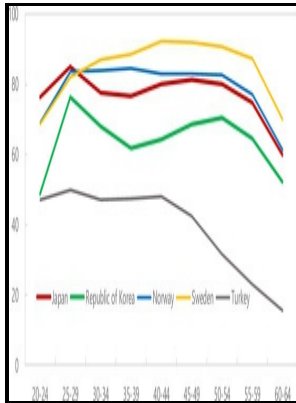


Womens childrearing strategies in relation to fertility and employment in Ghana

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It was also revealed that the majority of the sample 65. Utilization of contraceptives by persons living with HIV in eastern Uganda : a cross sectional study.

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Women’s empowerment and fertility preferences in high fertility countries in Sub

. Population growth depends strongly on total fertility rate TFR , but the relative importance of factors that influence fertility needs more study.

Women’s Empowerment in the Context of Millennium Development Goal 3: A Case Study of Married Women in Ghana

International Migration Review 36 2 : 492-519. Ghana The Pan African Medical Journal. Mostly educated women spend a lot of their hours in the labour market and often found to have limited hours for child rearing.

are educated women in Ghana regulating fertility without high by Kaziyo Machiyama, Cicely Marston et al.

Poverty profile and correlates of poverty in Ghana. Download reference in Adepoju, A.

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Although results show strong correlation between two variables, the effect of part time jobs is not considered.

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Women's autonomy and its impact on fertility. It is revealed by Cameron and Trivedi 1999 and Wooldridge 2002 that Mullahy 1998 in a cross-section context and Crepon and Duguet 1997 in a panel data context, apply the GMM approach to count models with endogenous regressors. Unexplained infertility: an update and review of practice.

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