

Genetics - issues of social justice

Pilgrim Press - Social, Legal, and Ethical Implications of Genetic Testing

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- Notes: Includes bibliographical references and index.
- This edition was published in 1998

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The Neurobiology of Fairness and Social Justice: An Introduction

. Medicine is generally practiced within this culture of individual rights with provisions for patients' right to refuse treatment and right to control the dissemination of medical information about themselves , but there have been circumstances in which the medical model has been supplanted by the public health model, which encourages the prevention of disease—for example, by requiring that certain medical intervention such as vaccinations be undertaken and by warning individuals of health risks e. The NIH-DOE Joint Working Group on Ethical, Legal, and Social Implications ELSI of the Human Genome Project petitioned the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission EEOC , which is responsible for implementing the law.

Social, Legal, and Ethical Implications of Genetic Testing

In multiplexing, tests should be grouped so that tests requiring similar demands for informed consent and education and counseling may be offered together.

Social, Legal, and Ethical Implications of Genetic Testing

Subsequent Uses The committee recommends that before genetic information is obtained from individuals or before a sample is obtained for genetic testing, they or, in the case of minors, their parents be told what specific uses will be made of the information or sample; how—and for how long—the information or sample will be stored; whether personal identifiers will be stored; and who will have access to the information or sample, and under what conditions.

Teaching science and social justice

The protection of confidentiality is thought to serve an important public health goal in encouraging people to seek access to health care.

GENETICS: ISSUES OF SOCIAL JUSTICE

Treatment of children identified through screening for maple syrup urine disease may have only limited effectiveness at best, and parents may face a quandary about whether or not to treat. With genetic testing, however, the potential range of contexts in which it can be undertaken is large.

The Neurobiology of Fairness and Social Justice: An Introduction

Medical intervention over parents' objection has been allowed in situations in which a child's life was in imminent danger and the treatment posed little risk of danger in itself.

Genetic Engineering and Social Justice: an Introduction.

The committee recommends that careful consideration be given to the development of policies for the implementation of genetic testing and the handling of genetic test results.

Ethical issues in predictive genetic testing: a public health perspective

The committee recommends that legislation be adopted so that genetic information cannot be collected on prospective or current employees unless it is clearly job related. American Journal of Political Science, 59, 690—707. Respect for autonomy also implies the right of persons to control the future use of genetic material submitted for analysis for a specific purpose including when the genetic material itself and the information derived from that material may be stored for future analysis, such as in a DNA bank or registry file.

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