

Planetology. by P.M. Millman and M.R. Dence

International Geological Congress - Millman, Peter M.



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- Christian Aid.

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Notes: 11

This edition was published in -



Filesize: 47.107 MB

Tags: #Rock #Deformation #in #the #Rim #of #the #New #Quebec #Crater, #Canada

Lonar Lake: palaeomagnetic evidence of shock origin

International Union for Quaternary Research, XV International Congress, August 3—11, 1999, International Congress Centre, Durban, South-Africa. In The Cretaceous-Tertiary event and other catastrophes in earth history Boulder Colorado, Geological Society of America Special Paper 307, p. Geology of the Apollo 14 landing site in the Fra Mauro Highlands.

Lingua Terrae Books Planetary Geology/Meteorites

Although an origin by meteorite impact was postulated for the crater 15 years ago 1 by comparison of the topographic form with that of known impact craters, detailed geological studies during 1962 have failed to discover meteorite fragments, highly shocked or shattered rocks.

Lonar Lake: palaeomagnetic evidence of shock origin

The solar results from Skylab.

Lonar Lake: palaeomagnetic evidence of shock origin

Dence International Geological Congress 1972 edited by Peter M.

Where do the meteorites come from? A re

Green - Statistical geomorphology of the lunar surface.

The terrestrial cratering record: II. The crater production rate

Summary Palaeomagnetic and rock magnetic investigations were carried out on oriented rock samples collected from the inner walls of Lonar Lake, which is believed to be a meteorite crater.

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