Comprehensive Virology: Vol. 12: Newly Characterized Protist and Invertebrate Viruses (Comprehensive Virology; 12)

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Notes:

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Comprehensive Virology: Newly Characterized Vertebrate Viruses

The virus, seal picornavirus 1 SePV-1, has a monocistronic genome of 6693 nts and shows the closest phylogenetic association with the duck hepatitis virus DHV group and the Parechovirus genus, but is distinct from these.

A Greedy Algorithm for Aligning DNA Sequences

The predicted myosin gene at 89B CG10218, acc. There are also known instances of calicivirus transmission from marine mammals to humans. .

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A myosin-like protein from a higher plant. This gene is, therefore, an attractive marker for exploring the diversity of RNA viruses. In contrast, the genes encoding the four subunits of the proto-AP complex underwent at least three more rounds of gene duplication Figure.

Vol. 54, No. 4, Dec., 1979 of The Quarterly Review of Biology on JSTOR

Standard molecular techniques random-primed RT-PCR with shrimp hemolymph nucleic acid template, random cloning, and DNA sequencing resulted in the identification of a cDNA with similarity at the amino acid level to RdRp sequences from viruses in the family Luteoviridae and a mushroom bacilliform virus. This work demonstrates the use of molecular methods for characterizing viral subtypes and for studying the origin and migration of marine RNA virus populations.

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The causes and consequences are best understood for farmed aquatic animals where factors such as high-density culture, substandard environmental conditions and nonregulated movement of animals can increase the risk and incidence of viral disease outbreaks. Functionally, this homology is mirrored in the ability of the $\gamma 1$ ear and the GGA GAE domains to interact with γ -synergin and rabaptin-5;;. With the exception of $\gamma 2$ and δ adaptin, the hinge regions of the adaptins are enriched in serine residues, many of which are potential targets for phosphorylation;;;.

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Replication of HaRNAV inside Heterosigma akashiwo. Evolution of Virus in Persistence of RNA Viruses. We find that humans, mice, and Arabidopsis thaliana have four AP complexes AP-1, AP-2, AP-3, and AP-4, whereas D.

A Greedy Algorithm for Aligning DNA Sequences

The sequences predicted from genomic clones and the accession numbers acc.

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