

Origins of the Eisenhower Doctrine - the US, Britain, and Nasser's Egypt, 1953-57

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Administrația Eisenhower a considerat, de asemenea, că Orientul Mijlociu este un punct critic pentru viitoarea politică externă nu numai în privința Statelor Unite, ci și a aliaților săi. However, to a Middle Eastern pan-Arab nationalist like Nasser, aggression and expansion had always come from the West, particularly from Great Britain and Israel. Nonetheless, the fighting ended quickly; by the end of the year, British and French troops had withdrawn.

The Origins of the Eisenhower Doctrine: The US, Britain and Nasser's Egypt, 1953

In a richly comprehensive account, Dr. As has happened so often in the history of American foreign policy, the person on the scene, most knowledgeable of local conditions, is simply ignored when he tells his superiors in far-away Washington something they do not want to hear. The United States' Cold War Priorities and the Middle East, 1945-53 American Diplomacy and the Anglo-Egyptian Treaty The Baghdad Pact and the Alpha Plan From Cooperation to Confrontation Operation Omega and the Policy of Antagonism The Suez Crisis The Eisenhower Doctrine Library of Congress subject headings for this publication: United States Foreign relations Egypt, Egypt Foreign relations United States, United States Foreign relations 1953-1961, United States Foreign relations Great Britain, Great Britain Foreign relations United States, Eisenhower, Dwight D, Dwight David , 1890-1969, Nasser, Gamal Abdel, 1918-1970.

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The Eisenhower Doctrine did not represent a radical change in U. Ανακτήθηκε στις 5 Νοεμβρίου 2020. Failures of the Alpha plan aimed at achieving a peaceful agreement between Egypt and Israel, and the Omega plan aimed at putting Nasser on a leash, are both discussed in detail.

Eisenhower Doctrine

On January 5, 1957, then, Eisenhower proclaimed, with the approval of Congress, that he would use the armed forces to protect the independence of any Middle Eastern country seeking American help.

The Origins of the Eisenhower Doctrine : Na Na : 9780312230852

The only policy judgment the Americans got right was their conclusion that blatant aggression, as in the case of the 1956 Suez invasion, would only strengthen Nasser's pan-Arabist policies throughout the Middle East, while discrediting any leader or government allied with the West. The doctrine was intended to check increased Soviet influence in the , which had resulted from the supply of arms to Egypt by communist countries as well as from strong communist support of Arab states against the Israeli, French, and British attack on Egypt in October 1956 that was at the centre of the so-called.

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Takeyh employs new documentary evidence to reevaluate US policy toward the revolutionary Egyptian regime; the dynamics of the Anglo-American relations; the evolving nature of the Arab-Israeli conflict; and the Suez crisis and the Eisenhower Doctrine. It was lost, not as a result of physical defeat, but as a result of the action of human ideas.

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