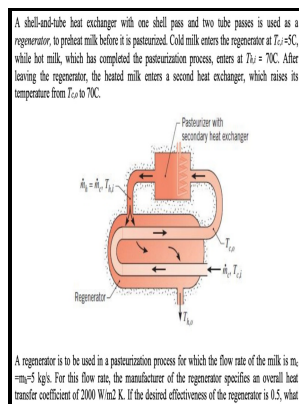


# Review of heat transfer coefficients in regenerators.

## - - Heat transfer coefficient: a review of measurement techniques



Description: -

-Review of heat transfer coefficients in regenerators.

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DissertationsReview of heat transfer coefficients in regenerators.

Notes: M.Sc. dissertation. Typescript.

This edition was published in 1984



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### A Study of the Literature Review on Heat Transfer in A Helically Coiled Heat Exchanger

It consists of a single-bed and is operated over a  $10^\circ\text{C}$  temperature range at just above ambient temperature to avoid changes in the fluid and solid physical properties. Conti R, Gallitto AA, Fiordilino E 2014 Measurement of the convective heat-transfer coefficient.

### A review of correlations and enhancement approaches for heat and mass transfer in liquid desiccant dehumidification system

Silvani X, Morandini F 2009 Fire spread experiments in the field: temperature and heat fluxes measurements. Vega T, Lattimer B, Diller TE 2013 Fire thermal boundary condition measurement using a hybrid heat flux. Chen Q, Li Y, Longtin JP 2003 Real-time laser-based measurement of interface temperature during droplet impingement on a cold surface.

### review of coupled heat and mass transfer in adiabatic liquid desiccant dehumidification and regeneration systems; advances and opportunities

Tibiricá CB, Ribatski G, Thome JR 2012 Flow boiling characteristics for R1234ze E in 1.

### A Study of the Literature Review on Heat Transfer in A Helically Coiled Heat Exchanger

Höser D, von Rohr PR 2018 Experimental heat transfer study of confined flame jet impinging on a flat surface.

### Heat transfer coefficient: a review of measurement techniques

Hence, a highly concentrated solution at low temperature combined with a low flow rate of air was recommended for a highly effective dehumidification process.

### Lumped heat

The multi-stage regeneration process combines effortlessly with the solar collector system in an indirect configuration to make use of heated water or air to provide sufficient desiccant regeneration temperature. The practical effect of this is to require more power at room temperature to provide

cooling at cryogenic temperatures. A cautious approach should be to include a complementary heater on the regenerator to cater for any unforeseen variations in solar radiation.

### **A review of correlations and enhancement approaches for heat and mass transfer in liquid desiccant dehumidification system**

Among the two systems when compared, the hybrid VAS required a large quantity of desiccant solution; hence, the solar collector heating load is increased, while the hybrid VCS needs preheating of conditioned air that weighs down on the energy demand. The counter-flow configuration showed a better mass transfer performance during dehumidification while the co-flow pattern was proper for regeneration. The numerical solution of the model revealed both linear and parabolic relationships between a limited NTU and dimensionless air temperature.

### **Regenerators Defined**

Int J Therm Sci 96:331—344 Cite this article Moreira, T.

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