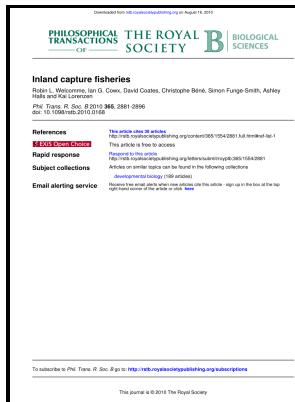


Inland capture fisheries of the USSR

Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations - Inland Fishery



Description: -

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Taxation -- France
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Inland Fishery

Much like commercial and subsistence fisheries, recreational fishing has the potential to reduce freshwater fish stocks if not properly managed. The fisheries of inland waters have received only slight consideration within global analyses , , .

Overfishing of Inland Waters

Recent estimates place the volume of water trapped behind documented dams at 6000—7000 km³. Fishing is a crucial source of livelihoods in developing nations, particularly for low-income families in rural areas where job options are limited.

Inland Fisheries: 1.2.2. FAO's world major fishing areas

The bulk about 90 percent of inland fish is caught in developing countries and 65 percent is caught in low-income food-deficit countries LIFDCs.

Inland Fisheries: 1.2.2. FAO's world major fishing areas

Penang, Malaysia: World Fish Center.

Inland Fisheries: 1.2.1.2. Reservoirs of the world

Railroad consignments and sales in urban markets indicate that catches increased to a peak in 1918 and then gradually declined, and fishing became unprofitable for large operators by the 1930s. Such registries are of great help in management of inland fisheries and for development of intensive and extensive aquaculture. Usually this means successive elimination of larger individuals and species, although some fish populations respond to heavy fishing pressure with reductions in mean body size and size at maturation.

Fishing industry in Russia

Monitoring of the extent of fishing in inland aquatic systems also seems to be underreported by a factor of 2 or 3, due to the large volume of harvest that is consumed locally, and remains unrecorded Allan et al.

Inland Fisheries: 1.2.1.2. Reservoirs of the world

In North America, spawning salmon and their fry have been shown to be important to a wide variety of mammals, from mink to North American brown bears, as well as to piscivorous birds; furthermore, salmon influence the densities of insectivorous passerine birds in the riparian areas of salmon streams as a result of the indirect effects of salmon on insect prey. There is ample evidence that overfishing is a significant factor in the decline of numerous species and fisheries, and is of global importance as a threat to inland water biodiversity Allan et al.

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