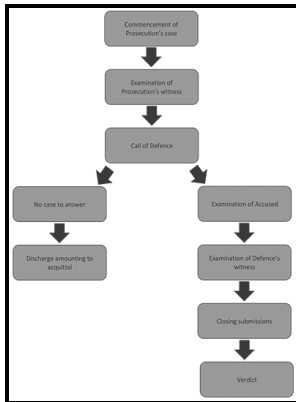


# Examination of witnesses in criminal cases

## Carswell - Sample Cross



Description: -

- Project BALLOTS.  
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 Libraries -- Automation.  
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 Criminal procedure -- Canada.  
 Examination of witnesses -- Canada.  
 examination of witnesses in criminal cases  
 -examination of witnesses in criminal cases  
 Notes: Includes index.  
 This edition was published in 1987



Filesize: 11.95 MB

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## Crawford v. Washington

Even a song, a scent, a photograph, an allusion, or a past statement known to be false can fall into this category.

## Examination Of Witness For The Prosecution

Need to receive permission of the Court to put leading questions would arise only in the eventuality where the opposite side takes objection.

## How to Cross Examine: 14 Steps (with Pictures)

The witness may also be compelled to answer these questions as per the conditions of the following sections. It is not necessary in the examination of witnesses and it is not an essential part of a judicial proceeding. If you don't dispute it, don't cross on it.

## Examination of Witness

Leave may be granted or withheld in the court's discretion. Thus, Sir states that the whole jurisprudence is based on evidence hence it is imperative to understand about evidence and principles relating to it before we dwell into Cross-examination. Section 145 and clause 3 of Section 155 Under Section 145 of Indian Evidence Act a witness can be cross examined and opposed only with that previous statement which was made in writing or was decreased to writing.

## Examination of Witnesses

If not, you will need to make a showing of hostility. This record or memorandum of prior recollection comes into evidence as a recognized exception to the hearsay rule.

## Cross Examination in Criminal Cases: A Practical Analysis of Common Mistakes that Lawyers Make!

A witness can only be contradicted over previous statements made by him, not subsequent Mishri Lal v State of MP, 2005 10 SCC 701. State of Maharashtra AIR 1971 SC 2256 : Any statement used in the panchnama cannot be used in the statement except for the purpose of contradicting

the witness. The court should bear in mind that no party in a trial can be foreclosed from correcting errors and that if proper evidence was not adduced or a relevant material was not brought on record due to any inadvertence, the court should be magnanimous in permitting such mistakes to be rectified.

**Examination of witnesses in criminal cases (Book, 1991) [tools.github.ffxiv.cn]**

Proper evidentiary foundation or predicate for the admissibility of the evidence - Certain items of evidence require special foundations to establish admissibility. If you have properly prepared your witness for testimony, it is highly improbable that you will need to refresh the witness' recollection. Section 149 of Indian Evidence Act Question not to be asked without logical grounds No such question mentioned in Section 148 should be asked unless the person asking it has logical grounds for thinking that the statement attributing something dishonest which it conveys is well founded.

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