

# Soviet strategic initiatives - challenge and response

**Praeger - Possible Soviet response to the Strategic Defense Initiative: a functionally organized taxonomy. Interim report (Technical Report)**

Building Competitive Advantage at Komatsu			
Corporate Challenge	Protect Komatsu's Home Market Against Caterpillar	Reduce Costs While Maintaining Quality	
Programs	<b>early 1980s</b> Licensing deals with Caterpillar Engine, International Harvester, and Bucyrus Erie to acquire technology and establish benchmarks	<b>1985</b> Cost Down (CD) program	
	<b>1981</b> Project A: Use America's advanced technology to enhance the product quality of Komatsu's small and medium-sized trucks above Caterpillar's	<b>1986</b> Total CD program	
	<b>1982</b> Quality circle concept with in-plant training for all employees		
	<b>Make Komatsu an International Enterprise and Build Export Markets</b>	<b>Respond to External Shocks That Threaten Markets</b>	<b>Create New Products and Markets</b>
early 1980s	<b>Develop Eastern bloc countries</b>	<b>1975</b> Five programs to reduce costs by not while maintaining quality, reduce parts by size, rationalize manufacturing techniques	<b>late 1970s</b> Accelerate product development to expand line
	<b>1987</b> Komatsu Europe subsidiary established	<b>1979</b> Future and innovation program to identify new business ideas on society's needs and company's know-how	<b>1979</b> Future and innovation program to identify new business ideas on society's needs and company's know-how
	<b>1979</b> Komatsu America established	<b>1977</b> While programs to budget comprehensive for 10 years in the field for when exchange rate was low	<b>1981</b> EPCCO program to increase greater product variety with improved production efficiency
	<b>1972</b> Project B to improve the durability and reliability and to reduce costs of large bulldozers	<b>1979</b> Project E to establish means to stabilize cost and quality efforts to improve to all costs	
1982	<b>Project D to improve hydraulic excavators</b>		
	<b>1974</b> Establish policies and services departments to promote technology, encourage in-plant innovation		

Description: -

- Soviet Union -- Armed Forces

Soviet Union -- Military policy

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**Strategic Defence Initiative or Strategic Defence Response? An Attempt to Interpret the Emergence of the SDI Programme in Terms of Theorems of Armaments Dynamics**

By 1987, however, Gorbachev agreed that missile reductions and SDI could be negotiated separately. .

**Strategic Defense Initiative (SDI), 1983**

There's no statesmanship in science fiction. The final stage in the planning process occurred when the SAC from 1961 to 1992 or the USSTRATCOM from 1992 to 2003 took the guidance from the JSCP and created the actual nuclear war plan that becomes the SIOP.

**The Soviet Side of the 1983 War Scare**

We have to reckon with the ever-growing scope and dangerous nature of the strategic offensive forces exercises conducted by the American command, as well as of exercises conducted in a NATO framework.

**The Soviet Union and the Strategic Defense Initiative: Preliminary Findings and Impressions**

The role of the organization, however, remained largely unclear. The SIOP was a highly document, and was one of the most secret and sensitive issues in U. This and thirty other interviews with Eastern and Western sources conducted by Downing are available for researchers at the National Security Archive.

**The Soviet Union and the Strategic Defense Initiative: Preliminary Findings and Impressions**

The British emphasis on retaining an independent capability, however, continued over several decades and changes in government.

**Did Star Wars Help End the Cold War? Soviet Response to the SDI Program**

At the same time as the early nuclear arms control work, the , General , USAF, sent a memorandum in August 1959, to the , , which suggested that the Strategic Air Command be formally assigned responsibility to prepare the national nuclear target list, and a single plan for nuclear operations.

### **The Soviet Side of the 1983 War Scare**

Many early American war plans were based on using hundreds of nonexistent weapons; for example, an autumn 1945 plan envisioned using 196 atomic bombs on Soviet industrial targets, but SAC could not deliver such quantities until 1952. This document examines the legacy of strategic defenses the next president will inherit from the Reagan administration. Privately, Reagan was quite adamant that the goal of U.

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