

European Conventionon the Legal status of Children Born out of Wedlock = - Convention européenne sur le statut juridique des enfants nés hors mariage.

Council of Europe - European Convention on the Legal Status of Children born out of Wedlock



Description:

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Full list

The judicial authority is also under a duty to consult the child unless this is manifestly contrary to his or her best interests.

European Convention on the Exercise of Children's Rights

Therefore, for example, this Convention does not prevent the application of a treaty for the purposes of obtaining the return of a child who has been improperly removed or retained or the application of a treaty for the purposes of organising or implementing the child's right of access. Based on these facts, the Seventh Circuit did not return the child to Ireland.

Full list

. The provisions of Article 3 are to be considered in the light of the other articles of the Convention relevant to this Article, such as Articles 6 and 10. For the study of this problem, the CCJ instituted, with the approval of the Committee of Ministers, an intergovernmental committee of experts whose terms of reference were to examine means of reducing the wide disparities at present existing in the legal status of children born out of wedlock.

European Convention on the Exercise of Children's Rights

Very helpful and interesting especially on the issue of unmarried fathers. Therefore this rule is applicable only if the affiliation has been established in the case of both parents; it does not prevent the parental authority of a child born out of wedlock from being attributed jointly to the father and mother. The duty placed on the judicial authorities to act speedily in order to avoid unnecessary delay is explained by the fact that such delay could be harmful to the well-being of children and therefore contrary to their best interests.

International Child Custody & the Hague Convention

Even if they are not given the status of parties to the proceedings, they possess a number of rights which they may exercise. In appropriate cases to be determined by internal law, it may be necessary to promote the friendly settlement of disputes concerning the exercise of children's rights. Such a recognition may arise in particular when the father makes a declaration on the birth certificate or on an official document, for example before the registrar, the courts, notaries, youth officers etc.

International Child Custody & the Hague Convention

The other processes referred to in this article are informal processes to resolve disputes which enable the persons concerned to reach an agreement by negotiation. The Standing Committee is required to examine any proposed amendment and decide, by the required majority, to submit the text to the Committee of Ministers.

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