

# UK space activities.

## The Centre - Log in to Je



Description: -

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Notes: Prepared on behalf of BNSC by The Central Office of Information, November 1997 (BNSC 97 1358).

This edition was published in 1997



Filesize: 49.610 MB

Tags: #Outer #Space #Treaty

### Outer Space Treaty

It therefore remains under contention whether the extraction of resources falls within the prohibitive language of appropriation or whether the use encompasses the commercial use and exploitation. The state is also liable for damages caused by its space object. Some might argue the treaty bans all space property rights, citing Article II.

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It is mostly a non-armament treaty and offers limited and ambiguous regulations to newer space activities such as and. Users are asked to regularly check for e-mails from Je-S. However, the treaty does not prohibit the placement of in orbit, and thus some highly destructive attack tactics, such as , are still potentially allowable.

### Outer Space Treaty

Similar national legislation to legalize the appropriation of extraterrestrial resources are now being introduced by other countries, including Luxembourg, Japan, China, India, and Russia. The COPUOS coordinates these treaties and other questions of. Among the Outer Space Treaty's main points are that it prohibits the placing of nuclear weapons in space, limits the use of the Moon and all other celestial bodies to peaceful purposes only, and establishes that space shall be free for exploration and use by all nations, but that no nation may claim sovereignty of outer space or any celestial body.

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The Outer Space Treaty does not ban military activities within space, , or the weaponization of space, with the exception of the placement of weapons of mass destruction in space, and establishing military bases, testing weapons and conducting military maneuvers on celestial bodies.

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Je-S is used by , , , , and formerly CCLRC and PPARC , as well as the , and , to provide their communities with electronic grant services. As of February 2021, 111 countries are parties to the treaty, while another 23 have signed the treaty but have not completed ratification.

## **Outer Space Treaty**

Also indicated is whether the state became a party by way of signing the treaty and subsequent , by to the treaty after it had closed for signature, or by after separation from some other party to the treaty.

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