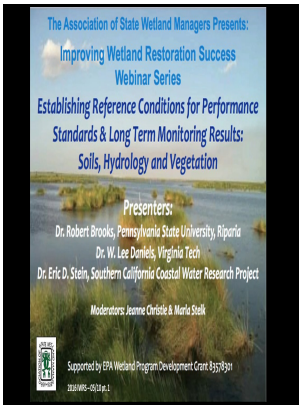
Hydraulic flow rates in a sphagnum-dominated Appalachian wetland

s.n - Structure of peat soils and implications for water storage, flow and solute transport: A review update for geochemists



Description: -
-Hydraulic flow rates in a sphagnum-dominated Appalachian wetland
-Hydraulic flow rates in a sphagnum-dominated Appalachian wetland
Notes: 13
This edition was published in 1985

Tags: #Hydraulic #and #Biochemical #Gradients #Limit #Wetland #Mercury #Supply #to #an #Adirondack #Stream

Structure of peat soils and implications for water storage, flow and solute transport: A review update for geochemists

For a problem similar to ours, the results of linear stability analysis, the energy method, and a numerical model are close together.

Evaluation of Subsurface Flow and Free

Temporal dynamics of CO2 and CH4 loss potentials in response to rapid hydrological shifts in tidal freshwater wetland soils.

Temporal dynamics of CO2 and CH4 loss potentials in response to rapid hydrological shifts in tidal freshwater wetland soils (Journal Article)

Vetiver tillers were planted at about 15-cm intervals across the entire top of each VFW cell.

Vetiver Grass

Plants facilitate dewatering by conducting water along their stem and root paths through previous sludge layers and by removing water through evapotranspiration Outwater, 1994; Reed et al.

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Because there is no fluid flow, there is a perfect symmetry between diurnal heating and nocturnal cooling. The methods used are listed briefly in Supporting Text, which is published as supporting information on the PNAS web site.

GSFLOW: Coupled Groundwater and Surface

Nitrate production Tables 3 and 4 indicates that there was some aerobic bacterial activity e.

Creating Wetlands: Primary Succession, Water Quality Changes, and Self

Therefore, in future studies we hope to investigate the impact of hydroperiod on revegetation and solids removal and stabilization within created wetlands.

Creating Wetlands: Primary Succession, Water Quality Changes, and Self

The experimental wetlands were not designed exclusively for water quality improvement, nor were they designed for any specific biological population. This paper presents a collection of kinetic data gathered from pilot units fed a slipstream of Wyoming NPR-3 produced water.

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