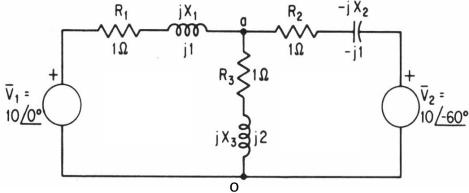
## **EE101 Tutorial-5** (11 Sep 2014)

Use Norton's theorem to find the current through R<sub>3</sub>, X<sub>3</sub> branch in the circuit shown below. Q1.



- Q2. For the transistor amplifier circuit with collector-emitter feedback biasing shown in Figure 1, find the value of
  - a.  $I_B$
  - b.  $V_C$
  - c.  $V_E$
  - d.  $V_{CE}$

(Assume that  $V_{BE} = 0.7 V$  in forward biased condition)

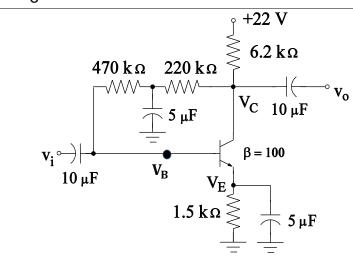


Figure 1

- Q3. In Figure 2, the transistor is in active region with the quiescent C-E voltage  $V_{CEQ} = 4 V$ . Assume that  $V_{BE} = 0.7 V, V_T = 26 mV, BJT$ output resistance  $r_o$  is very high  $(> 100 \text{ k}\Omega)$ , and all capacitors are short-circuited at applied signal frequency. Find the value of
  - a.  $R_1$

  - d.  $A_v$ , if a load  $R_L = 2 k\Omega$  is
  - connected across A-B. e.  $A_{v_s} = \frac{v_o}{v_s}$ , if  $R_L = 2 k\Omega$  is connected across A-B and assuming that applied voltage source has a resistance of  $R_s = 0.5 k\Omega$ .

