

# Willingness of parents to contribute to postsecondary educational expenses

Dept. of Health, Education, and Welfare, Education Division], Office of Education, Office of Planning, Budgeting, and Evaluation, Postsecondary Programs Division - Post

**Military Scholarships:** Reserve Officer Training Corps (ROTC) scholarships available for the Army, Navy, and Air Force at many colleges and universities throughout the United States. These scholarships cover tuition and fees, books and supplies, and include a subsistence allowance.

**National Health Service Corps Scholarship (NHSC):** Scholarship program for students who pursue full-time courses of study in certain health professions disciplines, and are willing to serve as primary care practitioners in underserved areas after completing their education.

**National and Community Service:** A program established through the National and Community Service Trust Act of 1993 designed to reward individuals who provide community service with educational benefits and/or loan forgiveness or cancellation.

**Need:** See Financial Need.

**Need Analysis:** A system by which an applicant's ability to pay for educational expenses is evaluated and calculated. Need analysis consists of two primary components: (a) determination of an estimate of the applicant's and/or family's ability to contribute to educational expenses; and (b) determination of an accurate estimate of the educational expenses themselves.

**Need Analysis Formula:** Defines the data elements used to calculate the EFC; there are two distinct formulas: regular and simplified. The formula determines the EFC under the Federal Methodology.

**Need-based Aid:** Student assistance awarded because a student's financial circumstances would not permit him or her to afford the cost of a postsecondary education.

**Non-Need-based Aid:** Aid based on criteria other than need, such as academic, musical, or athletic ability. Also, refers to federal student aid programs where the EFC is not part of the need equation.

**Packaging:** The process of combining various types of student aid (grants, loans, scholarships, and employment) to attempt to meet the full amount of a student's need.

**Parent Contribution:** A quantitative estimate of the parents' ability to contribute to the postsecondary educational expenses of a dependent student.

**PDF FAFSA:** A version of the FAFSA viewed using Adobe Acrobat which may be completed and filed like a paper FAFSA.

**PLUS:** See Direct PLUS Loan.

**Principal (of a loan):** The amount of money borrowed through a loan; does not include interest or other charges, unless they are capitalized.

**Professional Judgment (PJ):** The financial aid administrator's discretion, based on the special circumstances of the student, to change the data elements used in determining eligibility for federal student aid or adjust a student's costs.

Description: -

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Political science -- Great Britain -- History  
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Education, Higher -- United States -- Costs.willingness of parents to contribute to postsecondary educational expenses  
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Post

Studying college choice: A proposed conceptual model. Subsidies, hierarchy, and peers: The awkward economics of higher education.

## NJ COURT FINALLY RECOGNIZES THE ECONOMIC REALITIES OF PARENTAL COLLEGE CONTRIBUTIONS

For example, nonmarital fertility substantially reduces the likelihood that a woman will eventually marry either the biological father of her child or another partner Carlson et al.

## Family Systems and Parents' Financial Support for Education in Early Adulthood

We implemented the analysis in two steps. In appropriate circumstances, parental responsibility includes the duty to assure children of a college and even of a postgraduate education such as law school. As of 2013, 38 waves of data had been collected over 45 years, and the study achieved reinterview response rates of 96 % to 98 % in nearly every wave McGonagle et al.

## NJ COURT FINALLY RECOGNIZES THE ECONOMIC REALITIES OF PARENTAL COLLEGE CONTRIBUTIONS

Will the parents be responsible for room and board? Borrowers who drop out: A neglected aspect of the college student loan trend. Does the fear of debt deter students from higher education? Our approach emphasizes the dynamic relationship between family structure and family economic resources. An alternative approach would be to focus on one dimension of family complexity while statistically controlling for the others in order to establish its independent association with the outcome.

## Understanding High School Students' Willingness to Borrow to Pay College

Journal of Economic Perspectives, 13 1 , 13—36.

## **NJ COURT FINALLY RECOGNIZES THE ECONOMIC REALITIES OF PARENTAL COLLEGE CONTRIBUTIONS**

When there is not enough money to go around for even daily expenses, how could a court mandate that college takes priority? Although the use of loans to finance postsecondary educational expenses seems commonplace, the emphasis of the U. These estimates provide a relatively unbiased estimate of the average parental household transfer in the context of family complexity informed by both resident and nonresident parents. Data are from the U.

## Related Books

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- [Resource sector in an open economy](#)
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