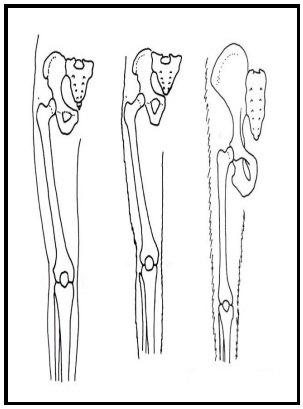
Evolution of the human pelvis in relation to the mechanics of the erect posture

The Museum - A new morphometric analysis of the hominid pelvic bone



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Modern Medical Consequences of the Ancient Evolution of a Long, Flexible Lumbar Spine

Patients present with a forward trunk inclination, inability to stand upright without flexed knees, extended upper thoracic and cervical spine, back pain, and thigh pain due to overuse of hip flexors.

A new morphometric analysis of the hominid pelvic bone

A person who is obese is more likely to compensate for spinal misalignment with his or her lower limbs than pelvis, which is significant because compensation via pelvic retroversion is more likely to relieve back pain caused by misalignment.

Evolution of Man: Morphological Changes involved in Evolution of Man

The non-human apes are yet another story in this concept. Important changes are related to i a ventral expansion of the ilium, resulting in a shift from an essentially 2D ilium to a 3D ilium with wide flared blades and ii a dorsal projection of the ischial tuberosities. Incisors and canines were small and spatulate, while premolars and molars were very large.

The evolution of the human pelvis in relation to the mechanics of the erect posture.

The reason for this could be that loss of posteroinferior concavity would have a real effect on evolutionary fitness because it would prevent normal gait development by limiting hip extension for toe-off.

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