

Pharmacokinetic and clinical studies in obstetric anaesthesia and analgesia.

- - Analgesia and Anesthesia for Labor and Delivery



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Research

More commonly, fentanyl 15—25 mcg and sufentanil 5—10 mcg have been used with local anesthetics in an initial spinal dose with a local anesthetic during the placement of a continuous spinal—epidural for labor with excellent relief of pain. *Anesthesia and Analgesia: Current Researches* 55: 322—325 1976.

Analgesia and Anesthesia for Labor and Delivery

Comment on arachnoid and dura mater lesions. Neuraxial labor analgesia offers the most complete analgesia and is safe and reliable. Furthermore, significant levels of the drug can be found in the umbilical vein at birth.

Historic timeline of obstetric anaesthesia

CSE anesthesia combines the advantages of spinal anesthesia rapid onset of a dense block with those of epidural anesthesia ability to prolong the block.

Pharmacogenetic influences in obstetric anaesthesia

Bupivacaine in children: pharmacokinetics following caudal anesthesia. Intermittent administration and fast pulmonary elimination of inhalational agents ensure that long-lasting residual effects are unlikely to occur.

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