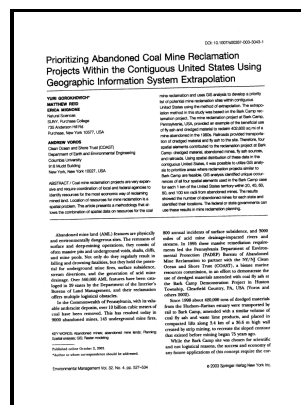


Reclamation of coal-mined land : a bibliography with abstracts

National Coal Association - SPECIES COMPOSITION OF UNDERSTORY VEGETATION IN COAL MINED LAND IN CENTRAL BENGKULU, INDONESIA



Description: -

- Mathematics -- Study and teaching (Secondary)

Reclamation of land -- Bibliography. Reclamation of coal-mined land : a bibliography with abstracts

- Reclamation of coal-mined land : a bibliography with abstracts

Notes: Includes index.

This edition was published in 1975



Filesize: 34.106 MB

Tags: #Land #reclamation #and #strip

Literature on the revegetation of coal

Study on the direction of Land Reclamation and Ecological Reconstruction in Jiaozuo coal mining area under the Angle of Central China Economic Zone, aiming to provide some theoretical reference on the Research of Mine land remediation and utilization for Resource-exhausted Cities in the time of Development Strategic Transformation.

CiteSeerX — Species composition of understory vegetation in coal mined land in Central Bengkulu, Indonesia

The complete reclamation strategy concurrent with strip-mining reflected maximum net benefits to society. In addition to planted species, pioneer species usually grow naturally in mined land. The detrimental effects of current reclamation procedures increase as the amounts of land disturbed by mining become very large.

Reclamation and revegetation of strip mined land: a selected bibliography of publications in the University of Minnesota forestry library. Bibliography series (Technical Report)

While mining companies may be capable of good reclamation planning, public benefit could be maximized by a concerted effort by planners and mining companies to work together in integrating reclamation and land use planning. Data were collected by sampling understory vegetation in study site.

CiteSeerX — SOME ECONOMIC AND ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUES INVOLVED IN THE RECLAMATION OF COAL

When possible, natural looking slopes can be achieved during the mining process by mining to the prescribed safety angles, or by the cut and fill method. . The search also included studies on the characteristics of the overburden, soil types, slope, and methods of reclamation.

SPECIES COMPOSITION OF UNDERSTORY VEGETATION IN COAL MINED LAND IN CENTRAL BENGKULU,

INDONESIA

Field results indicated that water content at various depths and on the different soil treatments was greater on nonripped treatments than ripped areas. Since the act was passed, it has come under fire by both industry and environmentalists, resulting in more than 50 amendments. Abandoned surface coal mined lands are a worldwide environmental concern due to their low productivity and potential negative impact on water and soil quality.

SPECIES COMPOSITION OF UNDERSTORY VEGETATION IN COAL MINED LAND IN CENTRAL BENGKULU, INDONESIA

The process starts with overburden placement followed by topsoiling, which may include shape and drainage modifications. This was likely the result of increased N, P, and K availability, although improved biological and physical properties of the spoil-sludge mix may also have been factors. The furrowed topsoil treatment in the field had the highest production, frequency, density, cover and importance values.

Related Books

- [Intellectual vagabondage - an apology for the intelligentsia](#)
- [Municipal government wage surveys - Boston, Massachusetts, August 1975](#)
- [Zhongguo xin yong ka chan ye fa zhan mo shi yan jiu](#)
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