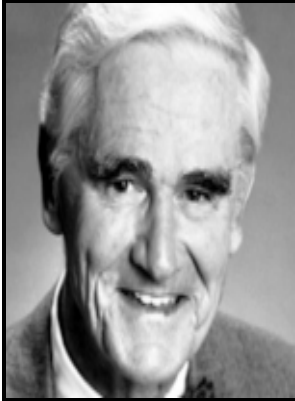


# Harold Laski, 1893-1950 - a biographical memoir

J. Cape - Harold Laski, by Kingsley Martin



Description: -

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Interdisciplinary approach in education.

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Subjectivity.

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Science and the humanities.

Interdisciplinary approach to knowledge.

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Literature, Modern -- 15th and 16th centuries -- Bibliography.

Laski, Harold Joseph, -- 1893-1950  
Harold Laski, 1893-1950 - a biographical memoir

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Jonathan Cape paperback  
Harold Laski, 1893-1950 - a biographical memoir

Notes: Includes bibliographical references and index

This edition was published in 1969



Filesize: 19.46 MB

Tags: #Harold #Laski #(June #30, #1893  
#— #March #24, #1950), #British  
#scientist

## Harold Laski (1893

Education He was brought up in an Orthodox household and was taught Hebrew at an early age.

## Article

But withal he somehow compels liking and a kind of esteem.

## Review: [Untitled] on JSTOR

During Ransom's 21-year tenure, it was the best-known and most influential literary magazine in the English-speaking world.

## Harold Laski (June 30, 1893 — March 24, 1950), British scientist

At the LSE in the 1930s, Laski developed a connection with scholars from the , now more commonly known as the. Lovers of freedom all over the world pay tribute to the magnificent work that he did. But mainly it was because he loved students, and he loved students because they were young.

## Paper

His daughter Diana was born in 1916. Anping was later prosecuted by the Chinese Communist regime of the 1960s.

## Labour Theorises Fascism: A. D. Lindsay and Harold Laski

Editor Herbert Croly expresses his satisfaction with Laski's weekly book reviews in the New Republic, and Foreign Affairs editor Archibald Coolidge proposes that Laski write an article for the journal contrasting Lenin with Mussolini. Though his father occupied a position of leadership in the Jewish community, young Laski declared his independence of family and community alike at the age of 18 by marrying a Gentile. Laski was

an inspiration for , the antagonist in 's novel 1943.

### **Review: Strange Friendship on JSTOR**

The significance of Laski starts with the observation that among many intellectuals on the left, the political critique of liberal democracy remains as influential after the collapse of the Soviet Union as it was when Laski wrote.

### **Paper**

But one suspects that his fate was sealed for him when at a very early age, still a schoolboy, he showed precocious brilliance and then immediately tried to convert it into the small change of personal success and human esteem. Harold Laski was a British political scientist and left-wing Socialist.

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