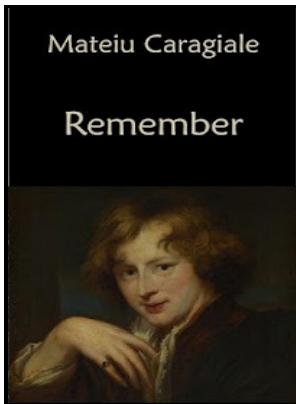


# Mateiu I. Caragiale - receptarea operei

## Editura Bibliotheca - Opere



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## Mateiu I. Caragiale. Opere

. Pajere was published in spring 1936, having been edited by Marica Caragiale-Sion and. It is also probable that Maria Constantinescu was at the time a tobacco industry worker I.

## O lectură completă a lui Mateiu I. Caragiale

These skills, as well as his tastes and talents as a causeur, consolidated his reputation as an erudite in spite of his lack of formal studies. Caragiale, e o referință indispensabilă studierii operei scriitorului I.

## Mateiu i. caragiale: receptarea operei de Barbu Cioculescu

It was sparked during his college years, when he would fill his notebooks with sketches of, and as attested by various drawings he produced throughout his life. Adaug câteva studii apărute ulterior sau neincluse din alte motive , cu gândul de a purcede și la vânarea de articole cu ajutor, de vă înduplați. His passage through coincided with major floods, an event recorded with interest in his private notes.

## Caragiale, Mateiu I. 1885

## Mateiu Caragiale

Esti bine-venit cu alte descoperiri. As Caragiale later recounted, he led talks with a delegation from the involving the initiative to build a bridge over the to link the two states. He was still active within the Germanophile circles, including those who opted for , and was held in high regard by the occupying forces: his brother was employed by the new administrative apparatus, but Mateiu's own promotion to the rank of was vetoed by puppet minister.

**Dragi mateini ,**

Mihăieș, who believes that Caragiale's only valuable writings are Pajere and his private correspondence, further suggests that Caragiale's various admirers, including exegetes such as Matei Călinescu, Vasile Lovinescu, and , are responsible for overvaluing their favorite author. In 1909, he was again enrolled at University, having decided to prepare for a graduation diploma, but again failed to complete his studies.

### **Dragi mateini,**

In addition, believed to have identified other traits shared by the narrator and author, as well as a covert reference to Marica Sion, while researcher Radu Cernătescu suggests further allusions to real-life eccentric noblemen, from to.

### **Opere**

Rosetti and poet both recorded being amused by aspects of Caragiale's clothing, such as his oversized boots and his using scissors to cut out the worn out extremities of his trouser legs. In contrast to his father Șerban, who was often a vocal critic of Mateiu Caragiale's literature and lifestyle choices, Barbu Cioculescu is likewise one of the writer's most noted promoters, and has occasionally been described as a mateist.

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