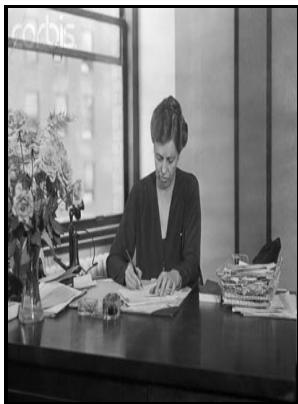


Theodore Roosevelt and the Japanese-American crises - an account of the international complications arising from the race problem on the Pacific coast

Stanford University Press - Vol. 4, No. 1, Mar., 1935 of Pacific Historical Review on
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Description: -



English literature.

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Roosevelt, Theodore, 1858-1919. Theodore Roosevelt and the

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- Theodore Roosevelt and the Japanese-American crises - an account
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Notes: Bibliography: p. 332-337.

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United States Naval History: Diplomacy and Foreign Relations :: The Patriot Files :: Dedicated to the preservation of military history

Whether or not according to the old adage Congress disposes what a particular president proposes depends on the political skill and persuasion each participant brings to the process. I feel 448 Presidential Addresses that we should be peculiarly watchful over them, because of our own history, because we or our fathers came here under like conditions.

Rumors of War: Immigration Disputes and the Social Construction of American

The United States Navy in the Pacific, 1897-1909. Their revolutions had a deplorable tendency to self-destruct.

United States Naval History: Emergence of a Modern Navy, 1866

I am not asking for conformity. Manuel Cabranes retired from the New York City government in 1965 and returned with his wife to Puerto Rico, where he taught sociology at the College of the Sacred Heart, in Santurce, and was a regular contributor of articles on various subjects to Spanish-language newspapers and journals.

CITIZENSHIP AND THE AMERICAN EMPIRE

Order under civil institutions will come as soon as those who now break the peace shall keep it. In every instance how the after events of history have falsified the predictions of the men of little faith! Writing in the 1930s, Julius Pratt offered several seminal interpretations. .

[Full text of works of Theodore](#)

To this end it is well to keep alive the memory of those men who are fit to serve as examples of what is loftiest and best in American citizenship.

Rumors of War: Immigration Disputes and the Social Construction of American

Great Britain and the Confederate Navy, 1861-1865. Most importantly, argue the revisionists, the United States promoted and protected American economic interests by working to exclude European influence and to suppress political and social disorder in Latin America and to enforce the open door policy of equal access for trade and investment in China. But that is exactly what agriculture does not and must not mean.

American Foreign Relations Reconsidered, 1890

We shall restore, not destroy. The preservation of our forests depends 428 Presidential Addresses chiefly upon the wisdom with which the practical lumberman, the practical expert in dealing with the lumber industry, works with the men who have studied forestry under all conditions.

The Winning of the West, Volume 4 Louisiana and the Northwest, 1791

Prologue to War: England and the United States, 1805-1812. The wage-worker is well off only when the rest of the country is well off; and he can best contribute to this general well-being by showing sanity and a firm purpose to do justice to others. In these regions, in the Rocky Mountain regions, it is especially incumbent upon us to treat the question of the natural pasture, the question of the forests, and the question of the use of the waters, all from the one standpoint — the standpoint of the far-seeing statesman, of the far-seeing citizen, who wishes to preserve and not to exhaust the resources of the country, who wishes to see those resources come into the hands not of a few men of great wealth, least of all into the hands of a few men who will speculate in them ; but be distributed among many men, each of whom intends to make his home in the land.

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