Cane Ridge in context - perspectives on Barton W. Stone and the revival

Disciples of Christ Historical Society - Vol. 60, No. 2, May, 1994 of The Journal of Southern History on JSTOR



Description: -

Inspirational

Christian Life - Inspirational - Protestant Self Help

Christian Life - General

History / Far East

History / Asia

Asia, Southeastern

Asia, history, Indochina, Burma, Siam, Cambodia, Cochin-

China, travel, journey, white elephant, Frank Vincent

Bourbon County (Ky.) -- Church history -- 19th century.

Revivals -- Kentucky -- Bourbon County -- History -- 19th century.

Cane Ridge Meeting House (Bourbon County, Ky.)

Stone, Barton W. 1772-1844. Cane Ridge in context - perspectives

on Barton W. Stone and the revival

-Cane Ridge in context - perspectives on Barton W. Stone and the

Notes: Includes bibliographical references and index.

This edition was published in 1992



Filesize: 67.31 MB

Tags: #Second #Great #Awakening

Cane Ridge in Context: Perspectives on Barton W. Stone and the Revival by Anthony L. Dunnavant

The purpose of the Southern Historical Association is to encourage the study of history in the South with an emphasis on the history of the South. The Stone-Campbell churches are characterized by a focus on New Testament teaching, shared governance between clergy and laity, baptism by immersion, ecumenism, and the regular celebration of communion during worship.

Vol. 60, No. 2, May, 1994 of The Journal of Southern History on JSTOR

Smith included in this issue a report on the revival. As the crowds grew, the meetings continued with similar emotional responses.

Revival at Cane Ridge

The Presbyterians among them at first formed themselves into a Presbytery in 1803, calling it the Independent Presbytery of Springfield, for John Thompson, pastor of the Church of Springfield now Springdale, near Cincinnati, Ohio, was one of those who went off, and that church had the honor of giving a name to the seceders.

A Brief History of the Stone

None was sure when or where it would begin, but many were convinced that God would begin his work of revival. Estimates of attendance ran between 10,000 and 25,000; estimates of the slain from 1,000 to 3,000; estimates of those who took Communion from 800 to 3,000; estimates of conversions, from 1,000 to 3,000. Some Methodists resented their exclusion from the meetinghouse and the tent.

The Discipler: The Last Will and Testament

McGready took pains to circulate the news, but a media campaign was hardly necessary. Religion, as well as education, would have to come later.

Revivals became the primary means of Christianizing the growing and expanding population.

$Vol.\ 60, No.\ 2, May, 1994\ of\ The\ Journal\ of\ Southern\ History\ on\ JSTOR$

Peabody, MA: Hendrickson Publishers, 1997: 702.

Related Books

- <u>Life of John Randolph of Roanoke.</u>
- Language exploration & awareness a resource book for teachers
 Philosophy of science an historical anthology
- On growth and form spatio-temporal pattern formation in biology
- In-service education in elementary school mathematics.