

PAK RUSSIA RELATIONS

PAK IRAN RELATIONS

PAK US RELATIONS



A CENTER OF INDIVIDUAL TEACHING FOR
CSS - P M S
PREPARATION

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Lecture # 04

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Pakistan-Russia Relations

- 1947 : Bipolar World : USSR and US both invited Pakistan
- Pakistan PM visited US and refused USSR invitation
- 1950: USSR Support to India on Kashmir and Economic and technical support
- 1955 Pakistan joined **SEATO**(September of 1954, the United States, France, Great Britain, New Zealand, Australia, the Philippines, Thailand and Pakistan) and **CENTO** (Baghdad Pact or METO, 1955-1979,Iran, Iraq, Pakistan, Turkey , UK) Joint Defense offer in return for economic cooperation
- 1956 USSR offered Pakistan aid to move away from USA

Pakistan-Russia Relations

- 1960: U2-Spy plane incident which flew from Peshawar
- 1961 strained relation with USA and USSR agreed to start oil exploration in Pakistan
- 1962: US support to India in China-India war and Pakistan moved closer to USSR
- 1963: China's aid to Pakistan which was doubled by USSR to 11 million pound and took neutral stance on Kashmir

Pakistan-Russia Relations

- 1965 President Ayub visit to USSR to make an agreement on trade and oil exploration
- 1966: USSR Role in Tashkent Declaration in january 1966
- 1968 : USA closure of Peshawar base, USSR Supply of arms
- Pakistan military support from China , USSR and US at the same time; USA annoyed
- 1971: Pakistan help to arrange China USA agreement, 1972 Richard Nixon Visit to China : USSR annoyed and entered in peace and cooperation agreement to help if India went to War with Pakistan

Pakistan-Russia Relations

- 1972: Zalfigar Ali Bhutto's visit to USSR to improve relations and USSR agreed to build Pakistan Steel Mill
- 1979 : USSR occupation of Afghanistan : Pakistan supported anti-USSR forces with help of USA
- 1988 USSR withdrawl from Afghanistan and opposition to Pakistan's Nuclear Program
- 2003 Visit of Pakistan to Russia gave new impetus to Pak-USSR relationship which continue to improve

Pakistan-Russia Relations

- Close cooperation and unanimous opinion on most the world's issues
- 2013 Pakistan Russia first ever strategic dialogue in Moscow
- Pakistan looking to Russia for FDI and special cooperation in field of Energy
- Pakistan can benefit from Russia's expertise in technology and military hardware
- Pakistan can benefit from trade with Russia
- Exports to Russia \$130 Million and Imports \$310 Million

Pakistan-Russia Relations

- Regional cooperation on security can help in building peaceful settlement of Afghanistan issue
- Help in eradication of organized crimes
- CPEC and purpose to contain US role in world brought China and Russia closer and Pakistan benefitting from this alliance
- First Joint exercises between Pakistan and Russia between 24th Sept to 10th Oct 2018

Pakistan-Russia Relations

- AMAN 2017 multilateral exercises participation by Russia held by Pakistan. China and Japan also participated
- US presence in Afghanistan a threat to both Pakistan and Russia's interest to benefit from central Asian states natural resources
- Pakistan and Central Asian Muslim countries which were part of USSR can provide a common ground of cooperation
- Pakistan in search of new friends because of uncertainty always surrounding Pak-US relations

Pakistan-Russia Relations

- Mi-35M advanced attack helicopter provision by Russia
- Pakistan has interest in buying SU-35 and T-90 Tanks as shared by Minister of Defence Khurram Dastagir Khan in April 2018
- Very small purchase as compared to India and Russia would like to use it as leverage in negotiation with India
- India has signed many pacts with US which has perhaps prompted Russia to rethink its strategy to keep India in its fold

PAKISTAN AND IRAN



Pakistan-Iran Relations

- Relations between Pakistan and Iran has seen many ups and downs
- Iran was first country to recognize Pakistan
- Pakistan and Iran both were close allies of US and Joined CENTO in early 1950's
- Iran support to Pakistan in 1965 and 1971 both diplomatically and morally
- Regional Cooperation for development formation by Pakistan, Iran and Turkey to promote socio-economic development in 1964

Pakistan-Iran Relations

- 1979 : Islamic revolution in Iran and start of Saudi-Iran rivalry
- Sectarian bloodbath in Pakistan as result of support by Iran and Saudi Arabia to respective ideology
- Post USSR occupation Afghanistan , Pakistan support to Sunni militants vs Iran Support for Northern Alliance
- Iran-Iraq war 1980-1988 and Pakistan neutral role and efforts to resolve the dispute

Pakistan-Iran Relations

- 1999 Iran support for Pakistan on Nuclear test
- Improvement in relations between Pakistan and Iran after fall of Taliban regime post 9/11 US attack
- 2002 Visit of President Khatmi to Pakistan and signing of multiple trade agreements
- 2008-2013 Improvement in relationship due to PPP government
- Iran-Pakistan-India gas Pipeline but couldn't be executed due to US backed sanctions: Now one of point of concern for both countries

Pakistan-Iran Relations

- 2013-2018 : Cold relations between Pakistan and Iran because of Nawaz Sharif tilt towards Saudi Arabia
- Cross border attacks along border of Baluchistan by Sunni militants a source of tension in relations
- Gawadar VS Chahbahar ports competition
- Pakistan Exports \$26Million and Imports from Iran \$327 Million

<https://globaledge.msu.edu/countries/pakistan/tradestats> 2017

- Contradictory interests in Afghanistan as peace process underway
- Need for improvement and balance between Saudi Arabia and Iran relations

Pakistan-Iran Relations

- Nuclear deal (Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action)with world powers provided an opportunity for engagement with Iran to Pakistan but under pressure because Trump administration pulled out of the deal
- 2018 visit of foreign minister of Iran Javed Zarif to Pakistan in August, again in May 2019
- Pakistan can help in brokering deal between KSA and Iran
- Iran Pakistan gas project cheaper than TAPI (\$11 per MMBTU vs \$13 MMBTU)

PAKISTAN AND USA

Pakistan-USA Relations

- USA one of the first countries to have established diplomatic relations with Pakistan Oct 20 1947
- “Fair weather Friend”
- Relations more in nature limited to military and economic support
- Pakistan joined SEATO(South East Asian Treaty Organization and CENTO (Central Treaty Organization)
- 1954 Mutual Defence Assistance Agreement with USA
- 1956: PM Hussain Shaheed Suhrawardy acceded to President Eisenhower’s request to lease Peshawar station to American Army to keep an eye on USSR (Badaber near Peshawar)

Pakistan-USA Relations

- 1965 War and placement of Economic and Military sanctions both India and Pakistan by US leading to collapse of economy
- 1971 speculated to provided support to discourage India not to attack on other cities of Pakistan as Pakistan an important ally against USSR
- Supported but Pakistan was not happy with the level of Support
- Zulfiqar Ali Bhutto though socialist but special relations with President Nixon
- President Jimmy Carter won elections and announced to seek a ban on Nuclear weapons
- Tightening of further sanctions on Pakistan by Jimmy Carter

Pakistan-USA Relations

- Prime Minister Bhutto efforts to secure nuclear technology for atomic bomb led to deterioration of further relations with USA
- 1979-1988 close and warm relation and counter operation again USSR expansion by CIA and ISI (\$3.2 Billion for 5 years)
- Pressler Amendment 1985 , ban on major military and economic assistance to stop Pakistan from getting nuclear bomb as Pakistan strategic importance was on decline
- 1998 Nuclear tests and Glenn amendment to place sanctions on both India and Pakistan
- 9/11 and Pakistan assuming role of Major Non NATO ally

Pakistan-USA Relations

- 2001 Introduction of bill to lift all sanction on Pakistan under Pressler Amendment and Glenn Amendment
- 2003 US waived \$1 Billion loan it had extended to Pakistan
- 2004 : Drone Strikes leading to eradication of militants but also causing large number of civilian casualties in Pakistan
- 2008 : US Air strike Killing 11 FC soldiers along with 8 Talibans. Strong reaction from Pakistan
- 2011 Raymond Davis incident killing two Pakistani citizens : Row on diplomatic immunity

Pakistan-USA Relations

- May 2011 , Osama Bin Laden Killing in Abbottabad . US stance that it was solo operation while ISI claimed it was joint operation
- 26 Nov 2011 : Killing of 24 Pakistani soldiers by US Air Strike along the border on Pakistani side([Salala Check post](#)). New low in relations
- Stoppage of NATO supplies and asked to leave Salala Air Base as a reaction
- July 2012 : Reopening of supply routes after Secretary of State of USA Hillary Clinton said she was sorry for the loss of life

Pakistan-USA Relations

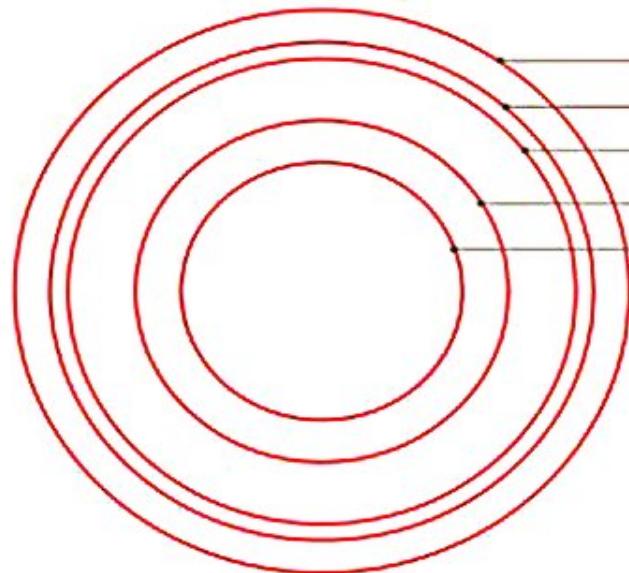
- Pakistan operation against Taliban in FATA
- Pakistan efforts to bring Taliban to Negotiating table in 2015 in Murree Pakistan and now in 2018 under President Trump's renewed efforts to end 17 years old war
- US refusal to sell F-16 to Pakistan
- Stoppage of Military and economic assistance to Pakistan
- Concern against Pakistan selective operation against Militants and Haqqani network

Pakistan-USA Relations

- \$ 3.8 Billion exports to USA . Biggest trading partner in terms of exports in 2018
- Trade Surplus of \$844.3 Million with USA
- <http://www.worldstopexports.com/pakistans-top-import-partners/>

Pakistan-USA Relations

BREAKDOWN OF US AID TO PAKISTAN (IN DOLLARS)



US\$ 11.1 BILLION	ECONOMIC AID
US\$ 8.7 MILLION	ECONOMIC SUPPORT FUNDS
US\$ 8.3 BILLION	SECURITY-RELATED AID
US\$ 4.1 MILLION	FOREIGN MILITARY FINANCING
US\$ 2.4 MILLION	PAKISTAN COUNTER INSURGENCY FUND/ COUNTER INSURGENCY CAPABILITY FUND

These figures have been rounded off

Pakistan-USA Relations

According to F S Aijazuddin:

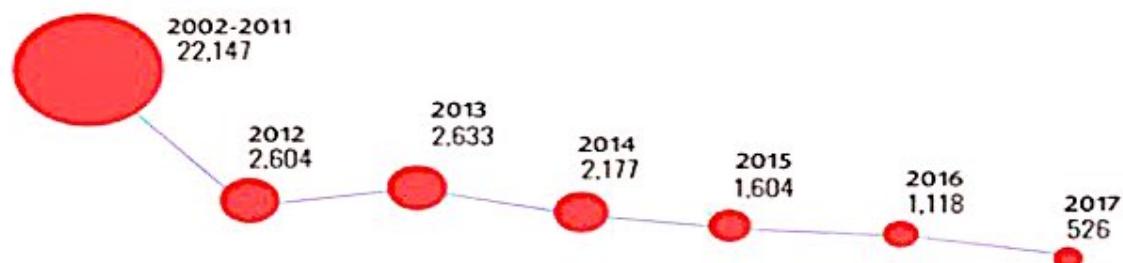
"The economic-related aid and the security-related aid are dwarfed by the Coalition Support Fund Reimbursements (CSF). These reimbursements are against claims prepared by the Pakistan Armed Forces for supplies, services and logistics provided to the US-led coalition in its war in Afghanistan. These claims are verified by the US government auditors and then (depending on the whim of the administration) approved for reimbursement to the Pakistan government, usually with a six-month time lag. Since 2002, these have ballooned to **USS 14.5 billion**, of which **USS 8.8 billion** was disbursed before 2011, seven years ago. The Pakistani public sees only the economic-related aid of **USS 11 billion**, which is less than one third of US\$33 billion. The other **USS 22 billion** is the cost of toys for the boys. It is obvious who will need to take Trump's threats to cut off security aid seriously."

Pakistan-USA Relations

ACCORDING TO THE CONGRESSIONAL RESEARCH SERVICE, A US SOURCE,

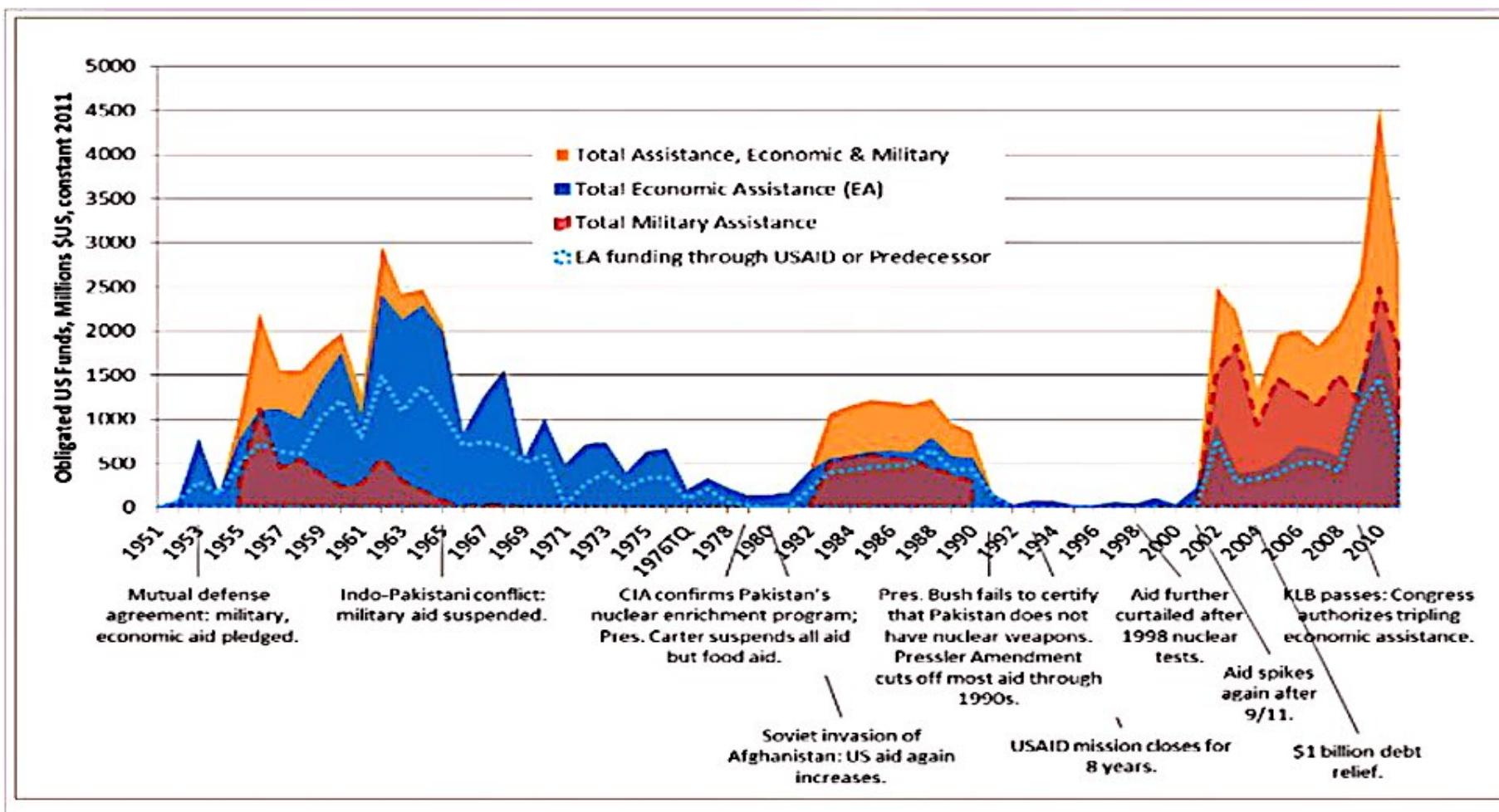
THE GRAND TOTAL OF US MONEY GIVEN TO PAKISTAN BETWEEN FISCAL YEAR 2002 AND FISCAL YEAR 2017

WAS AS FOLLOWS:



Rounded off to the nearest millions of dollars

Pakistan-USA Relations



Total \$67 Billion aid from 1947 till 2011

Pakistan-USA Relations

- US Accuses Pakistan of harboring terrorists of Taliban and Haqqani network
- Pakistan alleged that the United States had done little to control security in eastern Afghanistan
- Pakistan's most-wanted terrorist Mullah Fazlullah was believed to be hiding
- Increased role of India in Afghanistan in reconstruction and economic activity
- Donald Trump syndrome has created an entirely new situation by openly declaring Islam and Muslims as enemies

Pakistan-USA Relations

- Strategic bilateral pacts with India to include Defence Technology and Trade Initiative, designated India as 'major defence partner' to facilitate:
 - *defence technology, combat exercises and wargames, joint projects were designed to include aircraft carrier technologies and jet engines, futuristic helicopters, infantry combat vehicles, F-16/ F-18 fighter production line and billions of dollars arms deals including C-17 Globemaster, Poseidon-8, C-130 Super Hercules, Apache attack helicopters and Chinook heavy lift helicopters while denying the same to Pakistan*

Pakistan-USA Relations

- President Trump declared nuclear Pakistan as the most dangerous country next to Iran
- US administration ceased military training for defense personnel and the Coalition Support Fund (CSF) for Pakistan
- Use of diplomatically harsh language and exercised its influence in the Financial Action Task Force (FATF) against Pakistan
- US Secretary of State Mike Pompeo's statement to warn the International Monetary Fund (IMF) saying the Trump administration will not allow it to lend US dollars to Pakistan for repaying China.

Pakistan-USA Relations

- Improvement after Pakistan's action against Hafiz Saeed, Zia Ur Rehman Lakhvi and Jamat Ud dawa Seminaries and leadership.
- Pakistan role in bringing Taliban to Negotiating table appreciated by US and other world powers and reason behind improvement in relations
- PM Imran Khan two day Visit planned to US on 22nd -23rd July,2019
- Pakistan in no position to break off relations with US and to annoy world community due to security and economic vulnerabilities being faced at home