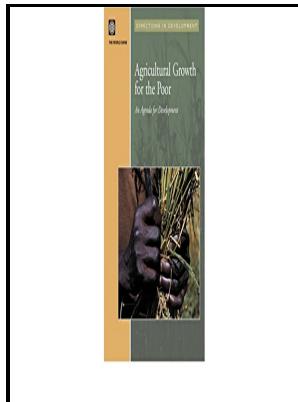


Agricultural growth for the poor - an agenda for development.

World Bank - Agriculture and Food Security

Description: -

- Poor -- Developing countries.
- Poverty -- Developing countries.
- Public-private sector cooperation -- Developing countries.
- Agricultural assistance -- Developing countries.
- Agricultural development projects -- Developing countries.
- Agriculture and state -- Developing countries.
- Agriculture -- Economic aspects -- Developing countries.
- Agricultural growth for the poor - an agenda for development.



- Bai hua Zhongguo gu dian duan pian xiao shuo quan ji
- Bai hua Zhongguo gu dian duan pian xiao shuo quan ji -- 19.
- Bai hua Zho gguo gu dian duan pian xiao shuo quan ji -- 19. -- Jin

Yuan Ming
The Cavendish library

Directions in development (Washington, D.C.)

Directions in development Agricultural growth for the poor - an agenda for development.

Notes: Includes bibliographical references (p. 175-184) and index.
This edition was published in 2005



Filesize: 47.62 MB

Tags: #Better #Livelihoods #for #Poor

#People: #The #Role #of #Agriculture

India: Issues and Priorities for Agriculture

These issues may be harder to deal with where they appear to challenge conventional wisdom about market failure, the role of the state and the role of agriculture in livelihood security. These focus areas could be within specific geographies or within particularly influential value chains.

About IFAD

The is dedicated to improving the safety of food worldwide through capacity building in middle-income and developing countries. Part of the answer will be to find ways of encouraging greater private investment in research. Here only one per cent of the arable area is irrigated Pinstrup-Andersen et al, 1997.

Malawi: Irrigation, Rural Livelihoods and Agricultural Development Project, and Agricultural Development Program Support Project

The rising incomes of small farmers and agro-processors are typically spent on locally provided goods and services, many of which are supplied by -- or employ -- poor people. How can DFID help reduce poverty through agriculture? London: John Wiley and Sons. Improving efficiency of water use in agriculture requires sustainable operation and maintenance and development of more productive and water efficient farming practices.

Agriculture is dying in the Philippines

Further liberalization—by both industrial and developing countries—will be needed to realize trade's potential as a driving force for economic growth and development. Poor people living in under-serviced informal settlements bear the brunt of these conflicts. If ending hunger requires better food security and nutrition, the world should pursue nutrition-sensitive agriculture intensely.

CiteSeerX — A Policy Agenda for Pro

The resulting integration of the world economy has raised living standards around the world. All measures to increase productivity will need

exploiting, amongst them: increasing yields, diversification to higher value crops, and developing value chains to reduce marketing costs. The ADPSP achieved some but not all targets for service delivery.

Better Livelihoods for Poor People: The Role of Agriculture

Regional disparities in agricultural labor productivity and rural poverty. Sustainable productivity increases require the right economic incentives by explicitly considering the demand side of agricultural production.

Related Books

- [Theodore Roosevelt](#)
- [Toshi seikatsu to jūtaku shutoku - sono shakaiteki tenkai to kiketsu](#)
- [Progress in neuropeptide research - proceedings of the international symposium, Lódź, Poland, Sept](#)
- [Proceedings - 2nd Annual Conference and ScientificSymposium, 13th november 1997, Grand Hotel, Malahi](#)
- [Jangalhā va gustarish-i kavī'hā-yi Īrān darrābitah bā jāmī'ah va fasād-i dawlatlāhā - naqd](#)