

Watershed management for potable water supply - assessing the New York City strategy

National Academy Press - Watershed Management for Potable Water Supply: Assessing the New York City Strategy by Committee to Review the New York City Watershed Management Strategy

Description: -

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Bulimia.

Washington, George, -- 1732-1799.

Jukeboxes -- History.

Europe -- Politics and government -- 20th century.

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Niger -- Population.

Mortality -- Niger.

Fertility, Human -- Niger.

Régions froides.

Époque glaciaire.

Géomorphologie glaciaire.

South Asia -- Biography.

Litterateurs -- South Asia -- Biography.

Politicians -- South Asia -- Biography.

Law (Theology)

Phosphorus -- Environmental aspects

Water-supply -- New York (State) -- New York

Drinking water -- New York (State) -- New York

Watershed management -- New York (State) -- New York

Water quality management -- New York (State) -- New

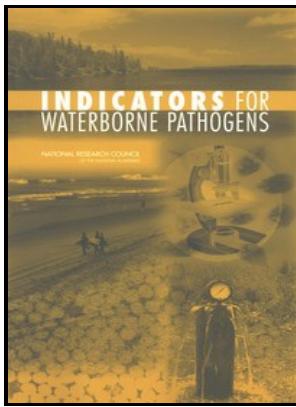
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Notes: Includes bibliographical references

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too insensitive to detect waterborne disease outbreaks on a real-time basis.

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It is possible that resulting economic development will affect water quality. However, this requirement may be waived by the U.

Watershed Management for Potable Water Supply: Assessing New York City's Approach

Currently, it is unclear what specific measures are being taken to reduce phosphorus loading to the Cannonsville Reservoir and several Croton reservoirs other than WWTP upgrades. The NRC chose 15 experts to serve on the committee for the purpose of studying scientific issues associated with the 1997 New York City Watershed Memorandum of Agreement MOA , a document that outlines strategies for maintaining high-quality drinking water for the nine million residents in New York City and neighboring Westchester County. This region, though sparsely populated, has supported a wide variety of enterprises, from agriculture to heavy industry.

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program led to the following suggestions for improvement.

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Kensico and West Branch reservoirs, which are physically located in the Croton watershed, are included in the report to the fullest extent possible. The Tolt watershed is 75 percent city-owned, with the rest being owned by the USDA Forest Service.

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In addition, poor water quality in drinking water reservoirs can pose a direct risk to the health of fish and other ecological receptors. These conditions include creating a watershed management program, meeting standards for turbidity and fecal and total coliforms, providing adequate disinfection, and avoiding any waterborne disease outbreak. WOOD, Princeton University, Princeton, New Jersey Staff STEPHEN D.

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