

Genetics of Douglas-fir

Dept. of Agriculture, Forest Service - Genetics of Douglas

Description: -



Scholars -- Bio-bibliography.

Bio-bibliography.

United States -- History -- Revolution, 1775-1783 -- Claims.

Military pensions -- United States -- Revolution, 1775-1783.

Connecticut. -- Militia -- Pay, allowances, etc.

Cook, Jesse.

Grant, Jesse, -- b. 1742.

Islam and politics.

Arab-Israeli conflict.

Continuum mechanics.

Hospitals -- United States -- Business management.

Hospitals -- United States -- Cost of operation.

Hospitals -- United States -- Rates.

Douglas fir -- GeneticsGenetics of Douglas-fir

Research paper WO -- 35.Genetics of Douglas-fir

Notes: Includes bibliographical references (p. 28-34).

This edition was published in 1978



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Tags: #Douglas #Fir #— #Wild #Foods #and #Medicines

GENETICS OF DOUGLAS

In the absence of obstructions, Douglas-fir initially forms a tap root that grows rapidly during the first few years. The majority of markers were characterized as having largely nonadditive modes of gene action, especially underdominance in the case of cold-tolerance related phenotypes.

Association genetics of coastal Douglas fir (*Pseudotsuga menziesii* var. *menziesii*, Pinaceae). I. Cold

Canadian Journal of Botany 50 5 :1025-1040.

Pseudotsuga menziesii(Mirb)

TARGET AUDIENCES: Douglas-fir and western hemlock tree breeders in public agencies and private industry. In Silvicultural systems for the major forest types of the United States. Both of these results, however, did not survive multiple-test corrections or incorporation of severe bottlenecks into hypothesis tests of neutrality.

Pseudotsuga menziesii(Mirb)

Conditions colder than normal advance the onset of these effects, while temperatures above normal delay their onset.

Association genetics of coastal Douglas fir (*Pseudotsuga menziesii* var. *menziesii*, Pinaceae). I. Cold

Growth and production of tree roots. Our primary goal is to identify single-marker associations with 21 cold-hardiness traits.

Douglas Fir — Wild Foods and Medicines

Department of the Interior, Fish and Wildlife Service. In 2010, we initiated new work that addresses Objective 2 in progeny test trees of Douglas-fir and western hemlock aged 6 to 12 years. An illustration of the relationship between phenotype, genotype, and the annual average temperature gradient ANNAVT.

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