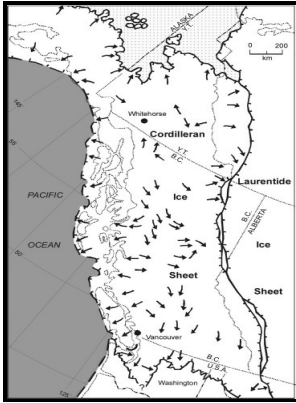


Post-Vashon Wisconsin Glaciation, Fraser Lowland, British Columbia.

s.n - Deglaciation of the Puget Lowland, Washington



Description: -

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- Geological Survey of Canada Bulletin -- 322 Post-Vashon Wisconsin Glaciation, Fraser Lowland, British Columbia.

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The Fraser Lowland: A Polygenetic Paraglacial Landsystem

The Puget Lobe remained at its maximum extent in the vicinity of present-day Tenino from around 16,950 BP to around 16,850 BP, a total of about 100 years. Resulting uncertainties in calibrated ages are large, on the order of ± 1000 yr 95.

Late glacial ice margin fluctuations (~12.5

LiDAR topography shows glacial Lake Bretz to have drained into Discovery Bay via the Chimacum Valley south of Port Townsend, not Leland Creek as suggested by .

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Pleistocene Glaciation of British Columbia

The front rested on the flanks of Mount Rainier, turning northward, joined by numerous small glaciers in the valleys of the eastern front of the. References Cite this chapter as: Kovanen D.

Deglaciation of the Puget Lowland, Washington

. Abbreviations: B—Bellingham; BL—Black Lake; C—Coupeville; CL— Lake Carpenter; CR—Chehalis River; D—Deming; Da—Dabob Bay; DB—Discovery Bay; DK—Deep Kettle bog; DP—Deception Pass; DR—Dungeness River; E—Esquimalt; GH—Grays Harbor; LC—Leland Creek; LCr—Lake Crescent; LP—Lyman Pass; LW—Lake Washington; O—Olympia; PP—Point Partridge; PT—Port Townsend; RJ—River Jordan; S—Seattle; SB—Sequim Bay; SI—Saanich Inlet; SP—Sammamish Plateau; SW—Sedro Woolley; T—Tenino; TP—Tenalquot Prairie;

Vi—Victoria.

Late Pleistocene glacimarine record in Saanich Inlet, British Columbia, Canada

Maximum-extent ages for the Juan de Fuca and Puget lobes of 16,000—15,000 cal. Extension of the Juan de Fuca lobe onto the continental shelf was described by.

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