

RADIX SORT

Exp. No.:

AIM:

ALGORITHM:



PROGRAM:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <conio.h>

void countSort(int *a, int n, int P);

void radixSort(int *a, int n);

int main()
{
    int *a, i, n;
    printf("Enter Number of Elements:");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    a = (int *)malloc(n * sizeof(int));
    printf("Enter Elements of Array: ");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        scanf("%d", &a[i]);
    }
    printf("Array Before Radix Sort:");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        printf(" %d", a[i]);
    }
    radixSort(a, n);
    printf("\nArray After Radix Sort:");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        printf(" %d", a[i]);
    }
    getch();
    clrscr();
    return 0;
}

void countSort(int *a, int n, int P)
```

```

{
    int i, *b, c[10] = {0};
    b = (int *)calloc(n, sizeof(int));
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        c[(a[i] / P) % 10]++;
    }
    for (i = 1; i < 10; i++)
    {
        c[i] += c[i - 1];
    }
    for (i = n - 1; i >= 0; i--)
    {
        b[c[(a[i] / P) % 10] - 1] = a[i];
        c[(a[i] / P) % 10]--;
    }
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        a[i] = b[i];
    }
}

```

```

void radixSort(int *a, int n)
{
    int P, i, max = a[0];
    for (i = 1; i < n; i++)
        if (max < a[i])
            max = a[i];
    for (P = 1; max / P > 0; P *= 10)
    {
        countSort(a, n, P);
    }
}

```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter Number of Elements:8
Enter Elements of Array: 15 4 789 32 5 478 12 99
Array Before Radix Sort: 15 4 789 32 5 478 12 99
Array After Radix Sort: 4 5 12 15 32 99 478 789_
```

RESULT: