

# Economics of treating hypertension in Ireland

University College Dublin, Centre for Health Economics - Hypertension epidemiology and economic burden: refining risk assessment to lower costs

	Patients with no history of cardiovascular disease		Patients with history of cardiovascular disease	
	SBP 161 mmHg	SBP 161 mmHg	SBP 161 mmHg	SBP 161 mmHg
Cholesterol treatment 1994-2002	100 (100%)	100 (100%)	100 (100%)	100 (100%)
Diabetes				
Yes	100 (100%)	100 (100%)	100 (100%)	100 (100%)
No	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Stroke				
Yes	100 (100%)	100 (100%)	100 (100%)	100 (100%)
No	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)
Proteinuria				
Yes	100 (100%)	100 (100%)	100 (100%)	100 (100%)
No	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)

Description: -

- Ukraine -- Economic policy.

Labor and laboring classes -- Ukraine

Hypertension -- Treatment -- Economic aspects -- Ireland.

Medical care, Cost of -- Ireland.economics of treating hypertension in Ireland

Working papers (Centre for Health Economics) -- no.95-7economics of treating hypertension in Ireland

Notes: Includes bibliographical references (p13-14).

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## The disgrace of Ireland's blood pressure statistics

People with low socioeconomic status and people living in rural areas have the lowest proportion of awareness, treatment, and control of hypertension. The Irish College of General Practitioners published a Quick Reference Guide on cardiovascular disease CVD prevention in 2013 which was updated in 2016 3 and is presently being revised for republication in early 2020. The benefits would also be seen among people who currently lack access to care, such as poor, black men.

## Hypertension epidemiology and economic burden: refining risk assessment to lower costs

The new guideline recognises the balance between benefit and harms when treating low-risk people with Stage 1 hypertension and, therefore, gives flexibility to patients and doctors in their choices, emphasising the importance of lifestyle change. Alpha-glucosidase inhibitors include acarbose and miglitol.

## Effectiveness of treatment of newly diagnosed hypertension in family medicine practices in South Croatia

However, if your blood pressure levels stay under control for several years, you might be able to stop your treatment. Economic evaluation may be incorporated in health technology assessment, planning, proposal development, research, prioritization and evaluation of health programmes.

## Economic evaluation for first

Hospitalizations for heart, renal and other complications of hypertension accounted for 75% of the total costs. A crosswalk of ICD-9 codes and CCS codes is available in the documentation file of the Medical Conditions File for 2010 HC-137. International Institute for Population Sciences.

## Hypertension prevalence, awareness, treatment and control in the over 50s in Ireland: evidence from The Irish Longitudinal Study on Ageing

This was a complete case analysis. A study of people from 12 high-income countries found that men and women from Ireland were least likely to

have been diagnosed with high blood pressure, given medication to treat the condition or have it controlled. In spite of its strong recommendations from guidelines and clinical trials, diuretic utilization among hospitalized patients in the Philippines is low.

### **Newself**

Hypertensive patients with treatment Participants aware of their hypertension status, and that self-reported taking appropriate antihypertensive medication.

### **Economic evaluation for first**

NICE continues to recommend starting with monotherapy treatment.

### **Altmetric**

Ireland is a relatively young country with 1.

## Related Books

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