

Second epistle of Paul the Apostle to the Corinthians - and the epistles to Timothy, Titus and Philemon

Oliver and Boyd - Second Epistle to Timothy

Description: -

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Music, Popular (Songs, etc.) -- History and criticism
Communication

Music -- Social aspects.

Bible. -- N.T. -- Criticism, interpretation, etc

Jesus Christ -- Humanity

Bible.

Bible.

Bible.

Bible.

Bible. -- N.T. -- Philemon.

Paul, -- the Apostle, Saint. second epistle of Paul the Apostle to the
Corinthians - and the epistles to Timothy, Titus and Philemon

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Calvins New Testament commentaries second epistle of Paul the
Apostle to the Corinthians - and the epistles to Timothy, Titus and
Philemon

Notes: Translated from the Latin.

This edition was published in 1964

The Time and Setting. Probably the most difficult task in interpreting 1 Timothy is to determine the date and circumstances of its writing. One's view on these matters will depend largely on whether or not he believes Paul was temporarily released from his imprisonment described in the closing verses of Acts (Acts 28:30, 31). It seems almost certain that Paul hoped for a favorable decision at his scheduled hearing before the Caesar (Acts 28:19, Phil. 2:23, 24; Philemon 22). The words of Acts 28:30 indicate that the apostle "spent two whole years" in a house which he was permitted to rent. The time when that occurred seems to have been about AD 62-64. It is generally assumed that when the two years elapsed Paul had his appearance before the Roman emperor. What happened on that occasion, however, is not known for certain. Some students of the Bible believe that Paul was released by the Caesar, and he was then permitted to resume an active ministry for approximately two years, possibly making his long-delayed journey to Spain (Rom. 15:24, 28). This interpretation also allows for Paul's visitations in the various places noted in the Pastoral Epistles, such as Ephesus and Macedonia (1 Tim. 1:3; Titus, Corinth, and Jerusalem (2 Tim. 4:13, 20), and Crete and Nicopolis (Titus 1:5, 3:12). Those who hold a stricter interpretation of the Scriptures involved believe insufficient evidence exists to teach that Paul was released from confinement and thereby given an opportunity for a fourth missionary journey. This view implies that instead of a favorable decision by the Caesar, the verdict likely went against Paul, and he probably lost the privilege of living in rented quarters and consequently consigned to the prison conditions depicted in 2 Timothy awaiting his execution. If Paul did not receive a final reprieve from prison, it is impossible to determine with any certainty when 1 Timothy was written. If he did secure a release, however, and if it might have been, the Pastoral Epistles must likely have been written during that time. It seems so if 1 Timothy was written approximately in AD 65-66. The Response. This epistle was written "unto Timothy" (1 Timothy 1:3). Paul found Timothy in the city of Lystra, one of the cities in the region of Galatia which seemed to be his home town. Paul and Barnabas had ministered in Lystra.

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Tags: #The #second #epistle #of #Paul #the #Apostle #to #the #Corinthians #(1964 #edition)

Who Wrote the Pastoral Epistles 1 Timothy, 2 Timothy, and Titus? When Were They Written?

Paul looks forward to it in 2 Timothy 4:8 see 2:12, 18 and exhorts believers in view of it in 1 Timothy 6:14—15. Here also the Pastorals resemble the ten, witness such compounds as καταστρηνιάωσιν they grow wanton, 1 Tim.

Second Epistle to Timothy

Once, in the city of Antioch - capital of the heathens in Asia Minor - he did not hesitate to accuse Apostle Peter of hypocrisy when that Apostle's motive for censure was flawed Gal.

The second epistle of Paul the Apostle to the Corinthians (1964 edition)

But surely the apostle did not need to expound in detail to Timothy and Titus, his intimate friends and fellow-workers, the doctrine of justification by faith! The argument according to which Paul cannot have written the Pastorals because the style of certain passages in the ten is not characteristic of 1 Timothy, 2 Timothy, and Titus proves either nothing or too much.

2 Corinthians. The Second Epistle of Paul the Apostle to the Corinthians (KJV King James Version)

It is not difficult to show that the value of this argument and of its ramifications has been greatly over-estimated. In 60 AD, Governor Portius Festus reign begins.

Second Epistle to Timothy

It is, indeed, very strange that by some this six-point argument, which has been so often and so ably refuted, is still being repeated, either as a whole or in part, as if it contained at least a considerable element of value.

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