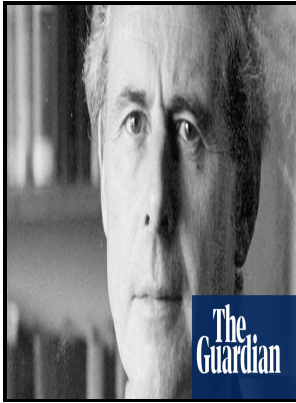


# Gladstone and liberalism - by J.L. Hammond and M.R.D. Foot.

English Universities Press - Liberalism in the United Kingdom



Description: -

-

Great Britain -- Politics and government -- 1837-1901.

Liberal Party (Great Britain)

Gladstone, W. E. -- 1809-1898. Gladstone and liberalism - by J.L.

Hammond and M.R.D. Foot.

-

Activités d'enrichissement

Teach yourself history library Gladstone and liberalism - by J.L.

Hammond and M.R.D. Foot.

Notes: Bibliography: p. 209-210.

This edition was published in 1964



Filesize: 41.11 MB

Tags: #1948 #The #Liberal #Party, #Liberalism, #the #key #by #R. #J. #Cruikshank

**1948 The Liberal Party, Liberalism, the key by R. J. Cruikshank**

What I mean is that he dominated the scene.

**The Hammonds: A Marriage in History.**

The following year he introduced his second Home Rule Bill.

**Gladstone and the Ulster question**

Hartington ceded his place and Gladstone resumed office. The first, , had Gladstonian economic views. In the 1830s they were both Tory members of Parliament with similar views, and they did not clash directly over fiscal policy until 1852.

**John Lawrence Hammond**

His moralism often angered his upper-class opponents including Queen Victoria , and his heavy-handed control split the Liberal party. He was later on the staff of the.

**Liberalism in the United Kingdom**

This would prove to be the greatest victory for the Liberals and also the last time the Liberal Party won a majority in their own right. Gladstone in four speeches charged the government with financial incompetency, neglecting domestic legislation, and mismanagement of foreign affairs. The regular army called for enlistments for twenty-one years, but with reforms initiated by , Gladstone's secretary for war, enlistments were reduced to six years, plus six years in reserve.

**John Lawrence Hammond**

In 1908 a pension system was created with old-age pensions for people older than age 70; an income tax was introduced and in 1911 the was approved. He published a book which argued that the State had neglected its duty to the ; and he coolly suggested that, as that Church possessed a monopoly of religious truth, Nonconformists and Roman Catholics ought to be excluded from all official employments.

## Related Books

- [International marketing - making exports pay off](#)
- [USA, drøm og virkelighed](#)
- [Ziyâeddin Fâhri Fındıkoğlu](#)
- [Stalingrad - za Volgoi dlia nas zemli net](#)
- [Class, culture and the curriculum](#)