Biologie bakterieller Plasmide

Vieweg - Plasmid



Description: -

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Plasmids.Biologie bakterieller Plasmide

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Plasmid: Properties, Types, Replication and Organization

Well-known catalysts of genetic instability include direct, inverted, and tandem repeats, which are known to be conspicuous in a large number of commercially available cloning and expression vectors. In this case, researchers grow bacteria containing a plasmid harboring the gene of interest.

Plasmid

They can parasitize a conjugative plasmid, transferring at high frequency only in its presence. The term episome was introduced by and in 1958 to refer to extra-chromosomal genetic material that may replicate autonomously or become integrated into the chromosome.

Plasmid

Plasmids are considered, units of DNA capable of replicating autonomously within a suitable host. If two plasmids are not compatible, one or the other will be rapidly lost from the cell.

Plasmid

Gene Therapy and Molecular Biology.

Plasmid

Naturally occurring plasmids vary greatly in their physical properties. This variant produces both a long-lived and a short-lived. Plasmids almost always carry at least one gene.

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. Gene Cloning and DNA Analysis: An Introduction 6th ed.

Plasmid

In the complex process of, plasmids may be transferred from one bacterium to another via encoded by some of the transfer genes see figure. Many commercial kits have been created to perform plasmid extraction at various scales, purity, and levels of automation.

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