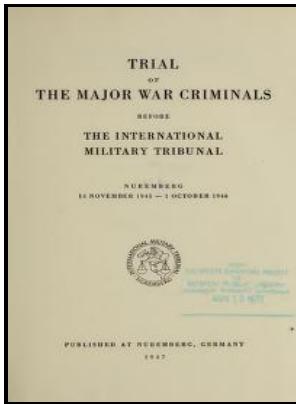


Trial of the major war criminals before the International Military Tribunal, Nuremberg, 14 November 1945-1 October 1946.

AMS Press - Trial of the Major War Criminals Before the International Military Tribunal: Nuremberg 14 November 1945



Description: -

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New York: Twayne Publishers, 1998. Perspectives on the Nuremberg Trial. His fate at the end of the war is not entirely clear, probably he died in May 1945 in Berlin.

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The same year, an released many of those who had received prison sentences.

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The IMTFE presided over the prosecution of nine senior Japanese political leaders and eighteen military leaders. G G G G Death ideologist. Nazi

Party secretary could not be located.

Nuremberg Trials

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On May 10, 1941, he flew on a not yet fully understood mission to Scotland, where he was captured and interred.

Trial of the major war criminals before the International Military Tribunal, Nuremberg, 14 November 1945

These groups, the Nazi leadership corps, the Reich Cabinet, the German General Staff and High Command, the SA Sturmabteilung , the SS Schutzstaffel-including the Sicherheitsdienst, or SD , and the Gestapo Secret Police , had an aggregate membership exceeding two million and it was estimated that approximately half of them would be made liable for trial if the groups were convicted. The trials began in November, 1945 and on October 1, 1946, the IMT rendered its judgment on twenty-one top officials of the Third Reich.

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