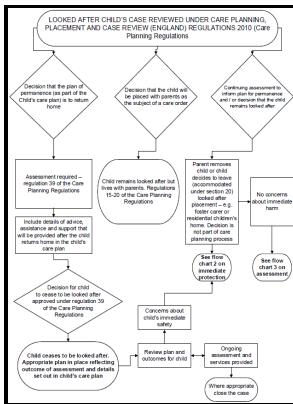


Leaving care policies and the 1989 Children Act.

First Key - Care Leavers and Transition to Adulthood



Description: -

-Leaving care policies and the 1989 Children Act.

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Notes: Includes bibliography.

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The children leaving care act explained

Care Leaver Hubs are located within YC Hertfordshire One Stop Shops and are in Stevenage, Hatfield, Cheshunt, Hemel Hempstead and Watford, supporting young people throughout the county.

Care Leavers and Transition to Adulthood

To the extent that the Former Relevant child's welfare requires it, 'other assistance' must be provided which may be in kind or, in exceptional circumstances, in cash. From the age of 18 and following completion of the transfer tasks the leaving care Personal Adviser based in TYSS takes case responsibility for them.

5.7.1 Leaving Care and Transition

Introduction, Overview and Legal Framework Hertfordshire County Council recognises its responsibility, in partnership with other agencies to assist young people leaving care to re-integrate successfully with their families, or to become as self-supporting as possible. For example, an education supervision order may be granted if it is deemed that a child is not being properly educated.

What is the Children Act 1989?

From the age of 17 and 3 months to 18 the TYSS leaving care Personal Adviser will liaise with the allocated social worker and all relevant parties to understand the needs of the young person and get to know them. In all cases where support continues to be offered and provided at this stage, a record should continue to be made setting out the issues discussed, and details of any support that the local authority has agreed to provide, so that it can be demonstrated what action they have taken in response to the young adult's request for support.

Leaving care

More Resources Access essential accompanying documents and information for this legislation item from this tab. Therefore, when the young person is 15 years and 9 months, an application for a National Insurance Number must be undertaken by the young person's Social Worker.

The children leaving care act explained

From April 2015 any young person who ceases to be looked after on or after their 16th birthday, and is less than 26 years of age, is eligible between the ages of 16 and 19 or potentially eligible from the age of 19 up to 26 for aftercare. Where appropriate they should be advised they can return to education or training up to age 25 if this is their wish. The local authority should make every effort not to disrupt a young person's education during their key stage 4 years, both in terms of their school and care placement unless the circumstances clearly require this see also.

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