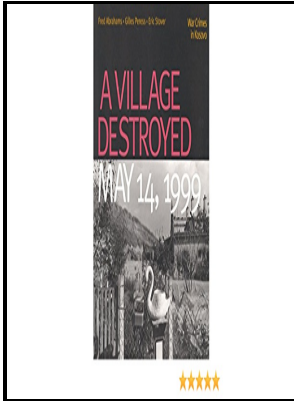


Village destroyed, May 14, 1999 - war crimes in Kosovo

University of California Press - FRONTLINE/WORLD . Bosnia

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Notes: Includes bibliographical references.

This edition was published in 2001



Filesize: 21.14 MB

Tags: #Ćuška #massacre

War crimes in the Kosovo War — Wikipedia Republished // WIKI 2

Once NATO began its bombing campaign over Yugoslavia, foreign journalists and a handful of human-rights investigators — unable to get inside Kosovo to report on the situation — circulated through the throngs of refugees at border crossings, attempting to gather accounts of what had happened in their villages. Archives belonging to the with records spanning 500 years were also destroyed. KLA war crimes Monument to Serbian victims in Kidnappings and summary executions In some villages under Albanian control in 1998, militants drove ethnic-Serbs from their homes.

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Destruction of Serbian heritage Main article: In total, 155 and monasteries were destroyed between 11 June 1999 and 19 March 2004, after the end of the Kosovo War and including the. Expelled Kosovo Albanians claimed that they were systematically stripped of identity and property documents including passports, land titles, automobile license plates, identity cards and other documents. According to the International Committee of the Red Cross and the , 97 were kidnapped in 1998.

12.04.2002

The destruction of Kosovo's non-Serb architectural heritage was a planned and methodical element of ethnic cleansing. Shortly after satellite photographs of the Srebrenica graves appeared in the press, Bosnian Serb officials claimed the men who had fled the town had died in combat and were hardly the innocent civilians that their families said they were. On 22 July 1998, the KLA briefly took control of the Belačevac mine near the town of Obilić.

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Thus, according to one source, it was estimated that between 1,200 and 1,500 bodies were burned in the Trepča Mines. In the early 1990s, Stover conducted the first research on the social and medical consequences of land mines in Cambodia and other post-war countries. Cooper; Claudia María Vargas 2008.

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