

Proximate determinants of fertility in Lesotho

International Statistical Institute - Explaining the Role of Proximate Determinants on Fertility Decline among Poor and Non

Description: -

- Geology -- North America -- Pacific Coast -- Guidebooks.

Geology -- Yukon Territory -- Guidebooks.

Geology -- British Columbia, Northern -- Guidebooks.

Söderblom, Nathan, -- 1866-1931.

Korean reunification question (1945-)

Ojibwa Indians -- Canada -- Treaties.

Ojibwa Indians -- Ontario -- Government relations.

Ojibwa Indians -- Ontario -- Claims.

Ojibwa Indians -- Land tenure -- Ontario.

Chippewa Tri-Council.

Europe, Eastern -- Economic policy.

Birth intervals -- Lesotho.

Fertility, Human -- Lesotho.proximate determinants of fertility in Lesotho

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The Proximate Determinants of

Fertility in Sub

Santow G 1987 Reassessing the contraceptive effect of breastfeeding. Child mortality reductions for women of lower parities are steeply higher for uneducated women compared with educated women.

Fertility and its proximate determinants in Lesotho.

It was also observed that, majority of the fertility decline in the above stated countries was primarily because of massive increase in contraceptive practices and it was higher, to a great extent, among poor than non-poor women in Bangladesh 16 percent vs. Marston C, Cleland J 2003 Relationships between contraception and abortion: a review of the evidence. The outcome of a pregnancy may end in a spontaneous abortion, in an induced abortion, or in a still birth.

The Proximate Determinants of Fertility in Sub

IPPF Med Bull 7 3 : 1—2. Knodel J 1978 The influence of child mortality in a natural fertility setting: An analysis of German Villages. Computed wealth index has been standardized by taking the same asset indicators for each of the three time periods.

The Proximate Determinants of Fertility in Eswatini

Results Fertility reduction across all population subgroups is now an established fact despite the diversity in the level of socio-economic development in Asian countries. Besides, mass media exposure and social networks play important roles in obtaining knowledge of modern contraceptive techniques. A similar pattern occurs across most of the subgroups: Changing marriage patterns have resulted in slightly lower fertility.

The proximate determinants of fertility

United Nations 1987 Fertility behaviour in the context of development: Evidence from the World Fertility Survey. The examination of the estimated age at completion of childbearing and the average length of the childbearing span by age at marriage showed that women who married younger had a longer childbearing span, which allowed them to produce more children, than their counterparts who married older.

The proximate determinants of fertility

Earlier it was observed that marriage was almost universal especially among poor and therefore the relative contribution of marriage on fertility reduction was almost negligible. Among the poor women in Vietnam, the fertility inhibiting effect due to postpartum infecundity has decreased 0.

The proximate determinants of fertility in sub

However, the pace of decline varied within and across the countries. Among the districts in 1988—1989, contraceptive use was highest in Kirinyaga 52 percent , followed by Nakuru 47.

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