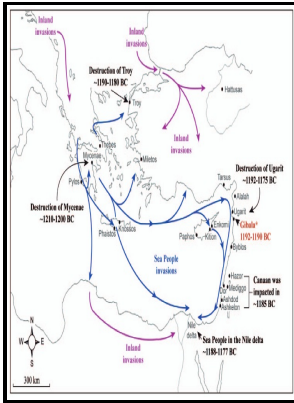


# End of the Bronze Age - changes in warfare and the catastrophe ca. 1200 B.C.

Princeton University Press - The End of the Bronze Age: Changes in Warfare and the Catastrophe.



Description: -

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Mediterranean Region -- Antiquities  
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Bronze age -- Mediterranean Region  
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## War and Technology

The Origins of War: From the Stone Age to Alexander the Great.

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Thebes was one of the earliest examples of this, having its palace sacked repeatedly between 1300 and 1200 BCE and eventually being completely destroyed by fire. This article will attempt to briefly examine these various factors and the role each could have played in the fall of the Mycenaeans.

## The End of the Bronze Age: Changes in Warfare and the Catastrophe.

The Bronze Age collapse marked the start of what has been called the , which lasted roughly 400 years and ended with the establishment of. Hy redeneer dat die val van die Maja sekere lesse vir die hedendaagse beskawing inhou. Michael Hogan, Lato Fieldnotes, The Modern Antiquarian, January 10, 2008 Το περιεχόμενο είναι διαθέσιμο υπό εκτός αν αναφέρεται διαφορετικά.

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One revisited and refined the discredited claim by Heinrich Brunner that the appearance of the heavily armed and armored mounted knight on the battlefields of eighth-century Europe had bred feudalism. In an effort to understand this important cultural transformation in Aegean prehistory, the

archaeologist seeks to define the archaeological context while exploring theoretical frameworks for analyzing culture change.

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Up to 90% of small sites in the were abandoned, suggesting a major depopulation. Earthquakes Earthquakes tend to occur in sequences or 'storms', where a major earthquake above 6. Normally if a culture is faced with just one of these tragedies, it can survive it, but what if they all happened at once, or in quick succession? It drives changes in warfare more than any other factor.

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