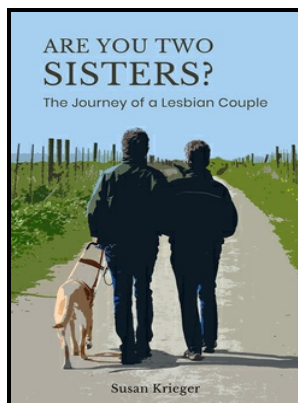


Abandoned to their fate - social policy and practice toward severely retarded people in America, 1820-1920

Temple University Press - DeepDyve



Description: -

-
Asylums -- United States -- History.
Almshouses -- United States -- History.
People with mental disabilities -- Institutional care -- United States -- History.
People with mental disabilities -- Government policy -- United States -- History.
Rome State Custodial Asylum for Unteachable Idiots (N.Y.) -- History.
Abandoned to their fate - social policy and practice toward severely retarded people in America, 1820-1920

-
Health, society, and policy
Abandoned to their fate - social policy and practice toward severely retarded people in America, 1820-1920
Notes: Includes bibliographical references (p. 187-206) and index.
This edition was published in 1994



Filesize: 69.19 MB

Tags: #Walking #the #Line #between #the #Past #and #the #Future: #Parents' #Resistance #and #Commitment #to #Institutionalization

Winks, blinks, squints and twitches: Looking for disability, culture and self-determination through our son's left eye

Images of Healing: A Portfolio of American Medical and Pharmaceutical Practice in the 18th, 19th, and Early 20th Centuries.

Abandoned to Their Fate

My gratitude to Wallace Matson, Bill Shaw, Stephen Kershner, Jim Landesman, and Elliot Cohen for comments on earlier versions of this paper. Judith Jarvis Thomson puts it this way.

Severe Retardation

In addition, Strong Affirmative Action creates a new Hierarchy of the Oppressed: Blacks get primary preferential treatment, women second, Native Americans third, Hispanics fourth, Handicapped fifth, and Asians sixth and so on until White males, no matter how needy or well qualified, must accept the left-overs. In addition to the arguments I have offered, Affirmative Action, rather than unite people of good will in the common cause of justice, tends to balkanize us into segregation-thinking. By Strong Affirmative Action I mean preferential treatment on the basis of race, ethnicity or gender or some other morally irrelevant criterion, discriminating in favor of under-represented groups against over-represented groups, aiming at roughly equal results.

Vol. 29, No. 2, Winter, 1995 of Journal of Social History on JSTOR

Science and Medicine in the Old South. So our program should be to promote equal opportunity, as much as is feasible in a free market economy, and reward people according to their individual merit.

History of Science in the United States

The Excellent Doctor Blackwell: The Life of the First Female Physician.

DeepDyve

The proponent of equal or fair opportunity would just as soon down play this feature in favor of judging people as individuals by their merit hard though that may be.

Abandoned to Their Fate: Social Policy and Practice toward Severely Retarded People in America, 1820

The Supreme Court recently refused to rule on the appeal, thus leaving it to the individual states to decide how they will deal with this issue. If A steals B's car and wrecks it, A has an obligation to compensate B for the stolen car, but A's son has no obligation to compensate B.

Walking the Line between the Past and the Future: Parents' Resistance and Commitment to Institutionalization

The question is: how best to get there. Perinatal causes include complications at birth, extreme prematurity, infections, and other neonatal disorders.

Related Books

- [German New River settlement, Virginia](#)
- [Caracterización de los flujos migratorios laborales entre México y Estados Unidos, de personas res](#)
- [The accidental sisterhood - take back control of your bladder . . . and your life](#)
- [Concise Oxford companion to the theatre](#)
- [This is for you - \[poems\]](#)