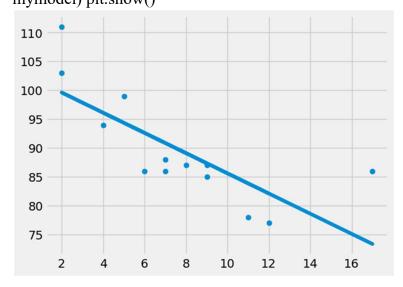


Experiment 2.2

- 1. Aim: Implementing Linear Regression and Logistic Regression Models.
- 2. Objective: The objective of this experiment is to implement Linear Regression and Logistic Regression Models.
- 3. Program and output:
- A) Linear Regression

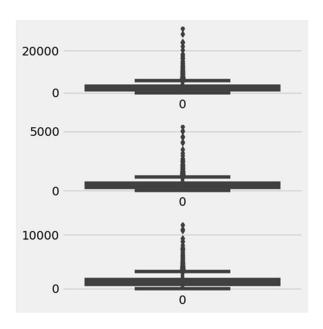
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt from scipy import stats x = [5,7,8,7,2,17,2,9,4,11,12,9,6] y = [99,86,87,88,111,86,103,87,94,78,77,85,86] slope, intercept, r, p, std_err = stats.linregress(x, y) def myfunc(x): return slope * x + intercept mymodel = list(map(myfunc, x)) plt.scatter(x, y) plt.plot(x, mymodel) plt.show()





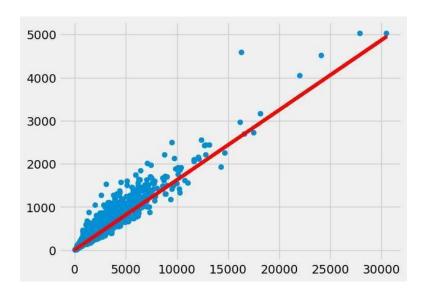
advertising.isnull().sum()*100/advertising.shape[0] longitude 0.0 latitude 0.0 housing_median_age 0.0 total_rooms 0.0 total_bedrooms 0.0 population 0.0 households 0.0 median income 0.0 median house value 0.0 dtype: float64

fig, axs = plt.subplots(3, figsize = (5,5)) plt1 = sns.boxplot(advertising['total_rooms'], ax = axs[0]) plt2 = sns.boxplot(advertising['total_bedrooms'], ax = axs[1]) plt3 = sns.boxplot(advertising['population'], ax = axs[2]) plt.tight_layout()



plt.scatter(X_train, y_train) plt.plot(X_train, 6.948 + 0.162*X train, 'r') plt.show()





B) Logistic Regression import numpy as np import

pandas as pd # Data Visualisation import

matplotlib.pyplot as plt import seaborn as sns

advertising=pd.DataFrame(pd.read_csv("/content/sample_data/california_housi
ng_test.csv")) advertising.head()

longitude		latitude housing_median_age total_rooms total_bedrooms population households median_income median_house_value							
0	-122.05 37.37	27.0	3885.0	661.0	1537.0	606.0	6.6085	344700.0	
1 118.30	-	34.26	43.0	1510.0	310.0	809.0	277.0	3.5990	176500.0
2 117.81	-	33.78	27.0	3589.0	507.0	1484.0	495.0	5.7934	270500.0
3 118.36	-	33.82	28.0	67.0	15.0	49.0	11.0	6.1359	330000.0
4	-	36.33	19.0	1241.0	244.0	850.0	237.0	2.9375	81700.0 119.67

advertising.shape (3000, 9) advertising.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 3000 entries, 0 to 2999 Data columns (total 9 columns):



# Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0 longitude	3000 non-null	float64
1 latitude	3000 non-null	float64
2 housing_median_age	3000 non-null	float64
3 total_rooms	3000 non-null	float64
4 total_bedrooms	3000 non-null	float64
5 population	3000 non-null	float64
6 households	3000 non-null	float64
7 median_income	3000 non-null	float64 8

median_house_value 3000 non-null float64

dtypes: float64(9)

memory usage: 211.1 KB

advertising.describe()

longitude latitude housing_median_age total_rooms total_bedrooms population households median_income median_hous

count 3000.000000 3000.00000 3000.000	0000	3000.000000 3000.000000		3000.000000	30		
mean -119.589200 35.63539 std	2599.578667 529.950667		1402.798667	2058			
1.994936 2.12967 min -124.180000	12.555396 1.000000	2155.593332 415.654368		1030.543012 365.42271 1.854512			1131
32.56000 25% -121.810000	18.000000	6.000000	2.000000	5.000000	2.00000	0.499900	225
33.93000	29.000000	1401.000000 291.000000		780.000000 273.00000 2.544000			1212
50% -118.485000 34.27000	37.000000	2106.000000 437	.000000	1155.000000 409.50000 3.487150			1776
75% -118.020000 37.69000 max -	3129.000000 636.000000		1742.750000 597.25000 4.656475			2639	
114.490000 41.92000	30450.000000 5419.000000		11935.000000	5000			



Learning Outcomes:

- This experiment demonstrates us how to use a dataset or extract datasets from Kaggle.
- Perform various regression on them like Logistics and Linear Regression.
- How to implement Linear Regression on data set and make predictions.
- How to implement Logistic Regression on data set and make predictions