

Exploratory manipulation and play in the human infant

Published by the University of Chicago Press for the Society for Research in Child Development - Curiosity and Exploration

Phase 1			
Recruited at 5-20 months old; 4 visits over a 9 month period (n = 130)			
Visit 1: Exploratory Play	Visit 2 (+3 months): Exploratory Play	Visit 3 (+6 months): Exploratory Play	Visit 4 (+9 months): Exploratory Play + Short-term Development
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Attention to Novelty • Inductive Generalization • Efficiency of Exploration • Face Preference • Imitative Learning 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Attention to Novelty • Inductive Generalization • Efficiency of Exploration • Face Preference • Imitative Learning 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Attention to Novelty • Inductive Generalization • Efficiency of Exploration • Face Preference • Imitative Learning 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Attention to Novelty • Inductive Generalization • Efficiency of Exploration • Face Preference • Imitative Learning
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Delay of gratification • Parents: MCDI and Parental concerns 			
Phase 2			
Follow-up visit between 3.0 and 3.6 (N = 38)			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wechsler Preschool and Primary Scales of Intelligence • Delay of Gratification • Parents: Social Communication Questionnaire 			

Description: -

-
Play -- Psychological aspects
Infant psychologyExploratory manipulation and play in the human infant
-
v. 39, no. 2, serial no. 155.
Monographs of the Society for Research in Child Development ;
Monographs of the Society for Research in Child Development ; v. 39, no. 2, serial no. 155Exploratory manipulation and play in the human infant
Notes: Bibliography: p. 83-87.
This edition was published in 1974



Filesize: 21.62 MB

Tags: #Development #of #Manipulation #Action #in #Infancy

Gross Motor Skills and the Development of Play in Children

A hardtop area within the playground or transition area between the classroom and playground encourages play with unit and hollow blocks, water tables, woodwork benches, art easels and paints, and other traditional classroom materials. Without these motor skills, options for play can be limited. The experimenter then retrieved the familiar toy and showed the child the familiar toy alongside a new toy novel toy.

Play Activities for Birth to 12 Months • ZERO TO THREE

Some babies may be at different developmental levels despite their chronological age. The experimenter told mothers to start free play, and after that, the experimenter left to sit behind a partition. Such physiological changes in infants can also be related to changes in their subsequent behavior toward objects and other people.

Sensorimotor activities for children

When these skills are difficult, children can become easily frustrated and avoid activities involving manipulation, resulting in less refined skills due to a lack of practice. Physical activity as a preventive measure for coronary heart disease risk factors in early childhood.

Social touch in mother

A baby that is born weeks early has some development to gain that may have been achieved in utero. Over time, your grandbaby will begin to point, smile, and maybe reach for the people in the pictures.

Related Books

- [2000 International Conference on Communication Technology proceedings - Aug. 21-25, 2000, Beijing, C](#)
- [Romantic holidays in India.](#)
- [Pokhvala starosti](#)
- [Ircus animals](#)
- [Amityville - la casa encantada](#)