Drug effects in hospitalized patients - experiences of the Boston Collaborative Drug Surveillance Program, 1966-1975

Wiley - Adverse reactions to practolol in hospitalized patients

Description: -

College readers.

Programming (Mathematics) -- Congresses.

Pharmacology.

Drug therapy.

Drug therapy -- Adverse effects.

Drugs -- Toxicology.

Drugs -- Side effects.

Drugs -- Physiological effect.

Chemotherapy.

Boston Collaborative Drug Surveillance Program Drug effects in hospitalized patients - experiences of the Boston Collaborative Drug

Surveillance Program, 1966-1975

Biblioteka Epokhi, maĭstori, shed'ovri

A Wiley biomedical publicationDrug effects in hospitalized patients - experiences of the Boston Collaborative Drug Surveillance Program, 1966-1975

Notes: Includes bibliographical references and index.

This edition was published in 1976



PSYCHOSOMATICS

#Surveillance #Program#(BCDSP)

Filesize: 34.11 MB

Tags: #Boston #Collaborative #Drug

ORAL CONTRACEPTIVES AND HEPATITIS: A Report from The Boston Collaborative Drug Surveillance Program, Boston University Medical Center

Warn patients against interruption or discontinuation of therapy without physician advice.

Hospital admissions due to adverse drug reactions: a report from the Boston Collaborative Drug Surveillance Program.

Furthermore, pharmacokinetic studies have been performed in many parts of the world. Research studies are either investigator-initiated or performed on a contract basis in collaboration with regulatory authorities or the pharmaceutical industry. Eight hundred seven of the patients were current cigarette smokers, and 1,209 denied smoking.

International Patterns of Clinical Use and Toxicity of Digitalis Glycosides: Report From the Boston Collaborative Drug Surveillance Program

Boston Collaborative Drug Surveillance Program BCDSP, established in 1966, conducts studies in the fields of pharmacoepidemiology and disease epidemiology using large electronic healthcare databases in the United Kingdom UK and United States US. This may be important in patients with preexisting renal insufficiency.

Antibiotic

Rare cases of psychoses associated with propranolol have been reported. The mean age of the practolol recipients was 57 years; angina and cardiac arrhythmias were the most common indications for therapy.

International Patterns of Clinical Use and Toxicity of Digitalis Glycosides: Report From the Boston Collaborative Drug Surveillance Program

Supported in part by grant MH-12279 from the Public Health Service. New or worsened renal dysfunction has been reported in patients with underlying renal disease and no decline in systemic blood pressure.

Clinical Toxicity of Theophylline in Relation to Cigarette Smoking: A Report from the Boston Collaborative Drug Surveillance Program

Adverse reactions were attributed to practolol in 20 patients 10%. The risk of admission to hospital for hepatitis for users of oral contraceptives was estimated to be 3·3 times that for non-users 95% confidence interval, 1·8-6·3. The Boston Collaborative Drug Surveillance Program is supported by Public Health Service contract GM-4-2148 from the National Institute of General Medical Sciences NIGMS and in part by grants from the United States Food and Drug Administration, the Hadassah Medical Organization, the Kupat-Holim, Auckland Hospital Auckland, New Zealand, the Israeli Ministry of Health, the Canadian Food and Drug Directorate, the Roger Williams General Hospital NIGMS grant GM-165-38-02 to Brown University, the Scottish Home and Health Department, and Hoffmann-LaRoche, Inc.

Clinical Importance of the Interaction of Phenytoin and Isoniazid: A Report from the Boston Collaborative Drug Surveillance Program

Cite this paper as: Greenblatt D.

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