

## Main Points/Key Points

## Notes

### ES6 Features

#### 1. Undefined vs. ReferenceError.

- a. Any **undeclared variable** will be assigned to ***undefined*** at execution and contains ***undefined*** data type.
- b. ***ReferenceError*** is thrown when you are trying to access **undeclared variable**.
- c. Example:

| Code  |
|---|
| <pre>console.log(typeof myoutput);<br/>console.log(myoutput);</pre>                   |
| JavaScript Engine   |
| <pre>var myoutput;<br/>console.log(typeof myoutput);<br/>console.log(myoutput);</pre> |

- d. Both of *undefined* and *ReferenceError* are having different behavior when it comes to hoisting.

#### 2. Java vs. JavaScript Data Types.

| Java       | JavaScript   |
|------------|--------------|
| 1. Boolean | 1. Boolean   |
| 2. Byte    | 2. Null      |
| 3. Char    | 3. Undefined |
| 4. Short   | 4. Number    |
| 5. Int     | 5. String    |
| 6. Long    | 6. Symbol    |
| 7. Float   | 7. Object    |
| 8. Double  |              |

## Summary

## Main Points/Key Points

## Notes

### ES6 Features

#### 3. Hoisting Variables.

- a. The way variables are *declared* and *initialized* in JavaScript.
- b. Example:

| Code                           |
|--------------------------------|
| <pre>var a = 200;</pre>        |
| JavaScript Engine              |
| <pre>var a;<br/>a = 200;</pre> |

- c. In JavaScript, every variable declared with *var* keyword will be placed on top of the scope.
- d. Example:

| Code  |
|---|
| <pre>console.log(output);<br/>var output = "This is my output";</pre>             |
| JavaScript Engine   |
| <pre>var output;<br/>console.log(output);<br/>output = "This is my output";</pre> |

- e. Variable declarations are processed before code execution. This includes variable initializations.

## Summary

| Main Points/Key Points   | Notes   |      |   |                   |  |
|--|---|------|---|-------------------|--|
|  | <div>ES6 Features</div> <div>4. Global vs. Local vs. Block Scope.<div>a. Any undeclared variable is a global variable and placed inside a global scope.</div><div>b. Example:</div><div><table><tr><th>Code</th></tr><tr><td><pre>function hoist(){   x = 10;   var y = 101; }  hoist(); console.log(x); console.log(y);</pre></td></tr><tr><th>JavaScript Engine</th></tr><tr><td><pre>var x; function hoist(){   x = 10;   var y = 101; }  hoist(); console.log(x); console.log(y);</pre></td></tr></table></div></div> | Code | <pre>function hoist(){   x = 10;   var y = 101; }  hoist(); console.log(x); console.log(y);</pre> | JavaScript Engine | <pre>var x; function hoist(){   x = 10;   var y = 101; }  hoist(); console.log(x); console.log(y);</pre> |
|  | Code  |      |   |                   |  |
| <pre>function hoist(){   x = 10;   var y = 101; }  hoist(); console.log(x); console.log(y);</pre>        |   |      |   |                   |  |
| JavaScript Engine  |   |      |   |                   |  |
| <pre>var x; function hoist(){   x = 10;   var y = 101; }  hoist(); console.log(x); console.log(y);</pre> |   |      |   |                   |  |
| Summary  |   |      |   |                   |  |

| Main Points/Key Points   | Notes  |      |   |                   |  |
|--|--|------|---|-------------------|--|
|  | <div>ES6 Features</div> <div><div>c. Any <i>declared variable</i> within a function is a <i>local variable</i> and placed inside a <b>local scope</b>.</div><div>d. Example:</div><div><table><tr><th>Code</th></tr><tr><td><pre>function output(){   console.log(x);   var x = "This is my output"; }  output();</pre></td></tr><tr><th>JavaScript Engine</th></tr><tr><td><pre>function output(){   var x;   console.log(x);   x = "This is my output"; }  output();</pre></td></tr></table></div></div> | Code | <pre>function output(){   console.log(x);   var x = "This is my output"; }  output();</pre> | JavaScript Engine | <pre>function output(){   var x;   console.log(x);   x = "This is my output"; }  output();</pre> |
|  | Code   |      |   |                   |  |
| <pre>function output(){   console.log(x);   var x = "This is my output"; }  output();</pre>      |  |      |   |                   |  |
| JavaScript Engine  |  |      |   |                   |  |
| <pre>function output(){   var x;   console.log(x);   x = "This is my output"; }  output();</pre> |  |      |   |                   |  |
|  | Summary  |      |   |                   |  |

| Main Points/Key Points   | Notes  |      |   |                   |   |
|--|--|------|---|-------------------|---|
|  | <div>ES6 Features</div> <div><div>e. Any variable with <i>let</i> or <i>const</i> keyword is placed inside a block scope; they can be <b>global</b> or <b>local variable</b>.</div><div><table><tr><th>Code</th></tr><tr><td><pre>console.log(output);<br/>let output = "This is my output";<br/><br/>let x;<br/>console.log(x);<br/>x = "This is my second output";</pre></td></tr><tr><th>JavaScript Engine</th></tr><tr><td><pre>console.log(output);<br/>let output;<br/>output = "This is my output";<br/><br/>let x;<br/>console.log(x);<br/>x = "This is my second output";</pre></td></tr></table></div></div> | Code | <pre>console.log(output);<br/>let output = "This is my output";<br/><br/>let x;<br/>console.log(x);<br/>x = "This is my second output";</pre> | JavaScript Engine | <pre>console.log(output);<br/>let output;<br/>output = "This is my output";<br/><br/>let x;<br/>console.log(x);<br/>x = "This is my second output";</pre> |
|  | Code   |      |   |                   |   |
| <pre>console.log(output);<br/>let output = "This is my output";<br/><br/>let x;<br/>console.log(x);<br/>x = "This is my second output";</pre>  |  |      |   |                   |   |
| JavaScript Engine  |  |      |   |                   |   |
| <pre>console.log(output);<br/>let output;<br/>output = "This is my output";<br/><br/>let x;<br/>console.log(x);<br/>x = "This is my second output";</pre>  |  |      |   |                   |   |
| <div>5. <b>Strict Mode.</b></div> <div><div>a. Any <i>undeclared variable</i> is restricted to avoid <i>undefined</i> and <i>redefined</i> values.</div><div>b. It eliminates explicit <i>JavaScript errors</i> by throwing an error or exception to the developers.</div></div> |  |      |   |                   |   |
|  | Summary  |      |   |                   |   |

| Main Points/Key Points   | Notes  |      |  |                   |  |
|--|--|------|--|-------------------|--|
|  | <div>ES6 Features</div> <div><div>c. It fixes difficult mistakes for JavaScript Engine to perform <i>optimization</i>.</div><div>d. Prevent <i>experimental JavaScript</i> to be included in the current code.</div><div>e. Example:</div></div> <div><table><tr><th>Code</th></tr><tr><td><pre>"use strict";<br/><br/>console.log(output);<br/>output = "This is my output";</pre></td></tr><tr><th>JavaScript Engine</th></tr><tr><td><pre>"use strict";<br/><br/>console.log(output);<br/>output = "This is my output";<br/><br/>// variable output is not hoisted.<br/>// treated as syntax error.</pre></td></tr></table></div> | Code | <pre>"use strict";<br/><br/>console.log(output);<br/>output = "This is my output";</pre> | JavaScript Engine | <pre>"use strict";<br/><br/>console.log(output);<br/>output = "This is my output";<br/><br/>// variable output is not hoisted.<br/>// treated as syntax error.</pre> |
| Code   |  |      |  |                   |  |
| <pre>"use strict";<br/><br/>console.log(output);<br/>output = "This is my output";</pre>   |  |      |  |                   |  |
| JavaScript Engine  |  |      |  |                   |  |
| <pre>"use strict";<br/><br/>console.log(output);<br/>output = "This is my output";<br/><br/>// variable output is not hoisted.<br/>// treated as syntax error.</pre> |  |      |  |                   |  |
|  | <div>Summary</div>   |      |  |                   |  |

| Main Points/Key Points   | Notes   |      |
|--|---|------|
|  | <div>ES6 Features</div> <div>6. var vs. let vs. const.<div>a. Any <i>declared variable</i> with <b>var</b> keyword is hoisted and it can be <b>re-declared</b> and <b>updated</b>. This creates a logic error if it is not properly observed.</div><div>b. Example:</div><div><table><tr><th>Code</th></tr><tr><td><pre>var salam = "Salam"; var times = 4;  if (times &gt; 3) {   var salam = "say Hello instead"; }  console.log(salam); // "say Hello instead" // salam is re-declared and updated</pre></td></tr></table></div><div>c. A variable declared with <b>let</b> keyword is placed in a block scope and <b>NOT initialized</b> (<i>ReferenceError</i>).</div></div> | Code |
| Code   |   |      |
| <pre>var salam = "Salam"; var times = 4;  if (times &gt; 3) {   var salam = "say Hello instead"; }  console.log(salam); // "say Hello instead" // salam is re-declared and updated</pre> |   |      |
|  | Summary   |      |

| Main Points/Key Points   | <div>Notes</div> <div>ES6 Features</div> <div><div>d. A variable declared with <i>let</i> keyword can be <i>updated</i> but <i>NOT re-declared</i>.</div><div>e. Example:</div><div><table><tr><th>Code</th></tr><tr><td><pre>let salam = "say Salam";<br/>salam = "say Hello instead";<br/>// Updated to 'say Hello instead'</pre></td></tr><tr><td><pre>let salam = "say Salam";<br/>let salam = "say Hello instead";<br/>//error: Identifier 'salam' has<br/>already been declared</pre></td></tr><tr><td><pre>let salam = "say Salam";<br/>if (true) {<br/>  let salam = "say Hello instead";<br/>  console.log(salam);<br/>  //"say Hello instead"<br/>}<br/>console.log(salam);</pre></td></tr><tr><td><pre>console.log(output);<br/>let output = "This is my output";<br/>let x;<br/>console.log(x);<br/>x = "This is my second output";</pre></td></tr></table></div></div> | Code | <pre>let salam = "say Salam";<br/>salam = "say Hello instead";<br/>// Updated to 'say Hello instead'</pre> | <pre>let salam = "say Salam";<br/>let salam = "say Hello instead";<br/>//error: Identifier 'salam' has<br/>already been declared</pre> | <pre>let salam = "say Salam";<br/>if (true) {<br/>  let salam = "say Hello instead";<br/>  console.log(salam);<br/>  //"say Hello instead"<br/>}<br/>console.log(salam);</pre> | <pre>console.log(output);<br/>let output = "This is my output";<br/>let x;<br/>console.log(x);<br/>x = "This is my second output";</pre> |
|--|---|------|--|--|--|--|
| Code   |   |      |  |  |  |  |
| <pre>let salam = "say Salam";<br/>salam = "say Hello instead";<br/>// Updated to 'say Hello instead'</pre>   |   |      |  |  |  |  |
| <pre>let salam = "say Salam";<br/>let salam = "say Hello instead";<br/>//error: Identifier 'salam' has<br/>already been declared</pre>   |   |      |  |  |  |  |
| <pre>let salam = "say Salam";<br/>if (true) {<br/>  let salam = "say Hello instead";<br/>  console.log(salam);<br/>  //"say Hello instead"<br/>}<br/>console.log(salam);</pre> |   |      |  |  |  |  |
| <pre>console.log(output);<br/>let output = "This is my output";<br/>let x;<br/>console.log(x);<br/>x = "This is my second output";</pre>                                       |   |      |  |  |  |  |
|  | <div>Summary</div>  |      |  |  |  |  |



| Main Points/Key Points   | Notes  |      |  |  |   |
|--|--|------|--|--|---|
|  | <div>ES6 Features</div> <div><div>f. A variable declared with <b>const</b> keyword is placed in a block scope and <b><i>CANNOT be changed</i></b> (immutable).</div><div>g. It is hoisted but <b><i>NEED to be initialized</i></b> with a value. (<i>ReferenceError</i>).</div><div>h. A variable declared with <b>const</b> keyword <b><i>CANNOT be updated or re-declared.</i></b></div><div>i. Example:</div></div> <div><table><tr><th>Code</th></tr><tr><td><pre>const salam = "say Salam";<br/>salam = "say Hello instead";<br/>//error: Assignment to constant variable.</pre></td></tr><tr><td><pre>const salam = "say Salam";<br/>const salam = "say Hello instead";<br/>//error: Identifier 'salam' has already been declared</pre></td></tr><tr><td><pre>const cgpa = 3.5;<br/>cgpa = 3.5 * 2;<br/>console.log(cgpa);<br/><br/>const pi;<br/>console.log(pi);<br/>pi = 3.142;</pre></td></tr></table></div> | Code | <pre>const salam = "say Salam";<br/>salam = "say Hello instead";<br/>//error: Assignment to constant variable.</pre> | <pre>const salam = "say Salam";<br/>const salam = "say Hello instead";<br/>//error: Identifier 'salam' has already been declared</pre> | <pre>const cgpa = 3.5;<br/>cgpa = 3.5 * 2;<br/>console.log(cgpa);<br/><br/>const pi;<br/>console.log(pi);<br/>pi = 3.142;</pre> |
| Code   |  |      |  |  |   |
| <pre>const salam = "say Salam";<br/>salam = "say Hello instead";<br/>//error: Assignment to constant variable.</pre>                   |  |      |  |  |   |
| <pre>const salam = "say Salam";<br/>const salam = "say Hello instead";<br/>//error: Identifier 'salam' has already been declared</pre> |  |      |  |  |   |
| <pre>const cgpa = 3.5;<br/>cgpa = 3.5 * 2;<br/>console.log(cgpa);<br/><br/>const pi;<br/>console.log(pi);<br/>pi = 3.142;</pre>        |  |      |  |  |   |
|  | <div>Summary</div>   |      |  |  |   |

## Main Points/Key Points

## Notes

## ES6 Features

- j. However, any object or array declared with **const** keyword, the property or element can be **ADDED**.
- k. The existing property or element **CANNOT** be updated.
- l. Example:

## Code

```
const car = {  
  manufacturer: 'Honda',  
  year: '2000',  
  mileage: '15000'  
}  
  
car.owner = 'Ali';  
console.log(car);  
  
const colors = ['blue', 'red', 'green'];  
  
colors.push('yellow');  
console.log(colors);
```

- m. Overall summary for var, let and const keywords.

|                | var                | let   | const                      |
|----------------|--------------------|-------|----------------------------|
| Scope          | Global/<br>Local   | Block | Block                      |
| Declare        | Yes                | Yes   | Yes with<br>Initialization |
| Initialization | Yes<br>(Undefined) | No    | No                         |
| Update         | Yes                | Yes   | No                         |
| Re-Declare     | Yes                | No    | No                         |

## Summary

## Main Points/Key Points

## Notes

### ES6 Features

#### 7. Hoisting Functions and Classes.

- a. A function can be declared in two ways:
  - i. Declarations - `function () {...}`
  - ii. Expressions - `var x = function(){...};`
- b. Function declarations are hoisted to the top of the scope. However, function expressions are **NOT** hoisted.
- c. Example:

##### Function Declarations

```
hoisted();
function hoisted(){
  console.log("My Output!");
}
// Display "My Output!"
```

##### Function Expressions

```
hoisted();
var hoisted = function(){
  console.log("My Output!");
};

//TypeError: expression is not a
function
```

##### Declaration + Expressions

```
expression();
var expression = function hoisted(){
  console.log("My Output!");
};

//TypeError: expression is not a
function
```

## Summary

| Main Points/Key Points  | Notes   |                    |  |                   |   |  |         |
|---|---|--------------------|--|-------------------|---|--|---------|
|   | <div>ES6 Features</div> <div><div>d. A class can be declared in two ways:<div><div>i. Declarations – <code>class car () {...}</code></div><div>ii. Expressions – <code>var car = class () {...};</code></div></div></div><div>e. Class declarations are hoisted but remain uninitialized until evaluation. However, class expressions are <b>NOT</b> hoisted.</div><div>f. A class has to be declared before you can use it.</div><div>g. Example:</div><div><table><tr><th>Class Declarations</th></tr><tr><td><pre>var square = new Polygon(); square.height = 10; square.width = 10; console.log(square); // TypeError: Polygon is not a constructor  class Polygon {   constructor(height, width){     this.height = height;     this.width = width;   } }</pre></td></tr><tr><th>Class Expressions</th></tr><tr><td><pre>var square = new Polygon(); square.height = 10; square.width = 10; console.log(square); // TypeError: Polygon is not a constructor  var Polygon = class Polygon {   constructor(height, width){     this.height = height;     this.width = width;   } };</pre></td></tr></table></div></div> <tr><td></td><td>Summary</td></tr> | Class Declarations | <pre>var square = new Polygon(); square.height = 10; square.width = 10; console.log(square); // TypeError: Polygon is not a constructor  class Polygon {   constructor(height, width){     this.height = height;     this.width = width;   } }</pre> | Class Expressions | <pre>var square = new Polygon(); square.height = 10; square.width = 10; console.log(square); // TypeError: Polygon is not a constructor  var Polygon = class Polygon {   constructor(height, width){     this.height = height;     this.width = width;   } };</pre> |  | Summary |
| Class Declarations  |   |                    |  |                   |   |  |         |
| <pre>var square = new Polygon(); square.height = 10; square.width = 10; console.log(square); // TypeError: Polygon is not a constructor  class Polygon {   constructor(height, width){     this.height = height;     this.width = width;   } }</pre>                |   |                    |  |                   |   |  |         |
| Class Expressions   |   |                    |  |                   |   |  |         |
| <pre>var square = new Polygon(); square.height = 10; square.width = 10; console.log(square); // TypeError: Polygon is not a constructor  var Polygon = class Polygon {   constructor(height, width){     this.height = height;     this.width = width;   } };</pre> |   |                    |  |                   |   |  |         |
|   | Summary   |                    |  |                   |   |  |         |

| Main Points/Key Points | Notes  |
|------------------------|--|
|                        | <p style="text-align: center;"><b>ES6 Features</b></p> <p><b>8. References:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Mabishi, E. (2017). <i>Understanding Hoisting in JavaScript</i>. Retrieved from <a href="https://scotch.io/tutorials/understanding-hoisting-in-javascript">https://scotch.io/tutorials/understanding-hoisting-in-javascript</a></li> <li>b. Chima, S. (2017). Var, let, const – what’s the difference. Retrieved from <a href="https://dev.to/sarah_chima/var-let-and-const--whats-the-difference-69e">https://dev.to/sarah_chima/var-let-and-const--whats-the-difference-69e</a></li> <li>c. ES6 Tutorial (2018). Retrieved from <a href="https://www.tutorialspoint.com/es6/index.htm">https://www.tutorialspoint.com/es6/index.htm</a></li> </ul> |
|                        | <p style="text-align: center;">Summary</p>   |