

# Characteristics and availability of data from earth-imaging satellites

## U.S. G.P.O. - Satellite communication

WRS Scale	500 (approx.)	Visible	Radar	Multispectral
1	>4.5 m	Distinguish between two ways and runways at a large airfield	Detect a large cleared swath in a densely wooded area	Distinguish between urban and rural areas
2	1.25-4.5 m	Detect large buildings (e.g., hospitals, factories)	Detect road patterns, fence, and land use configuration	Detect timber clear cutting
3	1.25-2.25 m	Identify a large surface ship in port by type	Detect medium-sized aircraft	Identify major street patterns in urban areas
4	0.6-1.25 m	Identify individual tanks, oil rigs, control towers	Detect oil pipelines/bridges	Detect small boats (5-20 feet in length) in open water
5	0.37-0.6 m	Identify radar as vehicle-mounted or trailer-mounted	Count all medium helicopters	Detect ditch irrigation of beet fields
6	0.28-0.37 m	Identify the space line on a medium-sized truck	Distinguish between variable and fixed wing fighter aircraft	Detect frost trails through tall grass
7	0.18-0.28 m	Identify individual oil rigs	Detect road/street lamps in an urban residential area	Distinguish individual rows of crops
8	0.08-0.18 m	Identify the street lines on a medium-sized truck	Identify the damaged pattern on rail tank cars	
9	<0.08 m	Identify vehicle registration numbers (VIN) on trucks	Identify trucks at cab-over-engine or engine-in-front	

Description: -

- Earth sciences -- Data processing.

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- U.S. Geological Survey bulletin -- 1631 Characteristics and availability of data from earth-imaging satellites

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## Land Observation Satellites/Sensors

At the same time, SAR data have enabled discrimination between seasonal and persistent ice types, and monitoring of sea-ice reductions consistent with global warming. Whereas ML is used to understand satellite data, AI is used to apply satellite data to real-world problems. Polarimetric imagers, which detect the relative intensity of the polarized components of reflected radiation, and interferometric imagers, which sense the superposition of different wavelengths, are used to monitor minute land and ice movements.

## Chinese HJ

The ground segment consists of a Telemetry Tracking and Command TTC segment comprising a TTC network, and an Image segment comprising data acquisition, data processing and product generation system along with data dissemination centre. The EO-1 mission will provide the on-orbit demonstration of six revolutionary spacecraft technologies which if successful, will enable future Earth and space science missions to be conducted using smaller, lower weight and reduced power spacecraft buses.

## NASA Earth Science

All you need to know is where to find them. Local measurements of key target parameters, such as mass loading and particle size distribution, are important also for assessing impacts to human health, air transport, and understanding ash deposit dynamics. CMGs increase the number of images that can be collected during the same pass.

## Satellite communication

The TM sensor provides several improvements over the MSS sensor including: higher spatial and radiometric resolution; finer spectral bands; seven as opposed to four spectral bands; and an increase in the number of detectors per band 16 for the non-thermal channels versus six for MSS.

## Related Books

- [Third regular meeting of the International Council of Nurses \(founded in London , July 1899\) - in th](#)
- [Minpōp ch'ongch'ik](#)
- [A ciascuno il suo](#)
- [Roberto Clemente - baseball legend](#)
- [Nordrhein-Westfalen und der Bund](#)