Torts - with particular reference to the District of Columbia

[s.n.] - Ehrenhaft v. Malcolm Inc. :: 1984 :: District of Columbia Court of Appeals Decisions :: District of Columbia Case Law :: District of Columbia Law :: US Law :: Justia

Description: -

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particular reference to the District of Columbia

-Torts - with particular reference to the District of Columbia

Notes: Cover-title.

This edition was published in 1941

Tags: #Harris #v. #U.S. #Dep't #of

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The undisputed evidence in this case

revealed the probability of several offenses: failing to leave the premises after being so ordered, distracting a VA employee Sheets, and inhibiting medical treatment group therapy.

Harris v. U.S. Dep't of Veterans Affairs

He also claims that the attendant mental and emotional trauma further aggravated his PTSD. Violations of such regulations may be punished by fines or imprisonment for not more than six months, or both.

28 U.S. Code § 1291

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Judge Doyle made no specific findings as to whether Atherton might also be liable under the contract, and accordingly, we leave this issue to be addressed on remand. Instead, he cited to specific language from the contract, which appellant's counsel at oral argument represented to comprise the only language dealing with the subject of warranty.

The Constitution and the District of Columbia

The parties agree that two officers then took Harris to the hospital's emergency department, where he was treated for a scrape on his left hand.



The District of Columbia has not adopted the substantial factor test as a substitute definition of proximate cause; however, use of that test, as an element of proximate cause analysis, has been approved by the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit in Graham v. Whether it's an affirmation or a promise depends upon the meaning of the contract.

Harris v. U.S. Dep't of Veterans Affairs

If you have occasion to contact the Office of the Attorney General while your claim is being processed, please reference the claim number and investigator. In sum, we cannot decide as a matter of law that appellant knew or should have known of the alleged defects for more than three years at the time the complaint was filed, which would thereby make his claims untimely.

Rawlings v. District of Columbia, 820 F. Supp. 2d 92

The officers did not inform the Metropolitan Police Department that they were going to look for the minibike.

The Constitution and the District of Columbia

Harris was cited only for a violation of the portion of the regulation that lists the schedule of offenses. The citation was later dismissed without a hearing. Appellant in addition submitted an affidavit in support of his opposition.

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