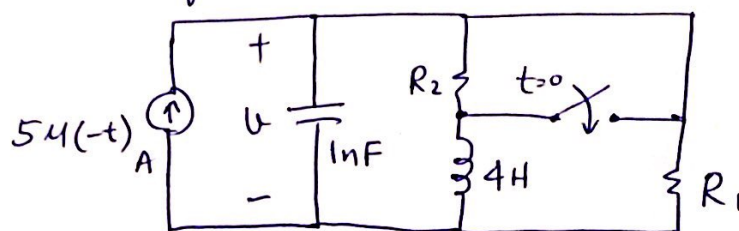


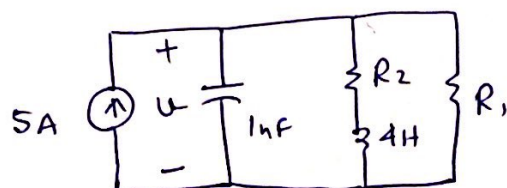
(Optional)
(Basic)
(10)

Example 9.5 Critically Damped Response (PP 335 7th Ed HKD) (PP 337 8th Ed)

Select a value of R_1 such that the following circuit will be characterized by a critically damped response for $t > 0$ and a value of R_2 such that $v(0) = 2V$.



Solution: At $t < 0$



$$v(0^-) = 5(R_2 // R_1) = 5R_2$$

{ unless R_1 is very large }

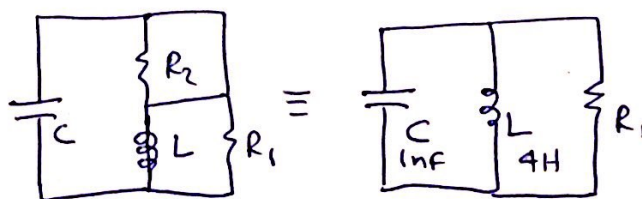
Note:

Or we can calculate R_1 first and put in the value

To get $v(0) = 2V$

we choose $R_2 = 400 m\Omega$

Now at $t > 0$



$$\text{Hence } \alpha = \frac{1}{2RC} = \frac{1}{2 \times 10^{-9}} R_1$$

$$\text{and } \omega_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{4 \times 10^{-9}}} = 15,810 \text{ rad/s}$$

Contd

(Optional)
(Basic)
(AVA)

— contd (335)

For critically damped response $\alpha = \omega_0$

$$\text{So } \frac{1}{2 \times 10^{-9} R_1} = 15.81 \times 10^3$$

$$R_1 = 31.63 \text{ k}\Omega$$

ms