

Artificial islands and installations in international law

Law of the Sea Institute, University of Rhode Island - PREAMBLE TO THE UNITED NATIONS CONVENTION ON THE LAW OF THE SEA



Description: -

-

Offshore structures -- Law and legislation. Artificial islands and installations in international law

-

no. 22.

Occasional paper (Law of the Sea Institute) ;

Occasional paper - Law of the Sea Institute ; 22 Artificial islands and installations in international law

Notes: Includes bibliographical references.

This edition was published in 1974



Filesize: 11.91 MB

Tags: #Oxford #Public #International #Law: #Artificial #Islands, #Installations #and #Structures

Offshore Installations: Practical Security and Legal Considerations

Article 60 Artificial islands, installations and structures in the exclusive economic zone 1. These rights extend not only on the surface but also to the seabed and subsoil, as well as vertically to airspace.

PREAMBLE TO THE UNITED NATIONS CONVENTION ON THE LAW OF THE SEA

This issue is discussed in more detail in.

Offshore Installations: Practical Security and Legal Considerations

The foregoing provision does not preclude the States concerned from obtaining technical or financial assistance from third States or international organizations in order to facilitate the exercise of the rights pursuant to articles 69 and 70, provided that it does not have the effect referred to in paragraph 1.

Convention on the Law of the Sea: Part V, Section 1

The breadth of the safety zones shall be determined by the coastal State, taking into account applicable international standards. Any commercial seabed exploration or mining is done by private or state-owned companies that are controlled and approved by the ISA, albeit only exploration has been done thus far. He is now based in Norway and contributes independent analysis to industry, media, and policymakers while pursuing an LL.

Artificial Islands and Installations in International Law

Contiguous Zone States may also establish a contiguous zone from the outer edge of the territorial seas to a maximum of 24 nautical miles from the baseline. Where there is an agreement in force between the States concerned, questions relating to the delimitation of the exclusive economic zone shall be determined in accordance with the provisions of that agreement.

Related Books

- [Tỉnh mộng](#)
- [Cohune nut industry in British Honduras.](#)
- [Casa, familia y sociedad - País Vasco, España y América, siglos XV-XIX](#)
- [Ontario New Universities Library Project - an automated bibliographic data control system](#)
- [Post-colonial question - common skies, divided horizons](#)