

Experiment1.3

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1. Aim:

Implement BFS algorithm in python

2.Objective: The objective of this experiment is to implement the Breath-First Search (DFS) algorithm and analyze its performance and characteristics

Algorithm Loop:

Step 1: SET STATUS = 1 (ready state) for each node in G

Step 2: Enqueue the starting node A and set its STATUS = 2 (waiting state)

Step 3: Repeat Steps 4 and 5 until QUEUE is empty

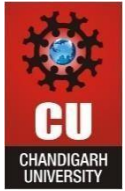
Step 4: Dequeue a node N. Process it and set its STATUS = 3 (processed state).

Step 5: Enqueue all the neighbours of N that are in the ready state (whose STATUS = 1) and set their STATUS = 2

(waiting state)

[END OF LOOP]

Step 6: EXIT



3. Code:

```
from collections import deque
```

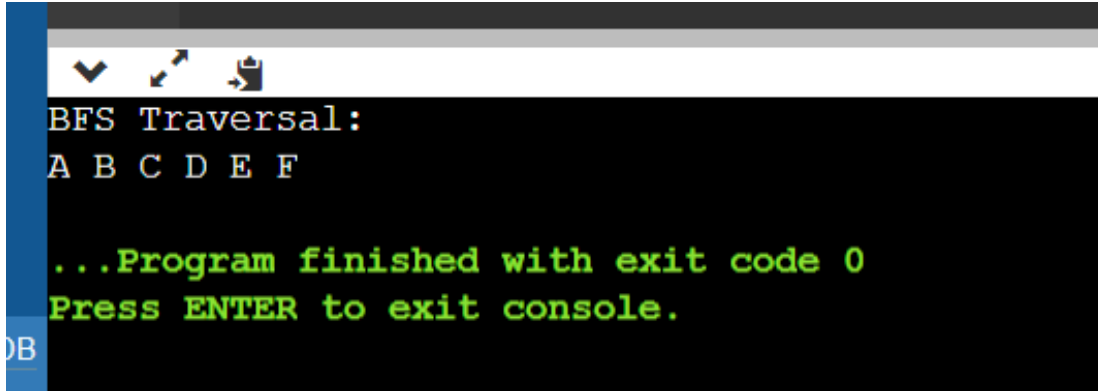
```
graph = {  
'A': ['B', 'C'],  
'B': ['D', 'E'],  
'C': ['F'],  
'D': [],  
'E': ['F'],  
'F': []  
}
```

```
def bfs(start_node):  
    queue = deque([start_node])  
    visited = set([start_node])  
    while queue:  
        node = queue.popleft()  
        print(node, end=' ')  
        for neighbor in graph[node]:  
            if neighbor not in visited:  
                queue.append(neighbor)  
                visited.add(neighbor)
```

```
start_node = 'A'  
print("BFS Traversal:")
```

bfs(start_node

5. Output:



```
BFS Traversal:
A B C D E F

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```