

Experimental results demonstrate that cold plasma can improve the hydrophilicity of the cutting tool as well as reduce the adhesion of the workpiece material to the cutting tool. The presence of air pressure and oxide layers help reduce direct contact between the tool and the workpiece, which in turn, reduces the chemical wear of the diamond tool. Werner Z, Pochrybiak C, Barlak M, Gosk J, Szczytko J, Twardowski A, Siwek A 2013 Magnetic properties of manganese implanted silicon after pulse plasma annealing.

Improvement of Wear Resistance in Cemented Tungsten Carbide by Ion Implantation

Graphite wear mechanism of diamond tools and typical anti-wear process. Figure illustrates the diffusion mechanism of carbon atoms in diamond-cutting ferrous metals. Transformation of diamond structure to more stable graphite structure.

Life

The energy of the ions, as well as the ion species and the composition of the target, determine the depth of penetration of the ions in the solid: A monoenergetic ion beam will generally have a broad depth distribution. Raebel S, Worzala F, Conrad J 1990 PSII nitrogen implanted M2 tool steel for wear resistance in wood machining tools. These metals had been certified to be extremely biocompatible.

Improved hardness and wear properties of B

Adhesion, interface strain, internal stresses, film layer ductility, strength, etc.

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