# Factors affecting treatment adherence in a tuberculosis population in Calcutta, India

- - Factors associated with default from treatment among tuberculosis patients in nairobi province, Kenya: A case control study



Description: -

- -Factors affecting treatment adherence in a tuberculosis population in Calcutta, India
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## Impact of socio

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# **Tuberculosis Treatment Non**

However, the respondents reported that they do not receive any incentives and suggest it would be supportive if they were provided with some form of assistance. Traditional healers while they were taking their chemotherapy.

Interventions to improve medication adherence in tuberculosis patients: a systematic review of randomized controlled studies

Deshmukh RD, Dhande DJ, Sachdeva KS.

Factors influencing adherence to tuberculosis treatment in Asmara, Eritrea: a qualitative study

In conclusion, in our study, the completion rate was 62.

# Multidrug

Muture BN, Keraka MN, Kimuu PK, Kabiru EW, Ombeka VO, et al.

# Factors affecting tuberculosis case detection in Kersa District, South West Ethiopia

Outcomes of interest included adherence rate, completed treatment, defaulted treatment and treatment outcomes. Ethical Considerations The ethical clearance was obtained from the Institutional Review Board of the University of Gondar.

## Non

Duration of treatment before default The rate of defaulters abandoning treatment for both 6 and 8-month regimes was high during initial months of treatment and generally decreased each consecutive month Figure.

## Level of and associated factors for non

If the ultimate goal of controlling an infectious disease is to interrupt transmission, turning the tide on TB will require early and accurate case detection, rapid commencement of and adherence to effective treatment that prevents transmission, and, where possible, preventive treatment of latent TB. Boyle et al and Naing et al9,21 in their studies to find out adherence and contributing factors observed that distance from healthcare facility is statistically significant factor towards compliance and this is in conformity with our findings as well. Another similar study carried out in Egypt showed, non-compliance was a significant risk factor for treatment failure.

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