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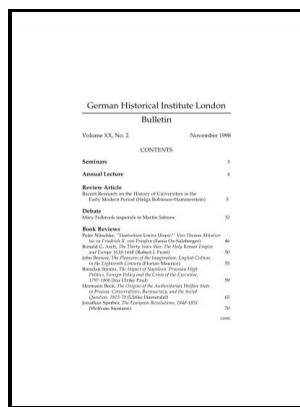
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Notes: Bibliography: p. [295]-299.

This edition was published in 1958

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The environs of the city are hilly, and afford a variety of delightful prospects. The reputation of the county was for unintelligible speech, turbulence, and independence. By that time, the city was held by the , who had arrived in Exeter after defeating the at in 658.

Exeter, 1540

The last issue was in 2012. The Exeter Urban Area had a population of 124,079 in 2014, compared with 124,328 for the city and borough of Exeter. Exeter itself is relatively marginal, and since World War II its Member of Parliament has usually been drawn from the governing party, though the Exeter seat is becoming increasingly a Labour stronghold.

Chelmsford during the industrial revolution, c. 1790

The author offers new insight into the way the English middle-class lived and the way in which Tudor policy achieved its aims in the provinces. Rye, however, was not typical of English towns in the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries as it had no craft guilds through which freemen could advance towards magistracy.

Rockingham Planning Commission

Besley's Hand Book for the Archery Meeting, and Visitor's Guide to Exeter, Exeter: Grand National Archery Meeting, Printed and Published by Henry Besley, South Street 1858 103 pp. This made oligarchies vulnerable to insurrection and caused them to become increasingly dependent on outside support, such as the Crown or the Gentry. Manuscripts of the late Robert Dymond.

Chelmsford during the industrial revolution, c. 1790

Oligarchy in 16th & 17th Century England

Exeter 1561-1610, 1584-1618, Typescript 1927 224 pp.

Devon

With the economy dependent on the more vulnerable, and more socially exclusive, service and marketing sectors the city was faced with escalating administrative costs, reduced revenues, and growing social polarisation. The history of the Exeter Guildhall and the life within, Exeter, Exeter City Council 1936 x, 174 pp.

Exeter Memories

For part of their length, these aqueducts were conveyed through a remarkable network of tunnels, or underground passages, which survive largely intact and which may still be visited today. Petrock: Baptisms 1813-1842 , Marriages 1754-1836 , Burials 1770-1837 ; St. Exeter Historic and Romantic 1933.

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