

Patient exposure due to bitewing radiography

[Vrije Universiteit te Amsterdam] - The Selection of Patients for Dental Radiographic Examinations

| Table 4. Clinical conditions needed for a radiograph prior to dental extractions |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| • Teeth to be surgically removed, including third molars. |
| • Partially erupted teeth. |
| • Loose standing upper molars. |
| • Patients with history of difficult extractions. |
| • Retained roots. |
| • Teeth associated with swelling. |
| • Clinical suspicion of unusual anatomy. |
| • A medical history placing the patient at special risk if complications were encountered. |
| • Prior to orthodontic extractions. |

Description: -

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Notes: Thesis (Graad van Doctor) - Vrije Universiteit te Amsterdam, 1989.

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Conventional bitewing radiography

Ingle's Endodontics 6 6th ed.

The Selection of Patients for Dental Radiographic Examinations

This is often abbreviated as either FMS or FMX or CMRS, meaning Complete Mouth Radiographic Series. Because of its potential to reduce radiation dose, it is recommended that all dental practices adopt digital intraoral x-ray imaging.

Safety of Radiographic Imaging During Pregnancy

The prevalence of dental caries in United States children, 1979-1980. This material may not otherwise be downloaded, copied, printed, stored, transmitted or reproduced in any medium, whether now known or later invented, except as authorized in writing by the AAFP. Available at accessed May 2020.

Patient Exposure and Protection

J Am Dent Assoc 2018; 149: 51-58. The time intervals for obtaining bitewing radiographs should be planned and adjusted according to the caries risk. She was diagnosed with pyelonephritis and treated with parenteral antibiotics.

Dental radiography

This x-ray shows the entire mouth and surrounding structures in one image, including nasal structures sinuses and the temporomandibular joints TMJ. Harvey S, Ball F, Brown J, Thomas B.

Patient Safety

Regardless of the instrument used, the placement of the receptor relative to the teeth must be correct. Increasing exposure is believed to be associated with increasing risk, and therefore there is no unequivocally safe maximum dose.

Best Practices and Patient Comfort with Digital Intraoral Radiography

Furthermore, there is a reduced need for sterilisation of the intraoral film holders, leading to a small cost efficiency saving. However, some qualitative observations can be made from the available data regarding fetal risk. Hence, the risk of under-detection reduces with each subsequent examination.

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