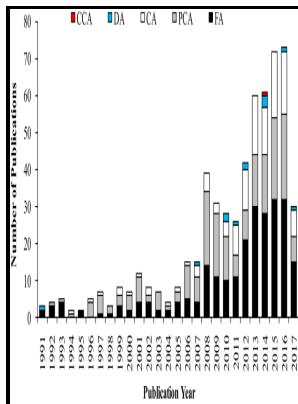


Oregon ground-water quality and its relation to hydrogeologic factors - a statistical approach

U.S. Geological Survey - Land

Description: -



Operas, Chinese -- History and criticism.

Mass media policy -- Egypt -- History.

Mass media -- Egypt -- History.

Universities and colleges -- India.

Botany -- Research.

Botany -- Study and teaching.

Brno (Czech Republic) -- Imprints.

Early printed books.

Groundwater -- Pollution -- Oregon -- Statistics.

Water quality -- Oregon -- Statistics.

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Wen hua zi chan cong shu

Water-resources investigations report -- 84-4242.

Water resources investigations report -- 84-4242.Oregon ground-water quality and its relation to hydrogeologic factors - a statistical approach

Notes: Bibliography: p. 88.

This edition was published in 1984



Filesize: 42.63 MB

Tags: #Catalog #Record: #Oregon #ground

Ground water, Eos Transactions

Geological Survey Water-Resources Investigations Report 91-4034, pp. Land-use in developing cities can be complicate by the presence of urban agricultural activities.

Groundwater quality analysis using multivariate statistical techniques (case study: Fars province, Iran)

Therefore processes causing changes in the aquifer geochemistry need to be considered since they directly affect the mobility of arsenic.

Land

Department of Commerce, NOAA Environmental Research Laboratories, p.

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Trends in Analytical, 13, 446—457. International Atomic Energy Agency, Vienna, Tech.

Groundwater quality analysis using multivariate statistical techniques (case study: Fars province, Iran)

Geochemical assessment of groundwater quality in the Dun valley of central Nepal using chemometric method and geochemical modeling. Differences in the concentrations of nitrate, sodium, and chloride, and the frequency of pesticide detections in ground water were statistically significant between samples from wells in some land-use categories. Journal of the Chinese Chemical Society, v.

The Source of Arsenic and Nitrate in Borrego Valley Groundwater Aquifer

Land-use proved to be an important parameter necessary to correct the vulnerability maps using the DRASTIC method.

Ground

Deep Sea Research 35, 839-854.

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Field blank and duplicate samples were collected on site to evaluate positive bias as a result of contamination.

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