

Trigonometric Fourier Series:- $\{1, \cos \omega_0 t, \cos 2\omega_0 t, \dots, \sin \omega_0 t, \sin 2\omega_0 t, \dots, \sin n\omega_0 t\}$

$$\int_{T_0} \cos n\omega_0 t \cos m\omega_0 t dt = \begin{cases} 0, m \neq n \\ T_0/2, m = n \end{cases}, \quad \int_{T_0} \sin n\omega_0 t \sin m\omega_0 t dt = \begin{cases} 0, m \neq n \\ T_0/2, m = n \end{cases}$$

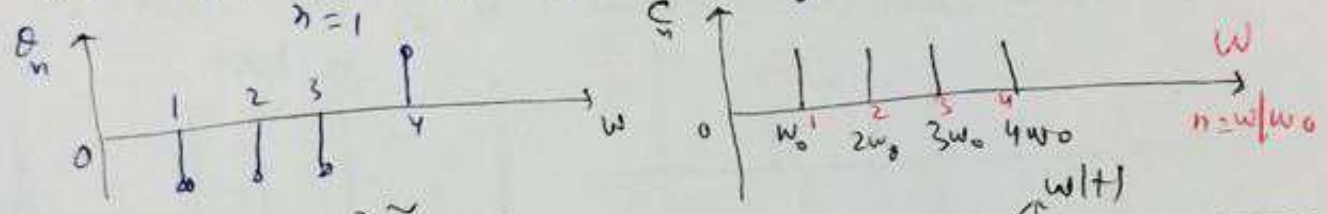
$$g(t), t_1 \leq t \leq t_1 + T_0, g(t) = a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos n\omega_0 t + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin n\omega_0 t, \quad \omega_0 = 2\pi/T_0$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{T_0} \int_{t_1}^{t_1+T_0} g(t) dt, \quad a_n = \frac{2}{T_0} \int_{t_1}^{t_1+T_0} g(t) \cos(n\omega_0 t) dt, \quad b_n = \frac{2}{T_0} \int_{t_1}^{t_1+T_0} g(t) \sin(n\omega_0 t) dt$$

Compact TFS:- $a_n \cos n\omega_0 t + b_n \sin n\omega_0 t = C_n \cos(n\omega_0 t + \theta_n)$

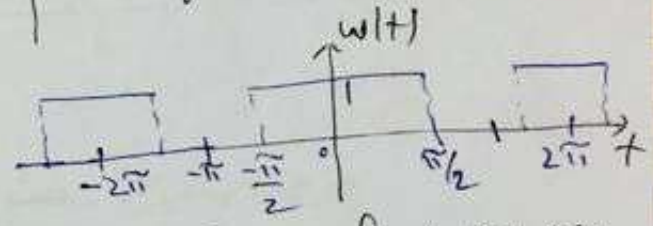
Where $C_n = \sqrt{a_n^2 + b_n^2}$, $\theta_n = \tan^{-1}(-b_n/a_n)$, $C_0 = a_0$.

C-TFS: $g(t) = C_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} C_n \cos(n\omega_0 t + \theta_n), t_1 \leq t \leq t_1 + T_0$



EX:- $T_0 = 2\pi, \omega_0 = \frac{2\pi}{T_0} = 1$

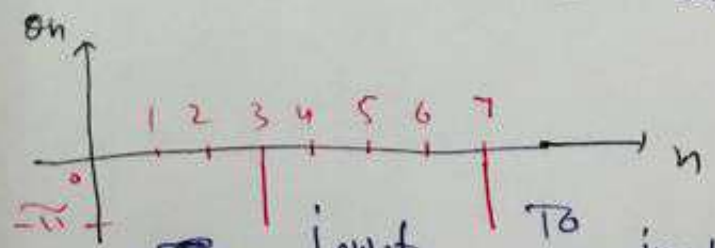
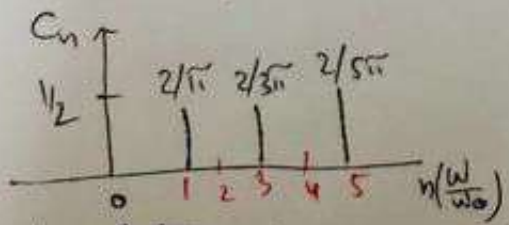
$$a_0 = 1/2, \quad a_n = \frac{2}{T} \int_{-T/4}^{T/4} \cos n\omega t dt = \frac{2}{n\pi} \sin \frac{n\pi}{2}, \quad b_n = 0$$



$$a_n = 0, \text{ for } n \text{ even} \\ = \frac{2}{n\pi}, \text{ for } n = 1, 5, 9, \dots \\ = -\frac{2}{n\pi}, \text{ for } n = 3, 7, 11, \dots$$

$$w(t) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\cos \omega_0 t - \frac{1}{3} \cos 3\omega_0 t + \frac{1}{5} \cos 5\omega_0 t - \frac{1}{7} \cos 7\omega_0 t + \dots \right)$$

CFS: $w(t) = \frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{\pi} \left(\cos \omega_0 t + \frac{1}{3} \cos(3\omega_0 t - \pi) + \frac{1}{5} \cos 5\omega_0 t + \frac{1}{7} \cos(7\omega_0 t - \pi) + \dots \right)$ $\cos(x - \pi) = -\cos x$



Exponential Fourier Series:-

$$D_n = \frac{C_n}{2} e^{j\theta_n}, n=1, 2, \dots, D_0 = C_0, \quad \frac{D_n}{n} = \frac{D_n^*}{n} = \frac{C_n}{2} e^{-j\theta_n}, n=-1, -2, -3, \dots$$

$$g(t) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} D_n e^{jn\omega_0 t}, \quad D_n = \frac{1}{T_0} \int_0^{T_0} g(t) e^{-jn\omega_0 t} dt$$

Ex: $g(t) = 3 \cos t + \sin(5t - \pi/6) - 2 \cos(8t - \pi/3)$

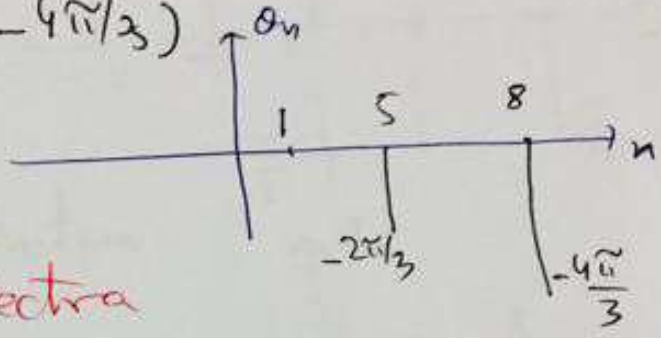
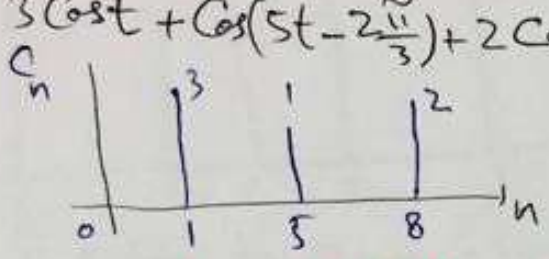
(a) sketch the amplitude and phase spectra of $g(t)$.

$g(t) = C_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} C_n \cos(n\omega_0 t + \theta_n)$, where $C_n \geq 0$.

$\cos(\theta - \frac{\pi}{2}) = \sin \theta$

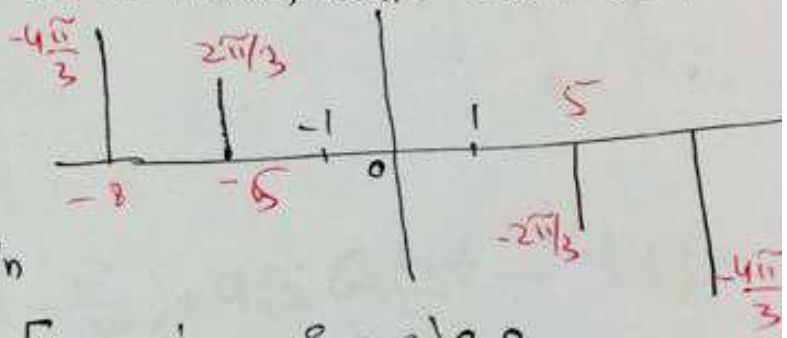
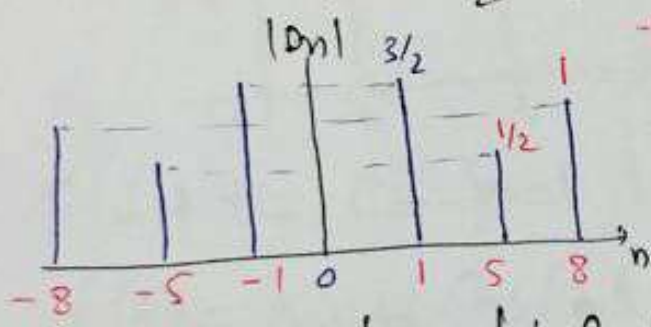
$\cos(\theta - \pi) = -\cos \theta$

$g(t) = 3 \cos t + \cos(5t - \frac{\pi}{6} - \frac{\pi}{2}) + 2 \cos(8t - \frac{\pi}{3} - \pi)$
 $= 3 \cos t + \cos(5t - \frac{2\pi}{3}) + 2 \cos(8t - \frac{4\pi}{3})$



(b) sketch exponential Fourier spectra

$D_0 = C_0, |D_n| = \frac{1}{2} C_n, \angle D_n = \theta_n, n > 0, \angle D_n = -\theta_n, n < 0$.



(c) write the exponential Fourier series

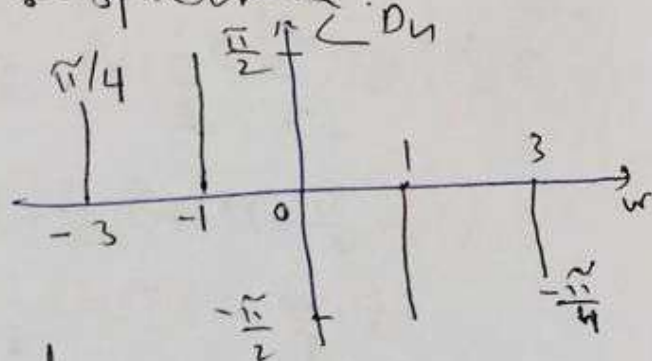
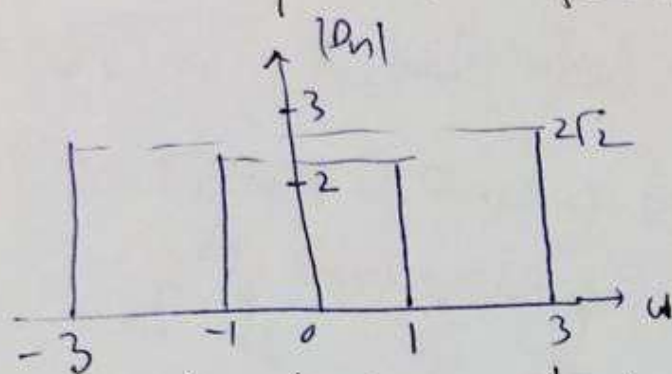
$g(t) = \frac{D_{-8}}{-8} e^{-j8t} + \frac{D_{-5}}{-5} e^{-j5t} + \frac{D_{-1}}{-1} e^{-jt} + D_1 e^{jt} + \frac{D_5}{5} e^{j5t} + \frac{D_8}{8} e^{j8t}$ where $D_1 = 3/2$

where, $\frac{D_{-8}}{-8} = e^{j4\pi/3}, \frac{D_{-5}}{-5} = \frac{1}{2} e^{j2\pi/3}, \frac{D_{-1}}{-1} = 3/2, \frac{D_1}{1} = e^{-j4\pi/3}, \frac{D_5}{5} = \frac{1}{2} e^{-j2\pi/3}$

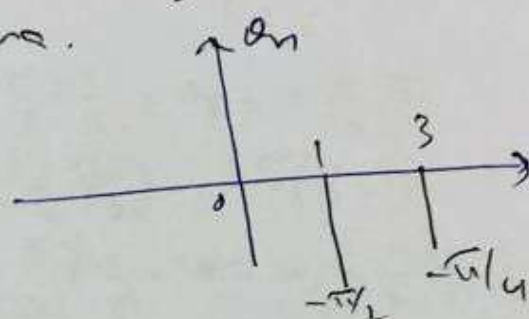
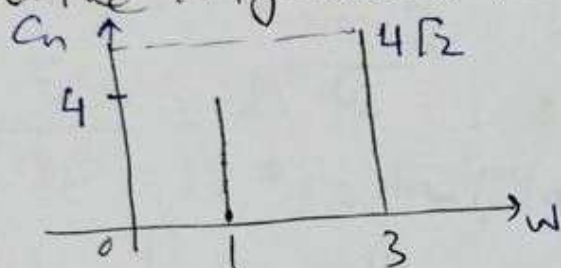
Ex: The exponential F.S. of a periodic signal is given by (3)

$$f(t) = (2+j2)e^{j3t} + j2e^{-jt} + 3-j2e^{jt} + (2-j2)e^{j3t}$$

a) Sketch the exponential Fourier spectra



b) Sketch the trigonometric spectra.



c) Find the Compact TFS.

$$f(t) = 3 + 4 \cos\left(2t - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) + 4\sqrt{2} \cos\left(3t - \frac{\pi}{4}\right)$$

Ex: write the following expression in the form of $C \cos(\omega t + \theta)$

$$f(t) = \cos 5t - \sin 5t$$

$$C = \sqrt{1^2 + 1^2} = \sqrt{2}, \quad \theta = \tan^{-1}(1) = \pi/4$$

$$f(t) = \sqrt{2} \cos(5t + \pi/4)$$

$$f(t) = -\cos \omega t - \sin \omega t, \quad C = \sqrt{2}, \quad \theta = \tan^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{-1}\right) = \tan^{-1}(1) = \pi/4$$

$$f(t) = \sqrt{2} \cos(\omega t + 3\pi/4)$$

$$f(t) = 3 + \sqrt{3} \cos 2t + \sin 2t + \sin 3t - \frac{1}{2} \cos(5t + \pi/3). \quad (4)$$

$$f(t) = C_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} C_n \cos(n\omega_0 t + \theta_n) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} D_n e^{jn\omega_0 t}$$

$$C_n = \sqrt{a_n^2 + b_n^2}, \theta_n = \tan^{-1}(-b_n/a_n), C_0 = a_0, D_n = \frac{1}{2} C_n e^{j\theta_n}, D_{-n} = \frac{1}{2} C_n e^{-j\theta_n}, D_0 = C_0.$$

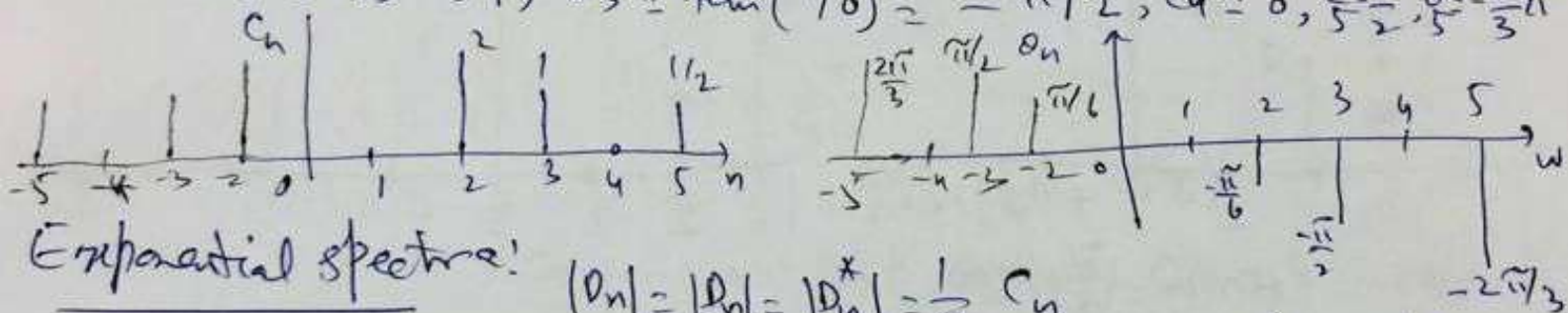
$$f(t) = 3 + \sqrt{3} \cos 2t + 1 \cdot \sin 2t + 1 \cdot \sin 3t + \frac{1}{2} \left(\cos(5t + \frac{\pi}{3} - \pi) \right).$$

$$= \underset{a_0}{3} + \underset{a_2}{\sqrt{3}} \cos 2t + \underset{b_2}{1} \sin 2t + \underset{b_3}{1} \sin 3t + \underset{C_5}{\frac{1}{2}} \cos(5t - \underset{\theta_5}{\frac{2}{3}\pi}).$$

$$a_0 = 3, a_2 = \sqrt{3}, b_2 = 1, a_3 = 0, b_3 = 1, C_5 = \frac{1}{2}, \theta_5 = -\frac{2}{3}\pi.$$

$$C_0 = a_0 = 3, C_1 = 0, C_2 = \sqrt{a_2^2 + b_2^2} = 2, \theta_2 = \tan^{-1}(-\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}) = -\pi/6.$$

$$C_3 = \sqrt{a_3^2 + b_3^2} = 1, \theta_3 = \tan^{-1}(-1/0) = -\pi/2, C_4 = 0, C_5 = \frac{1}{2}, \theta_5 = -\frac{2}{3}\pi.$$



Exponential spectrum:

$$|D_n| = |D_{-n}| = |D_n^*| = \frac{1}{2} C_n$$

$$D_0 = C_0, D_0 = 3, |D_1| = |D_{-1}| = 0, |D_2| = |D_{-2}| = 1, \angle D_2 = -\angle D_{-2} = -\pi/6$$

$$|D_3| = |D_{-3}| = 1/2, \angle D_3 = -\angle D_{-3} = -\pi/2,$$

$$|D_4| = 0, |D_5| = |D_{-5}| = 1/4, \angle D_5 = -\angle D_{-5} = -2/3\pi$$

$$f(t) = 3 + \left[\frac{j(2t - \pi/6)}{e} + \frac{-j(2t - \pi/6)}{e} \right] + \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{j(3t - \pi/2)}{e} + \frac{-j(3t - \pi/2)}{e} \right] + \frac{1}{4} \left[\frac{j(5t - 2\pi/3)}{e} + \frac{-j(5t - 2\pi/3)}{e} \right].$$

Problem IX [10 pts]

The trigonometric Fourier series of a periodic signal is given by

$$f(t) = 1 + 2 \cos\left(t + \frac{\pi}{3}\right) - 4\sqrt{2} \sin\left(3t + \frac{\pi}{4}\right).$$

1. What is the fundamental period of this signal?

$$f(t) = 1 + 2 \cos\left(t + \frac{\pi}{3}\right) + 4\sqrt{2} \sin\left(3t + \frac{5\pi}{4}\right)$$

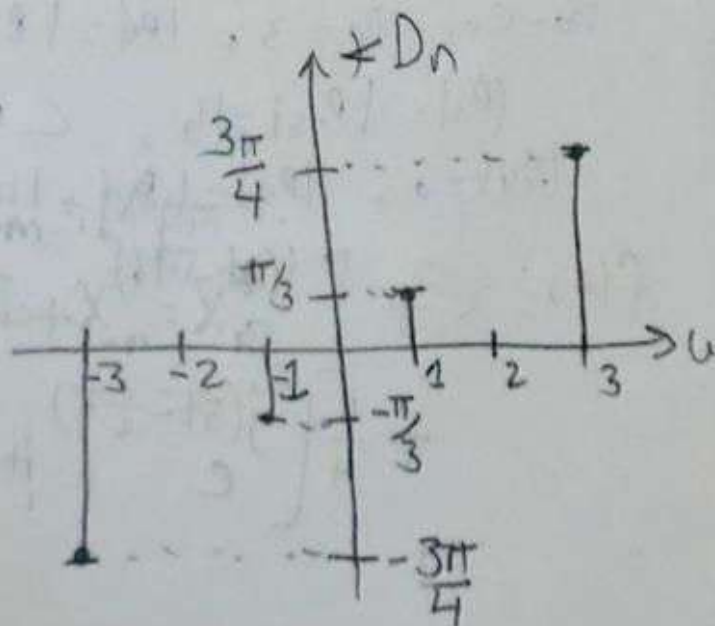
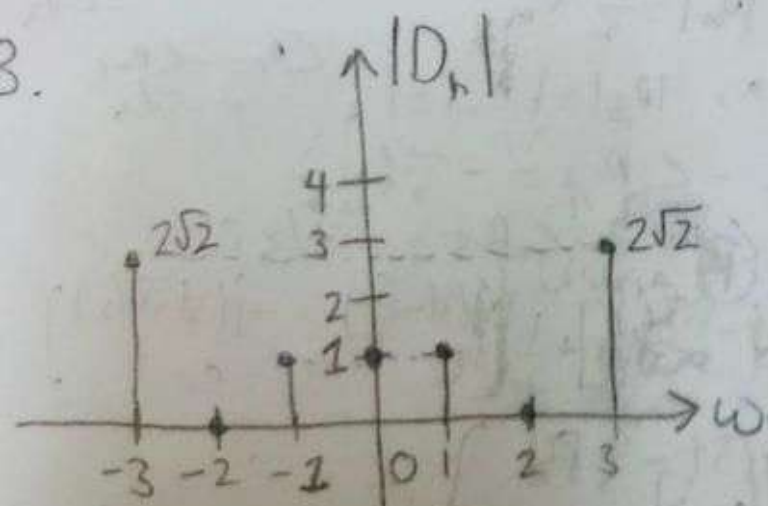
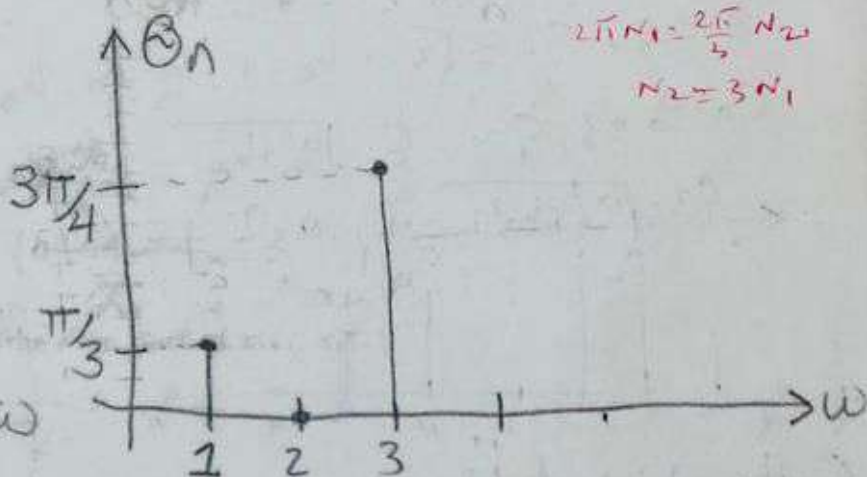
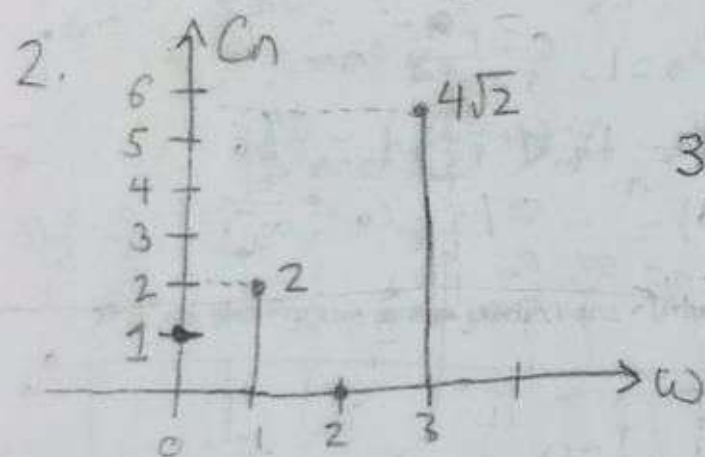
2. Sketch the trigonometric Fourier spectra.

$$= 1 + 2 \cos\left(t + \frac{\pi}{3}\right) + 4\sqrt{2} \cos\left(3t + \frac{3\pi}{4}\right)$$

3. Sketch the exponential Fourier spectra.

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{T} &= 2\pi, \quad \frac{2\pi}{3} \\ 2\pi N_1 &= \frac{2\pi}{3} N_2 \\ N_2 &= 3N_1 \end{aligned}$$

1. $\omega_0 = 1, T_0 = \frac{2\pi}{\omega_0} = 2\pi$

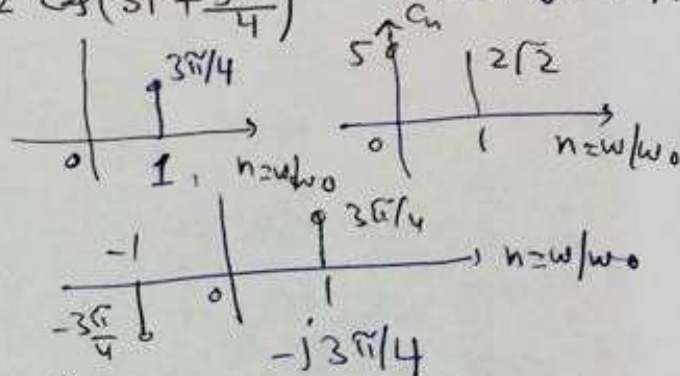
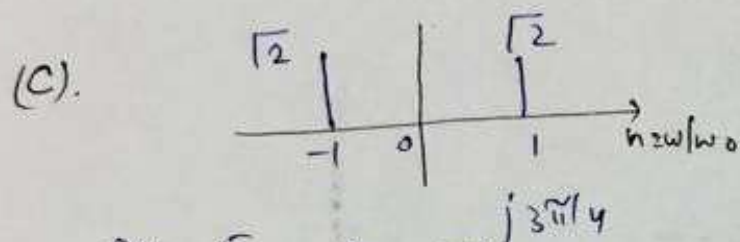


Ex:- A periodic signal is given by $g(t) = 5 - 2\cos 3t - 2\sin 3t$. (5)
Express the periodic signal in (a) TFS (b) Compact FS (c) exponential FS (d) Sketch the 1-sided spectra, and (e) sketch the 2-sided spectra.

Sol:- (a) Already in TFS, $\omega_0 = 3 \text{ rad/sec}$, $a_0 = 5$, $a_1 = -2$, $b_1 = -2$

(b) $g(t) = 5 + ((-2)^2 + (-2)^2)^{1/2} \cos(3t + \tan^{-1}(\frac{-(-2)}{-2}))$ (we use 4-quadrant arc tangent)
 $= 5 + \sqrt{8} \cos(3t + \tan^{-1}(\frac{2}{2})) = 5 + 2\sqrt{2} \cos(3t + \frac{3\pi}{4})$

$C_0 = 5$, $C_1 = 2\sqrt{2}$, $\theta_1 = \frac{3\pi}{4} \text{ rad}$



$D_0 = 5$, $D_1 = \sqrt{2} e^{j3\pi/4}$, $D_{-1} = D_1^* = \sqrt{2} e^{-j3\pi/4}$

$g(t) = (\sqrt{2} e^{j3\pi/4}) e^{-j3t} + 5 + (\sqrt{2} e^{-j3\pi/4}) e^{j3t}$

Ex:- $g(t) = 3 - 2\sin(3t - \frac{\pi}{3}) - 2\cos(4t + \frac{\pi}{3})$

$\sin(3t - \frac{\pi}{3}) = \sin 3t \cos \frac{\pi}{3} - \cos 3t \sin \frac{\pi}{3}$, $\cos(4t + \frac{\pi}{3}) = \cos 4t \cos \frac{\pi}{3} - \sin 4t \sin \frac{\pi}{3}$

$g(t) = 3 + \underbrace{(2\sin \frac{\pi}{3})}_{a_3} \cos 3t + \underbrace{(-2\cos \frac{\pi}{3})}_{a_4} \cos 4t + \underbrace{(-2\sin \frac{\pi}{3})}_{b_3} \sin 3t + \underbrace{(2\cos \frac{\pi}{3})}_{b_4} \sin 4t$

CFS:- $g(t) = 3 + 2\cos(3t - \frac{\pi}{3} - \frac{3\pi}{2}) + 2\cos(4t + \frac{\pi}{3} - \pi)$

$= 3 + 2\cos(3t - \frac{11\pi}{6}) + 2\cos(4t - \frac{2\pi}{3})$

EFS:- $g(t) = \frac{j2\pi/3}{e} e^{-j4t} + \frac{j\pi/6}{e} e^{-j3t} + 3 + \frac{-j\pi/6}{e} e^{j3t} + \frac{-j2\pi/3}{e} e^{j4t}$