

Structural change and economic development - the role of the service sector

Macmillan - Structural change and economic development: The role of the service sector : Norman Gemmell (Macmillan, London, 1986) pp. xii+216

The service sector is the third of the three economic sectors of the three-sector theory. The others are the secondary sector (approximately the same as manufacturing), and the primary sector (raw materials).

The service sector consists of the production of services instead of end products. Services (also known as "intangible goods") include attention, advice, access, experience, and affective labor. The production of information has long been regarded as a service, but some economists now attribute it to a fourth sector, the quaternary sector.

The tertiary sector of industry involves the provision of services to other businesses as well as final consumers. Services may involve the transport, distribution and sale of goods from producer to a consumer, as may happen in wholesaling and retailing, pest control or entertainment. The goods may be transformed in the process of providing the service, as happens in the restaurant industry. However, the focus is on people interacting with people and serving the customer rather than transforming physical goods

Description: -

- Egypt -- Economic conditions -- 1952-

Economic development.

Service industries. Structural change and economic development - the role of the service sector

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Notes: Bibliography, p205-210. - Includes index.

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However, this has led to a sharp difference between output per worker in agriculture and non-agriculture. Associated with the Azadi Foundation in UP, Harshita became an MHM Fellow with YKA, with the aim of promoting better menstrual health. Other sectors such as information technology and modern business services have a high growth rate and contribution to GDP, but employ only a few highly skilled individuals.

Manufacturing and economic growth in developing countries, 1950

Proceedings of the world population conference, Belgrade 1965, vol. Bradford; Kim, Yunhee and Nordas, Hildegunn Kyvik. Moreover, the impact of the various initiatives of the successive governments for manufacturing and high productivity services-led growth has been limited.

The incorporation of structural change into growth theory: A historical appraisal

With increasing labour productivity, there is economic growth and higher wages.

Significances of Service Sector

Communication helps to widen the market industrial goods.

Economic development, structural change, and women's labor force participation:

That recovery is more pronounced under the fifth than under the sixth revision of the EAPPEP.

The incorporation of structural change into growth theory: A historical appraisal

In 1950-51, the contribution of service sector in national income was 34%, which rose up to 48.

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