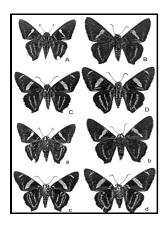
Genitalia of the group Geometridae of the Lepidoptera of the British Islands - a account of the male clasping organs and the corresponding organs of the female

Classey - Tribal classification and phylogeny of Geometrinae (Lepidoptera: Geometridae) inferred from seven gene regions



Description: -

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Genitalia of the Leipdoptera -- 2genitalia of the group Geometridae of the Lepidoptera of the British Islands - a account of the male clasping organs and the corresponding organs of the female Notes: Reprint of ed. published by the author in 1914. This edition was published in 1976



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Tags: #Tribal #classification #and #phylogeny #of #Geometrinae #(Lepidoptera: #Geometridae) #inferred #from #seven #gene #regions

Catalog Record: The genitalia of the British rhopalocera and...

Harpe angulated, with corona; cucullus divided, the anal angle produced and lobed, the lobe being thickly clothed with spines; below the cucullus on the outer edge is a straight arm; clasper not produced; ampulla rounded; clavus peaked, bulbed at the base, and clothed with short hair; uncus narrow waist, diamond pointed; vesica with curved bulbed cornutus; juxta without side spines. With the exception of moneta, which has none, the remainder of the genus have a pair of long hair pencils arising from the 8th segment. Male genitalia,,,.

Full text of genitalia of the group Noctuid of the Lepidoptera of the British Islands. An account of the morphology of the male clasping

Harpe roughly battledore, with corona; cucullus spinose, the anal angle produced, carrying the anal spine; clasper not free; ampulla a scobinated arm; sacculus very broad, extending beyond the outer margin; uncus tongue shaped, having a round hood behind; vesica with a band of teeth. Harpe rounded at the anal angle, with marginal spines; clasper a slender arm; clavus a long slender club; uncus simple and curved; vesica with a strong cornutus. The humeral vein h curves toward the proximal region of the costal margin, arising from the separation of Sc + R 1 and R S.

Full text of genitalia of the group Noctuid of the Lepidoptera of the British Islands. An account of the morphology of the male clasping

Harpe battledore, apex of cucullus produced to a small sharp point, spinose; clasper curved; ampulla curved; clavus sharply incurved to a point; uncus tapered; vesica with long band of very short teeth and bunch of larger teeth. The temporal suture extends to the upper half of the foramen, having a convex aspect from this point on, where it merges with the postoccipital suture. Harpe with corona, cucullus with pollex at the anal angle; clasper rounded, with a short papilla or nipple; ampulla long and curved; uncus cygnated; aedceagus toothed and crested at the orifice; vesica with bulbed cornutus and bunch of teeth; juxta cleft, forming two squamose peaks.

The genitalia of the group Geometridae of the Lepidoptera of the British Islands: an account of the morphology of the male clasping organs and the corresponding organs of the female (Book, 1976) [sdk.mavlink.io]

Harpe rounded, without corona; cucullus not divided, spinose; clasper not produced; ampulla bulbed; clavus peaked and clothed with hair; uncus tapered; peniculus angulated; vesica with bunch of teeth.

The genitalia of the group tortricidæ of the Lepidoptera of the British Islands. An account of the morphology of the male clasping organs and the corresponding organs of the female: Pierce, Frank Nelson: Free Download, Borrow, and Streaming: Internet Archive

EDITOR - The Boer War Diary of Sol T. Recognising the importance of this, I resolved to figure the whole apparatus, but never having been taught drawing and having no natural gift I at first secured the services of Mr.

The genitalia of the group Geometridae of the Lepidoptera of the British Islands: an account of the morphology of the male clasping organs and the corresponding organs of the female (Book, 1976) [sdk.mavlink.io]

In the ventral view of the prothorax, the episternum I occupies the largest area, between the presternum I and the base of the prothoracic legs.

The genitalia of the group Geometridae of the Lepidoptera of the British Islands: an account of the morphology of the male clasping organs and the corresponding organs of the female (Book, 1976) [sdk.mavlink.io]

Harpe deeply emarginate on the margin; the costal edge being produced to a sharp curved arm, ending in a tooth; the clasper is difficult to define, it is divided, the basal part curving to a peak, the upper part extending to a rounded plate; the ampulla arises from the base of the cucullus and is a peaked plate; clavus peaked; uncus simple; vesica with a short band of teeth, and irregularly shaped small bulbed cornutus. In posterior view, occupying most of the posterior area of the head, the postgenal-occipital area situated between the ocular margin and the foramen is evident.

External morphology of the adult of Dynamine postverta (Cramer) (Lepidoptera, Nymphalidae, Biblidinae) and patterns of morphological similarity among species from eight tribes of Nymphalidae

Harpe with the cucullus bent at right angles to the harpe, spinose; the anal angle terminating in a tooth; clasper not free; ampulla a small arm; sacculus extends nearly to the cucullus, terminating in an arm rounded at the tip, which is attached to the outer margin of the harpe; uncus broad; vesica with band of teeth; 'juxta peaked. Harpes rounded, simple; sacculus slightly produced with papilla nearer the base; uncus trifurcate, the downward and upward curve of the lateral prongs seeming to suggest a pincer like arrangement; vesica with small cornutus; aedceagus with wide mouth. GEY - Die Stelsel Van Prowinsiale Rade in Suid - Afrika: VAN PITTIUS, E.

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