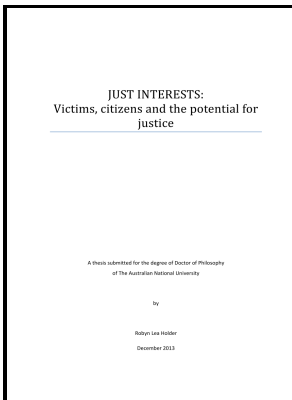


Case of the abjuration oath endeavoured to be cleared, to the satisfaction of those who are required to take it

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The Case Of The Abjuration Oath Endeavoured To Be Cleared, To The Satisfaction Of Those Who Are Required To Take It (Cla

I say the answer to that question is to be found in the statute of Victoria; and, as has been said by the hon.

Letter Second to the Reverend William Fletcher, Author of a Late Publication, Intituled, The Scripture Loyalist. — Reformed Presbyterian Church (Covenanted)

Member should be heard as a stranger—as one not of them—at the bar of the House? Every community possessing sovereign power, may enact laws to bind its own members, but rightfully they have no authority to bind others.

Abjuration Oath, 1701 (Concept)

On these occasions he must have taken the Oath of Allegiance: but on the accession of George I.

Abjuration Oath, 1701 (Concept)

Hobhouse could examine the subject, his opinion was that a Member elected to that House might sit and vote if he chose to run the risk of incurring the penalties appointed by law if the case were decided against him. In this volume all the peculiar practices comprehended under the general term Usages, as it was used by the Nonjurors, are defended and enjoined, besides others, such as Infant Communion, which were never received by the regular body. In short, by the above representation of the difference between the ancient civil reformation, and the present civil deformation, opposed to one another, it appears, that, whereas the estates of the nation, in the ancient civil reformation, firmly determined and provided, that the prince should be admitted to receive and hold the right of regal dignity, upon these express terms, obligations, and conditions,

sine qua non, viz.

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