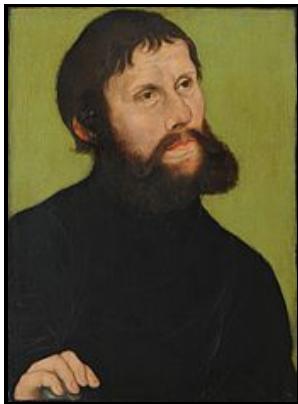


Luther et Rousseau

Houyoux - The Equality of All under the One in Luther and Rousseau: Thoughts on Christianity and Political Theory



Description: -

-
Rousseau, Jean-Jacques, -- 1712-1778.
Luther, Martin, -- 1483-1546.Luther et Rousseau
-Luther et Rousseau
Notes: Bibliography: p. [279]-[281]
This edition was published in 1965



Filesize: 61.74 MB

Tags: #Differences #Between #the #Political #Ideas #of #Hobbes, #Locke #and #Rousseau

Thomas Müntzer

If we study his Leviathan from top to bottom we shall not find him to be very much sympathetic with individual freedoms and rights. The reason he cited was—legislative, being only fiduciary power to act for certain ends, these remain still in the people supreme power.

Jean Jacques Rousseau (Stanford Encyclopedia of Philosophy)

Entries with PhilPapers records have links on their titles. Conjectural history and moral psychology Rousseau repeatedly claims that a single idea is at the centre of his world view, namely, that human beings are good by nature but are rendered corrupt by society. The next stage in the historical development occurs when the arts of agriculture and metallurgy are discovered.

Rousseau, Louis

Instead, he favors some form of elective aristocracy: in other words, he supports the idea that the day-to-day administration should be in the hands of a subset of the population, elected by them according to merit.

Rousseau's Form of Socialism

Human beings therefore have such a drive, which he terms amour de soi self love.

Related Books

- [\[Quaestiones super IV libros sententiarum Petri Lombardi cum textu eiusdem\]](#)
- [Hyōden Kita Ikki](#)
- [Shelley - an essay.](#)
- [Metals treatment at Superfund sites by adsorptive filtration](#)
- [Bibliographie archéologique du Mali - 1900-1981](#)