Broadcast and election in distributed systems

University of Toronto, Dept. of Computer Science - Leader election



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Leader election in distributed systems

Some are most probably being invented as we speak! A technique called is used to tackle this situation.

A Thorough Introduction to Distributed Systems

Else, go to the next phase. If a leader is doing the wrong work with nobody checking it, it can quickly cause problems across the entire system. This is also the reason malicious groups of nodes need to control over 50% of the computational power of the network to actually carry any successful attack.

ZooKeeper: Because Coordinating Distributed Systems is a Zoo

While the D of a network is a natural lower bound for the time needed to elect a leader, upper and lower bounds for the leader election problem depend on the specific radio model studied.

Leader election

It is the technique of splitting an enormous task e. Common examples seen in popular enterprise systems are, , and. Based on a priority scheme, candidate nodes collaborate in the virtual ring.

ZooKeeper: Because Coordinating Distributed Systems is a Zoo

Unfortunately, this gets complicated real quick as you now have the ability to e.

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