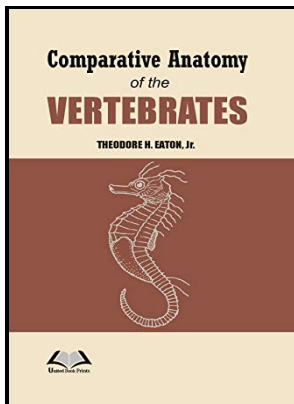


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Pterosaurs had other morphological adaptations for flight as a keeled sternum for the attachment of flight muscles, a short and stout humerus the first arm bone , and hollow but strong limb and skull bones.

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In lampreys, some teleosts, lungfishes and lower tetrapods, it is distributed diffusely in liver, mesenteries and intestinal wall and probably only exocrine in function. It is endodermal in origin from embryonic archenteron.

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Similarly, sinus venosus opens into the right atrium dorsally instead of posteriorly. Find out more about our affordable course material programs. Oesophagus Oesophagus Oesophagus is a simple, muscular, distensible tube connecting pharynx with stomach.

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Only in mammals, small intestine beyond duodenum is divided into an anterior two-fifth jejunum and a posterior three-fifth ileum. Of these, sinus venosus and conus arteriosus are accessory chambers. Many were torpedo-shaped, but there were notable exceptions, including the flattened Phyllolepidia and the bottom feeding Antiarchi.

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It shows two auricles and two ventricles. Early researchers considered them to be most closely related to the ray-finned fishes, but most scientists during the mid-20th Century considered to have a closer affinity to the sharks. A true stomach is not present in protochordates, cyclostomes, chimaeras, lung fishes and some primitive teleosts.

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After the discovery of pterosaur fossils in the 18th century, it was thought that pterosaurs were a failed experiment in flight; a humorous mishap; or that they were simply gliders, too weak to fly. In mammals when it passes diaphragm it has serous lining.

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