Rethinking the red scare - the Lusk Committee and New Yorks crusade against radicalism, 1919-1923

Routledge - the Red Scare: The Lusk Committee and New York State's by Todd J. Pfannestiel

Description: -

-

Success

Psychological aspects

Case studies

Character

Self-Help / General

Personal Growth - Success

Careers - General

Self-Help

Motivational

Psychology

Self-Help & Practical Interests

Popular psychology

Business

Business & Economics / Economics / General

Sociology - Social Theory

Economics - Theory

Industries

Business/Economics

Business & Economics

Business / Economics / Finance

Free Enterprise

Social theory

Economic theory & philosophy

Babylonia.

New Bern (N.C.) -- Description.

Historic buildings -- North Carolina -- New Bern.

Youth -- Georgia.

Miniature liquor bottles -- Catalogs.

Spaid, David M. -- Art collections -- Catalogs.

Triffon, James A. -- Art collections -- Catalogs.

United States

Presidents

Politics and government

Bush, George W

2001-

1946-

(George Walker),

Humor / Political

Topic - Political

Humor

Satire And Humor

Political Science (General)

Political leaders & leadership

Humour

Art

Rickey, George

Individual Artist

Exhibitions

Cartagena (Colombia) -- Description and travel -- Poetry.

Theology, Doctrinal

Catholic Church -- Doctrines

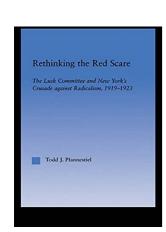
Tags: #Rethinking #the #red #scare # (2003 #edition)

Rethinking the Red Scare: The Lusk Committee and New York's Crusade against Radicalism, 1919

Created by an anonymous user Imported from Tired of years of reform, war, and government witch hunts, the public turned a deaf ear to Palmer's warnings and embarked upon the carefree Jazz Age of the 1920s. Mitchell Palmer's infamous national raids in January, 1920.

Rethinking the Red Scare: The Lusk Committee and New York's Crusade against Radicalism, 1919

When Governor Alfred Smith signed the repeal measures, the Red Scare truly came to a close. Pfannestiel has produced the first full-length scholarly work on the Joint Legislative Committee of the State of New York Investigating Seditious Activities, better known as the Lusk Committee for state senator Clayton R.



Engraving.

Albani, Francesco, 1578-1660.

Poussin, Nicolas, 1594?-1665.

Domenichino, 1581-1641.

Raphael, 1483-1520.

Fairy tales.

Childrens stories, German -- Translations into English.

Fairy tales -- Germany.

Governmental investigations -- New York (State) -- History -- 20th loyalty oaths for public school teachers and century.

expanding the state's ability to.

Communism -- New York (State) -- History -- 20th century. Radicalism -- New York (State) -- History -- 20th century. New York (State). Legislature. Joint Legislative Committee to Investigate Seditious Activities. Rethinking the red scare - the Lusk Committee and New Yorks crusade against radicalism, 1919-1923

American popular history and culture (Routledge (Firm))
Studies in American popular history and cultureRethinking the red scare - the Lusk Committee and New Yorks crusade against radicalism, 1919-1923

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the Red Scare: The Lusk Committee and New York State's by Todd J. Pfannestiel

Pfannestiel }} Edited by import existing book Edited by Added IA ID. Less famously, the committee secured the passage of state laws in 1921 requiring loyalty oaths for public school teachers and expanding the state's ability to.

Rethinking the Red Scare: The Lusk Committee and New York's Crusade against Radicalism, 1919

However, subsequent episodes of political repression standardized the new tactics and focus introduced by the Lusk Committee, indicating the importance of their endeavors.

Rethinking the Red Scare: The Lusk Committee and New York's Crusade Against Radicalism, 1919

The Lusk Committee in New York State continued to investigate and antagonize

radicals until 1923, and in the process introduced new tactics and targets that established precedents for future waves of political repression in America.

Rethinking the red scare: the Lusk Committee and New York's crusade against radicalism, 1919

Following moderately successful raids upon the Soviet Bureau, the Rand School of Social Science, and communist and socialist meeting rooms and publishing facilities, the Lusk Committee adopted new tactics to combat the radical threat, specifically courtroom proceedings and subsequently legislation. The committee also shifted its focus entirely to education, urging and attaining the passage of laws requiring loyalty oaths from public school teachers and state licensing for private schools.

Rethinking the Red Scare: The Lusk Committee and New York's Crusade against Radicalism, 1919

At the Soviet Bureau, the Bolsheviks' rump diplomatic mission, and at the socialist, decidedly non-Bolshevik Rand School of Social Science, the committee collected names, confiscated a wide range of materials, and detained, interrogated, and later subpoenaed officials.

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- <u>Historia Polski, 1796-1996</u>