

Popular sector of the Partido Revolucionario Institucional in Mexico

David Horowitz Institute for the Research of Developing Countries, Tel Aviv University -
Sector Popular del PRI, aliado con la causa de México: Arturo Zamora

Description: -



- Christianity -- 20th century.
Partido Revolucionario Institucional.
Confederación Nacional de Organizaciones Populares
(Mexico) popular sector of the Partido Revolucionario Institucional in Mexico

- 13
Saber imaginar o social ;
no. 1.
Research report (Mekhon Horovits le-ḥeḳer aratsot mitpathot) ;
no. 1
Research report - David Horowitz Institute for the Research of
Developing Countries ; popular sector of the Partido Revolucionario
Institucional in Mexico
Notes: Bibliography: p. 208-213.
This edition was published in 1972



Filesize: 46.25 MB

Tags: #Partido #de #la #Revolución #Mexicana

HISTORIA DEL PRI

The PNR had as its candidate , but running against him as the candidate for the Anti-Reelectionist Party was the high-profile former Secretary of Education. Cárdenas's intention was to establish the broad-based political alliances necessary for the party's long-term survival, as a national party with territorial presence in state and municipal governments, and organization of mass interest groups, via. A light version of the law was accepted but it doesn't oblige politicians to declare.

Sector Popular del PRI, aliado con la causa de México: Arturo Zamora

He was replaced by , who remained head of the CTM until his death at age 97. Although the PRM was reorganized into the Institutional Revolutionary Party in 1946, the basic structure was retained. The structure he established has remained intact.

El PRI en México

Unaccustomed to this type of protest, the Mexican government made an unusual move by asking the United States for assistance, through , a spy-program to inform the CIA of the US to obtain information from Mexico. Once the destape occurred, in general the members of the PRI would demonstrate their enthusiasm for the candidate and their loyalty to the party, known as the cargada. The PRI obtained the most mayorships in Zacatecas and the second-most deputies in the congressional elections of Zacatecas and Baja California.

HISTORIA DEL PRI

Este último agrupaba a mujeres, jóvenes, profesionistas, comerciantes y obreros no incluidos en el primero. Durante este periodo podemos notar la importancia que tenía el «hombre necesario», la muestra más notoria de esto es la iniciativa llevada a cabo por el general Obregón a fin de reelegirse para el periodo presidencial de 1928-1932; sin embargo, no pudo tomar el cargo pues a pesar de haber sido electo presidente fue asesinado el 18 de julio de 1928, se cree que el partido nace a consecuencia de su asesinato, pero debemos notar que no fue lo único que lo

provocó ya que también nuestro sistema político entró en crisis por que las luchas personales entre los caudillos no daban oportunidad de estabilizar al país.

Popular Sector of the Mexican by David Schers

The PNR was founded in 1929 by , Mexico's paramount leader at the time and self-proclaimed Jefe Máximo Supreme Chief of the.

HISTORIA DEL PRI

From 1940 to 1970 GDP increased sixfold while the population only doubled, and - parity was maintained at a stable exchange rate. Starting with the Alemán administration 1946—1952 until 1970, Mexico embarked on a sustained period of economic growth, dubbed the , fueled by and low. In the races for 300 electoral districts in the Chamber of Deputies, thirty-two Senate seats, and six governorships, the PRI won 61.

Institutional Revolutionary Party

Eruviel Ávila Villegas 18 de abril de 2006 18 de agosto de 2006 38 Lic. Heberto Barrera Velázquez 22 enero de 1985 17 julio de 1987 24 Lic.

Mexico

It held an overwhelming majority in the , as well as every seat in the and every state governorship.

Related Books

- [Dasar ilmu politik](#)
- [Teach yourself tantric sex](#)
- [Badā'ī al-fawā'id](#)
- [Russkoe izraztsovoe iskusstvo XV-XIX vekov.](#)
- [On the time of contact between the hammer and string on a piano.](#)