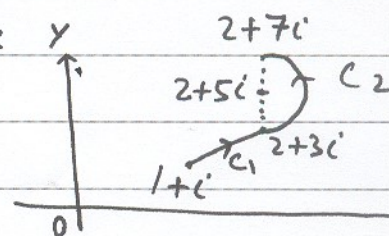


### NUST School of Electrical Engineering & Computer Science Complex Variables & Transforms - MATH 232 - Problem Sheet No. 3

Q-1. Evaluate  $\int_C (2z+1)dz$ ,  $C$  is  $C_1$  followed by  $C_2$  as:

$C_1$ : Line segment between  $1+i$  &  $2+3i$

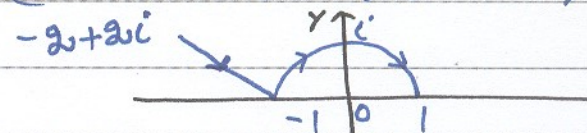
$C_2$ : Semicircle centered at  $2+5i$



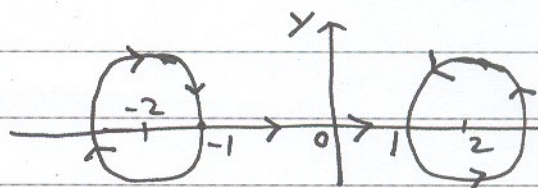
i) by Parametrization ii) using the fact  $\frac{d}{dz}(z^2+z) = 2z+1$   $(-44+32i)$

Q-2 a) Parametrize the circle  $|z-2i|=4$  traversed once in the clockwise direction starting from the point  $z=4+2i$  ( $C: z(t) = 4e^{-it} + 2i, 0 \leq t < 2\pi$ )

b) Parametrize the Contour indicated in the figure.



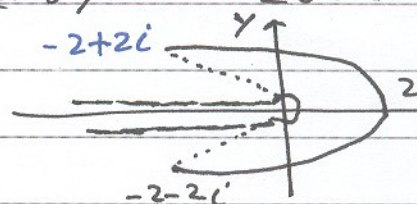
c) Parametrize the barbell-shaped Contour shown in figure. It has initial point -1 & terminal point 1.



Q-3 Discuss the motion of a fluid having complex potential  $\Omega(z) = ik \ln z$ ,  $k > 0$ .

Q-4. Let  $C$  be a parametrized Curve as  $C: z(t) = (2-t^2) + ti, -2 \leq t \leq 2$ .

Evaluate the following integrals:



$$\int_C z^{1/2} dz, \int_C (\log z) dz, \int_C \frac{dz}{1+z^2}$$

$$\int_C z^{1/2} dz = \frac{z^{3/2}}{3/2} \Big|_{-2-2i}^{-2+2i} = -\frac{16}{3} i (2)^{1/4} \sin(\pi/8)$$

$$\int_C \log z dz = (z \log z - z) \Big|_{-2-2i}^{-2+2i} = 2i \log 8 - 6\pi - 4i$$

$$\int_C \frac{dz}{1+z^2} = \frac{1}{2i} \int_C \left[ \frac{1}{z-i} - \frac{1}{z+i} \right] dz = \frac{1}{2i} (\log(z-i) - \log(z+i)) \Big|_{-2-2i}^{-2+2i}$$

$$\int_C \log z dz = \frac{i}{2} \log\left(\frac{13}{5}\right)$$