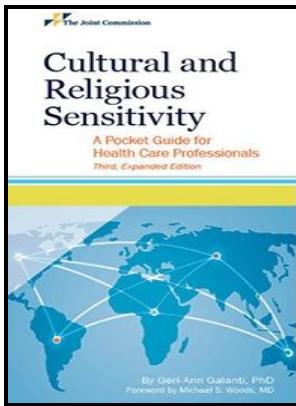


Right living - an Anglo-American tradition of self-help medicine and hygiene

The Johns Hopkins University Press - Right Living: An Anglo-



Description: -

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Self care, Health -- United States -- History -- 19th century
Self care, Health -- United States -- History -- 18th century
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TSHA

In 1856 legislators authorized the establishment of asylums in Austin for the insane, blind, and deaf. Although scientific beliefs about health and disease had changed significantly since Greco-Roman antiquity, the military surgeons and civilian doctors who treated Texans during the years of Mexican rule and afterward still used ancient treatments subsequently discarded, such as bloodletting and purging. He became the City Hospital physician and admitted poor patients authorized by the city or county of Galveston, sailors and foreign nationals authorized by the customhouse and foreign consuls, sent by the , and a few private patients.

Useless and Pernicious Matter

Between 1900 and 1925, in response to the obvious needs of citizens and the reformist values of a growing middle class of professionals, the Texas legislature adopted many policies that affected health and medical care.

Useless and Pernicious Matter

After thirty years the Carlsbad asylum had expanded to thirty-six buildings with seventeen dormitories that could accommodate about 950 patients. The American Red Cross supported fifty-eight county nurses in Texas by 1922, and the industries of the Gulf Coast, which burgeoned during the Second World War, hired nurses and doctors to attend employees and their families. Traditional health care prevailed during the years of expansion and settlement between 1870 and 1900.

Publications

Federal, state, and private dollars made possible a tremendous expansion of health and biomedical institutions after 1970. Abstract The parameters delineating this study were chosen in order to accommodate the nature of the inquiry, allowing for fuller definitions, tracing, and consideration of the nature and role of domestic medicines and domestic medical provision in common use within the Anglo-American domestic sphere. Slowly and reluctantly, public authorities adopted ordinances that improved the quality of milk and food supplies and significantly reduced infant mortality.

Articles

Andiast, Switzerland: International Institute for Tibetan and Buddhist Studies.

TSHA

Texas-bound invalids, many with tuberculosis, settled in the south central Texas towns of Boerne, Fredericksburg, and Luling Springs. Seven of the fifty-nine men who signed the at Washington-on-the-Brazos were physicians. American Antiquarian Society, Philadelphia MS.

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