

# Kōmuin no seido to chingin

## Ōtsuki Shoten - A Historical Examination of Mitsui's Strategies for Promoting Long



Description: -

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Japan -- Officials and employees -- Salaries, allowances, etc.

Civil service -- Japan. Kōmuin no seido to chingin

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Notes: Includes bibliographical references and index.

This edition was published in 1984



Filesize: 66.84 MB

Tags: #A #Historical #Examination #of #Mitsui's #Strategies #for #Promoting #Long

### How do you say this in Japanese?

The Military School was moved from Tokyo to Osaka, and young men from different clans were invited to go there to be educated as officers. .

### Seido

The war expenditures were met from December, 1903, by means of diversions of Treasury funds and by temporary loans from the Bank of Japan; but in February, 1904, the government, according to the right given by the above-mentioned Imperial Ordinance of Financial Emergency, issued 100,- 000,000 yen of 5 per cent Exchequer Bonds. Abstract We take a fresh analytical look at the developments in the Japanese labour market over the last two decades and provide answers to three key questions: first, was regular employment replaced by non-regular employment on an aggregate level in general and at the expense of younger generations in particular? Navy The naval strength of Japan after the conclusion of the Russo-Japanese War was suddenly increased.

### Seido

The naval strength, in those days was reckoned at 30,700 tons, 22,000 horse power, and 155 guns, with crews numbering 4,500. Until the Meiji restoration, people in different castes would not speak the same Japanese as a form of respect of social ranks.

### The Performance

The economic inducement continues and the means may at some time be forthcoming.

### Japanese

All these were continuing expenditures disbursed from the year 1907, amounting in total to 86,500,000 yen. Moreover, there was no navy of the enemy to fight with, while the geographical conditions at the seat of war did not allow the use of warships. Commissions centering finally in the Supreme Economic Council adjusted in a harmonious way questions that would otherwise have led to rivalry and conflicting action in purchasing war materials, securing ships, apportioning food, controlling railroads, financing the war and doing a multitude of other things with the one common purpose of victory.

The first is the fact that domestic political conflicts were often shaped by Cold War international conflicts between East and West.

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Generally speaking, they have steadily increased, rising slowly but surely from 1,600,000 yen in the first epoch to 10,320,000 yen in 1876. Military Industries of Japan, by Ushisaburo Kobayashi.

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