Super bugs - rogue diseases of the twenty-first century

Carleton Books - Superbugs: Rogue Diseases of the Twenty



Description: -

Mental retardation -- Religious aspects.

Mental retardation -- Moral and ethical aspects.

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Communicable diseases -- Epidemiology

Communicable Diseases -- Popular Works.

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Notes: Includes bibliographical references. This edition was published in 2001



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Tags: #Implications #of #human #activities #for #(re)emerging #infectious #diseases, #including #COVID

Publications: Microbiology Today: Book Reviews

On the other hand, giving patients the concepts to develop a critical point of view useful for asking the right questions and making informed decisions. And in 1991 cholera made its comeback, spreading to South America. And, please, follow the or for guidance on protecting your community from the disease.

Cassava Virus Diseases: Biology, Epidemiology, and Management

Different strains can mix through the process known as antigenic drift, which at times produces new, highly virulent and fatal strains, some capable of generating global calamity like the flu pandemics in 1918, 1957, and 1968. This has changed the primary research aims of many primatologists and shifted our focus to conservation priorities, such as understanding the impacts of human activity, habitat conversion or climate change on primates. It is interesting that these contradictory representations did not contribute to a type of collective dissonance, nor were they even critically analysed by intellectuals, doctors, politicians, etc.

Biological warfare: an emerging threat in the 21st century: 1/01

Advances in Molecular and Cellular Microbiology, Vol.

Epidemics

After all, more than 20 years have passed since the World Health Organization WHO announced the eradication of this highly contagious and incurable disease. Efficient health care requires informed people; however, many doctors and most patients fail to understand the available medical evidence due to statistical illiteracy, that is the inability to catch risks and probabilities. Host susceptibility Human susceptibility may influence the emergence of infectious diseases through genetic polymorphisms, impaired immune function, malnutrition, AIDS, immunosuppressive conditions, aging, and others.

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