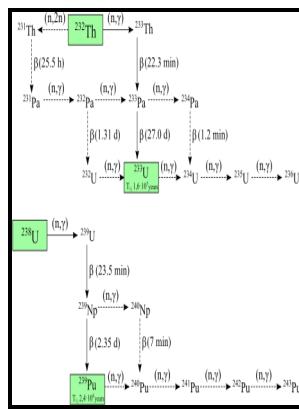


World inventory of plutonium and highly enriched uranium, 1992

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 Highly enriched uranium
 Plutonium World inventory of plutonium and highly enriched uranium, 1992
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The technical method included centralized isolation and containment of spent nuclear fuel in a deep geologic repository in a suitable rock formation, such as the granite or sedimentary rocks. On September 3, 2017, North Korea claimed to have successfully tested a thermonuclear bomb, also known as a hydrogen bomb. By the time most of these production efforts ended in the early 1990s, the global stockpile of military fissile material had reached fantastic levels.

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This reduction implies the redundancy of a large amount of high enriched uranium HEU and weapons-grade plutonium for which no provision was made in the disarmament treaties. By the time most of these production efforts ended in the early 1990s, the global stockpile of military fissile material had reached fantastic levels. Rather than considering them as separate issues, the authors—physicists and experts on nuclear security—argue that all three of these goals can be understood and realized together if we focus on the production, stockpiling, and disposal of plutonium and highly enriched uranium—the fissile materials that are the key ingredients used to make nuclear weapons.

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