

# Seijika Ōkubo Toshimichi - kindai Nihon no sekkeisha

Kōdansha - Kindai Nihon no seikyoku to Saionji Kinmochi (Book, 1987) [mikhmon.us.to]

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Ōkubo, Toshimichi, -- 1830-1878.Seijika Ōkubo Toshimichi - kindai Nihon no sekkeisha

Tags: #Okubo #Toshimichi

## Toshimichi Okubo

Ōkubo argued that it was imperative to strengthen the country first. Saigō supported a plan of conquest; Ōkubo argued that priority be given to internal Japanese reform and development.

## Toshimichi Okubo

The new — authoritarian — government was shaped by Ōkubo, Saigō and Kido who implemented a series of administrative reforms aiming at stabilising the new Meiji state. After attending the domain's academy, he began his career as a minor official. Leader of the Restoration From the time of the restoration until his death, Okubo was a key leader in the new imperial government.

## 大久保利通 1830

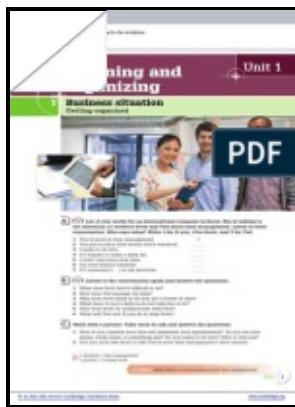
When it was decided not to attack Korea, Saigō, Itagaki Taisuke, and other government figures resigned in protest.

## Okubo Toshimichi

Ōkubo became increasingly influential in policy-making and resisted dissenting voices, antagonising a lot of his former allies. In foreign relations, he worked to secure revision of the Unequal Treaties of 1858 and joined the Iwakura Mission on its around-the-world trip of 1871 to 1873.

## Toshimichi Okubo

He studied at the same domain school as , who was three years his senior, receiving a military education as well as the traditional Chinese learning of Confucian principles of loyalty and filial piety. When abolishing the domains and instituting a prefectoral system in 1871, he stepped down from his position as state councillor, and Saigō and Kido took the leadership. He also encouraged industrial growth through an industrial promotion



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bureau and subsidised industry and agriculture.

### Nihon kindai shigaku shi : kubo, Toshiaki, 1900

Although , another powerful domain, shared the anti-Tokugawa stand of Satsuma, they were on unfriendly terms with each other.

#### 大久保利通 1830

Equally important was his assiduous effort to recruit bright and talented young men into the government, regardless of their domain origin. Although his view prevailed, he did attempt to placate the opposition by the dispatch of an expedition against Taiwanese aborigines in 1874, and he went to China to negotiate a settlement of the affair which gave the Japanese sovereignty over the Ryukyu Islands. Because he strongly advocated a policy of internal reform and Westernization within Satsuma, he soon became a confidant of its lord, Nariakira Shimazu.

#### 大久保利通 1830

On May 14, 1878, he was assassinated by a disgruntled former samurai from Kaga domain while on his way to the imperial palace. At the end of the same year, Ōkubo was made a trainee liaison officer between the domain senior minister karō and the daimyō. The alliance marked the beginning of the Meiji Restoration.

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