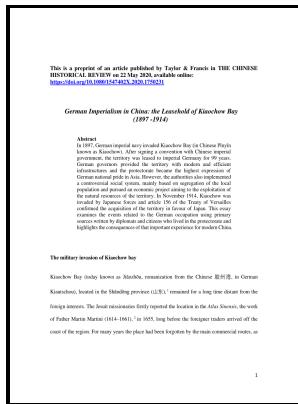


Kiaocho leased territory

University of California Press - Kiautschou Bay concession



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- Political parties -- Quebec (Province)

Algebra.

Jiaozhou (China)Kiaochow leased territory

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TREATY BETWEEN JAPAN AND CHINA FOR THE SETTLEMENT OF OUTSTANDING QUESTIONS RELATIVE TO SHANTUNG

Thus, in the first nine months of the first year of the Great War, Germany's political and military power were eliminated in the Orient; Japan had taken over its possessions in China; and China had been forced to concede to Japan extensive territorial rights, economic privileges, and military concessions of great strategic importance. Later, when, on 22nd March, the Japanese Government dispatched large bodies of troops to South Manchuria and Shantung for the ostensible purpose of relieving the garrison whose term of service had not then expired, the Japanese Minister stated at the conference, in reply to a direct question as to when the retiring troops would be withdrawn, that this would not be done until the negotiations could be brought to a satisfactory conclusion. This Council of State began its work on June 30, 1914.

Japanese Government, "Twenty

In 1910, Korea was formally annexed. Jiaozhou became romanized as Kiaochow, Kiauchau or Kiao-Chau in and as Kiautschou or Kiaochau in.

Japanese Government, "Twenty

Kiautschou-Straße in Berlin-Wedding on the other hand still bears no reference to its historical background. Il est situé dans le sud de la péninsule du Shandong, au nord-est de l'actuelle Chine. The Government of the Chinese Republic further declares that vested rights lawfully and equitably acquired by foreign nationals in the former German Leased Territory of Kiaochow, whether under the German regime or during the period of the Japanese administration, will be respected.

About: Kiautschou Bay concession

In respect of the trial of cases involving land disputes between Japanese only, or between Japanese and Chinese, the Chinese Government accorded to the Japanese Consul the right of deputing an officer to watch the proceedings.

Jiaozhou Bay

There was some difficulty in determining a definition of the boundaries of Eastern Inner Mongolia — this being a new expression in Chinese

geographical terminology — but the Chinese Government, acting upon a statement made at a previous conference by the Japanese Minister that the Japanese Government meant the region under Chinese administrative jurisdiction, and taking note in the list presented by the Japanese Minister of the names of places in Eastern Inner Mongolia to be opened to trade, inferred that the so-called Eastern Inner Mongolia is that part of Inner Mongolia which is under the jurisdiction of South Manchuria and the Jehol circuit; and refrained from placing any limitations upon the definition of this term. After the Japanese Government declined to accept this suggestion, China withdrew it and replaced it with an amendment to the original articles. It is estimated that it will shorten travel time from Qingdao to the outlying region by more than half and relieve pressure on the existing Jiaozhou Bay.

W.R. Wheeler. China and the World War. 1919. Chapter One

Pending the redemption of the said Treasury Notes under the preceding Article, the Government of the Chinese Republic will select and appoint, for so long a period as any part of the said Treasury Notes shall remain unredeemed, a Japanese subject to be Traffic Manager, and another Japanese subject to be Chief Accountant jointly with the Chinese Chief Accountant and with co-ordinate functions. Goodnow, of Columbia University, who had been appointed Constitutional Adviser, had a large influence in forming this instrument.

on piece 1898 (26 Jan.) piece bearing Reichspost 3pf. grey

Reginald Wheeler China and the World War. Moreover, a general apprehension exists amongst the Chinese people that these peculiar conditions, favouring conspiracies for political purposes, might be taken advantage of by some unscrupulous Chinese. Before the demands were presented to China there were various rumours current concerning them.

More than just Kiaochow Bay: a (nearly) forgotten story

China shall purchase from Japan a fixed amount of munitions of war say 50% or more of what is needed by the Chinese Government; or that there shall be established in China a Sino-Japanese jointly-worked arsenal. The German colony also issued currency. A similar agreement of December 5, 1922 dealt with questions relative to the Tsingtao-Tsinanfu Railway ibid.

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