

French and German public opinion on declared war aims, 1914-1918.

Stanford university press - The French Colonial Party and French Colonial War Aims, 1914

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Notes: Bibliography: p. 154-162.

This edition was published in 1933

Tags: #French #and #German #public #opinion #on #declared #war #aims, #1914



Filesize: 54.910 MB

near their starting point.

War Aims and the 'Big Ideas' of 1914

Thousands more emigrated to France, England, and the United States.

War Aims and the 'Big Ideas' of 1914

Europe 1870—1914 Oxford: Heinemann, pp. Depiction of the , fought in August 1916 between the Italian and the Austro-Hungarian armies The Central Powers launched a crushing offensive on 26 October 1917, spearheaded by the Germans, and achieved a victory at.

War Aims and the 'Big Ideas' of 1914

On 11 September, the landed on the island of later New Britain, which formed part of

French and German public opinion on declared war aims, 1914

Milford, Oxford University Press, 1933 168 p. The Italian Army was routed and retreated more than 100 kilometres 62 mi to reorganise. He refused to make permanent commitments to France.

War Aims and the 'Big Ideas' of 1914

The Allies struck back at , which showed the Germans that they must return to the defensive, and at Amiens; tanks played a prominent role in both these assaults, as they had the year before at Cambrai. Opposition to the war Sackville Street now after the 1916 in Once war was declared, many socialists and trade unions backed their governments.

French entry into World War I

Wilson unsuccessfully tried to mediate a settlement.

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