## **Coursera Capstone**

IBM Applied Data Science Capstone

Restaurant Location Recommendation Using Neighborhood Clustering – New Delhi

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## **Introduction**

Delhi officially known as the National Capital Territory of Delhi (NCT), is a city and a union territory of India containing New Delhi, the capital of India. It is bordered by the state of Haryana on three sides and by Uttar Pradesh to the east. The NCT covers an area of 1,484 square kilometers (573 sq mi). According to the 2011 census, Delhi's city proper population was over 11 million, the second-highest in India after Mumbai, while the whole NCT's population was about 16.8 million. Delhi's urban area is now considered to extend beyond the NCT boundaries, and include the neighboring satellite cities of Ghaziabad, Faridabad, Gurgaon and Noida in an area called the National Capital Region (NCR) and had an estimated 2016 population of over 26 million people, making it the world's second-largest urban area according to the United Nations. Recent estimates of the metro economy of its urban area have ranked Delhi either the most or second-most productive metro area of India. Delhi is the second-wealthiest city in India after Mumbai and is home to 18 billionaires and 23,000 millionaires. Delhi ranks fifth among the Indian states and union territories in human development index. Delhi has the second-highest GDP per capita in India. Delhi is of great historical significance as an important commercial, transport, and cultural hub, as well as the political center of India.

## **Business Problem**

In this project will try to find an optimal location for a restaurant. Specifically, this report will be targeted to stakeholders interested in opening an Indian Cuisine restaurant in Delhi, India. Finding a suitable location for restaurants in major cities like Delhi proves to be a daunting task. Various factors such as over-saturation or no demand ,for the type of restaurant that the customer wants to open, effect the success or failure of the restaurant. Hence, customers can bolster their decisions using the descriptive and predictive capabilities of data science.

We need to find locations (Neighborhood) that have a potentially unfulfilled demand for Indian Restaurant. Also, we need locations that have low competition and are not already crowded. We would also prefer location as close to popular city Neighborhood, assuming the first two conditions are met.

We will use our data science powers to generate a few most promising neighborhoods based on these criteria. Advantages of each area will then be clearly Expressed so that best possible final location can be chosen by stakeholders.

## **Data**

To solve the problem, we will need the following data:

- Delhi data containing the neighborhoods and boroughs.
- Latitude and longitude coordinates of those neighborhoods. This is required to plot the map and get the venue data.
- Venue data, particularly data related to restaurants. We are going to use this data to perform further analysis of the neighborhoods. Data Source and methods to extract them Delhi data containing the neighborhoods and boroughs will be obtained from the open data source:

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Neighbourhoods of Delhi. After it, we will get the geographical coordinates of the neighborhoods (latitude and longitude) using Python Geocoder package. Finally, we will use Foursquare API to get the venue data for the neighborhoods defined at the previous step. Foursquare has one of the largest databases of 105+ million places and over 125,000 developers use this application. Foursquare API provides many categories of the venue data; we are particularly interested in the restaurant data to solve the business problem defined above. This project will require using of many data science skills, from web scrapping (open source dataset), working with API (Foursquare), data cleaning, data wrangling, to map visualization (Folium). In the next Methodology section, we will discuss and describe any exploratory data analysis that we did, any inferential statistical testing that we performed, and what machine learning techniques were used.