```
Generate a correct version for the following erroneous program.
          #include<Stdio.H>
          Int main(){
                      Int a, b;
                      Float div;
                      Scanf("%f%f", &a, &b);
                      Div=a/b;
                      Printf("%f", Div);
                      Return 0;
                    }
2
     Mention the data type of each of the data given below
            -1, 1.0, '1', "1", 1
3
     Find the values of the following variables
     int a = 17\%5;
     int b=17.0/5;
     float c=17/5;
     float d=17.0/5;
     int e=3*4+12/4-3;
4
     Find output when input values of b are 4, 5, 10 and 12, respectively
     scanf("%d", &b);
     printf("Begin\n");
     if (b > = 5)
        printf("UIU\n");
     else if(b \le 5)
        printf("CSE\n");
     else if ((b>=2)||(b<10))
        printf("COMPUTER\n");
     else if ((b>2)&&(b<=10))
        printf("NICE\n");
     else
        printf("Bye\n");
     printf("End");
     Write the following program using the if...else statement instead of switch...case
     #include<stdio.h>
     int main(){
                int choice;
                scanf("%d", &choice);
                switch(choice){
                      case 1:
                             printf("CSE\n");
                      case 2:
                             printf("UIU\n");
                             break;
                      case 3:
                             printf("BYE");
                             break;
                      default:
                             printf("EXIT");
                }
                return 0;
6
     Show manual tracing for the following code segment
     sum=0;
     sign=1;
     for(i=2; i<=6; i=i+2){
        sum=sum+sign*i;
        printf("%d %d\n", i, sum);
```

```
sign=-sign;
}
printf("%d", sum);
```

Write a program to calculate the sum of n positive floating point numbers (skip negative numbers) taken from keyboard.

For example, n=3 (taken from keyboard)

Input	Sum	Count	
10	10	1	
-20	10	1	
30	10+30=40	2	
-5	40	2	
15	40+15=55	3 (Since Count = n, stop the number input)	

Output: 55

8 Show manual tracing for the following code segment

```
for(i=2; i>=1; i--){
    for (j=1; j<=i; j++){
        printf("%d %d\n", i, j);
    }
    printf("%d %d\n", i, j);
}
printf("%d %d", i, j);</pre>
```

- 9 Write a program to perform the following operations
 - i) Declare an integer array of size 100
 - ii) Read n integer numbers from keyboard and store them in the array, where n is input integer from keyboard
 - iii) Find the minimum value among all the numbers stored in the array.
 - iv) Display the index number(s) containing the minimum.

Sample input and outputs are given below:

Input	Array A	Output Minimum	Output Index Number(s) in Array A
n=3	10 5 20	5	1
n=4	10 4 20 4	4	13
n=5	10 -1 4 -3 -2	-3	3

10 Show the manual tracing for the following code segment

```
int F[6]={0};
int i;
F[0]=1;
F[1]=1;
for(i=2; i<=5; i++){
    F[i]=F[i-1]+F[i-2];
    printf("%d %d %d\n", F[i-2], F[i-1], F[i]);
}
printf("%d %d %d", F[i-2], F[i-1], F[i-1]+F[i-2]);</pre>
```

Write a program to display the even numbers stored in the integer array A[n][n], where n is taken from keyboard. Here, all the integer numbers for array A are read from keyboard. Finally print the summation of all the numbers on monitor.