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Mixed

For coupled laws, LEFM cannot be used to predict the partition of work at the crack tip even when the small-scale requirements for LEFM conditions being met; furthermore, the partition of the work may depend on the loading path.

Mixed

Notice that for certain particular choices ofw , some of the points mentioned in the previous paragraph are no longer vertices.

Liouville type theorems for some fractional elliptic problems

The convergences of the aforementioned algorithms are guaranteed by their own convergence results, since the proximity operator stated above is exact. As shown in the following theorem,bhas several important properties. This implies that LEFM cannot be used to predict mixed-mode fracture for interfaces that are described by coupled cohesive laws, and that have a phase-angle-dependent toughness.

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The complete set of vertices C in the general case, see the next paragraph for exceptions is obtained by considering all possible permutations of the entries of each element ofC̃ and all possible sign configurations.

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An improved a posteriori error estimation for a parameterized singular perturbation problem

The derivation in 17 proves the following theorem. An improved a posteriori error estimation for the difference scheme on an arbitrary mesh is given. This is, in particular, the first nonexistence result of stable positive solutions for the fractional Lane—Emden system in literature which extends the result in Cowan 2013 from the local case to the nonlocal one.

Mixed

Both authors are with the Instituto de Telecomunicac¸oes and the Departmen˜ of Electrical and Computer Engineering, Instituto Superior T´ecnico, Univer- sity of Lisbon, 1049-001, Lisboa, Portugal. The level curves of several of the regularizers mentioned above for the 2D case are shown in Fig.

Liouville type theorems for some fractional elliptic problems

The figure illustrates why these models promote sparsity, grouping, or group sparsity. In this paper, we show that the partition of crack-tip work in a cohesive-zone model is consistent with LEFM if the normal and shear deformations across an interface are uncoupled. We maintain, however, that they challenge their intuition when the consequences for their individual welfare are sufficiently severe.

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