



School of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science
National University of Sciences & Technology (NUST)

Practice Assignment No-3

Subject: **Digital Logic Design**
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Course: **BEE-12CD**
Issue: **03 Nov 2021**

- ✓ *This is a non-graded assignment prepared to enhance problem-solving skills of students from chapter3 of the textbook.*
 - ✓ *The students are advised to attempt it any time of their convenience.*
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Problem No-1 Use K-map to find a minimal sum-of-product (SOP) expression for the following function: -

$$F(a, b, c, d) = a'b' + cd' + abc + a'b'cd' + abc'd + a'c'd'$$

Problem No-2 Find two different minimal sum-of-product (SOP) expressions for the following function: -

$$F(a, b, c, d) = \sum_m(3, 7, 11, 12, 13, 15) + \sum_d(5, 8, 9, 14)$$

Problem No-3 Find a minimal product-of-sums (POS) expression for the following function: -

$$F(a, b, c, d) = \pi_M(0, 2, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15). \pi_D(5, 7)$$

Problem No-4 Assuming that the inputs $abcd = 0101$; $abcd = 1001$; $abcd = 1011$ never occur, find a simplified expression for

$$F = a'bc'd + a'b'd + a'cd + abd + abc$$

Problem No-5 Find the essential prime implicants for the following function:

$$F(a, b, c, d, e) = \sum(0, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 12, 13, 14, 16, 21, 23, 24, 29, 31)$$

Problem No-6 Find the minimum sum-of-products expression for:

$$F(a, b, c, d, e) = \sum(0, 2, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16, 19, 29, 30) \\ + \sum_d(a, b, c, d) = \sum(4, 9, 21)$$

Problem No-7 Realize the function $f = a'bc' + bd + ac + b'cd'$ using only 2-input NAND gates.

Problem No-8 The following equation is implemented using AND gates, OR gates, and inverters. Convert the circuit to use only NAND gates and inverters (do not manipulate the equation with Boolean algebra).

$$F(a, b, c, d) = b(a(bc + d') + c'd)$$

Problem No-9 Repeat problem 8 above, using only NOR gates and inverters.

Problem No-10 Implement the function $F(a, b, c, d) = \sum (0, 1, 4, 6, 7, 9, 11, 13, 14) + \sum_d (2, 5, 12)$, in all non-degenerate Forms.

Problem No-11 Design a network of NAND gates and inverters that converts from 8,4,-2,-1 BCD code to 6,3,1,1 code.

Problem No-12 After completing the design and fabrication of a digital system, a designer finds that one more inverter is required. However, the only spare gates in the system are a 3-input OR, a 2-input AND, and a 2-input XOR. How should the designer realize the inverter function without adding another IC?

Problem No-13 Use Quine-McCluskey procedure to find all the minimum sum-of-products (SOP) expression for the following function F

$$F(A, B, C, D, E) = \sum_m(0, 2, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16, 18, 19, 29, 30) + \sum_d(4, 9, 21)$$

Problem No-14 Use the Quine-McCluskey procedure to find all of the prime implicants for

$$F(a, b, c, d) = \sum (0, 1, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 14, 15)$$

Problem No-15 Using a prime implicant chart, find all minimum sum-of-products (SOP) solutions for the function of problem 14.

Problem No-16 Use the Petrick's method to find all of the minimal sum-of-product (SOP) expressions for the following function:

$$f(a, b, c, d) = \sum (0, 2, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 13, 15)$$

Problem No-17 Use the Petrick's method to find all of the minimal sum-of-product expressions for

$$f(w, x, y, z) = \sum (7, 12, 14, 15) + \sum_d (1, 3, 5, 8, 10, 11, 13)$$

Problem No-18 Optimize the following Boolean functions together with the don't care conditions d in the forms indicated using map method by finding all the prime implicants and essential prime implicants and apply the selection rule: -

a. $F_1(A,B,C,D)=(A'+B'+D')(A+B'+C')(A'+B+D')(B+C'+D')$
SOP & POS

b. $F_2(W,X,Y,Z)=\pi_M (0,1,6,8,11,12).\pi_D (3,7,14,15)$
SOP

c. $F_3(a,b,c,d,e)=\sum_m (0,3,4,5,6,7,8,12,13,14,16,21,23,24,29,31)$
SOP

Problem No-19

Implement the following expression (which is already in minimum sum-of-product form) using only two-input NAND gates. No gate may be used as a NOT. All the inputs are available both in complemented and uncomplemented form.

$$g(a,b,c,d,e)= a'b'c'd'+abcd'+a'ce+ab'd+be$$

Problem No-20

Consider the following functions

$$F(A,B,C,D)=\sum_m (1,3,4,5,9,10,11,12,13,14,15)$$

$$G(A,B,C,D)=\sum_m (0,2,3,4,5,7,8,10,11,12,13,15)$$

- Optimize the functions using map method. Find all prime implicants and essential prime implicants and apply the selection rule.
- Apply postulates and theorems of Boolean Algebra to find minimum sum-of-products expression for $F \cdot G$ and $F+G$.
- Use map method to obtain minimum sum-of-product expressions for $F \cdot G$ and $F+G$ and verify your answer in part b above.

Problem No-21

Simplify the following functions to the minimum Sum-of-Product (SOP) and Product-of-Sum (POS) forms using map method: -

- $F_1=AC'+B'D+A'CD+ABCD$
- $F_2=(A'+B'+D')(A+B'+C')(A'+B+D')(B+C'+D')$
- $F_3=(A'+B'+D)(A'+D')(A+B+D')(A+B'+C+D)$
- $F_4=(A+C'+D')(A'+B'+D')(A'+B+D')(A'+B+C')$

Problem No-22

Four large tanks at a chemical plant contain different liquids being heated. Liquid-level sensors are being used to detect whenever the level in tank A or tank B rises above a predetermined level. Temperature sensors in C and D detect when the temperature in either of the tanks drops below a prescribed temperature limit. Assume that the liquid-level sensor outputs A and B are LOW when the level is satisfactory and HIGH when the level is too high. Also,

the temperature sensor outputs C and D are LOW when the temperature is satisfactory and HIGH when the temperature is too LOW.

Design a logic circuit that will detect whenever, the level in tank A or tank B is too high at the same time that the temperature in either tank C or tank D is too low. List the truth table and implement the design using two-level (a) AND-NOR, (b) OR-NAND forms.

Problem No-23

Realize $Z=A[BC'+D+E(F'+GH)]$ using minimum number of 2-input NOR gates. Assume that double-rail inputs are available.

Problem No-24

For the following function F, use map method to show that $FF'=0$ and $F+F'=1$

$$F=(V'W+X) Y+Z'$$

“Good Luck”