

=====

How to secure REST APIs using Spring Boot

=====

- > Security is very important for every web application
- > To protect our application & application data we need to implement security logic
- > Spring Security concept we can use to secure our web applications / REST APIs
- > To secure our spring boot application we need to add below starter in pom.xml file

```
<dependency>
  <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
  <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-security</artifactId>
</dependency>
```

Note: When we add this dependency in pom.xml file then by default our application will be secured with basic authentication. It will generate random password to access our application.

Note: Generated Random Password will be printed on console.

- > We need to use below credentials to access our application

Username : user

Password : <copy the pwd from console>

- > When we access our application url in browser then it will display "Login Form" to authenticate our request.

- > To access secured REST API from postman, we need to set Auth values in POSTMAN to send the request

```
Auth : Basic Auth
Username : user
Password : <copy-from-console>
```

=====

How to override Spring Security Default Credentials

=====

- > To override Default credentials we can configure security credentials in application.properties file or application.yml file like below

```
spring.security.user.name=ashokit
spring.security.user.password=ashokit@123
```

- > After configuring credentials like above, we need to give above credentials to access our application / api.

=====

How to secure specific URL Patterns

=====

-> When we add 'security-starter' in pom.xml then it will apply security filter for all the HTTP methods of our application.

-> But in reality we need to secure only few methods not all methods in our application.

For Example

```

/ login-page --> security not required
/ transfer ---> security required
/ balance ---> security required
/about-us ---> security not required

```

-> In order to achieve above requirement we need to Customize Security Configuration in our project like below

```

@Configuration
@EnableWebSecurity
public class SecurityConfigurer {

    @Bean
    public SecurityFilterChain securityFilter(HttpSecurity http) throws Exception{

        http.authorizeHttpRequests((request) -> request
            .antMatchers("/", "/login", "/about", "/swagger-ui.html").permitAll()
            .anyRequest().authenticated()
        ).formLogin();

        return http.build();
    }
}

```

```

=====
Spring Boot Security with JDBC Authentication
=====

```

Step-1) Setup Database tables with required data

-- users table structure

```

CREATE TABLE `users` (
  `username` VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
  `password` VARCHAR(120) NOT NULL,
  `enabled` TINYINT(1) NOT NULL,
  PRIMARY KEY (`username`)
);

```

-- authorities table structure

```

CREATE TABLE `authorities` (
  `username` VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
  `authority` VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
  KEY `username` (`username`),
  CONSTRAINT `authorities_ibfk_1` FOREIGN KEY (`username`)
  REFERENCES `users` (`username`)
);

```

===== Online Encrypt : <https://bcrypt-generator.com/> =====

-- insert records into table

```
insert into users values ('admin', '$2a$12$e9oIZjBeSJDryJ/P5p1Ep.WPzJ3f4.C2vHC/as1E22R25XXGpPYyG',
1);
insert into users values ('user', '$2a$12$JQiGAJhdSOoTXAzIpbDxpemXcYHCmxYOnodLNBeNORH8J4FLxHGvK',
1);

insert into authorities values ('admin', 'ROLE_ADMIN');
insert into authorities values ('admin', 'ROLE_USER');
insert into authorities values ('user', 'ROLE_USER');
```

Step-2) Create Boot application with below dependencies

- a) web-starter
- b) security-starter
- c) data-jdbc
- d) mysql-connector
- e) lombok
- f) devtools

Step-3) Configure Data source properties in application.yml file

```
spring:
  datasource:
    driver-class-name: com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver
    password: AshokIT@123
    url: jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/sbms27
    username: ashokit
  jpa:
    show-sql: true
```

Step-4) Create Rest Controller with Required methods

```
@RestController
public class UserRestController {

    @GetMapping(value = "/admin")
    public String admin() {
        return "<h3>Welcome Admin :)</h3>";
    }

    @GetMapping(value = "/user")
    public String user() {
        return "<h3>Hello User :)</h3>";
    }

    @GetMapping(value = "/")
    public String welcome() {
        return "<h3>Welcome :)</h3>";
    }

}
```

Step-5) Create Security Configuration class like below with Jdbc Authentication Manager

```

package in.ashokit;

import javax.sql.DataSource;

import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Bean;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Configuration;
import org.springframework.security.config.annotation.authentication.builders.AuthenticationManagerBuilder;
import org.springframework.security.config.annotation.web.builders.HttpSecurity;
import org.springframework.security.config.annotation.web.configuration.EnableWebSecurity;
import org.springframework.security.crypto.bcrypt.BCryptPasswordEncoder;
import org.springframework.security.web.SecurityFilterChain;

@Configuration
@EnableWebSecurity
public class SecurityConfiguration {

    private static final String ADMIN = "ADMIN";
    private static final String USER = "USER";

    @Autowired
    private DataSource dataSource;

    @Autowired
    public void authManager(AuthenticationManagerBuilder auth) throws Exception {
        auth.jdbcAuthentication()
            .dataSource(dataSource)
            .passwordEncoder(new BCryptPasswordEncoder())
            .usersByUsernameQuery("select username,password,enabled from users where username=?")
            .authoritiesByUsernameQuery("select username,authority from authorities where
username=?");
    }

    @Bean
    public SecurityFilterChain securityConfig(HttpSecurity http) throws Exception {

        http.authorizeHttpRequests( (req) -> req
            .antMatchers("/admin").hasRole(ADMIN)
            .antMatchers("/user").hasAnyRole(ADMIN,USER)
            .antMatchers("/").permitAll()
            .anyRequest().authenticated()
        ).formLogin();

        return http.build();
    }
}

```

```

=====
OAuth 2.0
=====

```

1) Create Spring Boot application with below dependencies

```

<dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
    <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-oauth2-client</artifactId>
</dependency>
<dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>

```

```

        <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-security</artifactId>
    </dependency>
    <dependency>
        <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
        <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-web</artifactId>
    </dependency>

```

2) Create OAuth app in Github.com

(Login --> Settings --> Developer Settings --> OAuth Apps --> Create App --> Copy Client ID & Client Secret)

3) Configure GitHub OAuth App client id & client secret in application.yml file like below

```

spring:
  security:
    oauth2:
      client:
        registration:
          github:
            clientId:
            clientSecret:

```

4) Create Rest Controller with method

```

@RestController
public class WelcomeRestController {

    @GetMapping("/")
    public String welcome() {
        return "Welcome to Ashok IT";
    }
}

```

5) Run the application and test it.

```

=====
Spring Boot with JWT
=====

```

-> JWT stands for JSON Web Tokens

-> JSON Web Tokens are an open, industry standard RFC 7519 method for representing claims securely between two parties.

-> JWT official Website : <https://jwt.io/>

-> Below is the sample JWT Token

```

token=eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9.eyJzdWIiOiIxMjM0NTY3ODkwIiwibmFtZSI6IkpvaG4gRG9lIiwiaWF0IjoxNTE2MjM5MDYyfQ.SflKxwRJSMeKKF2QT4fwpMeJf36POk6yJV_adQssw5c

```

-> JWT contains below 3 parts

- 1) Header
- 2) Payload
- 3) Signature

Note: JWT 3 parts will be separated by using dot(.)

=====

1) Create Spring Boot appliation with below dependencies

=====

```
<dependencies>
  <dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
    <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-security</artifactId>
  </dependency>
  <dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
    <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-web</artifactId>
  </dependency>

  <dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
    <artifactId>spring-boot-devtools</artifactId>
    <scope>runtime</scope>
    <optional>true</optional>
  </dependency>
  <dependency>
    <groupId>org.projectlombok</groupId>
    <artifactId>lombok</artifactId>
    <optional>true</optional>
  </dependency>
  <dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
    <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-tomcat</artifactId>
    <scope>provided</scope>
  </dependency>

  <dependency>
    <groupId>io.jsonwebtoken</groupId>
    <artifactId>jjwt</artifactId>
    <version>0.9.1</version>
  </dependency>
  <dependency>
    <groupId>javax.xml.bind</groupId>
    <artifactId>jaxb-api</artifactId>
  </dependency>

  <dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework.boot</groupId>
    <artifactId>spring-boot-starter-test</artifactId>
    <scope>test</scope>
    <exclusions>
      <exclusion>
        <groupId>org.junit.vintage</groupId>
        <artifactId>junit-vintage-engine</artifactId>
      </exclusion>
    </exclusions>
  </dependency>
  <dependency>
    <groupId>org.springframework.security</groupId>
    <artifactId>spring-security-test</artifactId>
    <scope>test</scope>
  </dependency>
</dependencies>
```

=====

2) Create Request and Response Binding Classes

=====

@Data

```

public class AuthenticationRequest implements Serializable {

    private String username;
    private String password;
}

public class AuthenticationResponse implements Serializable {

    private final String jwt;

    public AuthenticationResponse(String jwt) {
        this.jwt = jwt;
    }

    public String getJwt() {
        return jwt;
    }
}

```

=====

3) Create UserDetailsService for credentials configuration

=====

```

package com.ashokit.security;

import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.User;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetails;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetailsService;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UsernameNotFoundException;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;

import java.util.ArrayList;

@Service
public class MyUserDetailsService implements UserDetailsService {

    @Override
    public UserDetails loadUserByUsername(String s) throws UsernameNotFoundException {
        return new User("admin",
"$2a$12$e9oIZjBeSJDryJ/P5p1Ep.WPzJ3f4.C2vHC/as1E22R25XXGpPYyG", new ArrayList<>());
    }
}

```

=====

4) Create JwtUtils class

=====

```

@Service
public class JwtUtil {

    private String SECRET_KEY = "secret";

    public String extractUsername(String token) {
        return extractClaim(token, Claims::getSubject);
    }

    public Date extractExpiration(String token) {
        return extractClaim(token, Claims::getExpiration);
    }

    public <T> T extractClaim(String token, Function<Claims, T> claimsResolver) {
        final Claims claims = extractAllClaims(token);
        return claimsResolver.apply(claims);
    }

    private Claims extractAllClaims(String token) {
        return Jwts.parser().setSigningKey(SECRET_KEY).parseClaimsJws(token).getBody();
    }
}

```

```

    }

    private Boolean isTokenExpired(String token) {
        return extractExpiration(token).before(new Date());
    }

    public String generateToken(UserDetails userDetails) {
        Map<String, Object> claims = new HashMap<>();
        return createToken(claims, userDetails.getUsername());
    }

    private String createToken(Map<String, Object> claims, String subject) {

        return Jwts.builder()
            .setClaims(claims)
            .setSubject(subject)
            .setIssuedAt(new Date(System.currentTimeMillis()))
            .setExpiration(new Date(System.currentTimeMillis() + 1000 * 60 * 60 * 10))
            .signWith(SignatureAlgorithm.HS256, SECRET_KEY)
            .compact();
    }

    public Boolean validateToken(String token, UserDetails userDetails) {
        final String username = extractUsername(token);
        return (username.equals(userDetails.getUsername()) && !isTokenExpired(token));
    }
}

```

```

=====
5) Create Filter class
=====

```

```

@Component
public class JwtRequestFilter extends OncePerRequestFilter {

    @Autowired
    private MyUserDetailsService userDetailsService;

    @Autowired
    private JwtUtil jwtUtil;

    @Override
    protected void doFilterInternal(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response,
    FilterChain chain)
        throws ServletException, IOException {

        final String authorizationHeader = request.getHeader("Authorization");

        String username = null;
        String jwt = null;

        if (authorizationHeader != null && authorizationHeader.startsWith("Bearer ")) {
            jwt = authorizationHeader.substring(7);
            username = jwtUtil.extractUsername(jwt);
        }

        if (username != null && SecurityContextHolder.getContext().getAuthentication() == null) {

            UserDetails userDetails = this.userDetailsService.loadUserByUsername(username);

            if (jwtUtil.validateToken(jwt, userDetails)) {

```



```

        UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken usernamePasswordAuthenticationToken = new
UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken(
            userDetails, null, userDetails.getAuthorities());
        usernamePasswordAuthenticationToken
            .setDetails(new WebAuthenticationDetailsSource().buildDetails(request));

SecurityContextHolder.getContext().setAuthentication(usernamePasswordAuthenticationToken);
    }
}
chain.doFilter(request, response);
}
}
}

```

```

=====
6) Create WebSecurity Config class
=====

```

```

package com.ashokit.security;

import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Bean;
import org.springframework.security.authentication.AuthenticationManager;
import
org.springframework.security.config.annotation.authentication.builders.AuthenticationManagerBuilder;
import org.springframework.security.config.annotation.web.builders.HttpSecurity;
import org.springframework.security.config.annotation.web.configuration.EnableWebSecurity;
import org.springframework.security.config.annotation.web.configuration.WebSecurityConfigurerAdapter;
import org.springframework.security.config.http.SessionCreationPolicy;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetailsService;
import org.springframework.security.crypto.bcrypt.BCryptPasswordEncoder;
import org.springframework.security.crypto.password.PasswordEncoder;
import org.springframework.security.web.authentication.UsernamePasswordAuthenticationFilter;

import com.ashokit.filters.JwtRequestFilter;

@Configuration
@EnableWebSecurity
public class WebSecurityConfig extends WebSecurityConfigurerAdapter {

    @Autowired
    private UserDetailsService myUserDetailsService;

    @Autowired
    private JwtRequestFilter jwtRequestFilter;

    @Autowired
    public void configureGlobal(AuthenticationManagerBuilder auth) throws Exception {
        auth.userDetailsService(myUserDetailsService);
    }

    @Bean
    public PasswordEncoder passwordEncoder() {
        return new BCryptPasswordEncoder();
    }

    @Override
    @Bean
    public AuthenticationManager authenticationManagerBean() throws Exception {
        return super.authenticationManagerBean();
    }

    @Override
    protected void configure(HttpSecurity httpSecurity) throws Exception {
        httpSecurity.csrf()

```

```

        .disable()
        .authorizeRequests()
        .antMatchers("/authenticate")
        .permitAll()
        .anyRequest()
        .authenticated()
        .and()
        .exceptionHandling()
        .and()
        .sessionManagement()
        .sessionCreationPolicy(SessionCreationPolicy.STATELESS);

        httpSecurity.addFilterBefore(jwtRequestFilter,
UsernamePasswordAuthenticationFilter.class);
    }
}

```

```

=====
7) create Rest Controller class
=====

```

```

package com.ashokit.rest;

import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.http.ResponseEntity;
import org.springframework.security.authentication.AuthenticationManager;
import org.springframework.security.authentication.BadCredentialsException;
import org.springframework.security.authentication.UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken;
import org.springframework.security.core.userdetails.UserDetails;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestBody;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMapping;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RequestMethod;
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.RestController;

import com.ashokit.models.AuthenticationRequest;
import com.ashokit.models.AuthenticationResponse;
import com.ashokit.security.MyUserDetailsService;
import com.ashokit.util.JwtUtil;

@RestController
public class HelloRestController {

    @Autowired
    private AuthenticationManager authenticationManager;

    @Autowired
    private JwtUtil jwtTokenUtil;

    @Autowired
    private MyUserDetailsService userDetailsService;

    @RequestMapping({ "/hello" })
    public String firstPage() {
        return "Hello World";
    }

    @RequestMapping(value = "/authenticate", method = RequestMethod.POST)
    public ResponseEntity<?> createAuthenticationToken(@RequestBody AuthenticationRequest
authenticationRequest)
        throws Exception {

        try {
            authenticationManager.authenticate(new UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken(
                authenticationRequest.getUsername(),
                authenticationRequest.getPassword()));

```

```
        } catch (BadCredentialsException e) {
            throw new Exception("Incorrect username or password", e);
        }

        final UserDetails userDetails =
userDetailsService.loadUserByUsername(authenticationRequest.getUsername());

        final String jwt = jwtTokenUtil.generateToken(userDetails);

        return ResponseEntity.ok(new AuthenticationResponse(jwt));
    }
}
```

```
=====
8) Run the application and Test it
=====
```