```
19-may-2022
                   STREAM API-JAVA8
_____
package Java8Features;
import java.util.ArrayList;
class Product
    int id;
    String name;
    double price;
    public Product(int id, String name, double price) {
        super();
        this.id = id;
        this.name = name;
        this.price = price;
public class StreamTestProduct {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
    ArrayList<Product> al=new ArrayList<Product>();
    al.add(new Product(1,"Dell Laptop",45000.2));
    al.add(new Product(2,"HP Laptop",55000.2));
    al.add(new Product(3,"LENOVA Laptop",25000.2));
    al.add(new Product(4,"APPLE Laptop",90000.2));
    al.stream()
    .filter(p->p.id>=2)
    .forEach(p->System.out.println(p.name));
OUTPUT:
HP Laptop
LENOVA Laptop
APPLE Laptop
2. THE TASK IS TO COLLECT THE NEGATIVE EVEN NUMBERS FROM THE
GIVEN ARRAYLIST AND STORE THE VALUES INTO NEW ARRAY; LIST
BY USING FILTER AND COLLECTOR METHOD.
package Java8Features;
import java.util.Arrays;
```

```
import java.util.List;
  import java.util.stream.Collectors;
  public class StreamTest1 {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
           List<Integer> al=Arrays.asList(1,-2,3,4,-6,-5,-4);
           List<Integer>nl=al.stream()
           .filter(p \rightarrow ((p < 0) \& (p % 2 == 0)))
           .collect(Collectors.toList());
            System.out.println(nl);
       }
  OUTPUT:
64 [-2, -6, -4]
  3.GET AN EMPLOYEE DEATAILS AND SET THE LOCATION AS PUNE
  AND PRINT THE RESPECTIVE EMPLOYEE DETAILS
   package Java8Features;
  import java.util.ArrayList;
  import java.util.List;
import java.util.stream.Collector;
  import java.util.stream.Collectors;
  class EmployeeTest
        int empNo;
        String name;
        int age;
        String location;
       public EmployeeTest(int empNo, String name, int age, String location) {
           super();
           this.empNo = empNo;
           this.name = name;
           this.age = age;
           this.location = location;
       @Override
       public String toString() {
           return "EmployeeTest [empNo=" + empNo + ", name=" + name + ", age=" + age + ", location=" + location
                   +"]";
```

```
public class StreamEmployeeTest {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        ArrayList<EmployeeTest> al=new ArrayList<EmployeeTest>();
        al.add(new EmployeeTest(1, "Abimanu", 21, "mumbai"));
        al.add(new EmployeeTest(2, "Beema", 23, "mangalore"));
        al.add(new EmployeeTest(3,"mukesh",22,"chennai"));
        al.add(new EmployeeTest(4,"sakthi",24,"pune"));
        al.add(new EmployeeTest(5,"buvi",25,"pune"));
       ArrayList ls=(ArrayList)al.stream()
        .filter(e->e.location=="pune")
        .collect(Collectors.toList());
        ls.forEach(System.out::println);
OUTPUT:
EmployeeTest [empNo=4, name=sakthi, age=24, location=pune]
EmployeeTest [empNo=5, name=buvi, age=25, location=pune]
3.FILTER THE PASS MARK STUDENT WHOSE MARKS IS 50 AND ABOVE
SOLVE THIS PROBLEM BY USING COUNT AND FILTER METHOD.
package Java8Features;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.stream.Collectors;
class StudentTest
    int roll;
    String name;
    int mark;
    public StudentTest(int roll, String name, int mark) {
        super();
        this.roll = roll;
        this.name = name;
        this.mark = mark;
public class StreamStudentTest {
```

```
public static void main(String[] args)
        ArrayList<StudentTest> al=new ArrayList<StudentTest>();
        al.add(new StudentTest(1, "mukesh", 95));
        al.add(new StudentTest(2, "logesh", 98));
        al.add(new StudentTest(3, "lite mukesh", 100));
        al.add(new StudentTest(4, "tej", 45));
        al.add(new StudentTest(5, "mehck", 46));
       Long ls= al.stream()
        .filter(s->s.mark>50)
        .collect(Collectors.counting());
       System.out.println(ls);
 OUTPUT:
 _____
            **********
20-may-2022
*****
package Java8Features;
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;
import java.util.Map;
import java.util.Set;
import java.util.stream.Collectors;
class School {
    String section;
    String Depart;
   int roll;
    String name;
    public School(String section, String depart, int roll, String name) {
        super();
        this.section = section;
        Depart = depart;
        this.roll = roll;
        this.name = name;
```

```
@Override
      public String toString() {
         return "[section=" + section + ", Depart=" + Depart + ", roll=" + roll + ", name=" + name + " ]";
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  public class CollectorsMethodTest {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
         ArrayList<School> al = new ArrayList<School>();
         al.add(new School("A", "cse", 1, "mukesh"));
         al.add(new School("A", "cse", 2, "basith"));
         al.add(new School("B", "biology", 3, "ajmal"));
         al.add(new School("C", "commerce", 4, "ajmal"));
         System.out.println(" Displaying in List format
         System.out.println("----");
         List<String> lname = al.stream().filter(s -> s.roll < 4).map(s -> s.name.toUpperCase()).collect(Collectors.toList());
         System.out.println(lname);
         System.out.println("----"):
         System.out.println(" Displaying in Set format ");
         System.out.println("----");
         Set<String> s = al.stream().map(st -> st.name.toUpperCase()).collect(Collectors.toSet());
         System.out.println(s);
         System.out.println("----");
         System.out.println(" Joing the String ");
         System.out.println("-----");
         String allNames = al.stream().map(j -> j.name.toUpperCase()).collect(Collectors.joining(" * "));
         System.out.println(allNames);
         System.out.println("----");
         System.out.println(" Grouping
         System.out.println("----");
         Map<String, List<School>> mapList = al.stream().collect(Collectors.groupingBy(g -> g.section));
         System.out.println(mapList);
         mapList.forEach((k, v) -> System.out.println("Key " + k + "---" + " Value " + v));
         System.out.println("-----");
         System.out.println(" Average Finding
         System.out.println("----");
         Double averageOfRoll=al.stream().collect(Collectors.averagingInt(a->a.roll));
         System.out.println("The average is : " +averageOfRoll);
         System.out.println("----");
         System.out.println(" Partision
         System.out.println("-----");
         Map<Boolean, List<School>>mapL=al.stream().collect(Collectors.partitioningBy(p->p.roll>0));
         System.out.println(mapL);
         System.out.println("----");
```

```
OutPut:
       Displaying in List format
[MUKESH, BASITH, AJMAL]
_____
      Displaying in Set format
_____
[MUKESH, BASITH, AJMAL]
      Joing the String
_____
MUKESH * BASITH * AJMAL * AJMAL
______
      Grouping
______
{A=[[section=A, Depart=cse, roll=1, name=mukesh],
[section=A, Depart=cse, roll=2, name=basith]],
B=[[section=B, Depart=biology, roll=3, name=ajmal ]],
C=[[section=C, Depart=commerce, roll=4, name=ajmal ]]}
Key A--- Value [[section=A, Depart=cse, roll=1, name=mukesh],
 [section=A, Depart=cse, roll=2, name=basith]]
Key B--- Value [[section=B, Depart=biology, roll=3, name=ajmal ]]
Key C--- Value [[section=C, Depart=commerce, roll=4, name=ajmal]]
______
      Average Finding
_____
The average is: 2.5
______
       Partision
______
{false=[], true=[[section=A, Depart=cse, roll=1, name=mukesh], [section=A, Depart=cse, roll=2, name=basith], [section=B,
Depart=biology, roll=3, name=ajmal ], [section=C, Depart=commerce, roll=4, name=ajmal ]]}
```