

Cardiac rehabilitation services in England and Wales - a national survey

Research Unit, Royal College of Physicians - Cardiac rehabilitation in England: a detailed national survey

Author/year	Country	Intervention Group (Gender (% male))	Intervention description	Control Group N (Gender (% male))	Follow-up period (months)	Inpatient or outpatient & setting	Individual or multidisciplinary approach	Multi- disciplinary team involved
Harrelson D 1982 in Ornish D 1984 [1]	USA	N=114, 85% male	Exercise stress management programme	N=112, 85% male	33 (12, 15, 89%)	Both	Both	Yes
Hawley D 1982 [2]	USA	N=111, 77% male	Exercise education	Abstain	As above	Under Healthcare system	Both	Yes
Study F 1984, Bograd M 1985 [3][4]	Canada	N=111, 53 years old, 70, 90.5%	Exercise education information	N=54, 43 years old, 53, 71.5%	12	Outpatient & Inpatient Healthcare system	Both	Under
Study F 1984, Bograd M 1985 [3][4]	Canada	N=27, 34.3 years old, 12, 70.4%	Exercise education information	N=26, 43 years old, 12, 70.4%	12	Outpatient & Inpatient Healthcare system	Both	Under
Casan E 1984 [5]	Spain	N=110, 56 years old, 10, 85% male	Exercise education services, dietary advice, group support	N=45, 53.1 years (SD 9.5), Gender ratio 10 men to 10 women	14-12 months	Outpatient & Inpatient Healthcare system	Both	Yes
Casas E 1984 [5]	Spain	N=110, 56 years old, 10, 85% male	Exercise training and nutritional education, no behaviour change programme	N=52, 47 years (SD 10.7), 71% male	18 months	Under	Under	Under
Angert E 1984 [6]	Germany	N=110, 48 years old, 10, 75% male	ETRM programme Exercise, diet, exercise education, behaviour change, group support	ETRM patients age 70 years, N=70, 75% male	12 months	Inpatient Specialist clinics	Group	Under
Reuter H 1984 [7]	Germany	N=110, 48 years old, 10, 75% male	Exercise, diet, exercise education, behaviour change, group support	N=71, 72 years old, 70% male	12	Outpatient Healthcare system	Group	Under
Reuter H 1984 [7]	Germany	N=110, 48 years old, 10, 75% male	Exercise, diet, exercise education, behaviour change, group support	N=55, 70.7 years, 12.8.24 months	12	Outpatient Healthcare system	Group	Under
Reuter H 1984 [7]	Germany	N=110, 48 years old, 10, 75% male	Exercise, diet, exercise education, behaviour change, group support	N=104, 69 years (SD 9.5), 71%	3-12	Outpatient Specialist clinics	Under	Yes
[7] Standard deviation, N=Not reported								

Description:-

-Cardiac rehabilitation services in England and Wales - a national survey

-Cardiac rehabilitation services in England and Wales - a national survey

Notes: Draft.

This edition was published in 1996



Filesize: 47.54 MB

Tags: #Cardiac #rehabilitation #in #England: #a #detailed #national #survey

National Audit of Cardiac Rehabilitation

The central components of all programmes were education and exercise training but there was a wide range in the quantity and quality of service provision. Of these, 25 were randomly selected as a representative sample and visited in order to obtain detailed information concerning the provision of services. Guidelines are necessary to give a framework for this relatively new and rapidly expanding service.

[PDF] Cardiac rehabilitation provision in England: a national survey (A Thesis submitted for the degree of Master of Philosophy)

Patients Episode Database for Wales.

National Audit of Cardiac Rehabilitation

Most 18 72% of the centres had commenced their rehabilitation programme within the previous 5 years, usually at the instigation of interested staff. Most 18 72% of the centres had commenced their rehabilitation programme within the previous 5 years, usually at the instigation of interested staff. Patient entry to cardiac rehabilitation programmes was restricted; women who represented only 15% of attenders , elderly people excluded in 10 40% centres , and those with more complex problems, such as angina or heart failure, were under-represented.

Cardiac rehabilitation services in England and Wales: a national survey — Research @ Flinders

Further trials are required to compare the cost-effectiveness of comprehensive multidisciplinary rehabilitation with simpler outpatient programmes, also research is needed into economic and patient preference studies of the effects of different methods of using increased funding for cardiac rehabilitation. To conduct a systematic review of literature on methods to improve uptake and adherence to cardiac rehabilitation. Most 22 88% programmes were hospital out-patient based, one 4% was hospital in-patient based, one 4% was community-based and one 4% was home-based.

[PDF] Cardiac rehabilitation provision in England: a national survey (A Thesis submitted for the degree of Master of Philosophy)

Review methods: The study analysed hospital discharge statistics to ascertain the population need for outpatient cardiac rehabilitation in the UK.

[PDF] Cardiac rehabilitation provision in England: a national survey (A Thesis submitted for the degree of Master of Philosophy)

Most 22 88% programmes were hospital out-patient based, one 4% was hospital in-patient based, one 4% was community-based and one 4% was home-based. Most 22 88% programmes were hospital out-patient based, one 4% was hospital in-patient based, one 4% was community-based and one 4% was home-based. The staffing and funding of programmes was variable, with 7 28% having no identified funding.

National Audit of Cardiac Rehabilitation

Most 22 88% programmes were hospital out-patient based, one 4% was hospital in-patient based, one 4% was community-based and one 4% was home-based. Guidelines are necessary to give a framework for this relatively new and rapidly expanding service.

Related Books

- [One year mid-curve options.](#)
- [Chuan shuo](#)
- [Letters from Iceland](#)
- [New lives - some case studies in Minamata](#)
- [Manual of midwifery](#)