Name: Mukund Vishwas Chavan

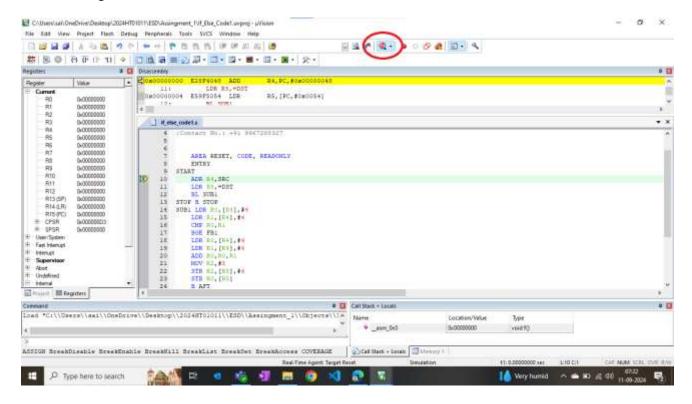
Bits-ID: 2024HT01011

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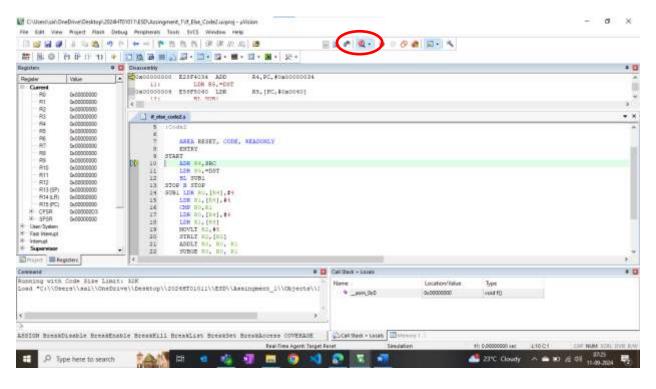
Contact No.: +919967288327

Question No 1: Assembly Language Programs (ALP) for an ARM7TDMI processor to implement following IF-ELSE statement?

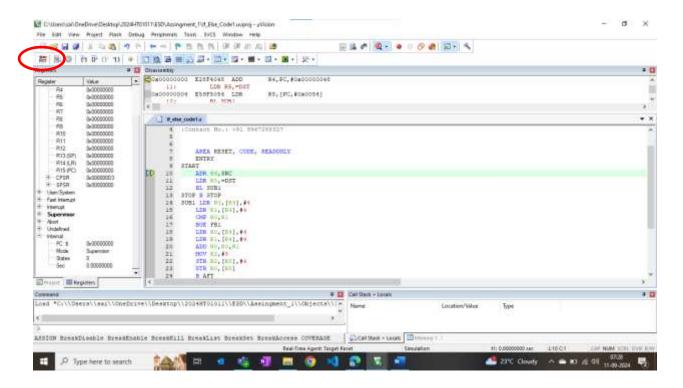
# Now in Debug mode code 1:



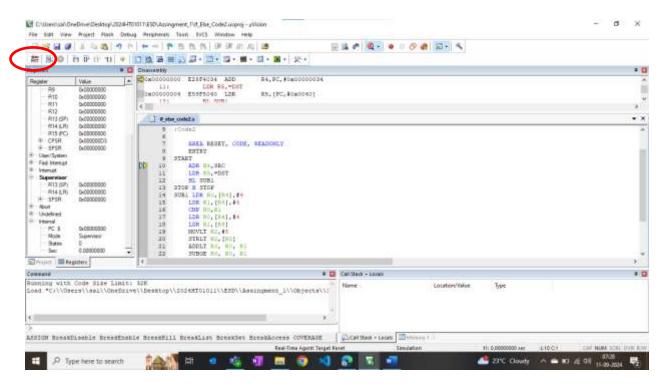
### Now in Debug mode code 2:



a) On reset what is the ARM7TDMI processor's state and mode of operation?
For Code 1 Processor's states = 0 >>

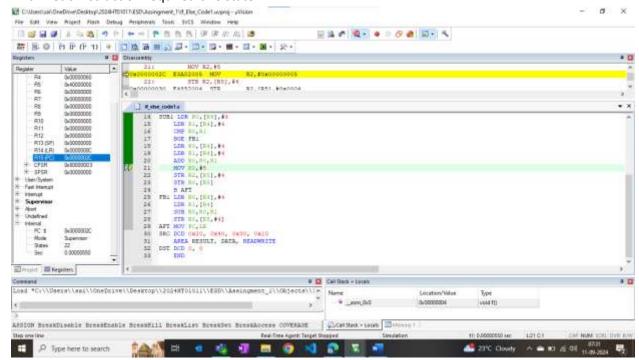


### For Code 2 Processor's states = 0 >>

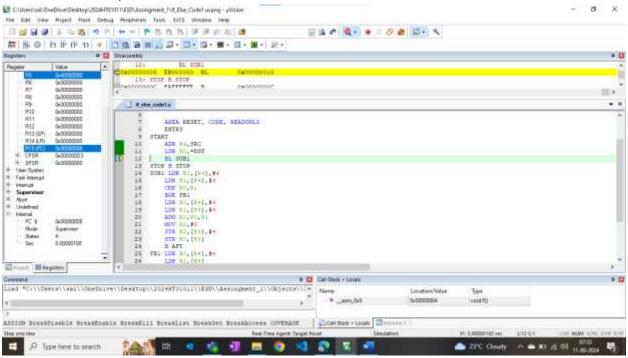


b) How many states are taken for the execution of an Arithmetic instruction, Load and Store instruction respectively (For Code-1)

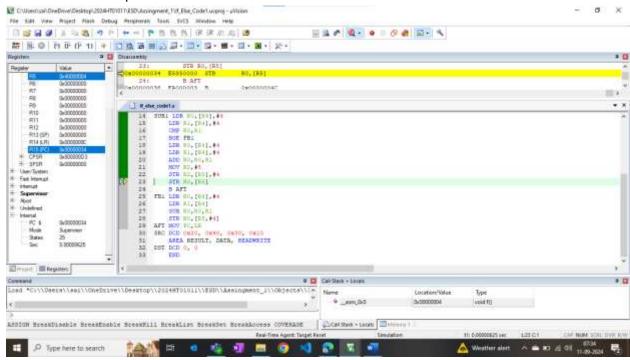
#### Arithmetic instruction required one state



### Load instruction required 3 states to execute

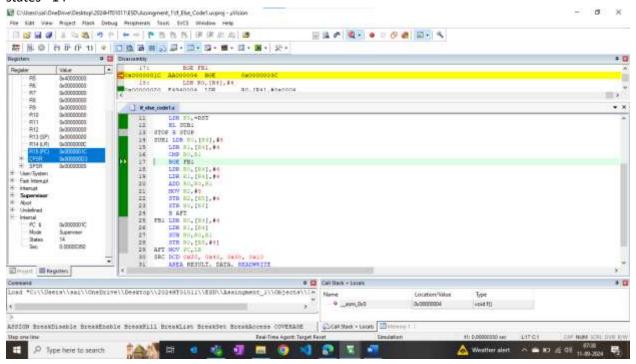


### Store instruction required 2 states

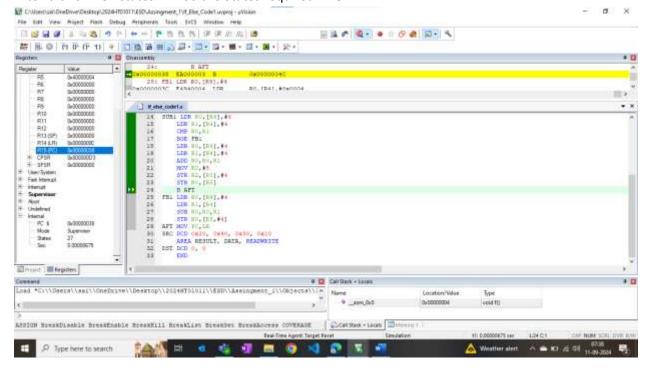


c) Are the number of states taken for completion the same for BGE instruction if the branch – (1) is taken (2) not taken? Please give the states are taken for each. (For Code-1)

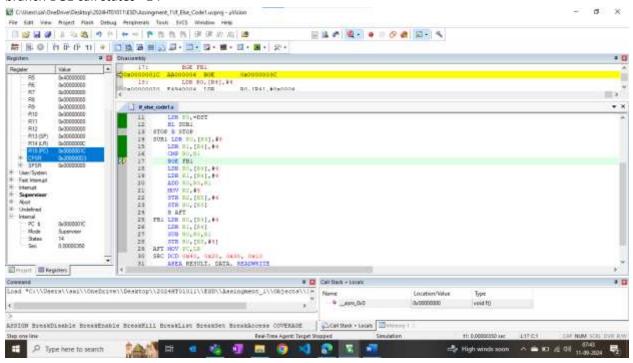
branch – (1) is not taken when R0 value less than R1 (R0=20 and R1=40). Before branch BGE call states =14



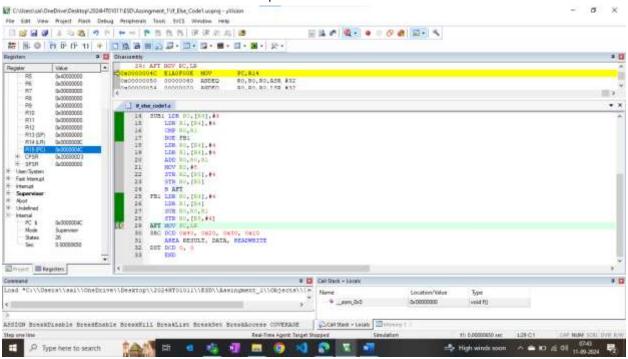
After branch BGE states = 27 So the States required = 15



Branch - (2) is taken where R0 value is greater than equal to than R1 (R0=40 and R1=20). Before branch BGE call states =14

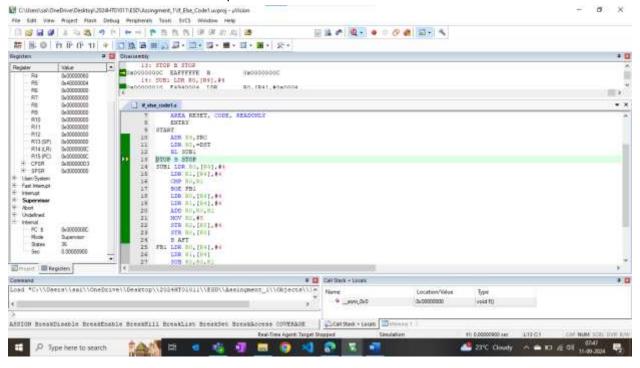


#### After branch BGE states = 26 So the States required = 12

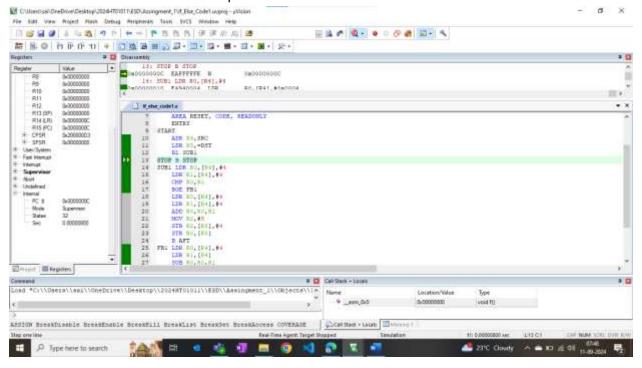


d) Measure the performance of code-1 and code-2 for the following conditions.

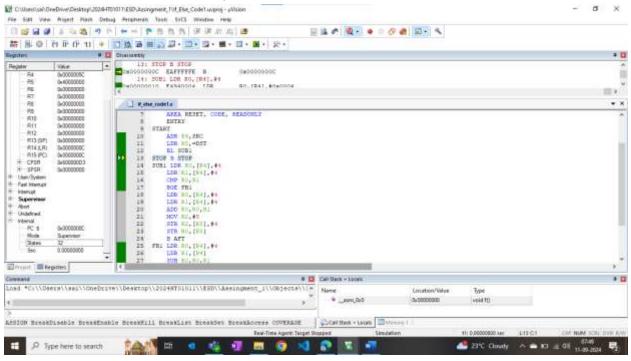
Code 1: Condition 1 where a<b it required total 36 States



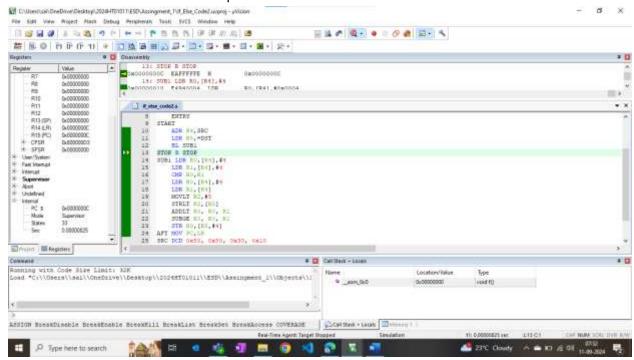
Code 1: Condition 2 where a>b it required total 32 States



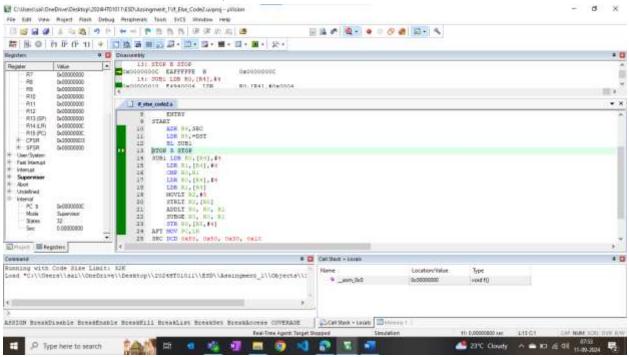
Code 1: Condition 3 where a=b it required total 32 States.



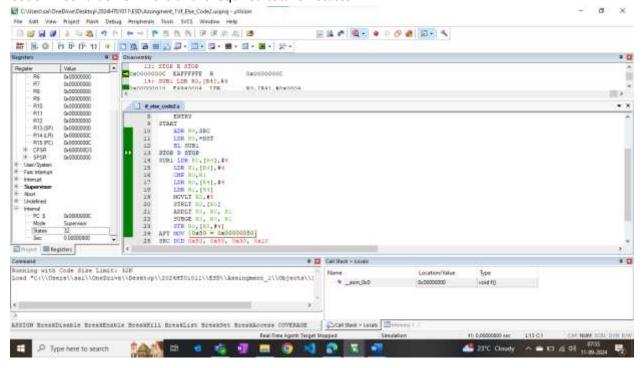
### Code 2: Condition 1 where a<br/>b it required total 33 States



Code 2 : Condition 2 where a>b it required total 32 States



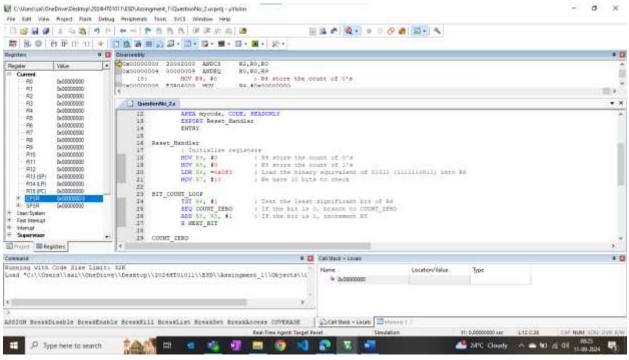
#### Code 2: Condition 3 where a=b it required total 32 States.



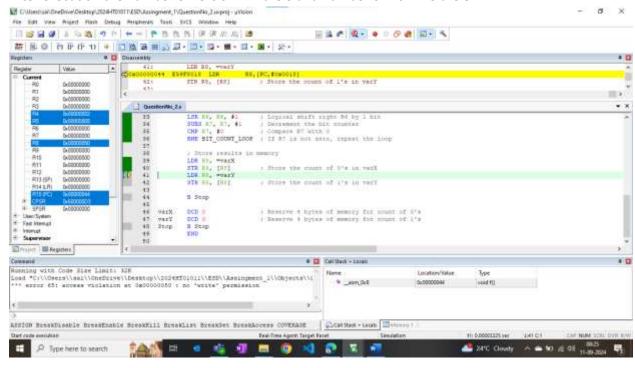
Question No 2: Write an assembly language program for ARM7TDMI to count the number of 0's and 1's in the last 5 digits of your BITS ID (number must be given in decimal number format). Store the number of 0's in register R0 and the number of 1's in register R1. Verify your result by performing manual calculation?

My BITS ID is 01011

Here initially R4 and R5 values are 0.



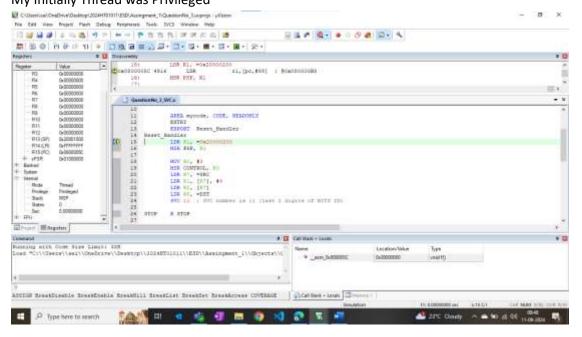
After execution the number of zero's in R4 are 3 and number of 1's in R5 are 8.



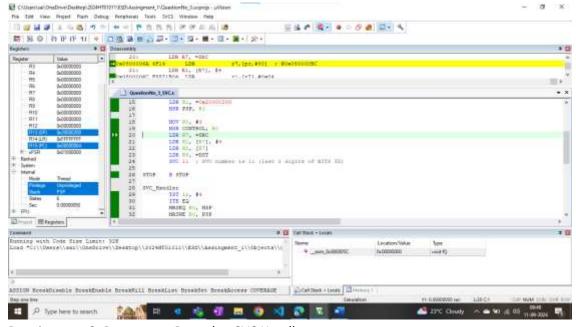
Here I have verified count values using Manual Calculation >> Binary representation of 01011: 1111110011 and here Number of 0's: 2 Number of 1's: 3

Question No 3: Write an assembly language program for ARM Cortex M3/4 to handle Supervisor Call (SVC) exception. The program should meet the following requirements.

First Step: My BITS ID's last three digits are 011 so I'm taking SVC value as 11 My Initially Thread was Privileged

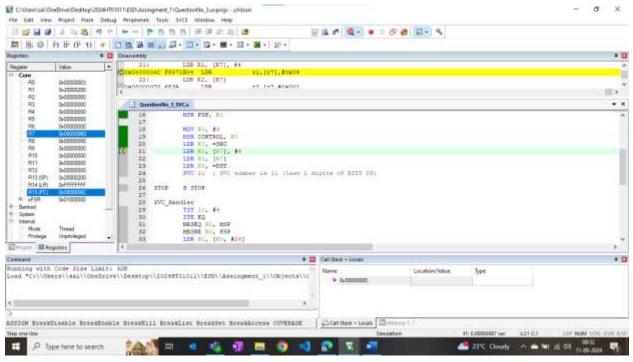


Requirement 1: SVC Call from Unprivileged Mode

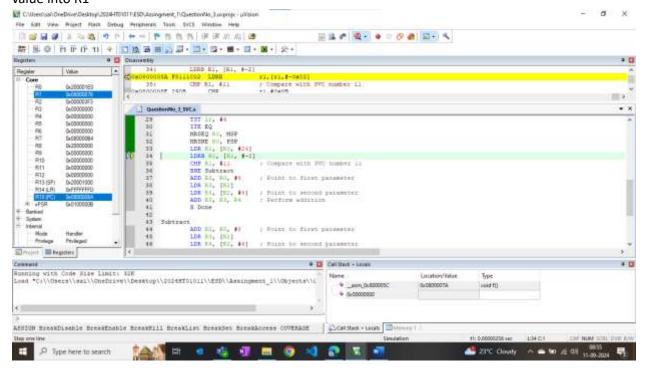


Requirement 2: Parameters Passed to SVC Handler:

LDR R7, =SRC: Loads the address of SRC into R7

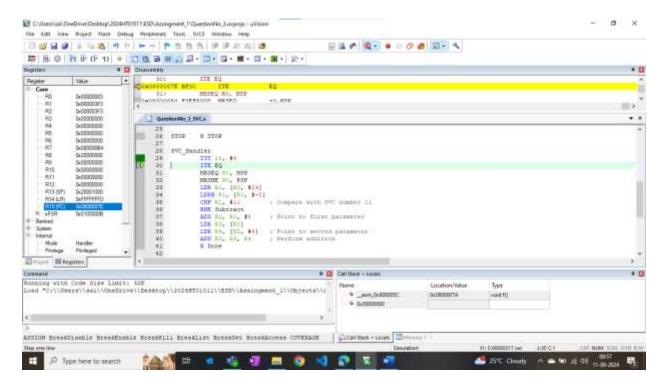


Requirement 3: Dynamic SVC Number Determination: LDR R1, [R0, #24]: Loads the stacked PC value into R1

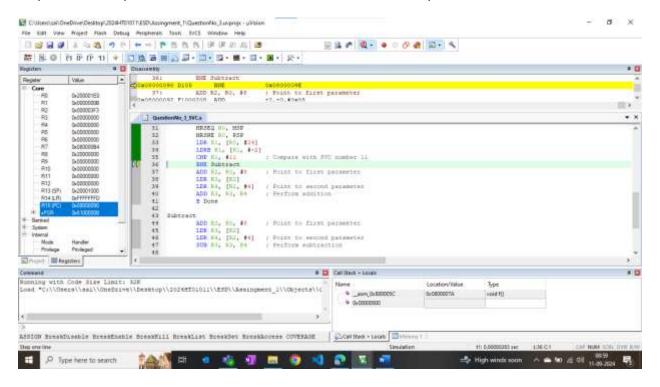


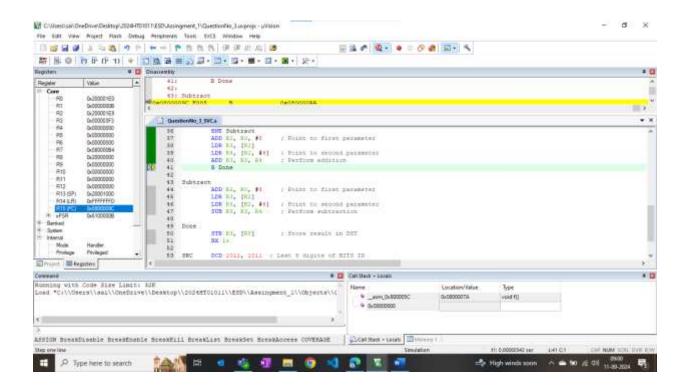
Requirement 4: Setting Up Stack Pointer in SVC Mode

### ESD Lab Assignment No.1

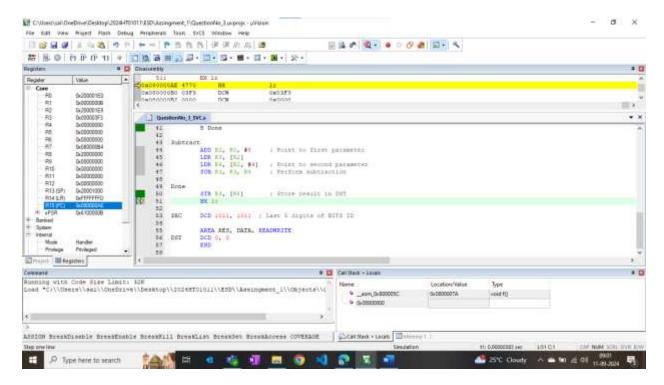


Requirement 5: Operation Based on SVC Number: CMP R1, #11: Compares the SVC number with 11



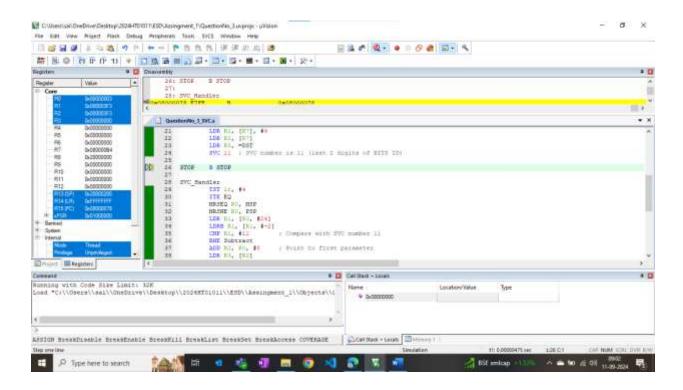


Requirement 6: Handling Stack Usage and Resuming Task: The result of the operation is stored in DST. The handler restores the context and returns from the exception using BX Ir. STR R3, [R8]: Stores the result in DST

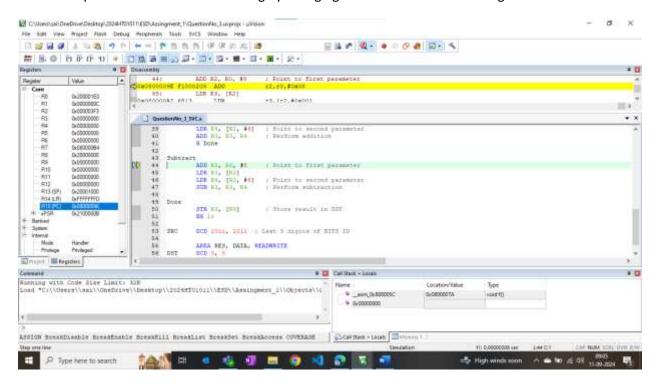


BX Ir: Returns from the exception, STOP B STOP: Infinite loop to keep the program running >>

### ESD Lab Assignment No.1



# Second Step: Rebuild the code and debug by changing SVC value to 12. SVC Changed to 12



# ESD Lab Assignment No.1

