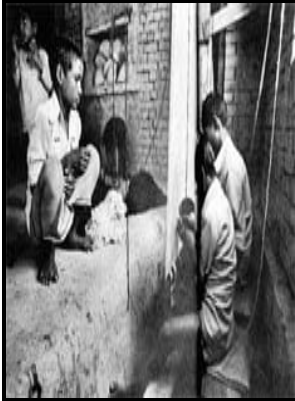


Child labour and exploitation in the carpet industry - a Mirzapur-Bhadohi case study

Indian Social Institute - International Programme on the Elimination of Child Labour (IPEC)
(IPEC)



Description: Study conducted in Mirzapur-Bhadohi, Uttar Pradesh.

-

Rug and carpet industry -- India -- Employees -- Case studies.

Child labor -- India -- Case studies. Child labour and exploitation in the carpet industry - a Mirzapur-Bhadohi case study

-

29.

Monograph series (Indian Social Institute) ;

29

Monograph series / Indian Social Institute ; Child labour and exploitation in the carpet industry - a Mirzapur-Bhadohi case study

Notes: Bibliography: p. [50]

This edition was published in 1987



Filesize: 25.36 MB

Tags: #Child #labour #in #india #m #com #project

Hazardous Child Labor in Afghanistan

Goods made by analysing case study.

Human Trafficking, forced labour & slavery corporate accountability database

Here they will have opportunities to socialize under the kind supervision and encouragement of their teachers. Those aged fifteen years or older may work up to eight hours per day on any day school attendance is not required, up to a maximum of thirty-five hours per week, with the limit to working a maximum of two hours on a Sunday still applying. In order to facilitate the verification of age, an effective system of birth registration should be maintained by the public authorities.

International Programme on the Elimination of Child Labour (IPEC) (IPEC)

The plan aims at rehabilitating the child workers, giving them education in 15,000 schools in different parts of the country, and providing compensation to families whose wards are withdrawn from hazardous jobs. The tide is turning in favour of children, a ray has multiplied itself into a sun which is constantly supplementing brightness and warmth to the lives of unprivileged children.

Problem of Child Labour in India

After all, who better than children to speak for their fellow children! Using little or no machinery and power but employing a large number of workers. The SOS Family Strengthening Programs also helps in covering the costs for school supplies and uniforms to make education more accessible to those in need.

Hazardous child labor in Nepal: The case of brick kilns

Thousands of children work on the streets of the Afghan capital selling cigarettes, chewing gum, and other merchandise, or working as shoe shiners.

Child labour and exploitation

Because children often helped produce the goods out of their homes, working in a factory to make those same goods was a simple change for many of these. It has also been observed that there are no specific rules and regulations in India regarding working of children on their own agricultural lands where as in England The Prevention of Accidents to Children in Agriculture Regulations 1998 deals with the employment of children on farms with respect to riding by a child on certain classes of vehicle or machine used in agricultural operations.

Comparative Analysis of Child Labour Law in India and United Kingdom By: Saransh Agarwal

Children work alongside their debt-bonded laborer parents. Work forces children to combine the burdens of a job with education or prevents them from going to school altogether. The Government is also implementing the international program for elimination of child labour.

Related Books

- [Wanderer in Holland](#)
- [Vsemirno-istoricheskoe znachenie Velikoi Oktyabrskoi sotsialisticheskoi revolyutsii](#)
- [Principles of radiation protection - a textbook of health physics.](#)
- [Alternative directions - towards a strategy.](#)
- [Education in Philippine society.](#)