LangChain Conversational AI Flow - Study Notes

Core Concept: Conversational Memory Through History Replay

The AI doesn't actually "remember" conversations. Instead, it receives the complete conversation history every time, creating the illusion of memory.

Function Components

1. Model Initialization

```
python

Ilm = ChatGroq(model="Ilama-3.3-70b-versatile", groq_api_key=groq_api_key)
```

• Creates connection to the Al model (Groq's Llama in this case)

2. System Prompt Loading

```
python

with open('system_prompt.txt', 'r', encoding='utf-8') as file:

system_prompt = file.read().strip()
```

- Loads AI personality/instructions from external file
- Defines how the AI should behave

3. Prompt Template

python			

```
prompt = ChatPromptTemplate.from_messages([
    ("system", system_prompt), # AI's instructions
    MessagesPlaceholder("messages") # Conversation history slot
])
```

- Creates template structure for messages
- System message always comes first
- Placeholder gets filled with conversation history

4. Pipeline Creation

```
python

chain = prompt | Ilm
```

- Creates data flow: Input → Prompt Template → LLM → Output
- The ① operator chains components together

5. Memory Integration

```
python

with_message_history = RunnableWithMessageHistory(
    chain,
    get_session_history,
    input_messages_key="messages"
)
```

- Wraps the chain with memory capabilities
- (get_session_history): Function that retrieves stored conversations

• Automatically manages conversation storage and retrieval

Message Flow Example

1st Interaction

Sent to LLM:

```
[SystemMessage("You are helpful..."),
HumanMessage("Hi, my name is John")]
```

Response: "Hello John!" Stored: Both user message and AI response

2nd Interaction

Sent to LLM:

```
[SystemMessage("You are helpful..."),

HumanMessage("Hi, my name is John"), # Previous

AlMessage("Hello John!"), # Previous

HumanMessage("I like pizza")] # New
```

Response: "Great! What's your favorite topping?" Stored: All messages including new ones

3rd Interaction

Sent to LLM:

```
[SystemMessage("You are helpful..."),

HumanMessage("Hi, my name is John"), # From 1st

AlMessage("Hello John!"), # From 1st

HumanMessage("I like pizza"), # From 2nd

AlMessage("Great! What's your favorite..."), # From 2nd

HumanMessage("What's my name?")] # New
```

Response: "Your name is John."

Key Insights

Memory Mechanism

- No actual memory: LLM processes fresh each time
- Full context: Complete conversation sent every interaction
- **Session isolation**: Different session_ids = separate conversations

Message Types

- SystemMessage: Al instructions/personality
- **HumanMessage**: User inputs
- AlMessage: Al responses (auto-stored)

Automatic Management

- (RunnableWithMessageHistory) handles all storage/retrieval
- No manual conversation management needed
- History accumulates automatically

Token Usage

- Longer conversations = more tokens per request
- Full history sent each time (not just recent messages)
- Trade-off: Better context vs. higher costs

Session Management

```
python
config = {"configurable": {"session_id": session_id}}
```

- Each session_id creates isolated conversation thread
- Same session_id = continue existing conversation
- New session_id = start fresh conversation

Storage Location

```
python

session_store = {} # Global dictionary in memory
```

- Current implementation: In-memory storage
- Lost when server restarts
- Production: Consider database storage

Implementation Benefits

- 1. Context Awareness: Al remembers earlier conversation parts
- 2. Natural Conversations: Seamless multi-turn interactions

- 3. **Session Management**: Multiple separate conversations
- 4. **Automatic Handling**: No manual message tracking needed