

Gottfried Wilhelm Leibniz

Campus Verlag - Gottfried Wilhelm Leibniz (Stanford Encyclopedia of Philosophy)

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- Leibniz, Gottfried Wilhelm, Freiherr von, 1646-1716. Gottfried Wilhelm Leibniz
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- Cuadernos Lagoven.
- Collana Fuoco bianco

- Reihe Campus.

- Einführungen

- 1052.

- Reihe Campus ;Gottfried Wilhelm Leibniz

- Notes: Includes bibliographical references.

- This edition was published in 1992



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Gottfried Leibniz Facts & Biography

Ultimately, Leibniz holds that human beings have intuitive knowledge only of primary notions and propositions, whereas God, of course, has intuitive knowledge of all things. Leibniz and Arnauld: A Commentary on their Correspondence.

EMT

What, then, is sense perception? His reflections trace at least to his Confession of a Philosopher of 1672-3.

Leibniz, Gottfried Wilhelm



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It is also worth pointing out that Leibniz and after him Kant continues a long tradition of philosophizing about space and time from the point of view of space, as if the two were always in a strict analogy.

Gottfried Leibniz Facts & Biography

The consequences that Leibniz draws from the logical conception of substance and the doctrine of marks and traces are remarkable. Nevertheless, this self-portrait does express something that one sees in Leibniz's writings: the weaving together of varying strands of ancient and modern philosophy in a remarkably creative and sophisticated manner. Thus it is in the simple substance, and not in the composite or in the machine, that one must look for perception.

Gottfried Leibniz

Leibniz's Theory of Elimination and Determinants.

Gottfried Leibniz Facts & Biography

First, with the modal distinction between the two kinds of necessity, Leibniz insists that human choices are not necessary in the strong sense. This is most rare, however, and the theologian who authorizes violence under this pretext should take care against excess; excess being infinitely more dangerous than deficiency. Suppose now that Smith has a desire to raise his arm call this mental state S_m , and the raising of his arm ensues call this bodily state S_b , a case of apparent mind to body causation.

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