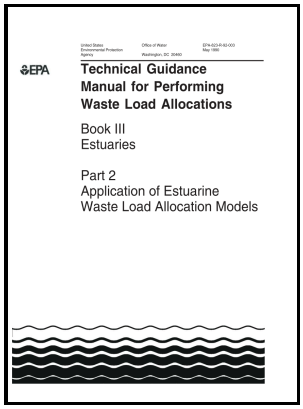
Technical guidance manual for performing waste load allocations.

Office of Water Regulations and Standards, Monitoring and Data Support Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency - LA



Description: -
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Water -- Pollution -- Environmental aspects.
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Water quality management.Technical guidance manual for performing waste load allocations.
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Technical guidance manual for performing waste load allocations. Book III, Estuaries (Microform, 1990) [localize-img.justmote.me]

The E-mail message field is required. Anaerobes anaerobic bacteria , however, grow or metabolize only in the absence of molecular oxygen, such as in the deeper sediment layers of estuarine and marine environments EPA,.

Key Regulatory Mixing Zone Documents, TSD toxics control, water quality criteria, waste load allocations, estuaries, TSD 301(h)

Martin ; sections written by Robert B.

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An aerobic environment is one characterized by the presence of free oxygen O 2 , in contrast to an anaerobic environment which is one devoid of free oxygen WKU,. . Book III, Estuaries Author: ; ; ; ; ; Publisher: Washington, D.

Aerobic Environments

In this environment, aerobic bacteria readily decompose organic matter, breaking down the organic molecules to simple inorganic constituents Talaro and Talaro,. These organisms require oxygen as their terminal electron acceptor.

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Aerobic Environments

Aerobic organisms grow or metabolize only in the presence of molecular oxygen Mekone and Kandel, ; Talaro and Talaro, , such as in the upper few centimeters of estuarine bottom sediments where concentrations of free oxygen are significant and chemically oxidizing processes prevail EPA,.

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