Family planning in Kenya and the problem of drop outs

Institute for Development Studies, University of Nairobi - Dandelion Africa

Description: -

Medicare -- economics.

Costs and Cost Analysis -- methods.

Skilled Nursing Facilities -- economics -- United States.

Medicare.

Nursing homes -- United States -- Finance.

ISO 9000 Series Standards.

Chemical industry -- Quality control -- Standards.

Wales -- Description and travel.

Women

Social life and customs

19th century

History

Bibliography

United States

Reference

Social Situations And Conditions

Sociology Of Women

Womens studies

Social issues

Mural painting and decoration, European -- 20th century.

Mural painting and decoration, American -- 20th century.

Birth control -- Kenya. Family planning in Kenya and the problem of drop outs

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Barriers to male involvement in contraceptive uptake and reproductive health services: a qualitative study of men and women's perceptions in two rural districts in Uganda

Multiple tens of thousands get pregnant every year do get pregnant because they and many young men do not fully understand human biology and the consequences of human physical

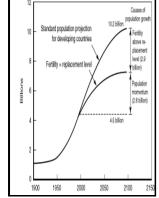
interaction. In such settings, family planning programming should engage with the wider community through mass and peer campaign strategies.

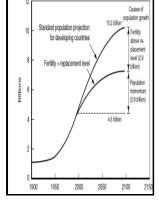
Barriers to male involvement in contraceptive uptake and reproductive health services: a qualitative study of men and women's perceptions in two rural districts in Uganda

According to Government data, approximately 40% of fertile women do not use family planning. Integrating men in reproductive health issues will lead to greater uptake of contraceptives and also break the power dynamics and gender norms that discourage contraceptive uptake.

Determinants of modern contraceptive use among sexually active men in Kenya

Dandelion Africa is run by local people within their communities who understand the needs and how best to address them, how to communicate effectively to be a catalyst for positive change in these marginalised areas of rural Kenya. In total five models were fitted as informed by our conceptual framework, Model I assessed the determinants of contraceptive use in relation to socio-demographic factors, Model II controlled for the effects of socio-economic factors, Model III controlled for interaction with the health care system. Contraception was also associated with promiscuity and straying.





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On the one hand, such requests reveal the unmet need of male fertility regulation methods, at least among men who are not opposed to family planning. Margaret, Mehta Manisha, Pulerwitz Julie, Wulf Deirdre, Bankole Akinrinola, Singh Susheela. Similar efforts targeting segments of the population where contraceptive uptake is low are recommended.

Related Books

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