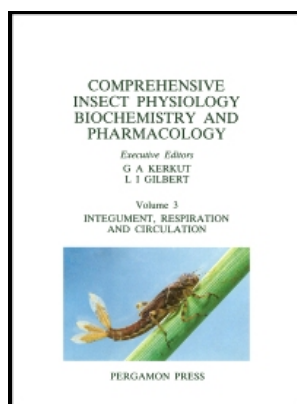


Physiology of Insecta

Academic Press - The Principles of Insect Physiology



Description: -

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Notes: Includes bibliographies.

This edition was published in 1973



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The Physiology of Insecta

The foregut includes the mouth , , and and any part may be highly modified , which both store food and signify when to continue passing onward to the midgut. The insect brain is a fusion of three pairs of , each supplying nerves for specific functions.

Physiology of Insects

On the under surfaces of the tarsal subsegments in certain Orthoptera there are small pads, the tarsal pulvilli, or euplantulae.

Insect physiology

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Journal: Journal of insect physiology / **Publication Year:** 2010 / **Source:** 2010 v.56 no.12 / **Subject:** larvae

On the other hand, 2 uncharacterized genes encoding short proteins with partial similarity to Drosophila Gram-negative bacteria-binding proteins are up-regulated after septic injury.

Insect physiology

Instead, metabolic wastes are removed with the Malpighian tubules. Smaller sperm were generally excluded from transfer and larger sperm transfer was dependent on the size of the female, whose spermathecal volumes were proportional to body size.

Insects physiology

Researches point out cases of resistance to Cry toxin due to alterations in the binding sites in columnar cell membrane.

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