

Dispute between Bolivia and Paraguay; memorandum from the Bolivian government dated February 12th, 1934, and memorandum from the Paraguayan delegation dated March 8th, 1934 - both circulated at the request of the representative of Paraguay.

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Description: -

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Paraguay -- Boundaries

Chaco Boreal (Paraguay and Bolivia)

Bolivia -- BoundariesDispute between Bolivia and Paraguay; memorandum from the Bolivian government dated February 12th, 1934, and memorandum from the Paraguayan delegation dated March 8th, 1934 - both circulated at the request of the representative of Paraguay.

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In addition, 10,000 Bolivian troops, many of them ill-trained and ill-equipped conscripts, deserted to Argentina or injured or mutilated themselves to avoid combat. Alas de Bolivia: La Aviación Boliviana durante la Campaña del Chaco. After the Chilean occupation of Arica, Tarapacá, and Antofagasta, the governments of Peru and Bolivia turned as their last hope to the United States to block the Chilean annexation of the occupied territories.

On the day of the planned auction, 200 Chilean soldiers arrived by ship at the port city of and seized it without resistance. The Green Hell: A Concise History of the Chaco War between Bolivia and Paraguay, 1932—1935.

Paraguay had lost almost half of its territory to and in the of 1864—1870. On the other hand, the Chilean Navy captured the ship Pilcomayo in November 1879 and the in December 1880. In addition, the physical and psychological illnesses and the hostile characteristics of the Chaco with the lack of water added to the poor diet produced the highest percentage of casualties and affected the health of the surviving soldiers, many for life.

As provided by the secret treaty, the allies agreed in the Protocol of Subsidies for Bolivia to bear the costs of the war. Paraguay, on the other hand, mobilized its entire army. De Lavalle arrived in Valparaíso on March 4.

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