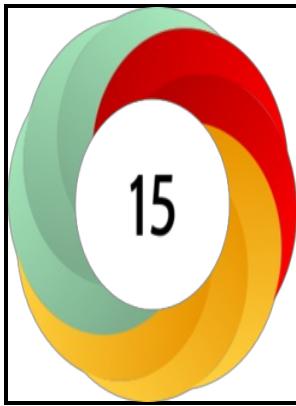


Globalization and the race to the bottom in developing countries - who really gets hurt?

Cambridge University Press - Globalization and the Race to the Bottom in Developing Countries



Description: -

- Potawatomi Indians
- Citizen Band Potawatomi Tribe of Oklahoma
- English language -- Dictionaries -- Norwegian.
- Criminal law -- Dictionaries.
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- Developing countries -- Social policy
- Globalization -- Social aspects -- Developing countries
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Globalization and the Race to the Bottom in Developing Countries

It has been the lower- and upper-middle classes who have benefited the most from welfare systems and, consequently, it is they who are most vulnerable to globalization's race to the bottom. Nita Rudra posits that trade openness contributes to downward pressures on developing country welfare state policies. Abstract: According to conventional wisdom, globalisation's 'race to the bottom' undercuts welfare protections in developing countries, with the biggest losers being the poor.

Globalization and the Race to the Bottom in Developing Countries : Who Really Gets Hurt?. (eBook, 2008) [mikhmon.us.to]

The advance of economic globalization has led many academics, policy-makers, and activists to warn that it leads to a 'race to the bottom'. Conventional wisdom suggests that it is the poorer members of these societies who stand to lose the most from these pressures on welfare protections, but this new study argues for a more complex conceptualization of the subject. Nita Rudra's insightful study explores the effects of globalization on poverty and distribution in developing countries, with a focus on domestic welfare systems.

Globalization and the Race to the Bottom in Developing Countries

Nita Rudra Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 2008 , 314 pp.

Reviewed Work: Globalization and the Race to the Bottom in Developing Countries: Who Really Gets Hurt? by Nita Rudra (2008)

This book provides a useful corrective to contemporary discussions of globalization, many of which assume that any 'race to the bottom' among developing nations will be detrimental to the poor. Based on extensive research and fully informed by theory, the analysis is remarkably sure-handed - mature, nuanced, and ultimately highly illuminating. The poor, meanwhile, whose suffering was often widely ignored by the welfare systems established during and after colonial rule, have comparatively less to lose.

Globalization and the Race to the Bottom in Developing Countries : Who Really Gets Hurt?. (eBook, 2008) [mikhmon.us.to]

Rather, social policies in developing nations have tended to target the middle and upper classes. As a result, the downward pressures generated by economic globalization are largely irrelevant to the poorest members of developing societies. Author: Nita Rudra Publisher: Leiden : Cambridge University Press, 2008.

Globalization and the Race to the Bottom in Developing Countries: Who Really Gets Hurt?

Case studies of India, Brazil, and Korea serve as the cornerstones for a typology of developing country distribution regimes. For Rudra, the traditional application of the race to the bottom conception to developing countries has been a too-hasty jump from observations of the effects of globalization on OECD countries.

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