

Preliminary paper on the levels, causes and effects of economic concentration in the Canadian retail food trade - a study of supermarket market power

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Description: -

- Supermarkets -- Canada.

Retail trade -- Canada.

Food industry and trade -- Canada.preliminary paper on the levels, causes and effects of economic concentration in the Canadian retail food trade - a study of supermarket market power

- Reference paper (Canada. Food Prices Review Board) -- no. 6

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Preliminary Paper on the Levels, Causes and Effects of Economic Concentration in the Canadian Retail Food Trade (1976 edition)

By assumption, the product and its quality and conditions of sale are the same.

Ownership Incentives, Product Choice and Market Structure in the Food Industry

Some of these were cited in the proposal Ref. For Western hotels to adopt the same standards would of course require changes in government policy and public-health approaches. Additional Opportunities for Public Participation D.

Food politics and development

These hazards may be appropriately identified in the hazard analysis as hazards that are reasonably likely to occur and controlled through a HACCP plan.

Food deserts: Definition, effects, and solutions

In addition, FDA has conducted inspections to determine compliance with the label warning statement required by § 101. Why does seller concentration differ across the local markets? Outbreaks of foodborne disease have been associated with juice despite the fact that the processors appear to have been actively implementing CGMP's.

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Similarly, because a hazard analysis needs to be revalidated only when there are process changes that could reasonably be expected to affect whether a food hazard exists, not every process change will require revalidation of the hazard analysis. FDA believes that the comments disputing

the agency's authority to issue these regulations advocate an unduly narrow interpretation of the act generally and of section 342 a 4 specifically.

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This limitation exists regardless of the regulatory agency inspecting for sanitation.

Ownership Incentives, Product Choice and Market Structure in the Food Industry

If the hazard analysis shows that a particular operation has no physical hazards, such as metal or glass, that are reasonably likely to occur, no control measures are required for such hazards. . Suppose we find that entry occurs mostly in larger markets.

EconPapers

FDA received a number of comments questioning the agency's rejection of certain alternatives. There is evidence that other mycotoxins, such as ochratoxin in grapes and Alternaria toxins in fruit and vegetable products Ref. Even more importantly, it does not explain or allow for the fact that entry is occurring in some markets but not others.

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