



## NUST School of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science

Faculty Member: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Semester: \_\_\_\_\_

Section: \_\_\_\_\_

Department of Electrical Engineering

EE-379: Control Systems

### LAB 8: Open Loop Control

Student name	Reg. No.	Lab Report Marks /10	Viva Marks / 5	Total/15

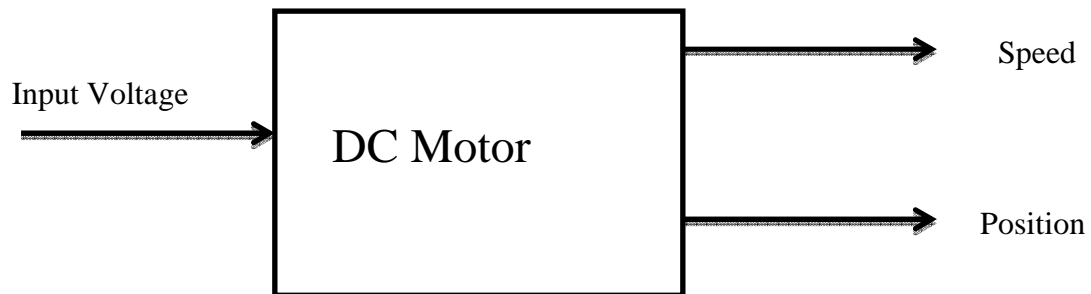
## Objectives

- i. Understanding the open loop control system
- ii. Open loop control of DC Motor
- iii. Open loop control of Inverted pendulum

## Prerequisite

- i. Lab 3 : System Modeling
- ii. Lab 4 : Data Acquisition
- iii. Lab 5: System response
- iv. Lab 6: Model Verification

## Open Loop Control of DC Motor



*Figure 1: DC Motor Model*

When we change the input voltage of DC motor its speed and position changes accordingly. Now we will see whether it is possible to control speed and position with no feedback (open loop).

### **Speed Control in Open loop**

**Exercise 1:** Maintain the speed of 92rad/s by applying the required voltage (Use hit and trail method and note every voltage in your log book).

**Exercise 2:** Take the best reading from Exercise 1 and calculate the steady state response (for step input). Note all your calculations in Log book.

**Exercise 3:** Are the speeds obtained by experiment (exercise 1) and by calculation (exercise 2) same? If no what can be the possible reason.

**Exercise 4:** Apply the disturbance i.e. friction (by holding the motor with your hand) and try to maintain the desire speed. Comment on the obtained response.

### **Position Control in Open loop**

**Exercise 5:** Rotate the motor by  $180^\circ$  by applying the required voltage (Use hit and trail method and note very voltage in your log book).

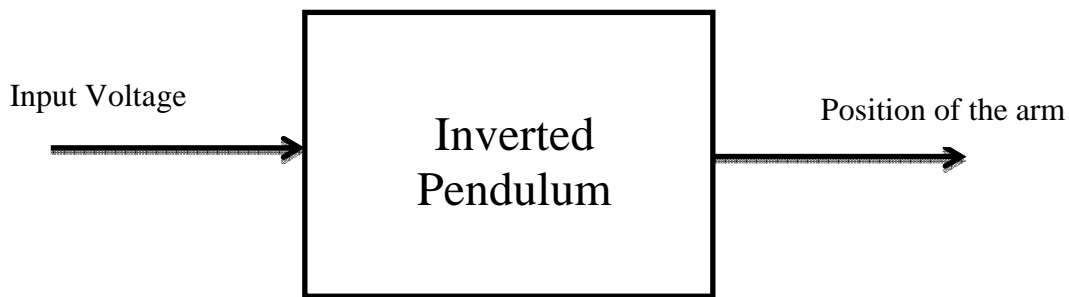
**Exercise 6:** Take the best reading from Exercise 5 and calculate the steady state response (for step input). Note all your calculations in Log book.

**Exercise 7:** Are the positions obtained by experiment (exercise 1) and by calculation (exercise 2) same? If no what can be the possible reason.

**Exercise 8:** Apply the disturbance i.e. friction (by holding the motor with your hand) and try to maintain the desire position. Comment on the obtained response.

## Open Loop Control of Inverted Pendulum

When we change the input voltage of driving unit (DC Motor) of inverted pendulum, arm angle changes accordingly. Now we will see whether it is possible to stabilize the pendulum with no feedback (open loop).



*Figure 2: Inverted Pendulum Model*

**Exercise 9:** Try to stabilize the pendulum by applying the required voltage. (Use hit and trail method and note very voltage in your log book).

**Exercise 10:** Take the best reading from Exercise 9 and calculate the steady state response (for step input). Note all your calculations in Log book.

**Exercise 11:** Why is it not possible to stabilize the inverted pendulum in open loop. (Hint: Plot pole-zero plot and comment)

**Exercise 12:** Why it is not possible to get the desired response in open loop with disturbance applied?