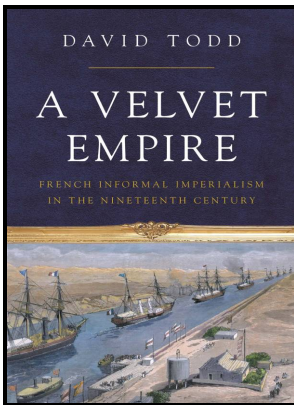


Empire and imperialism - the debate of the 1870s

Thoemmes Press - Empire with Imperialism: The Globalizing Dynamics of Neoliberal Capitalism by James Petras, Henry Veltmeyer, Luciano Vasapollo, Mauro Casadio, Hardcover



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Often they conducted business through local go- betweens, or compradors.

British Imperialism: 1870

The explanation was that Great Britain was trying to protect its shrinking markets. Luciano Vasapollo is professor of economics and statistics at Università La Sapienza in Rome, and the Universidad de Habana Cuba James Petras is Professor of Sociology retired , Binghamton University, New York.

Empire And Imperialism: The Debate of the 1870s by Peter Cain, Hardcover

This generated large amounts of capital in Great Britain as well as a huge demand for raw materials to feed the factories. Henry Veltmeyer is Professor of Sociology and International Studies, Saint Mary's University, Halifax, Nova Scotia, Canada Luciano Vasapollo is professor of economics and statistics at Università La Sapienza in Rome, and the Universidad de Habana Cuba James Petras is Professor of Sociology retired , Binghamton University, New York. This volume documents the writing central to the debate; it includes contributions b such leading British thinkers and statesmen as J.

Empire and Imperialism: The Debate of the 1870s (Key Issues S.) by Peter Cain 9781855065802

The 1870s is a key decade in the evolution of British thinking about the nature, purpose and future of empire. In 1876 Queen Victoria was proclaimed the Empress of India and replaced the administration with civil servants trained in top British Universities. Froude, Robert Lowe, Edward Dicey, Frederic Seebohm, Lord Carnarvon, Gladstone, Julius Vogel, and Lord Blachford.

Empire and Imperialism

The British took such action because the mercantile community wanted peace, stability, and dependable communications with the interior, so that raw materials might flow freely into the ports that Europeans controlled. Africa was the scene of the most spectacular imperial rivalry. Increasing economic competition began to disturb the complacent assumption about Britain's leadership in technology and in the world economy.

Empire and Imperialism

The discussions on the 1870s set the agenda for the debates of the next half-century. Heyck, T, *A History of the Peoples of the British Isles* Routledge, Great Britain, 2002.

Empire and Imperialism: The Debate of the 1870s

Those who insist that British Imperialism brought benefits assert that Great Britain brought economic openness to its colonies especially in the period 1870 to 1914. The need for skilled rubber tappers led the British to introduce Indian and Ceylonese laborers into Malaya in the 1920s, creating an ethnic division that plagues Malaysia to this day.

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