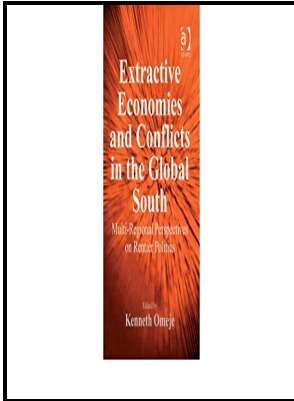


Extractive economies and conflicts in the global South - multi-regional perspectives on rentier politics

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Extractive Economies and Conflicts in the Global South

In this scenario, the state became both the subject and object of contestation between these pooling dual tendencies.

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Janowitz, Morris 1977 , Military Institutions and Coercion in the Developing Nations, Chicago, IL: University of Chicago Press. Oil-producing communities are not satisfied with such commissions because their chief executive officers are appointed by and responsible to the president.

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One of the advertised objectives of the distribution of oil and its rents to all Nigerians was the promotion of national unity which assumed paramount importance after the botched Biafran secession.

Explaining the Violent Conflicts in Nigeria's Niger Delta: Is the Rentier State Theory and the Resource

Secondly the chapter casts a ground scan of terrains covered in this book. Uche, Chibuike 2008 The Journal of African History. For instance, although several elites from oil producing regions were appointed petroleum ministers and managing directors of the NNPC, they could neither influence the upward review of the percentage of revenue that accrued to derivation nor attract massive developmental funds to the region.

Extractive Economies and Conflicts in the Global South: Multi

Political Geography, 58 May , 90-92. The government has also set a target for attaining local content.

Kenneth Omeje

Q+A: S.Sudan may be more conflict

Undoubtedly, however, some youth groups have been involved in pipeline vandalization. The governing class could afford to forgo or, at best, be selective regarding its obligations to citizens, including the institutionalization of democracy and rule of law. Boschini, Anne D; Peterson, Jan and Roine, Jesper.

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