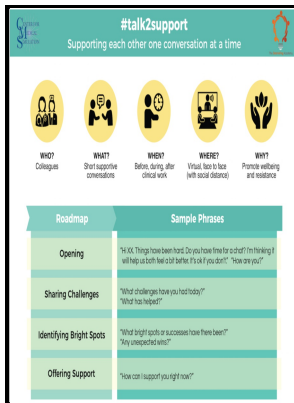


District health care - challenges for planning, organisation, and evaluation in developing countries

Macmillan Press - Public social policy development and implementation: a case study of the Ghana National Health Insurance scheme



Description: -

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Rural health services -- Developing countries -- Planning
Health planning -- Developing countries
Health Planning.
Developing Countries.
Community health services -- Developing countries -- Administration
Community Health Services -- organization & administration.
District health care - challenges for planning, organisation, and evaluation in developing countries
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Tags: #Prepared #to #react? #Assessing #the #functional #capacity #of #the #primary #health #care #system #in #rural #Orissa, #India #to #respond #to #the #devastating #flood #of #September #2008

Integration of Health Services: Theory and Practices : Harvard College Global Health Review

Problems of transportation and communication over great distances, shortages of staff and other resources, and inadequacies in staff preparation and motivation often lead to malfunctions in the system. In view of their increasing powerlessness, rather than act as a rubber stamp and endorse proposals they felt could cause implementation problems, original members of the task force resigned or quietly dropped off.

9780333573495: District Health Care: Challenges for Planning, Organisation and Evaluation in Developing Countries

Urges donors, recipient countries, WHO, and other entities involved in health system development to implement the following eight core elements of primary health care outlined in the Alma Ata declaration: 1 education concerning prevailing health problems and the methods of preventing and controlling them; 2 promotion of food supply and proper nutrition; 3 an adequate supply of safe water and basic sanitation; 4 maternal and child health care, including family planning; 5 immunization against the major infectious diseases; 6 prevention and control of locally endemic diseases; 7 appropriate treatment of common diseases and injuries; and 8 provision of essential drugs, 1 and Urges the International Monetary Fund to alter its current fiscal and monetary policies that have prevented developing country governments from adequately expanding health system capacity and national health workforces, and to officially change its policy positions on the restrictiveness of these policies in future loan programs to allow countries the freedom to adopt options that allow for increased public spending and health budgets in particular and to widely publicize such policy changes to finance ministries and IMF staff. The minority in parliament the NDC also raised concerns. Hongoro C, McPake B: How to bridge the gap in human resources for health.

Public health

Kawonga M, Blaauw D, Fonn S: Aligning vertical interventions to health systems: a case study of the HIV monitoring and evaluation system in South Africa. Lessons learnt from the assessment included: the importance of clarifying roles for newly established cadres, aligning resources and equipment to expectations, importance of stakeholder collaboration in implementation of sustainable programs, and ensuring retention of new

cadres.

Public social policy development and implementation: a case study of the Ghana National Health Insurance scheme

Most of its estimated 21 million population are employed in the non-formal sector, and about half the population is under 15 years.

Potential of integrated continuous surveys and quality management to support monitoring, evaluation, and the scale

In retrospect, there have been a series of problems with the interpretation and implementation of primary health care.

Strengthening Health Systems in Developing Countries

For the ruling government, the high stakes were related in part to the need to demonstrate effective performance on a major and popular election promise within the 4 years before another election was due. If their roles were clear to us, we would have come up with a way so that it works easier for everybody since we would be having an understanding.

Strengthening monitoring and evaluation (M&E) and building sustainable health information systems in resource limited countries: lessons learned from an M&E task

Political neutrality rather than partisanship does not necessarily mean political opposition. A programme in Nepal, the Nutrition Education Intervention Programme which was evaluated some years ago, did involve some curative intervention.

Integration of Health Services: Theory and Practices : Harvard College Global Health Review

Technical and bureaucratic actors in traditions like that of Ghana are trained to maintain scientific integrity, political neutrality and independence in decision making. At that time the NPP was the minority in parliament, and organized mass street protests against the introduction of VAT and the proposed rate as an excessive tax burden.

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