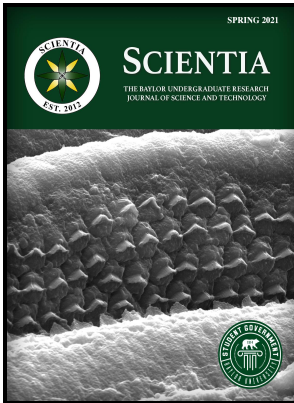


Inhibitory control theory - a mind/body theory of sensory signaling and stressor accommodation

Silogram Corp. - Module 12: Sensation



Description: -

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Psychobiology.

Mind and body. Inhibitory control theory - a mind/body theory of sensory signaling and stressor accommodation

- Inhibitory control theory - a mind/body theory of sensory signaling and stressor accommodation

Notes: Includes bibliographical references (p. 565-624) and indexes.

This edition was published in 1991



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Tags: #15. #[Thresholds #& #Signal #Detection #Theory]

15. [Thresholds & Signal Detection Theory]

How do psychologists explain anxiety-based disorders? SAT Informed consent — telling subjects all features of the experiment prior to the study
Inferential statistics — used to measure sampling error, draw conclusions from data, and test hypotheses ex. Believed to be a neural basis for learning and memory.

Central Pattern Generator

Monitors distortions and movements across the body surface. One possibility is that increased functional segregation of neural networks during development results in greater differentiation of individual inhibitory control mechanisms at the behavioral level.

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There have been no other studies specifically examining the relationship between Response Inhibition and Attentional Inhibition in a developmental sample.

Memory Control Lab

Attentional Inhibition may improve in concert with developmental increases in WMC, however, very little research has been conducted in this area ;. The basic units of this system are nerve cells, called neurons. To discern the identity of a neuron and analyze its function in the CPG, we must consider a host of challenging approaches to measure properties, such as transmitter phenotype, projection patterns, that is, synaptic connectivity, morphology, and intrinsic membrane properties as they relate to influencing burst generation and rhythmic activity.

Stress

The neuropeptides are secreted by various emotional states. Social psychology studies how individuals behave, think, and feel in social situations. I then review evidence that in both of these situations, the need to override prepotent, distracting memories is supported by inhibitory mechanisms

that ultimately cause forgetting.

Review

Sensory homunculus—Similar to motor homunculus but it tells the brain how much power is needed for sensory perception of different body parts. It is the processing of these wavelengths of visible light by our visual systems that gives rise to the sensation of different colors. In addition, they create neuropeptides themselves.

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