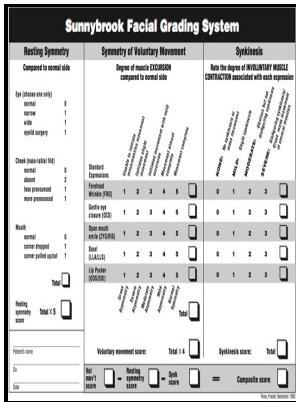


Facial reanimation with jump interpositional graft hypoglossal facial anastomosis and hypoglossal facial anastomosis - evolution in management of facial paralysis

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Tags: #Split #hypoglossal #facial #anastomosis #for #facial #nerve #palsy #due #to #skull #base #fractures: #A #case #report

Side

Trigeminal neo-neurotization of the paralyzed face.

Facial Reanimation After Facial Nerve Injury Using Hypoglossal to Facial Nerve Anastomosis: The Gruppo Otorologico Experience, Indian Journal of Otolaryngology and Head and Neck Surgery

In 1997, Atlas and Lowinger described a new modification in which the facial nerve was mobilized from the second genu and reflected inferiorly for direct anastomosis to the hypoglossal nerve. Conclusions: We support FTTHFA as our elective choice for unilateral complete facial paralysis when facial nerve proximal stump is not achievable, due to its good results 60,8% House-Brackmann III or better and the absence of hemilingual sequelae when compared to other methods for reanimation using cranial nerves.

Hypoglossal

Suture of the facial nerve within the temporal bone: with report of the first successful case.

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But the presence of two neurorrhaphies may influence the reinnervation quality and time, , so we found synkinesis in both patients. Several large trials have reported good to excellent results in 22 to 65 percent of patients with hypoglossal-to-facial nerve transfers; however, Baker cautioned that a behavioral response closely simulating a normal smile develops in approximately 10 percent of highly motivated patients. In 2000, May et al.

Side

The facial nerve was then mobilized to the transected hypoglossal nerve and terminal to terminal anastomosis was performed using fibrin glue.

Facial Reanimation by Means of the Hypoglossal Nerve: Anatomic Comparison of Different Techniques

The facial nerve was affected by primary lesion in 10 cases, by trauma fracture or FAF in 9 cases or during surgery in 4 cases. Side-to-end hypoglossal to facial anastomosis with transposition of the intratemporal facial nerve.

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