#### **WEEK 7 ASSIGNMENT**

# ☐ �� Project Insights: Iris Flower Classification Model Deployment Using Streamlit

#### **1. Dataset Understanding & Problem Statement**

The Iris dataset is a classic and widely-used dataset in machine learning and statistics. It contains 150 samples divided into three flower species: Setosa, Versicolor, and Virginica.

Each sample has four features: Sepal Length, Sepal Width, Petal Length, and Petal Width.

**6** Goal: Build a machine learning model to predict the species based on these features and deploy it using Streamlit.

#### **2.** Data Preprocessing & Exploration

- ✓ The dataset was clean with no missing values.
- Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) revealed strong correlation between petal dimensions and flower species.
- ☑ Visualizations like pairplots, heatmaps, and countplots provided clear separability among classes.

	sepal length (cm)	sepal width (cm)	petal length (cm)	petal width (cm)	target
0	5.1	3.5	1.4	0.2	0
1	4.9	3.0	1.4	0.2	0
2	4.7	3.2	1.3	0.2	0
3	4.6	3.1	1.5	0.2	0
4	5.0	3.6	1.4	0.2	0

#### target

0 50

1 50

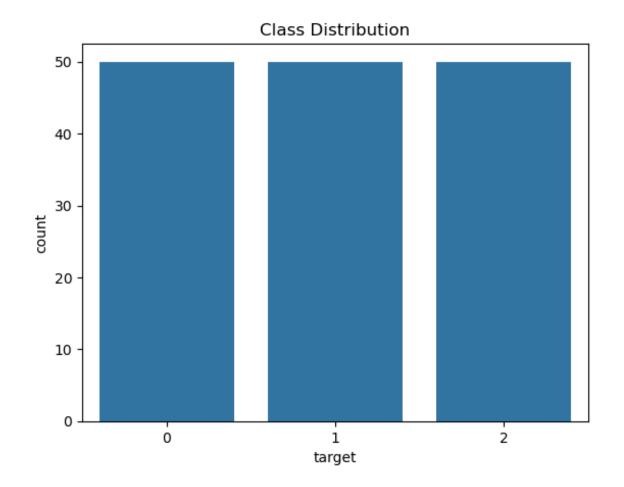
2 50

Name: count, dtype: int64

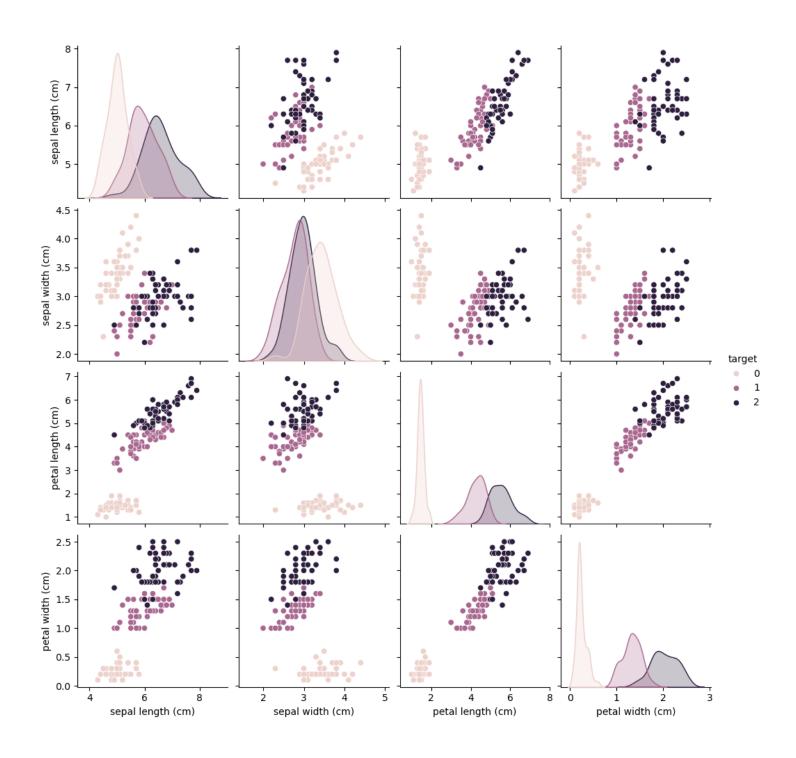


	sepal length (cm)	sepal width (cm)	petal length (cm)	petal width (cm)	target
count	150.000000	150.000000	150.000000	150.000000	150.000000
mean	5.843333	3.057333	3.057333 3.758000 1.19933	1.199333	1.000000
std	0.828066	0.435866	1.765298	0.762238	0.819232
min	4.300000	2.000000	1.000000	0.100000	0.000000
25%	5.100000	2.800000	1.600000	0.300000	0.000000
50%	5.800000	3.000000	4.350000	1.300000	1.000000
75%	6.400000	3.300000	5.100000	1.800000	2.000000
max	7.900000	4.400000	6.900000	2.500000	2.000000

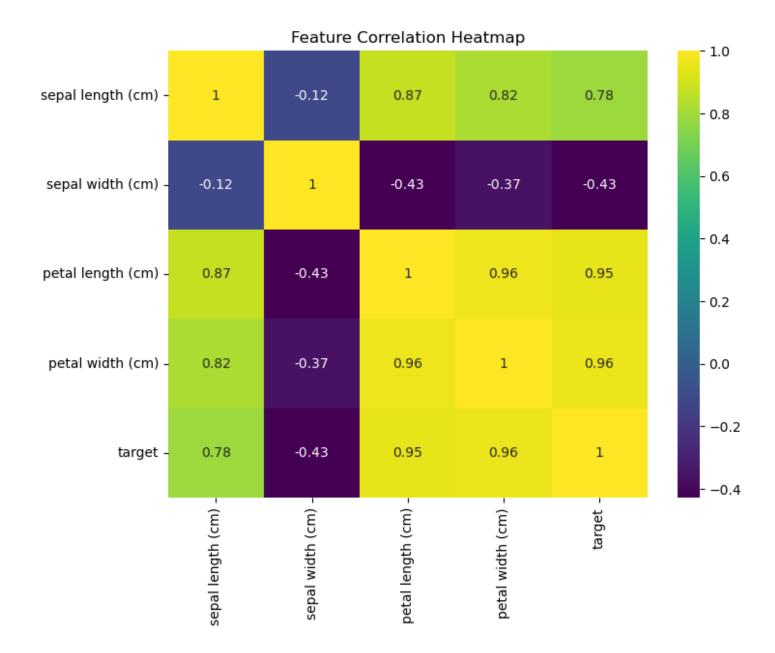
## ★ Class Distribution



## 🖈 Pairplot





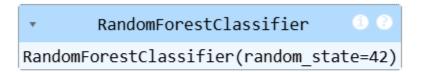


#### 3. Model Training & Evaluation

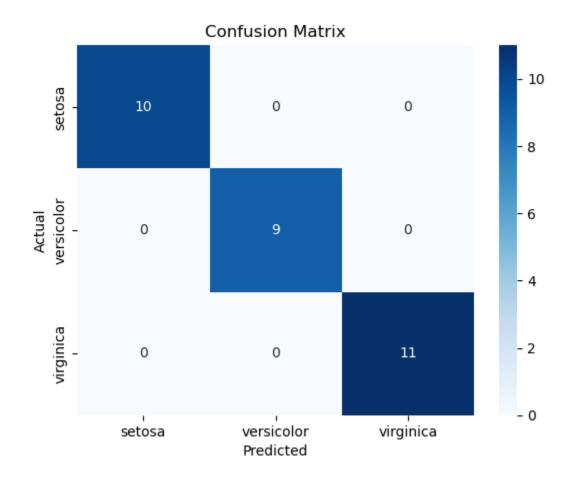
A Random Forest Classifier was trained using the scaled feature set with an 80-20 train-test split.

★ Model achieved over 96% accuracy.

Evaluation via classification report and confusion matrix confirmed strong predictive performance across all three classes.



Classification	Report: precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	1.00	1.00	1.00	10
1	1.00	1.00	1.00	9
2	1.00	1.00	1.00	11
accuracy			1.00	30
macro avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	30
weighted avg	1.00	1.00	1.00	30



#### 4. Model Saving & Streamlit UI Development

 $\begin{tabular}{l} \bigcirc \end{tabular}$  The trained model and scaler were serialized using joblib.

A user-friendly web interface was built using Streamlit that allows real-time predictions through slider inputs.

The interface displays prediction results, feature comparison, and model reasoning.

### Step 9: Save the Model and Scaler

```
joblib.dump(model, "iris_model.pkl")
joblib.dump(scaler, "scaler.pkl")

['scaler.pkl']
```

#### 5. Streamlit Application Features

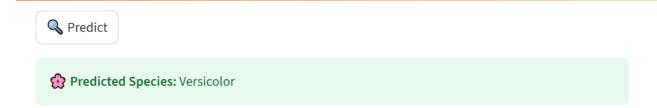
- nteractive sliders for Sepal and Petal features.
- ♣ Accepts user input and displays real-time species prediction.
- Compares user input with dataset averages.
- Feature importance chart helps understand model decisions.





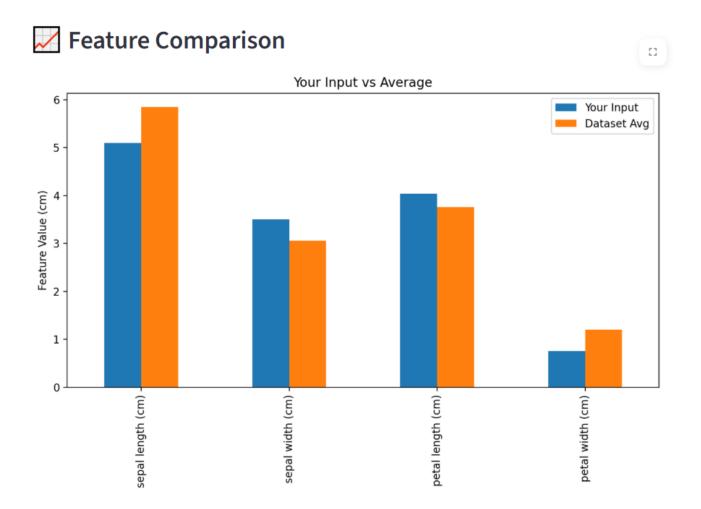


- ✓ A fully functional Streamlit web app that classifies Iris species based on input.
- Provides intuitive, visual feedback for non-technical users.
- ☑ Transforms a basic ML model into an interactive, accessible product.



## **Your Input vs Dataset Averages**

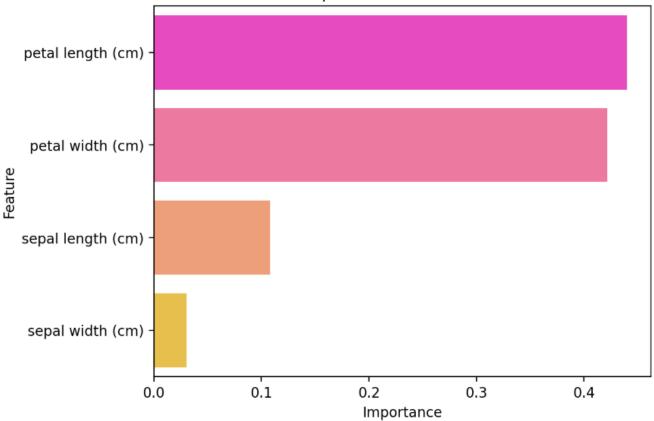
	sepal length (cm)	sepal width (cm)	petal length (cm)	petal width (cm)
Your Input	5.1	3.5	4.04	0.75
Dataset Avg	5.8433	3.0573	3.758	1.1993





## Feature Importance (Model's Decision Basis)





#### Conclusion

This project seamlessly integrates model development, evaluation, and deployment. It provides a practical understanding of building real-world ML systems and makes machine learning accessible and interpretable to everyone. Streamlit serves as a powerful tool to quickly deploy models with professional and interactive user interfaces.

#### Deployed Streamlit Application

Visit the live application here: <a href="https://iris-classifier-muskan2003.streamlit.app/">https://iris-classifier-muskan2003.streamlit.app/</a>