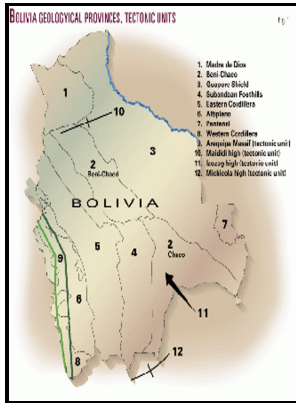


The geology of the Western Cordillera and Altiplano west of Lake Titicaca, southern Peru

Her Majestys Stationery Office - Geological history of the Andes

Description: -



Christian union -- Catholic Church.
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Mine hoisting

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Geology, PeruThe geology of the Western Cordillera and Altiplano west of Lake Titicaca, southern Peru

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Notes: 11

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Tags: #Peru

Paleozoic diamictites in the Peruvian Altiplano: evidence and tectonic implications

Over some areas of this region, the forest is so dense that access to it exists only along the rivers. Here are the average temperatures. Other agricultural crops grown here include maca a tuber , barley, and quinoa.

Record details

It is considered to be a fairly easily climb considering its height and is a part of the Seven Summits mountaineering challenge. The takes you on a journey into the rugged peaks of the Monte Fitz Roy. Lake Titicaca, on the border of Peru and Bolivia, is part of the Altiplano.

Geography of Bolivia

The Andes, or Andean Mountains, are the longest mountain range in the world and are located along the western coast of , spanning through seven different countries. The term Altiplano is sometimes used to identify the altitude zone and the type of climate that prevails within it: it is colder than that of the but not as cold as that of the.

The Andes

The average annual temperature ranges between 37. Juliaca - Average temperatures Month Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec
Min °C 3 3 3 1 -3 -6 -7 -5 -1 0 2 3 Max °C 17 17 17 17 17 16 16 17 17 18 19 18 Min °F 37 37 37 34 27 21 19 23 30 32 36 37 Max °F 63 63 63 63 61 61 63 63 64 66 64 In Juliaca, 665 mm 26 in fall per year, with a pattern similar to that of Cuzco. The largest of those lakes was called: Minchin Lake that last 15000 years from 40000 to 25000 ago , which level reached 100m 28ft above the actual Uyuni Salt Flat level.

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