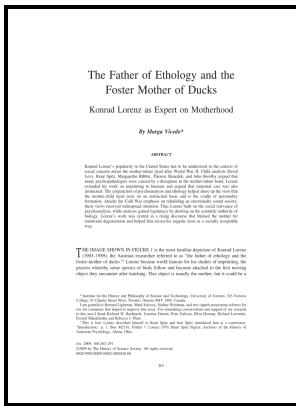


Motivation of human and animal behavior - an ethological view

Van Nostrand Reinhold Co. - Motivation of human and animal behavior; : an ethological view



Description: -

Psychology, Comparative

Psychology, Comparative Motivation of human and animal behavior – an ethological view

Behavioral science seriesMotivation of human and animal behavior - an ethological view

Notes: Translation of Antriebe tierischen und menschlichen Verhaltens.

This edition was published in 1973



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Tags: #Motivation #of #human #and #animal #behavior #; #an #ethological #view #; #Lorenz, #Konrad, #1903

Motivation of Human and Animal Behavior: An Ethological View (Konrad Lorenz)

During this period, the learning of these young geese were so sensitive that even when they were exposed to their own biological mother, they would follow Lorenz like he was the parent!. The Foundations of Ethology, pp. Testosterone seems to primarily have an organizational effect on the brain, especially in males, by making aggression-inducing stimuli more salient; testosterone affects responsiveness in the lateral septum, amygdala, and dorsal raphe nucleus.

Animal Communication: Web Topic 10.4

Affective consciousness: Core emotional feelings in animals and humans. In the broader view, different emotions stimulate organisms to respond quickly to external events in ways that optimize fitness Darwin 1872.

Motivation of human and animal behavior;

For example, animals often perform different responses to the same stimulus situation that nevertheless achieve the same goal.

Motivation of human and animal behavior; : an ethological view

This model uses the metaphor of the flush toilet Figure 1. The response may be approach or withdrawal depending on whether the direction of reinforcement during prior encounters was positive or negative. Machiavellian Intelligence: Social Expertise and the Evolution of Intellect in Monkeys, Apes, and Humans.

Animal Communication: Web Topic 10.4

The panic system operates primarily in young mammals that have been separated from the parent, and elicits vocalizations of pain, distress, and crying. Psychiatry-Interpersonal and Biological Processes 74: 5—13.

Motivation of human and animal behavior;

Affective neuroscience — the emergence of a discipline. Early attempts by several researchers converged on a two-dimensional model, in which emotions are placed on a grid or circle with two orthogonal axes, one representing level of pleasantness e. Emotional constructs became embedded in this motivational framework.

Motivation of human and animal behavior ; an ethological view : Lorenz, Konrad, 1903

The discovery of relative coordination: a contribution toward bridging the gap between physiology and psychology. The information in this record has been migrated into tDAR from the National Archaeological Database Reports Module NADB-R and updated.

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