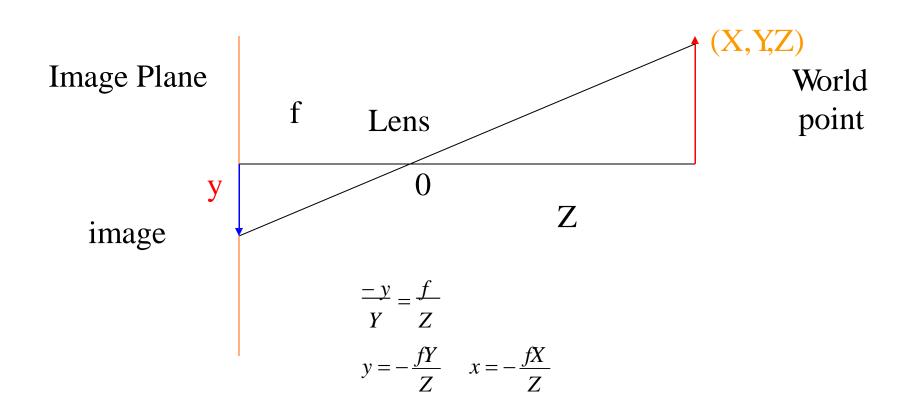
$$(R_{\theta}^Z)^{-1} = (R_{\theta}^Z)^T$$

Rotation matrices are orthonormal matrices

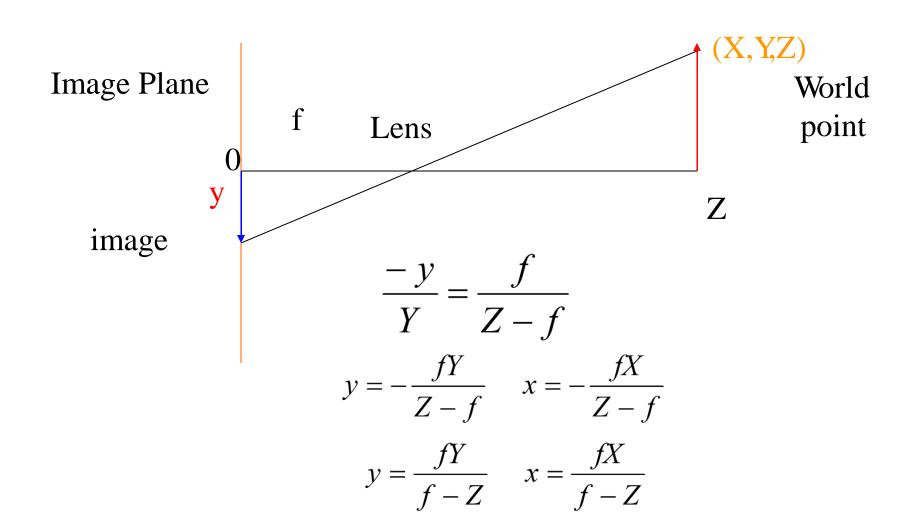
$$(R_{\theta}^Z)(R_{\theta}^Z)^T = I$$

$$r_i.r_j = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{if } i = j \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

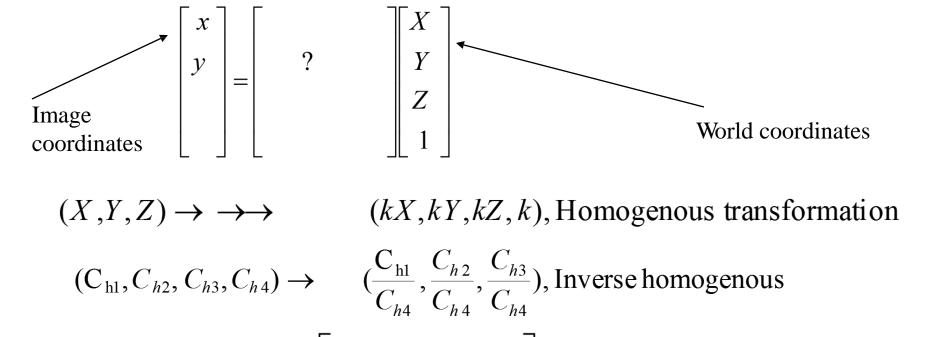
#### Perspective Projection (origin at the lens center)



#### Perspective Projection (origin at image center)



# Perspective



$$P = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{-1}{f} & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

# Perspective

$$\begin{bmatrix} C_{h1} \\ C_{h2} \\ C_{h3} \\ C_{h4} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{-1}{f} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} kX \\ kY \\ kZ \\ k \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x = \frac{C_{h1}}{C_{h4}} = \frac{kX}{k - \frac{kZ}{f}} = \frac{fX}{f - Z}$$

$$y = \frac{C_{h2}}{C_{h4}} = \frac{kY}{k - \frac{kZ}{f}} = \frac{fY}{f - Z}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} C_{h1} \\ C_{h2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} kX \\ kY \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} kX \\ kY \\ kY \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} C_{h1} \\ C_{h2} \\ C_{h3} \\ C_{h4} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{-1}{f} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} kX \\ kY \\ kZ \\ k \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} kX \\ kY \\ kZ \\ k - \frac{kZ}{f} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x = \frac{C_{h1}}{C_{h4}} = \frac{kX}{k - \frac{kZ}{f}} = \frac{fX}{f - Z}$$
$$y = \frac{C_{h2}}{C_{h4}} = \frac{kY}{k - \frac{kZ}{f}} = \frac{fY}{f - Z}$$

- •Camera is at the origin of the world coordinates first
- Then translated by some amount(G),
- •Then rotated around Z axis in counter clockwise direction,
- •Then rotated again around X in counter clockwise direction, and
- Then translated by C.

$$C_h = PCR_{-\phi}^X R_{-\theta}^Z GW_h$$

Since we are moving the camera instead of object we need to use inverse transformations

$$C_h = PCR_{-\phi}^X R_{-\theta}^Z GW_h$$

$$P = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{-1}{f} & 1 \end{bmatrix}, R_{-\theta}^{Z} = \begin{bmatrix} \cos\theta & \sin\theta & 0 & 0 \\ -\sin\theta & \cos\theta & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$R_{-\phi}^{X} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos\phi & \sin\phi & 0 \\ 0 & -\sin\phi & \cos\phi & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, G = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -X_0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -Y_0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -Z_0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -r_1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -r_2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -r_3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C_h = PCR_{-\phi}^X R_{-\theta}^Z GW_h$$

$$x = f \frac{(X - X_0)\cos\theta + (Y - Y_0)\sin\theta - r_1}{-(X - X_0)\sin\theta\sin\phi + (Y - Y_0)\cos\theta\sin\phi - (Z - Z_0)\cos\phi + r_3 + f}$$

$$y = f \frac{(X - X_0)\sin\theta\cos\phi + (Y - Y_0)\cos\theta\cos\phi + (Z - Z_0)\sin\phi - r_2}{-(X - X_0)\sin\theta\sin\phi + (Y - Y_0)\cos\theta\sin\phi - (Z - Z_0)\cos\phi + r_3 + f}$$

$$C_h = PCR_{-\phi}^X R_{-\theta}^Z GW_h$$

$$C_h = AW_h$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} Ch_1 \\ Ch_2 \\ Ch_3 \\ Ch_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & a_{14} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} & a_{24} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} & a_{34} \\ a_{41} & a_{42} & a_{43} & a_{44} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X \\ Y \\ Z \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x = \frac{C_{h1}}{C_{h4}}$$

$$y = \frac{C_{h2}}{C_{h4}}$$

$$Ch_1 = a_{11}X + a_{12}Y + a_{13}Z + a_{14} = Ch_4x$$

$$Ch_2 = a_{21}X + a_{22}Y + a_{23}Z + a_{24} = Ch_4y$$

$$Ch_4 = a_{41}X + a_{42}Y + a_{43}Z + a_{44}$$

 $Ch_3$  is not needed, we have 12 unknowns.

- How to determine camera matrix?
- Select some known 3D points (X, Y, Z), and find their corresponding image points (x, y).
- Solve for camera matrix elements using least squares fit.

$$C_h = PCR_{-\phi}^X R_{-\theta}^Z GW_h$$

$$C_h = AW_h$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} Ch_1 \\ Ch_2 \\ Ch_3 \\ Ch_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & a_{14} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} & a_{24} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} & a_{34} \\ a_{41} & a_{42} & a_{43} & a_{44} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X \\ Y \\ Z \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x = \frac{C_{h1}}{C_{h4}}$$

$$y = \frac{C_{h2}}{C_{h4}}$$

$$Ch_{1} = a_{11}X + a_{12}Y + a_{13}Z + a_{14} = Ch_{4}X$$

$$Ch_{2} = a_{21}X + a_{22}Y + a_{23}Z + a_{24} = Ch_{4}Y$$

$$Ch_{4} = a_{41}X + a_{42}Y + a_{43}Z + a_{44}$$

$$Ch_2 = a_{21}X + a_{22}Y + a_{23}Z + a_{24} = Ch_4y$$

$$Ch_4 = a_{41}X + a_{42}Y + a_{43}Z + a_{44}$$

 $Ch_3$  is not needed, we have 12 unknowns.

$$Ch_1 = a_{11}X + a_{12}Y + a_{13}Z + a_{14} = Ch_4x$$

$$Ch_2 = a_{21}X + a_{22}Y + a_{23}Z + a_{24} = Ch_4y$$

$$Ch_4 = a_{41}X + a_{42}Y + a_{43}Z + a_{44}$$

$$a_{11}X + a_{12}Y + a_{13}Z + a_{14} - a_{41}Xx - a_{42}Yx - a_{43}Zx - a_{44}x = 0$$

$$a_{21}X + a_{22}Y + a_{23}Z + a_{24} - a_{41}Xy - a_{42}Yy - a_{43}Zy - a_{44}y = 0$$

$$a_{11}X + a_{12}Y + a_{13}Z + a_{14} - a_{41}Xx - a_{42}Yx - a_{43}Zx - a_{44}x = 0$$

$$a_{21}X + a_{22}Y + a_{23}Z + a_{24} - a_{41}Xy - a_{42}Yy - a_{43}Zy - a_{44}y = 0$$

One point

$$a_{11}X_1 + a_{12}Y_1 + a_{13}Z_1 + a_{14} - a_{41}X_1x_1 - a_{42}Y_1x_1 - a_{43}Z_1x_1 - a_{44}x_1 = 0$$

$$a_{11}X_2 + a_{12}Y_2 + a_{13}Z_2 + a_{14} - a_{41}X_2x_2 - a_{42}Y_2x_2 - a_{43}Z_2x_2 - a_{44}x_2 = 0$$

:

$$a_{11}X_n + a_{12}Y_n + a_{13}Z_n + a_{14} - a_{41}X_nx_n - a_{42}Y_nx_n - a_{43}Z_nx_n - a_{44}x_n = 0$$

$$a_{21}X_1 + a_{22}Y_1 + a_{23}Z_1 + a_{24} - a_{41}X_1y_1 - a_{42}Y_1y_1 - a_{43}Z_1y_1 - a_{44}y_1 = 0$$

$$a_{21}X_2 + a_{22}Y_2 + a_{23}Z_2 + a_{24} - a_{41}X_2y_2 - a_{42}Y_2y_2 - a_{43}Z_2y_2 - a_{44}y_2 = 0$$

:

$$a_{21}X_n + a_{22}Y_n + a_{23}Z_n + a_{24} - a_{41}X_ny_n - a_{42}Y_ny_n - a_{43}Z_ny_n - a_{44}y_n = 0$$

n points2n equations,12 unknowns

This is a homogenous system, no unique solution

$$CP = 0$$

Select 
$$a_{44} = 1$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} X_1 & Y_1 & Z_1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -x_1X_1 & -x_1Y_1 & -x_1Z_1 \\ X_2 & Y_2 & Z_2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -x_2X_2 & -x_2X_2 & -x_2X_2 \\ & & & & & \vdots & & & & & & \\ X_n & Y_n & Z_n & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & -x_nX_n & -x_nY_n & -x_nZ_n \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & X_1 & Y_1 & Z_1 & 1 & -y_1X_1 & -y_1X_1 & -y_1Z_1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & X_2 & Y_2 & Z_2 & 1 & -y_2X_2 & -y_2X_2 & -y_2Z_2 \\ & & & & & \vdots & & & & \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & X_n & Y_n & Z_n & 1 & -y_nX_n & -y_nX_n & -y_nX_n \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} \\ a_{12} \\ a_{13} \\ a_{21} \\ a_{22} \\ a_{23} \\ a_{24} \\ a_{41} \\ a_{42} \\ a_{43} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ a_{13} \\ a_{24} \\ a_{41} \\ a_{42} \\ a_{43} \\ a_{43} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ a_{13} \\ a_{24} \\ a_{41} \\ a_{42} \\ a_{43} \\ a_{43} \\ a_{43} \\ a_{44} \\ a_{41} \\ a_{42} \\ a_{43} \\ a_{43} \\ a_{44} \\ a_{41} \\ a_{42} \\ a_{43} \\ a_{43} \\ a_{44} \\ a_{41} \\ a_{42} \\ a_{43} \\ a_{44} \\ a_{41} \\ a_{42} \\ a_{43} \\ a_{43} \\ a_{44} \\ a_{41} \\ a_{42} \\ a_{43} \\ a_{44} \\ a_{44} \\ a_{45} \\ a_{45} \\ a_{45} \\ a_{45} \\ a_{46} \\ a_{47} \\ a_{48} \\$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} \\ a_{12} \\ a_{13} \\ a_{14} \\ a_{21} \\ a_{23} \\ a_{24} \\ a_{41} \\ a_{42} \\ a_{43} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_2 \\ x_n \\ y_1 \\ y_2 \\ x_n \\ y_1 \\ x_n \\ y_2 \\ x_n \\ y_1 \\ x_n \\ y_2 \\ x_n \\ x_n \\ y_2 \\ x_n \\ x_n$$

Pseudo inverse Least squares fit

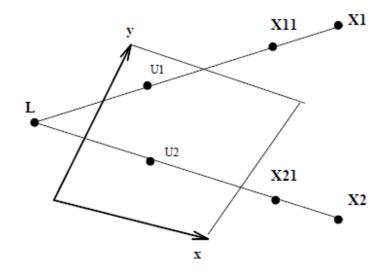
$$DQ = R$$

$$D^{T}DQ = D^{T}R$$

$$Q = (D^{T}D)^{-1}D^{T}R$$

# Finding Camera Location

- Take one 3D point  $X_1$  and find its image homogenous coordinates.
- Set the third component of homogenous coordinates to zero, find corresponding World coordinates of that point, X<sub>11</sub>
- Connect X<sub>1</sub> and X<sub>11</sub> to get a line in 3D.
- Repeat this for another 3D point
   X<sub>2</sub> and find another line
- Two lines will intersect at the location of camera.



### Camera Location

$$\begin{bmatrix} Ch_1 \\ Ch_2 \\ Ch_3 \\ Ch_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & a_{14} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} & a_{24} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} & a_{34} \\ a_{41} & a_{42} & a_{43} & a_{44} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X \\ Y \\ Z \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$U_{1} = AX_{1}$$
  $U_{2} = AX_{2}$  
$$U_{1}^{'} = (Ch_{1} Ch_{2} 0 Ch_{4}) \qquad U_{2}^{'} = ((Ch_{1} Ch_{2} 0 Ch_{4}) X_{11} = A^{-1}U_{1}^{'}$$
 
$$X_{22} = A^{-1}U_{2}^{'}$$

# Camera Orientation

$$\begin{bmatrix} Ch_1 \\ Ch_2 \\ Ch_3 \\ Ch_4 \end{bmatrix} = A \begin{bmatrix} X \\ Y \\ Z \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

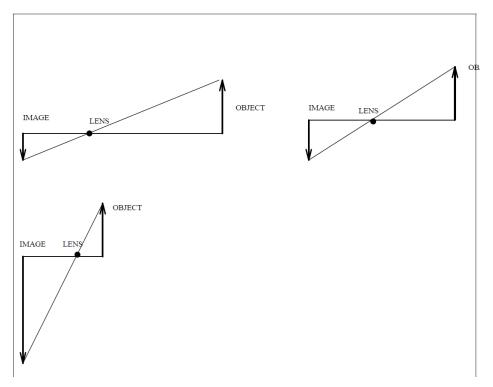
•Only time the image will be formed at infinity if  $Ch_4=0$ .

$$\begin{bmatrix} Ch_1 \\ Ch_2 \\ Ch_3 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = A \begin{bmatrix} X \\ Y \\ Z \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$a_{41}X + a_{42}Y + a_{43}Z + a_{44} = 0$$

This is equation of a plane, going through the lens, which is parallel to image plane.

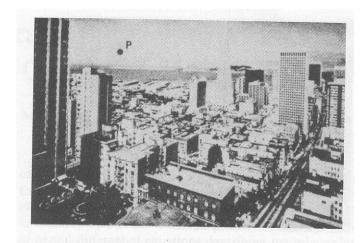
$$x = \frac{C_{h1}}{C_{h4}}$$
$$y = \frac{C_{h2}}{C_{h4}}$$

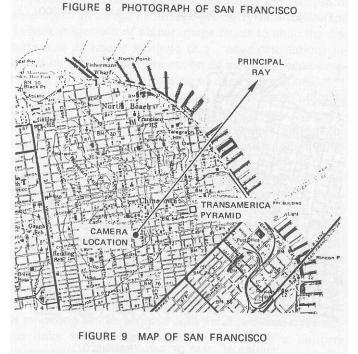


# **Application**

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} .17237 & -.15879 & .01879 & 274.943 \\ .131132 & .112747 & .2914 & 258.686 \\ .000346 & .0003 & .00006 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Camera location: intersection of California and Mason streets, at an elevation of 435 feet above sea level. The camera was oriented at an angle of  $8^{\circ}$  above the horizon.  $fs_x = 495$ ,  $fs_y = 560$ .





# **Application**

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} -.175451 & -.10520 & .00435 & 297.83 \\ .02698 & -.09635 & .2303 & 249.574 \\ .00015 & -.00016 & .00001 & 1.0 \end{bmatrix}$$

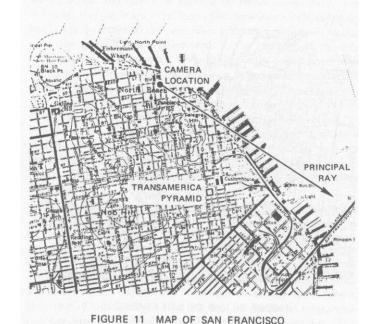
Camera location: at an elevation of 1200 feet above sea level. The camera was oriented at an angle of  $4^{\circ}$  above the horizon.  $fs_x = 876$ ,  $fs_y = 999$ .

Recovering the camera parameters from a transformation matrix

TM Strat - Readings in Computer Vision, 1987



FIGURE 10 ANOTHER PHOTOGRAPH OF SAN FRANCISCO



## Camera Parameters

#### • Extrinsic parameters

- Parameters that define the location and orientation of the camera reference frame with respect to a known world reference frame
  - 3-D translation vector
  - A 3 by 3 rotation matrix

#### • Intrinsic parameters

- Parameters necessary to link the pixel coordinates of an image point with the corresponding coordinates in the camera reference frame
  - Perspective projection (focal length)
  - Transformation between camera frame coordinates and pixel coordinates

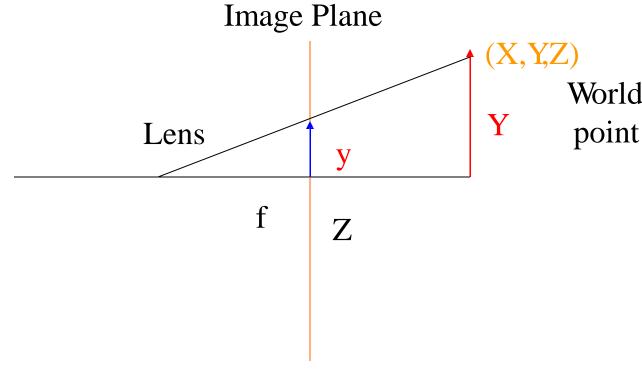
# Camera Model Revisited: Rotation & Translation

$$P_{c} = TRP_{w} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & T_{x} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & T_{y} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & T_{z} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} r_{11} & r_{12} & r_{13} & 0 \\ r_{21} & r_{22} & r_{23} & 0 \\ r_{31} & r_{32} & r_{33} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X \\ Y \\ Z \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$P_{c} = \begin{bmatrix} r_{11} & r_{12} & r_{13} & T_{x} \\ r_{21} & r_{22} & r_{23} & T_{y} \\ r_{31} & r_{32} & r_{33} & T_{z} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X \\ Y \\ Z \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$P_{c} = M_{ext} \begin{bmatrix} X \\ Y \\ Z \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

# Perspective Projection: Revisited



$$Y Z$$

$$y = \frac{fY}{Z} x = \frac{fX}{Z}$$

Origin at the lens Image plane in front of the lens

# Camera Model Revisited: Perspective

$$C_{h} = \begin{bmatrix} f & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & f & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X \\ Y \\ Z \end{bmatrix}$$

$$x = \frac{fX}{Z}$$

$$y = \frac{fY}{Z}$$

Origin at the lens Image plane in front of the lens

# Camera Model Revisited: Image and Camera coordinates

$$x = -(x_{im} - o_x)s_x$$
$$y = -(y_{im} - o_y)s_y$$

$$x_{im} = -\frac{x}{S_x} + o_x$$

$$y_{im} = -\frac{y}{s_y} + o_y$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_{im} \\ y_{im} \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{s_x} & 0 & o_x \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{s_y} & o_y \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

 $(x_{im}, y_{im})$  image coordinates (x, y) camera coordinates  $(o_x, o_y)$  image center (in pixels)  $(s_x, s_y)$  effective size of pixels (in millimeters) in the horizontal and vertical directions.

## Camera Model Revisited

$$C_h = C'P'T'R'W_h$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} Ch_1 \\ Ch_2 \\ Ch_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{s_x} & 0 & o_x \\ 0 & -\frac{1}{s_y} & o_y \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} f & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & f & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} r_{11} & r_{12} & r_{13} & T_x \\ r_{21} & r_{22} & r_{23} & T_y \\ r_{31} & r_{32} & r_{33} & T_z \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X \\ Y \\ Z \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} Ch_1 \\ Ch_2 \\ Ch_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{f}{s_x} & 0 & o_x \\ 0 & -\frac{f}{s_y} & o_y \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} r_{11} & r_{12} & r_{13} & T_x \\ r_{21} & r_{22} & r_{23} & T_y \\ r_{31} & r_{32} & r_{33} & T_z \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X \\ Y \\ Z \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} Ch_1 \\ Ch_2 \\ Ch_4 \end{bmatrix} = M \begin{bmatrix} X \\ Y \\ Z \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} Ch_1 \\ Ch_2 \\ Ch_4 \end{bmatrix} = M_{int} M_{ext} \begin{bmatrix} X \\ Y \\ Z \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} Ch_1 \\ Ch_2 \\ Ch_4 \end{bmatrix} = M \begin{bmatrix} X \\ Y \\ Z \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

# Camera Model Revisited

$$\begin{bmatrix} Ch_1 \\ Ch_2 \\ Ch_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{f}{s_x} & 0 & o_x \\ 0 & -\frac{f}{s_y} & o_y \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} r_{11} & r_{12} & r_{13} & T_x \\ r_{21} & r_{22} & r_{23} & T_y \\ r_{31} & r_{32} & r_{33} & T_z \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X \\ Y \\ Z \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} Ch_1 \\ Ch_2 \\ Ch_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{f}{s_x} r_{11} + r_{31}o_x & -\frac{f}{s_x} r_{12} + r_{32}o_x & -\frac{f}{s_x} r_{13} + r_{33}o_x & -\frac{f}{s_x} T_x + T_z o_x \\ -\frac{f}{s_y} r_{21} + r_{31}o_y & -\frac{f}{s_y} r_{22} + r_{32}o_y & -\frac{f}{s_y} r_{23} + r_{33}o_y & -\frac{f}{s_y} T_y + T_z o_y \\ r_{31} & r_{32} & r_{33} & T_z \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X \\ Y \\ Z \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

# Camera Model Revisited

$$\begin{bmatrix} Ch_1 \\ Ch_2 \\ Ch_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{f}{s_x}r_{11} + r_{31}o_x & -\frac{f}{s_x}r_{12} + r_{32}o_x & -\frac{f}{s_x}r_{13} + r_{33}o_x & -\frac{f}{s_x}T_x + T_zo_x \\ -\frac{f}{s_y}r_{21} + r_{31}o_y & -\frac{f}{s_y}r_{22} + r_{32}o_y & -\frac{f}{s_y}r_{23} + r_{33}o_y & -\frac{f}{s_y}T_y + T_zo_y \\ r_{31} & r_{32} & r_{33} & T_z \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X \\ Y \\ Z \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

 $f_x$  effective focal length expressed in effective horizontal pixel size

$$\begin{bmatrix} Ch_1 \\ Ch_2 \\ Ch_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -f_x r_{11} + r_{31} o_x & -f_x r_{12} + r_{32} o_x & -f_x r_{13} + r_{33} o_x & -f_x T_x + T_z o_x \\ -f_y r_{21} + r_{31} o_y & -f_y r_{22} + r_{32} o_y & -f_y r_{23} + r_{33} o_y & -f_y T_y + T_z o_y \\ r_{31} & r_{32} & r_{33} & T_z \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} X \\ Y \\ Z \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} Ch_1 \\ Ch_2 \\ Ch_4 \end{bmatrix} = M \begin{vmatrix} X \\ Y \\ Z \\ 1 \end{vmatrix}$$

# Computing Camera Parameters

- Using known 3-D points and corresponding image points, estimate camera matrix employing pseudo inverse method of section 1.6 (Fundamental of Computer Vision).
- Compute camera parameters by relating camera matrix with estimated camera matrix.
  - Extrinsic
    - Translation
    - Rotation
  - Intrinsic
    - Horizontal  $f_x$  and  $f_y$  vertical focal lengths
    - Translation  $o_x$  and  $o_y$

# Comparison

$$\hat{M} = \begin{bmatrix} \hat{m}_{11} & \hat{m}_{12} & \hat{m}_{13} & \hat{m}_{14} \\ \hat{m}_{31} & \hat{m}_{32} & \hat{m}_{33} & \hat{m}_{34} \\ \hat{m}_{31} & \hat{m}_{32} & \hat{m}_{33} & \hat{m}_{34} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} -f_x r_{11} + r_{31} o_x & -f_x r_{12} + r_{32} o_x & -f_x r_{13} + r_{33} o_x & -f_x T_x + T_z o_x \\ -f_y r_{21} + r_{31} o_y & -f_y r_{22} + r_{32} o_y & -f_y r_{23} + r_{33} o_y & -f_y T_y + T_z o_y \\ r_{31} & r_{32} & r_{33} & T_z \end{bmatrix}$$

# Computing Camera Parameters

estimated



Since M is defined up to a scale factor

$$\begin{bmatrix} \hat{m}_{11} & \hat{m}_{12} & \hat{m}_{13} & \hat{m}_{14} \\ \hat{m}_{21} & \hat{m}_{22} & \hat{m}_{23} & \hat{m}_{24} \\ \hat{m}_{31} & \hat{m}_{32} & \hat{m}_{33} & \hat{m}_{34} \end{bmatrix} = \gamma \begin{bmatrix} -f_x r_{11} + r_{31} o_x & -f_x r_{12} + r_{32} o_x & -f_x r_{13} + r_{33} o_x & -f_x T_x + T_z o_x \\ -f_y r_{21} + r_{31} o_y & -f_y r_{22} + r_{32} o_y & -f_y r_{23} + r_{33} o_y & -f_y T_y + T_z o_y \\ r_{31} & r_{32} & r_{33} & T_z \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\sqrt{\hat{m}_{31}^2 + \hat{m}_{32}^2 + \hat{m}_{33}^2} = |\gamma| \sqrt{r_{31}^2 + r_{32}^2 + r_{33}^2} = |\gamma|$$

Because rotation matrix is orthonormal

Divide each entry of  $\hat{M}$  by  $|\gamma|$ .

# Computing Camera Parameters

$$\begin{bmatrix} \hat{m}_{11} & \hat{m}_{12} & \hat{m}_{13} & \hat{m}_{14} \\ \hat{m}_{21} & \hat{m}_{22} & \hat{m}_{23} & \hat{m}_{24} \\ \hat{m}_{31} & \hat{m}_{32} & \hat{m}_{33} & \hat{m}_{34} \end{bmatrix} = \gamma \begin{bmatrix} -f_x r_{11} + r_{31} o_x & -f_x r_{12} + r_{32} o_x & -f_x r_{13} + r_{33} o_x & -f_x T_x + T_z o_x \\ -f_y r_{21} + r_{31} o_y & -f_y r_{22} + r_{32} o_y & -f_y r_{23} + r_{33} o_y & -f_y T_y + T_z o_y \\ r_{31} & r_{32} & r_{33} & T_z \end{bmatrix}$$

- Compute  $T_z$  and third row  $r_{3i}$  (i=1,2,3)
- Compute  $o_x$  and  $o_y$
- Compute  $f_x$  and  $f_y$
- Compute  $r_{1i}$  and  $r_{2i}$  i=1,2,3
- Computer  $T_x$  and  $T_y$

# Computing Camera Parameters: estimating third row of rotation matrix and translation in depth

$$\begin{bmatrix} \hat{m}_{11} & \hat{m}_{12} & \hat{m}_{13} & \hat{m}_{14} \\ \hat{m}_{21} & \hat{m}_{22} & \hat{m}_{23} & \hat{m}_{24} \\ \hat{m}_{31} & \hat{m}_{32} & \hat{m}_{33} & \hat{m}_{34} \end{bmatrix} = \gamma \begin{bmatrix} -f_x r_{11} + r_{31} o_x & -f_x r_{12} + r_{32} o_x & -f_x r_{13} + r_{33} o_x & -f_x T_x + T_z o_x \\ -f_y r_{21} + r_{31} o_y & -f_y r_{22} + r_{32} o_y & -f_y r_{23} + r_{33} o_y & -f_y T_y + T_z o_y \\ r_{31} & r_{32} & r_{33} & T_z \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T_z = \sigma \hat{m}_{34}, \quad \sigma = \pm 1$$

$$r_{3i} = \sigma \hat{m}_{3i}, \quad i = 1, 2, 3$$

Since we can determine  $T_z>0$  (origin of world reference is in front)

Or  $T_z$ <0(origin of world reference is in back) we can determine sign.

# Computing Camera Parameters

$$\begin{bmatrix} \hat{m}_{11} & \hat{m}_{12} & \hat{m}_{13} & \hat{m}_{14} \\ \hat{m}_{21} & \hat{m}_{22} & \hat{m}_{23} & \hat{m}_{24} \\ \hat{m}_{31} & \hat{m}_{32} & \hat{m}_{33} & \hat{m}_{34} \end{bmatrix} = \gamma \begin{bmatrix} -f_x r_{11} + r_{31} o_x & -f_x r_{12} + r_{32} o_x & -f_x r_{13} + r_{33} o_x & -f_x T_x + T_z o_x \\ -f_y r_{21} + r_{31} o_y & -f_y r_{22} + r_{32} o_y & -f_y r_{23} + r_{33} o_y & -f_y T_y + T_z o_y \\ r_{31} & r_{32} & r_{33} & T_z \end{bmatrix}$$

Let

$$q_{1} = \begin{bmatrix} \hat{m}_{11} & \hat{m}_{12} & \hat{m}_{13} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$q_{2} = \begin{bmatrix} \hat{m}_{21} & \hat{m}_{22} & \hat{m}_{23} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$q_{3} = \begin{bmatrix} \hat{m}_{31} & \hat{m}_{32} & \hat{m}_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

# Computing Camera Parameters: origin of image

$$\begin{bmatrix} \hat{m}_{11} & \hat{m}_{12} & \hat{m}_{13} & \hat{m}_{14} \\ \hat{m}_{21} & \hat{m}_{22} & \hat{m}_{23} & \hat{m}_{24} \\ \hat{m}_{31} & \hat{m}_{32} & \hat{m}_{33} & \hat{m}_{34} \end{bmatrix} = \gamma \begin{bmatrix} -f_x r_{11} + r_{31} o_x & -f_x r_{12} + r_{32} o_x & -f_x r_{13} + r_{33} o_x & -f_x T_x + T_z o_x \\ -f_y r_{21} + r_{31} o_y & -f_y r_{22} + r_{32} o_y & -f_y r_{23} + r_{33} o_y & -f_y T_y + T_z o_y \\ r_{31} & r_{32} & r_{33} & T_z \end{bmatrix}$$

$$q_{1}^{T}q_{3} = \hat{m}_{11}\hat{m}_{31} + \hat{m}_{12}\hat{m}_{32} + \hat{m}_{13}\hat{m}_{33}$$

$$\hat{m}_{11}\hat{m}_{31} + \hat{m}_{12}\hat{m}_{32} + \hat{m}_{13}\hat{m}_{33} = (-f_{x}r_{11} + r_{31}o_{x} - f_{x}r_{12} + r_{32}o_{x} - f_{x}r_{13} + r_{33}o_{x})(r_{31} \quad r_{32} \quad r_{33})$$

$$= (-f_{x}r_{11} - f_{x}r_{12} - f_{x}r_{13})(r_{31} \quad r_{32} \quad r_{33}) + (r_{31}o_{x} \quad r_{32}o_{x} \quad r_{32}o_{x})(r_{31} \quad r_{32} \quad r_{33})$$

$$= (r_{31}o_{x} \quad r_{32}o_{x} \quad r_{32}o_{x})(r_{31} \quad r_{32} \quad r_{33})$$

$$= (r_{31}^{2}o_{x} + r_{32}^{2}o_{x} + r_{33}^{2}o_{x})$$

$$= o_{x}(r_{31}^{2} + r_{32}^{2} + r_{33}^{2})$$

$$= o_{x}$$

Therefore:

$$o_x = q_1^T q_3$$
$$o_y = q_2^T q_3$$

# Computing Camera Parameters: vertical and horizontal focal lengths

$$\begin{bmatrix} \hat{m}_{11} & \hat{m}_{12} & \hat{m}_{13} & \hat{m}_{14} \\ \hat{m}_{21} & \hat{m}_{22} & \hat{m}_{23} & \hat{m}_{24} \\ \hat{m}_{31} & \hat{m}_{32} & \hat{m}_{33} & \hat{m}_{34} \end{bmatrix} = \gamma \begin{bmatrix} -f_x r_{11} + r_{31} o_x & -f_x r_{12} + r_{32} o_x & -f_x r_{13} + r_{33} o_x & -f_x T_x + T_z o_x \\ -f_y r_{21} + r_{31} o_y & -f_y r_{22} + r_{32} o_y & -f_y r_{23} + r_{33} o_y & -f_y T_y + T_z o_y \\ r_{31} & r_{32} & r_{33} & T_z \end{bmatrix}$$

$$q_1^T q_1 = \hat{m}_{11} \hat{m}_{11} + \hat{m}_{12} \hat{m}_{12} + \hat{m}_{13} \hat{m}_{13}$$

$$\hat{m}_{11} \hat{m}_{11} + \hat{m}_{12} \hat{m}_{12} + \hat{m}_{13} \hat{m}_{13} = (-f_x r_{11} + r_{31} o_x & -f_x r_{12} + r_{32} o_x & -f_x r_{13} + r_{33} o_x)(-f_x r_{11} + r_{31} o_x & -f_x r_{12} + r_{32} o_x & -f_x r_{13} + r_{33} o_x)$$

$$= (-f_x r_{11} + r_{31} o_x)^2 + (-f_x r_{12} + r_{32} o_x)^2 + (-f_x r_{13} + r_{33} o_x)^2$$

$$= (f_x^2 r_{11}^2 + r_{31}^2 o_x^2) + (f_x^2 r_{12}^2 + r_{32}^2 o_x^2) + (f_x^2 r_{13}^2 + r_{33}^2 o_x^2)$$

$$= f_x^2 + o_x$$

$$= f_x^2 + o_x$$

$$= f_x^2 + o_x^2$$

$$= f_x + o_x^2$$

$$= f$$

# Computing Camera Parameters: remaining rotation and translation parameters

$$\begin{bmatrix} \hat{m}_{11} & \hat{m}_{12} & \hat{m}_{13} & \hat{m}_{14} \\ \hat{m}_{21} & \hat{m}_{22} & \hat{m}_{23} & \hat{m}_{24} \\ \hat{m}_{31} & \hat{m}_{32} & \hat{m}_{33} & \hat{m}_{34} \end{bmatrix} = \gamma \begin{bmatrix} -f_x r_{11} + r_{31} o_x & -f_x r_{12} + r_{32} o_x & -f_x r_{13} + r_{33} o_x & -f_x T_x + T_z o_x \\ -f_y r_{21} + r_{31} o_y & -f_y r_{22} + r_{32} o_y & -f_y r_{23} + r_{33} o_y & -f_y T_y + T_z o_y \\ r_{31} & r_{32} & r_{33} & T_z \end{bmatrix}$$

$$0_{x}r_{31} + f_{x}r_{11} - r_{31}0_{x} = \sigma(0_{x}\hat{m}_{31} - \hat{m}_{11}),$$

$$r_{11} = \sigma(0_{x}\hat{m}_{31} - \hat{m}_{11}) / f_{x},$$

$$r_{1i} = \sigma(0_{x}\hat{m}_{3i} - \hat{m}_{1i}) / f_{x}, \qquad i = 1,2,3$$

$$r_{2i} = \sigma(0_{y}\hat{m}_{3i} - \hat{m}_{2i}) / f_{y}, \qquad i = 1,2,3$$

$$T_{x} = \sigma(0_{x}\hat{m}_{34} - \hat{m}_{14}) / f_{x}$$

$$T_{y} = \sigma(0_{y}\hat{m}_{34} - \hat{m}_{24}) / f_{y}$$