

On land and sea - native American uses of biological resources in the West Indies

University of Alabama Press - On Land and Sea: Native American Uses of Biological Resources in the West Indies by Lee A. Newsom, Elizabeth S. Wing

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These high sequence divergence estimates, and phylogenetic placement of the Antigua—Guadeloupe lineage far from the monophyletic *Megalomys* — *Pennatomys* clade within the wider oryzomyine radiation, both support our independent morphological assessment of the distinctiveness of the Antigua—Guadeloupe lineage. Like the Royal Poinciana Tree that gives it its name, the elevated perch of the sun-kissed Poinciana Suites offer sparkling views of the Caribbean Sea. The timing of oryzomyine colonization is closely similar to the age of several other Caribbean vertebrate taxa, suggesting that geomorphological conditions during the Late Miocene facilitated broadly simultaneous overwater waif dispersal of many South American lineages to the Lesser Antilles.

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With new hotels and perennially pristine beaches, sublime food and rugged hiking like the place to be.

Unexpected evolutionary diversity in a recently extinct Caribbean mammal radiation

By contrast, oryzomyines from Antigua and Guadeloupe, representing taxonomically undescribed populations, together constitute a separate monophyletic clade not predicted by previous published studies, occurring on islands situated geographically intermediate between the distributions of *Megalomys* and *Pennatomys* along the Windward—Leeward island chain. The session detailed how to get involved and what is the progression path.

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We therefore recognize it as being distinct at the genus level from other oryzomyines, and describe it here as the new genus and species *Antillomys*

rayi electronic supplementary material, appendix, systematic paleontology and figure S1. Discover the cultural legacies of the emerald-green island of St.

Review: BOOKSHELF 2007 on JSTOR

Lat: 54° 20' 11 N 54. A high level of phylogenetic diversification was observed within oryzomyines across the Lesser Antilles, even between allopatric populations on the same island bank. Although not having the same suite of semi-aquatic adaptations as members of Clade D, *Hylaeamys* and closely related genera occur along riverbanks and so could become associated with natural rafts of floating vegetation for overwater dispersal.

On Land and Sea

A new capromyid rodent from Haiti: The origin, evolution, and extinction of West Indian rodents and their bearing on the origin of the New World hystricognaths. Although overall endemism is high within the main Windward—Leeward island chain, Antillean terrestrial vertebrate taxa are typically distributed across all major islands situated together on shallow submerged banks, which would have been exposed above water during repeated Quaternary low sea-level stands, thus periodically removing barriers to gene flow between neighbouring populations. The actions these first colonists took on the landscape—timber clearing, cultivation, animal hunting and domestication, fishing and exploitation of reef species—affected fragile land and sea biotic communities in both beneficial and harmful ways.

Sea area where the West Indies are, the west indies are a subregion

Brace S, Barnes I, Powell A, Pearson R, Woolaver LG, Thomas MG, Turvey ST, Fouquet A, Pineau K, Rodrigues MT, Mailles J, Schneider JB, Ernst R, Dewynter M.

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