

Palaeography - examples of historical documents, ancient charters and deeds, seals, autographs etc. : selections from the collections of H.R.Moulton, specialists in parchments... Scale 256 0 00.

H.R.Moulton - The National Archives

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Notes: Sale catalogue.

This edition was published in 1922



Filesize: 30.47 MB

Tags: #The #National #Archives

twoTwentyEight: DEEDS OF TITLE IN THE ANCIENT WORLD

Manorial surveys were drawn up for the landowner and provided a description of all aspects of the manor. Dan Lewis Even if the title deed interpretation stands, I'm sure Preterists can find applications with respect to AD 70 and the fall of Jerusalem, though it seems to me to be a bit more difficult if one interprets the title deed as referring to Jerusalem--if, for instance, Christ takes the title deed of the city and temple only to destroy them and not to reclaim them. In 1618 it was amongst the possessions of.

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You also can find one briefly referenced in Ezekiel, when in his commission the prophet was shown a scroll written on both sides. God intends to reclaim the world as the final act in his redemptive purpose, and this includes not only the final redemption of his own people but also the judgment and overthrow of evil.

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Folio 75 is the first page of the survey and gives a list of the and the boundaries of the manor. Folio 101 is an extract from the.

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Properly executed, a deed establishes legal ownership. It is of special interest to note that the title deed is described as being sealed, but that alongside it there also was an unsealed document. The Lamb who was slain, who already has procured salvation for all humans through the cross and resurrection, is worthy to open the seals, heralding the consummation.

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In the Bible, we encounter such a title deed in the career of Jeremiah, when God instructed the prophet to purchase a piece of property from his cousin Hanamel ben Shallum Jer. The sealed title, on the other hand, had to be preserved from any changes, which is why it was sealed in order to remain sacrosanct.

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