Android RecyclerView List Example

The **RecyclerView** class extends the *ViewGroup* class and implements *ScrollingView* interface. It is introduced in *Marshmallow*. It is an advanced version of the ListView with improved performance and other benefits. RecyclerView is mostly used to design the user interface with the fine-grain control over the lists and grids of android application.

In this tutorial, we will create a list of items with ImageView (for the icon) and TextView (for description) using **RecyclerView** and performs click listener on the item of its list.

Android RecyclerView with List Example

Create an Android project, and add the RecyclerView support library **com.android.support:recyclerview-v7:23.1.0** or above this version in build.gradle file.

In the **activity_main.xml** file in layout directory, add the RecyclerView widget.

activity_main.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<android.support.v7.widget.RecyclerView
xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="match_parent"
android:scrollbars="vertical"
android:id="@+id/recyclerView"
tools:context="example.javatpoint.com.recyclerviewlist.MainActivity">
</android.support.v7.widget.RecyclerView>
```

Create a **dimens.xml** file in values directory, and add the following code.

dimens.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<resources>
<dimen name="activity_horizontal_margin">16dp</dimen>
<dimen name="activity_vertical_margin">16dp</dimen>
<dimen name="ic_clear_margin">56dp</dimen>
</resources>
```

Create a custom layout **list_item.xml** file with following code.

```
list item.xml
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<RelativeLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
android:id="@+id/relativeLayout"
android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout height="?android:attr/listPreferredItemHeightLarge"
android:background="@drawable/border">
<ImageView</pre>
android:id="@+id/imageView"
android:layout width="wrap content"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:layout centerVertical="true"
android:layout_alignParentStart="true"
android:layout alignParentLeft="true"
android:layout marginStart="@dimen/activity horizontal margin"
android:layout_marginEnd="@dimen/activity_horizontal_margin"
android:contentDescription="Icon" />
<TextView
android:id="@+id/textView"
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout height="match parent"
android:layout_toEndOf="@id/imageView"
android:layout_toRightOf="@id/imageView"
android:gravity="center_vertical"
android:textSize="16sp"/>
</RelativeLayout>
```

Create a **border.xml** file in the drawable directory which is used to decorate the border of RecyclerView items.

border.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<shape xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
android:shape="rectangle">
<solid android:color="#FFFFFF" />
<stroke
android:width="1dp"
android:color="#CCCCCC" />
</shape>
```

Create a **MyListData.java** class with the following code. This class is used as (POJO) class which sets the properties of the items.

MyListData.java

```
package example.javatpoint.com.recyclerviewlist;
public class MyListData{
 private String description;
 private int imgId;
 public MyListData(String description, int imgId) {
    this.description = description;
    this.imgId = imgId;
 public String getDescription() {
    return description;
 public void setDescription(String description) {
   this.description = description;
 public int getImgId() {
    return imgId;
 public void setImgId(int imgId) {
    this.imgId = imgId;
}
```

Create a **MyListAdapter.java** class and add the following code. This class extends *RecyclerView.Adapter* class and override its unimplemented methods. The onCreateViewHolder() methods inflates the *list_item.xml*. In the onBindViewHolder() method each data items are set to each row.

MyListAdapter.java

```
package example.javatpoint.com.recyclerviewlist;
import android.support.v7.widget.RecyclerView;
import android.view.LayoutInflater;
import android.view.View;
import android.view.ViewGroup;
import android.widget.ImageView;
import android.widget.RelativeLayout;
```

```
import android.widget.TextView;
import android.widget.Toast;
public class MyListAdapter extends RecyclerView.Adapter<MyListAdapter.ViewHolder>{
 private MyListData[] listdata;
 // RecyclerView recyclerView;
  public MyListAdapter(MyListData[] listdata) {
  this.listdata = listdata;
  }
 @Override
  public ViewHolder onCreateViewHolder(ViewGroup parent, int viewType) {
    LayoutInflater layoutInflater = LayoutInflater.from(parent.getContext());
    View listItem= layoutInflater.inflate(R.layout.list_item, parent, false);
    ViewHolder viewHolder = new ViewHolder(listItem);
    return viewHolder;
  }
  @Override
 public void onBindViewHolder(ViewHolder holder, int position) {
    final MyListData myListData = listdata[position];
    holder.textView.setText(listdata[position].getDescription());
    holder.imageView.setImageResource(listdata[position].getImgId());
    holder.relativeLayout.setOnClickListener(new View.OnClickListener() {
    @Override
    public void onClick(View view) {
    Toast.makeText(view.getContext(),"click on item:
"+myListData.getDescription(),Toast.LENGTH LONG).show();
    });
  }
 @Override
 public int getItemCount() {
    return listdata.length;
  public static class ViewHolder extends RecyclerView.ViewHolder {
 public ImageView imageView;
 public TextView textView;
 public RelativeLayout relativeLayout;
  public ViewHolder(View itemView) {
  super(itemView);
  this.imageView = (ImageView) itemView.findViewById(R.id.imageView);
 this.textView = (TextView) itemView.findViewById(R.id.textView);
  relativeLayout = (RelativeLayout)itemView.findViewById(R.id.relativeLayout);
  }
  }
}
```

Finally, in the **MainActivity.java** class, add the following code. This class creates the array of items for MyListData class and set the adapter class to RecyclerView.

MainActivity.java

```
package example.javatpoint.com.recyclerviewlist;
import android.support.v7.app.AppCompatActivity;
import android.os.Bundle;
import android.support.v7.widget.LinearLayoutManager;
import android.support.v7.widget.RecyclerView;
public class MainActivity extends AppCompatActivity {
 @Override
 protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_main);
    MyListData[] myListData = new MyListData[] {
      new MyListData("Email", android.R.drawable.ic dialog email),
    new MyListData("Info", android.R.drawable.ic_dialog_info),
    new MyListData("Delete", android.R.drawable.ic_delete),
    new MyListData("Dialer", android.R.drawable.ic_dialog_dialer),
    new MyListData("Alert", android.R.drawable.ic_dialog_alert),
    new MyListData("Map", android.R.drawable.ic dialog map),
    new MyListData("Email", android.R.drawable.ic_dialog_email),
    new MyListData("Info", android.R.drawable.ic_dialog_info),
    new MyListData("Delete", android.R.drawable.ic_delete),
    new MyListData("Dialer", android.R.drawable.ic_dialog_dialer),
    new MyListData("Alert", android.R.drawable.ic_dialog_alert),
    new MyListData("Map", android.R.drawable.ic_dialog_map),
    };
    RecyclerView recyclerView = (RecyclerView) findViewById(R.id.recyclerView);
    MyListAdapter adapter = new MyListAdapter(myListData);
    recyclerView.setHasFixedSize(true);
    recyclerView.setLayoutManager(new LinearLayoutManager(this));
    recyclerView.setAdapter(adapter);
 }
}
```

