Trends and new tendencies in Indian irrigated agriculture

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Precision Agriculture in India: New Technologies Are Here, But Wide

We, however, have a request. India has an ambitious to enhance the coverage of canal irrigated area, reduce floods and water shortage.

Agriculture Reforms: Why India's Farm Sector Needs A Sea Change

The Electronic National Agriculture Market, eNAM see box , integrates the physically dispersed markets, the universe of players increases, and traders begin to transparently bid for the lots of produce.

How digital innovation is transforming Indian agriculture

Decrease in concentrate feed costs up to 50%. To be fair to Mr Modi and the NDA, the decline began early in the second term of the UPA when capital expenditure growth had begun tapering off.

State of Agriculture in India

However, the adopted the classification of projects on the basis of culturable command area CCA. According to the World Bank, only about 35% of total agricultural land in India was reliably irrigated in 2010.

Agricultural Development in India

ADVERTISEMENTS: In 2002- 03, total production of food grains has further decreased to 174. This can be done by strategically encouraging establishment of industries near rural areas that can provide viable employment, improving education in rural areas, providing vocational and skill training to the rural population and creating positive opportunities in nearby urban centres to encourage positive migration, as against distress migration. But the growth rate in coarse cereals and pulses remained quite marginal.

What is the Future of Agriculture in India?

The growth in output in respect of all other crops remained low and that of coarse cereals and pulses were only marginal where the annual growth rates were only 0.

How technology is helping India's rural poor

Further, there is a huge inter-regional variation; the wheat and rice yield from Haryana and Punjab is much higher than from the other states. If we however want to save the future of our farmers and permanently cure the ills of Indian agriculture, major policy interventions have to be made at the earliest. The findings indicate a massive lack of awareness among farmers about crop protection measures, that if adopted can save huge crop losses.

Agriculture Reforms: Why India's Farm Sector Needs A Sea Change

It has remained in the range of 12 percent on an average over the last five years, falling to 11.

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