# DISCRETE TIME FOURIER TRANSFORM (DTFT)

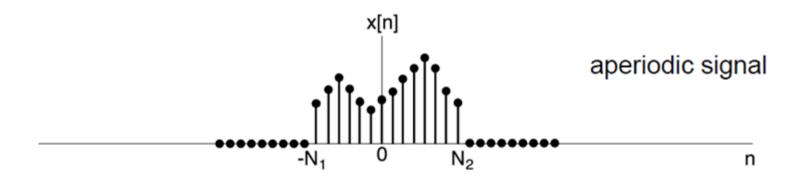
## Discrete Time Fourier Transform

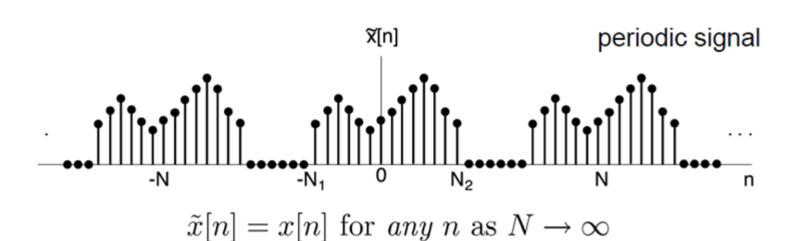
Derivation: (Analogous to CTFT except  $e^{j\omega n} = e^{j(\omega + 2\pi)n}$ )

- x[n] aperiodic and (for simplicity) of finite duration
- N is large enough so that x[n] = 0 if  $|n| \ge N/2$

•  $\tilde{x}[n] = x[n]$  for  $|n| \leq N/2$  and periodic with period N

### Discrete Time Fourier Transform





$$\begin{split} \tilde{x}[n] &= \sum_{k=< N>} a_k e^{jk\omega_0 n}\,,\, \omega_0 = \frac{2\pi}{N} \\ a_k &= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=< N>} \tilde{x}[n] e^{-jk\omega_0 n} \\ &= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=-N_1}^{N_2} \tilde{x}[n] e^{-jk\omega_0 n} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n] e^{-jk\omega_0 n} \end{split}$$
 analysis eq.

Define

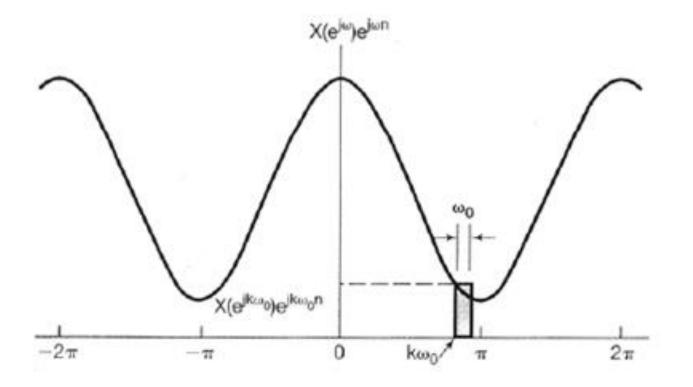
$$X(e^{j\omega}) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n]e^{-j\omega n}$$
  $-\text{ periodic in }\omega \text{ with period }2\pi$ 

$$\downarrow \downarrow \\ a_k = \frac{1}{N}X(e^{jk\omega_0})$$

We see that the coefficients  $a_k$  are proportional to samples of  $X(e^{j\omega})$  where  $\omega_0 = 2\pi/N$  is the spacing of the samples in the frequency domain

$$\tilde{x}[n] = \sum_{k=< N>} \underbrace{\frac{1}{N} X(e^{jk\omega_0})}_{a_k} e^{jk\omega_0 n} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sum_{k=< N>} X(e^{jk\omega_0}) e^{jk\omega_0 n} \omega_0 \quad (*)$$

As  $N \to \infty$ :  $\tilde{x}[n] \to x[n]$  for every n



$$\omega_0 \to 0, \sum \omega_0 \to \int d\omega$$

The sum in  $(*) \rightarrow$  an integral

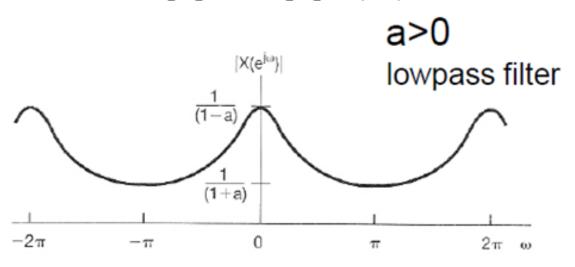
↓ The DTFT Pair

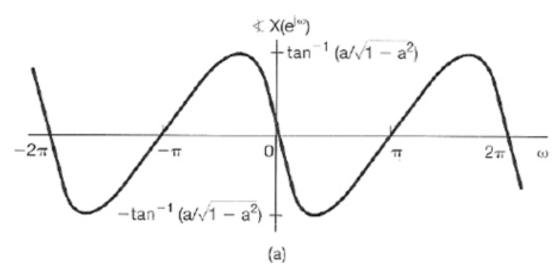
$$x[n] = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{2\pi} X(e^{j\omega}) e^{j\omega n} d\omega$$
 Synthesis equation 
$$X(e^{j\omega}) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n] e^{-j\omega n}$$
 Analysis equation

Any  $2\pi$  interval in  $\omega$ 

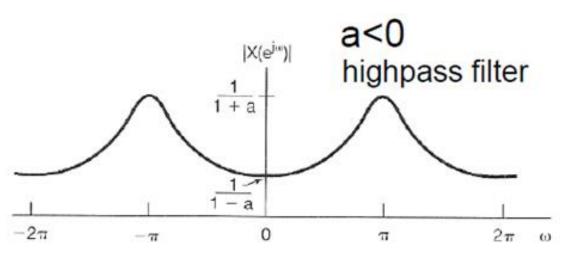
$$x[n] = a^n u[n], \quad |a| < 1$$

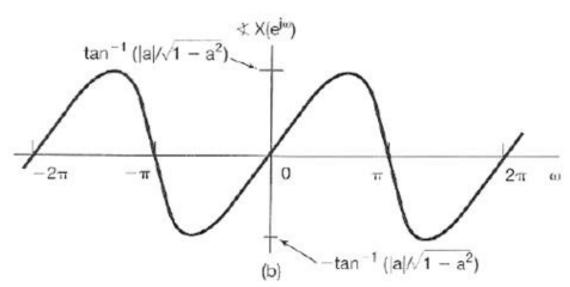
$$x[n] = a^n u[n], \quad |a| < 1$$





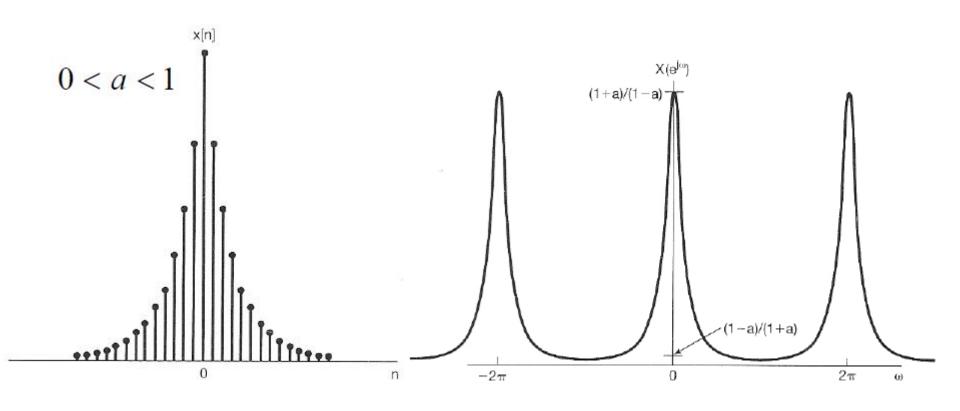
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## **END**