

Modernization of Uzbekistan Building Code (UBC) System

Development of KS and Construction Field Test-Certification System

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Table of content

-
- I. Introduction**
 - II. Korean Standards (KS)**
 - III. Technical Regulation**
 - IV. Conclusion**
-

Introduction

▪ Definition of Terms

- **Standards** : Regulations approved by a standardization body through a stakeholder consensus process for repeatable and commonly applicable targets
- **Standardization** : Organizational behavior that sets standards and utilizes them
- **Conformity Assessment** : Activities to prove whether the evaluation target, such as products, procedures, systems, personnel, and institutions, conforms to the specified standards and requirements by the authorized body
- **Test** : Identification of characteristics according to specified requirements for a product process or service.
- **Inspection**: Conducting investigations into product design, product, process or installation and confirming compliance with specified requirements
- **Certification** : It guarantees that the prescribed requirements for products, systems, qualifications, services, etc. are met, and is classified into product certification, service certification, system certification, qualification (personal) certification, and is used in various terms such as certification, type approval, verification, designation, permission, etc.

Introduction

▪ Definition of Terms

- **Certification system** : The certification system refers to the act of directly performing an evaluation by a qualified person or proving it based on the evaluation results of a third party to determine whether the evaluation target meets the evaluation criteria applied thereto. (ISO/IEC 17000, KS A ISO/IEC Guide 2)
 - It is divided into a legal certification system and a private certification system, and the legal certification system is again divided into compulsory certification and voluntary certification depending on the presence or absence of coercion. In addition, the certification system implemented by each department is operated under various names according to the characteristics of the certification target, such as certification, type approval, verification, type verification and type registration

Legal certification

Compulsory certification



Voluntary certification



Private certification



Q마크



건마크

KAS-V
체크마크

HS마크



항균마크

초고강도 콘크리트
인증마크

RS인증마크

- **Technical Regulation** : Technical standards define "standard adopted by government or organization or legally binding" (KS A 0014), or "including applicable administrative regulations, the characteristics of the product or related processes and production methods, and compliance may include or deal with terms, symbols, packaging, marks, or product attachment requirements. (WTO/TBT)

Introduction

▪ Law and Standards



Introduction

■ Classification of standards according to scope

International standards

ISO(International Organization for Standardization)

IEC(INTERNATIONAL ELECTROTECHNICAL COMMISSION)

Local standards

CEN((Eurozpean Committee for Standardization)

PASC (Pacific Area Standards Congress)

CENELEC(European Committee for Electrotechnical Standardization)

National standards

KS(Korea/ATS), ANSI(USA/ANSI), BS(UK/BSI), CAN(Canada/SCC),

DIN(Germany/DIN), GOST(Russia/GOST-R), GB(China/CSBTS),

JIS(Japan/JIST), AS(Australia/SAI),

Group standards

ASTM(American Society for Testing and Materials),

ACI(American Concrete Institute), UL(Underwriters Laboratories Inc),

VDE(Verband Deutscher Elektrotrchniker e.v)

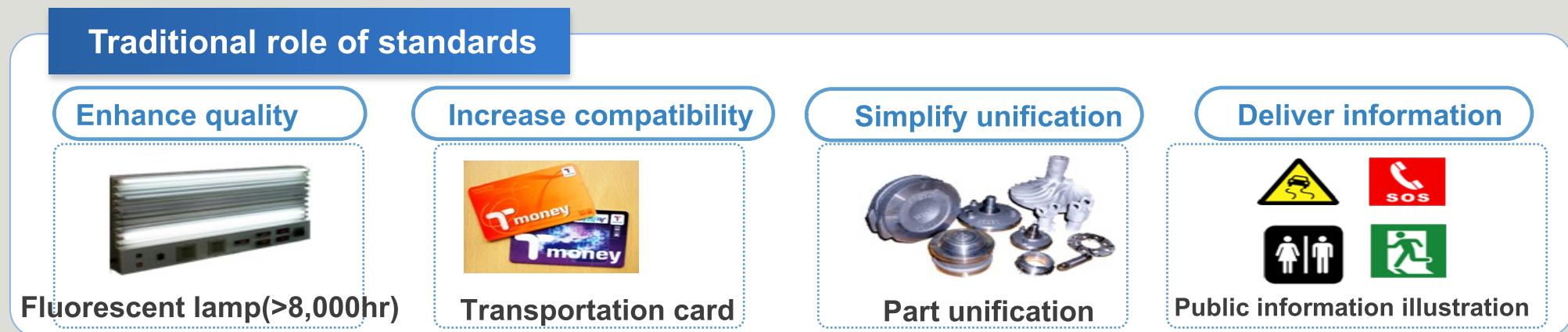
In-house standards

Ford Motor Company standards, Hyundai standards, Samsung standards

Introduction

▪ Role of standards

- **The role of standards:** Strengthen industrial competitiveness by enhancing quality, increasing compatibility, simplifying unification, and delivering information



- **Expanded role as social norm:**
 - * Finance, disaster management, protection of the socially alienated, etc.
 - * Social responsibility(ISO 26000), quality management system(ISO 9000), environment management system(ISO 14000), security(ISO 27000), etc.
- **The role of standards is emphasized in the Fourth Industrial Revolution Era:**
 - * Secure interoperability between systems
 - * Driving force for technological innovation
 - * Accelerate convergence between products; between product and service

Introduction

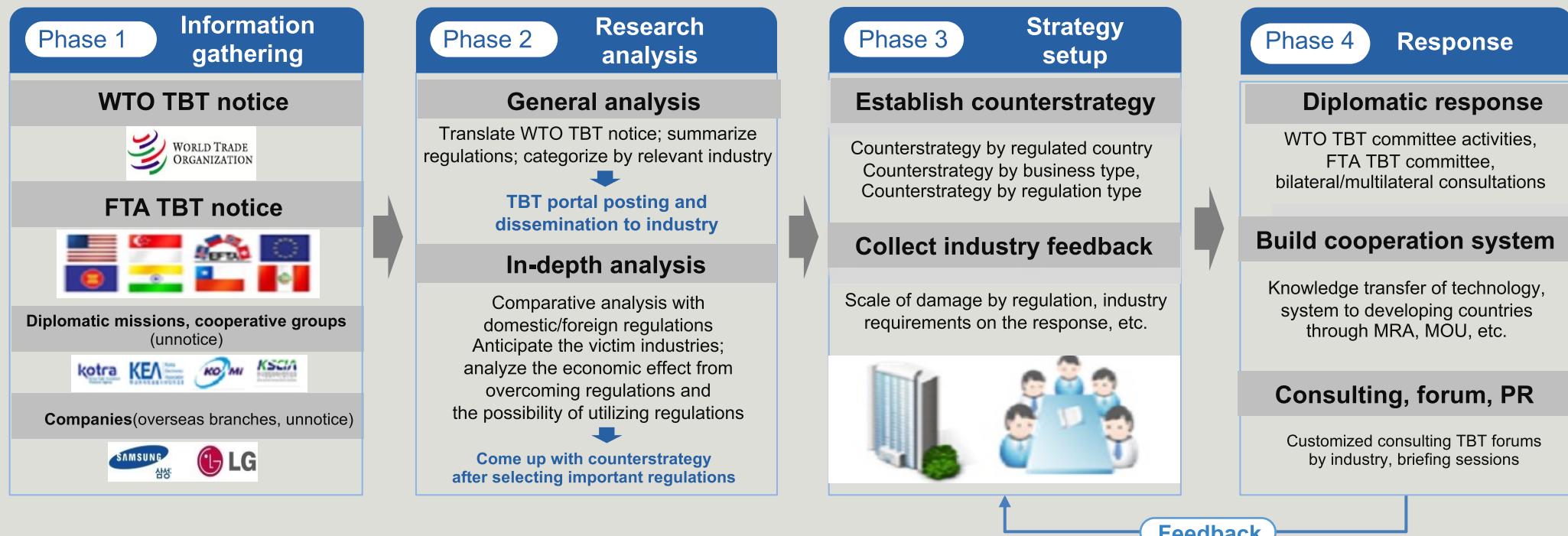
▪ Standards within World Trade

Standards became a yardstick for judgement on trade barriers after the conclusion of WTO TBT Agreement('95)

"If an international standard exists, enacting an additional technical standard is prohibited"

80% of world trade is transacted under the influence of standards(OECD, 1999)

Response to Technical Barriers to Trade



Korean Standards

▪ About KS

KS (Korean Standards) are Korean National Standards developed, reviewed and notified under the Korean Industrial Standardization Act.

KS may be divided into 21 sectors ranging from the Basic standards (A) to the Information (X), as well as it may be classified into 3 types of standards as follows:



Product Standards

Specifying improvement, measurement and quality of product



Procedure Standards

Specifying testing, analysis, inspection, measurement method and process standard, etc.



Horizontal Standards

Specifying terminology, technical characteristics, unit and numerical progression, etc.

- Standards for unifying and simplifying the kinds, appearance, quality, producing methods, methods of testing, inspection and measurement of mining and industrial products; and supply methods and procedures of services related to industrial activities
- The Industrial Standards Act (Industrial Standardization Act) has been operated since 1962 after its enactment in 1961.
- Conduct technical review and deliberation for enactment and amendment of KS by running an Industrial Standard Council comprised of experts from each field

Korean Standards

Classification of KS

Basic Standards(A)

Food(H)

Quality Management (Q)

Mechanical Engineering (B)

Environment (I)

Transportation (R)

Electrical & Electronic
Engineering (C)

Organism (J)

Service (S)

Metals (D)

Fiber (K)

Logistics (T)

Mine (E)

Ceramics (L)

Shipbuilding (V)

Construction (F)

Chemistry (M)

Aerospace (W)

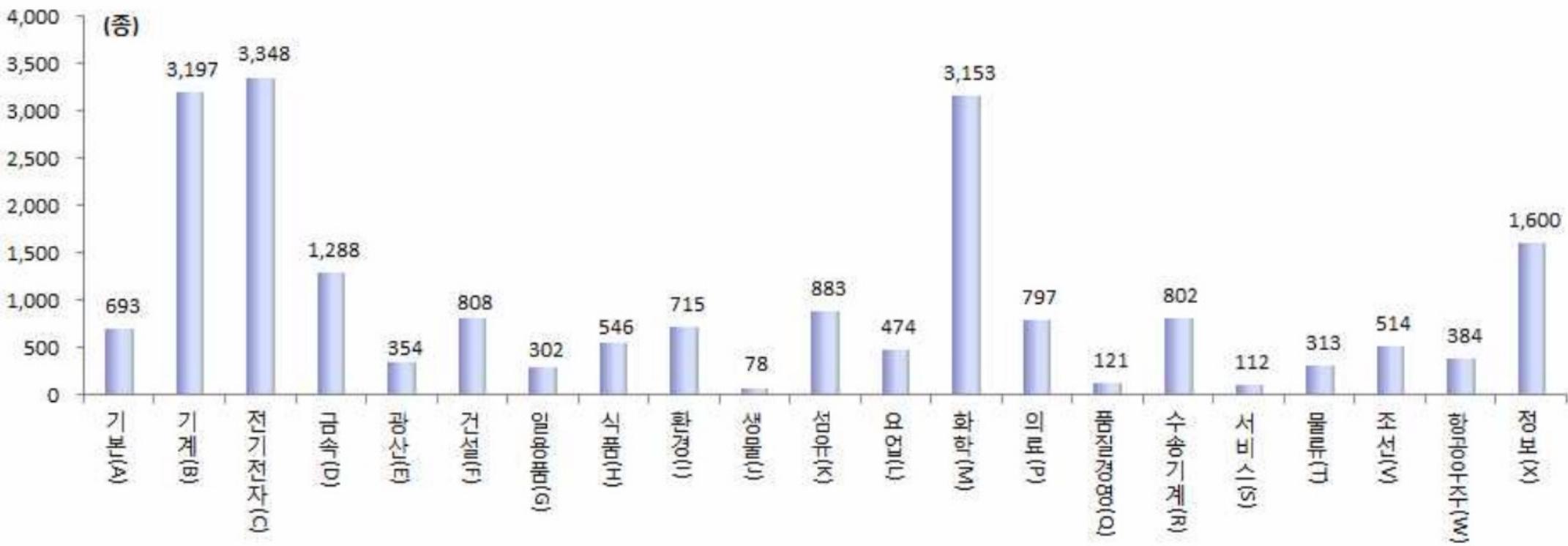
Necessities (G)

Medical(P)

Information Technology (X)

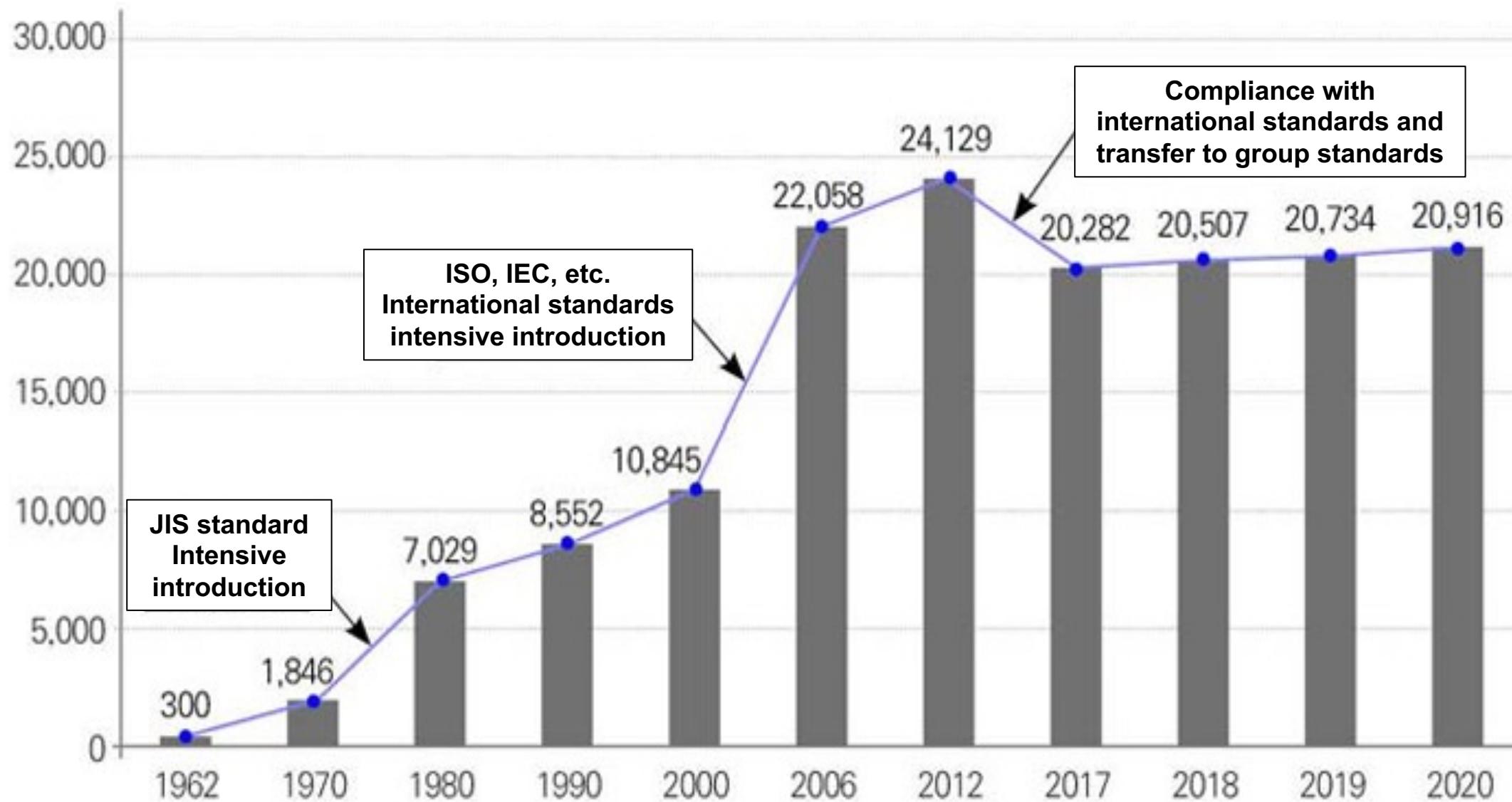
Korean Standards

- Organization by field(분야별 구성)



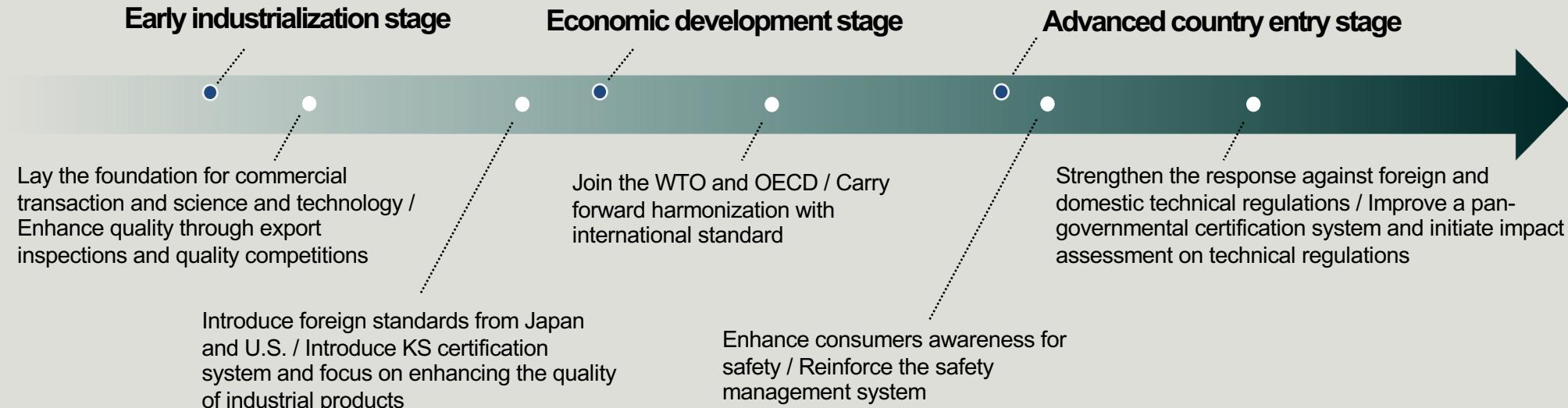
Korean Standards

- KS Status by year



Korean Standards

▪ History of KS and Korea Agency for Technology Standards

**60s~70s****80s~90s****After 2000s****After 2010s**

Establish a legal metrology system / KS certification system

- Manage a legal meter
Measuring Act, 1961
- Guarantee minimal quality
Industrial Standards Act, 1961
Quality Control of Industrial Products Act, 1967
- Manage a legal meter
Measuring Act, 1961

Establish a conformity assessment policy / Test analysis and technical support

- Enhance product quality
- Introduce foreign standard
Industrial Standardization Act, 1998
- Support small and medium-sized technical support
- Test certification

Establish a safety certification system / Strengthen international standardization activities

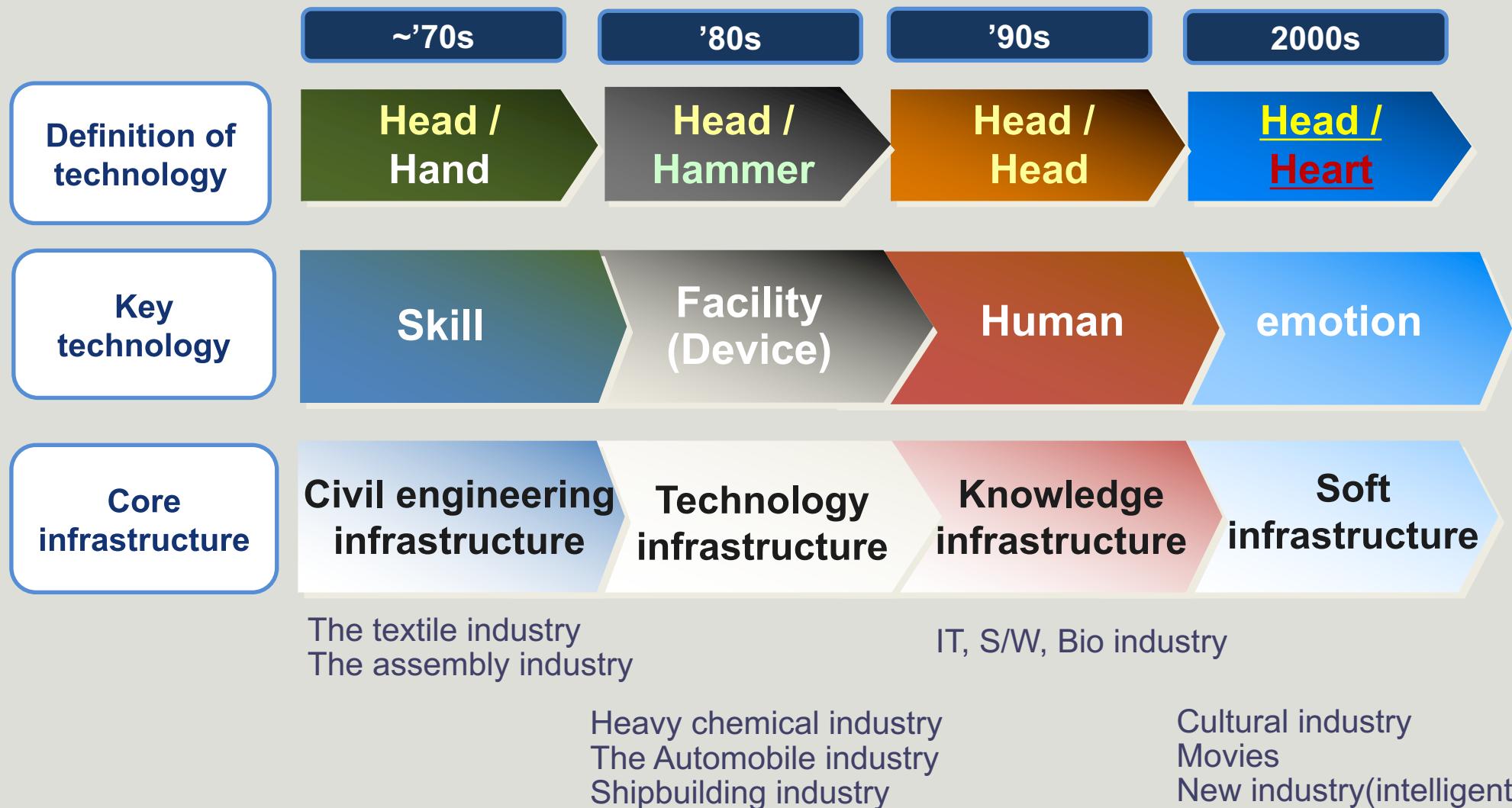
- Guarantee consumer safety
Quality Management and Industrial Products Safety Management Act, 2000
- Introduce harmonization with international standard
Harmonization between national standard and international standard
- International Conformity Assessment System
(Electrics, Electronics and Information Standard, KATS, bae, 2021)

Improve technical regulation / Operate a pan-governmental KS system

- Introduce a technical regulation impact assessment
Linkage between technical regulation and KS
- Introduce a pan-government KS system
- Special Act on the Safety of Children's Products

Korea Standards

- Changes in the definition of technology.



Korean Standards

▪ Construction field in KS

- Development process in the field of Construction Safety Standards

Timing	Main contents	Remarks
1960s (Introduction)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Standardization of Civil engineering and architecture Drawing rules - Standardization of basic construction materials such as bricks, boundary blocks, and ready-mix concrete 	1965 year, 89 type
1970s (Development)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Standardization of test methods and terms, such as the wear test method of building materials, etc. - Standardization of basic interior and exterior materials such as roof tiles and windows. 	1970 year, 184 type
1980s (Growth)	Standardization to improve the quality of construction materials such as various residential units and tissue hangers through the Asian Games and the Seoul Olympics.	1980 year, 475 type
The 1990s (Maturity)	With the construction of 2 million houses, it focuses on standardizing dimensions for the dimensional compatibility of various construction materials and the efficiency of construction.	1990 year, 588 type
2000s (Transition)	In preparation for the opening of the construction market, it focuses on meeting ISO standards and expanding standardization of fire/structural safety and construction environment sectors.	2000 year, 604 type

Korea Standards

▪ Construction field in KS

- Status of KS standard retention by category(12,007 type, December 2001)

category	Count	category	Count	category	Count	category	Count
Basic(A)	592	Mine (E)	278	Fiber (K)	580	Transportation (R)	644
Mechanic (B)	1,943	Construction (F)	635	Ceramics (L)	365	Shipbuilding (V)	534
Electric (C)	1,342	Necessities (G)	251	Chemistry (M)	2,248	Aerospace (W)	256
Metals (D)	965	Food(H)	220	Medical(P)	341	Information Technology (X)	813

- Construction standards
 - KS B : valves, boilers, etc.
 - KS C : wires, luminaires, etc.
 - KS D : reinforcement, steel, steel pipe, etc.
 - KS F : terms, design, materials, construction, etc.
 - KS L : cement, tiles, sanitary appliances, etc.
 - KS M : PVC flooring, paint, etc.

Korea Standards

▪ Construction field in KS

- Classification in detail

Total : 1,639 type

Reagent standard : 57 types

Reagent 57 type

Reagent/Test equipment 57

Construction standard : 23 types

Construction 23 type

Construction standard/
Construction machine 23

Delivery method standard : 698 types

Method standard 591 type

Test/Inspection/
Measurement 591

Delivery standard 107 type

General/Structure/
Design 107

Product standard : 861 types

Electric equipment material
105type

Wire, track supplies 40
luminaires 16
Wiring, electrical equipment 49

Waterproof thermal insulation materials 47 type

Waterproofing material etc.

Other materials 134 type

Bonding and glue etc.

Window materials 46 type

glass etc.

Interior and Exterior materials 66 type

flooring etc.

Hytgiene management 158 type

boiler etc.

Paint 43 type

Base paint etc.

Steel non-ferrous materials 107 type

Volt nuts etc.

Structural materials 107 type

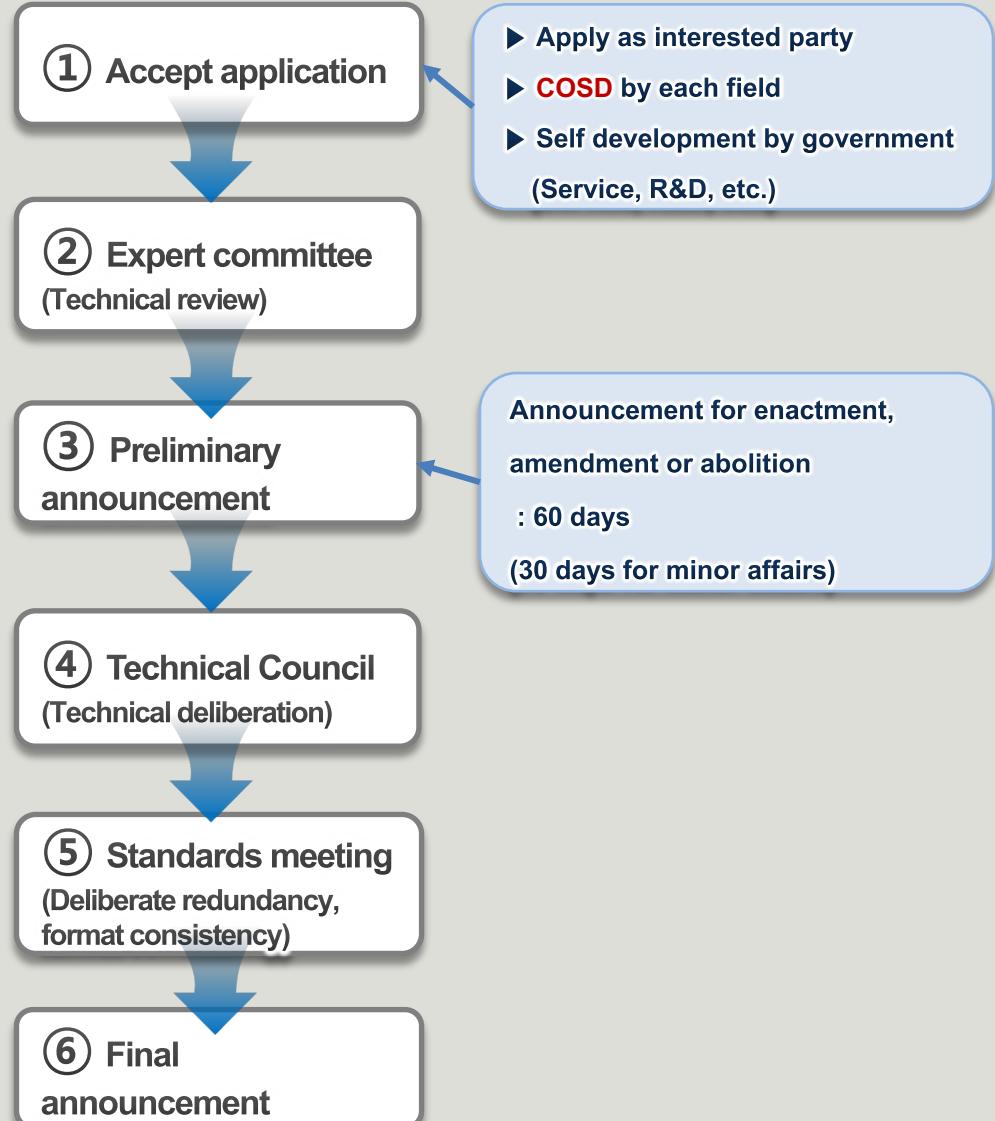
cement etc.

Korea Standards

▪ KS Enactment Procedure

Korean Industrial Standards (KS)

- Standards for unifying and simplifying the kinds, appearance, quality, producing methods, methods of testing, inspection and measurement of mining and industrial products; and supply methods and procedures of services related to industrial activities
- The Industrial Standards Act (Industrial Standardization Act) has been operated since 1962 after its enactment in 1961.
- Comprised of major classifications schemes from basic category(A) to information category(X)
- Conduct technical review and deliberation for enactment and amendment of KS by running an Industrial Standard Council comprised of experts from each field

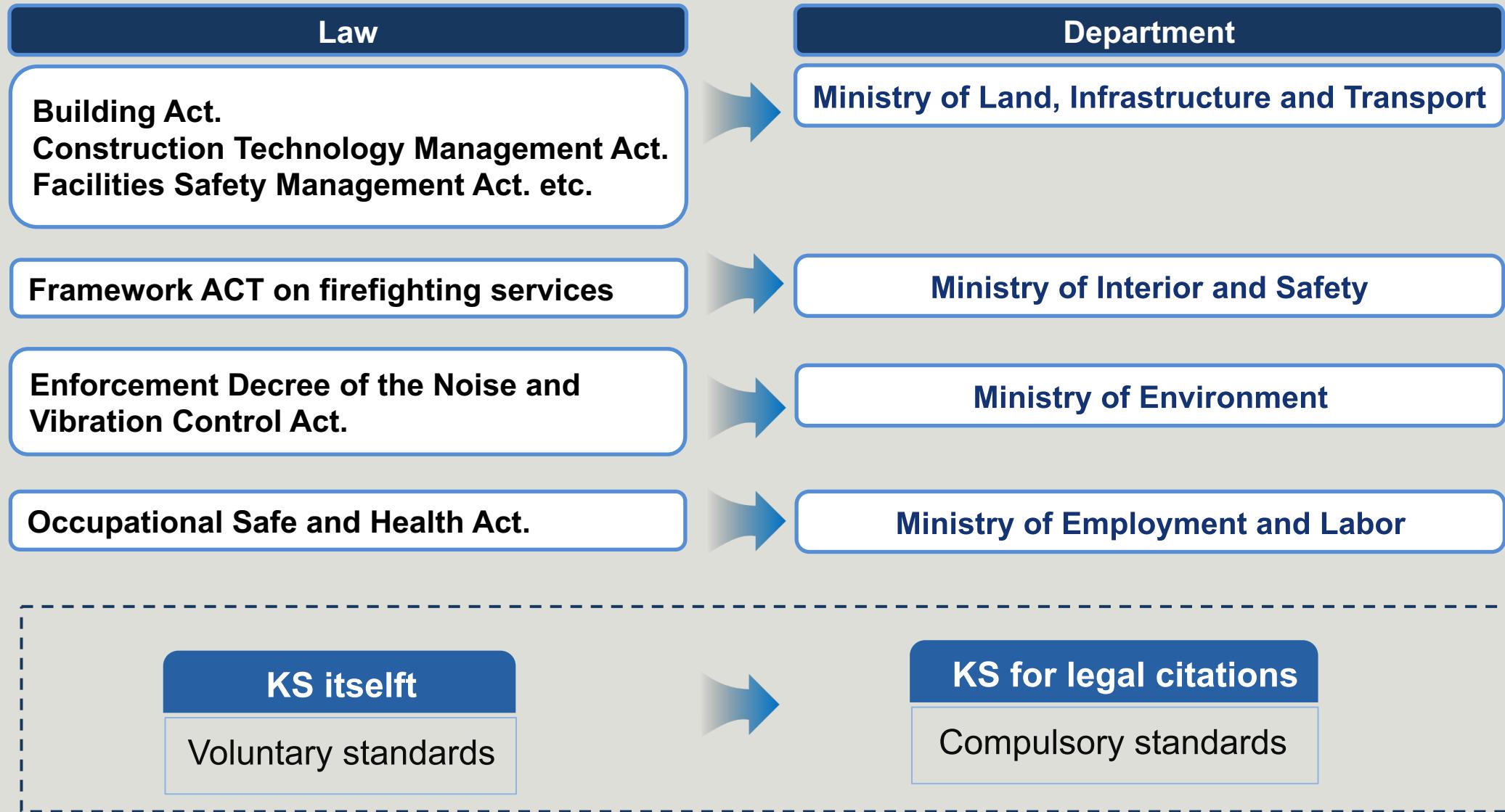


※ COSD(Co-operating Organization for Standards Development)

Technical Regulation

▪ Use of KS For technical regulation

- Using 2529 technical regulations from 28ministries



Technical Regulation

- Status of technical regulation by ministries(2022. 2.)

Department	Count
1. Ministry of Land, Infrastructure and Transport	223
2. Ministry of Trade, Industry and Energy	1,343
3. Ministry of Interior and Safety	27
4. Ministry of Environment	154
5. Ministry of Employment and Labor	42
⋮	
28. Ministry of Oceans and Fisheries	123
SUM	2,520

Technical Regulation

▪ Examples of standardization in the field of design/construction/material

Design standards

- Criteria for writing a design book for a house
 - Module (1m=1000mm) applied
 - Design of eye size, 1m increment of floor height, 3m increment of size of living room

Construction standards

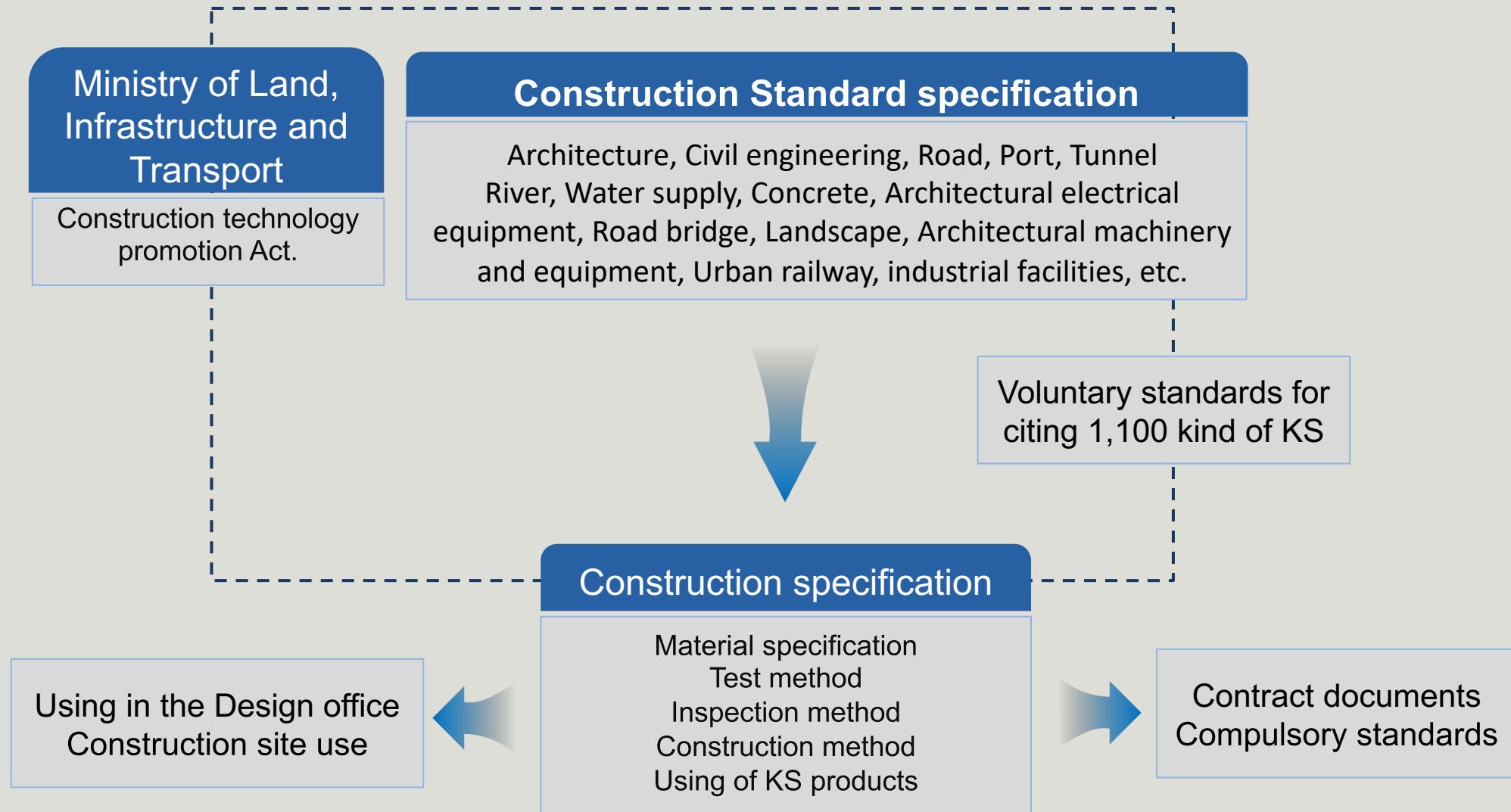
- Standard specification , Professional specification book, Construction specification.
 - General information, materials, construction
 - (Application of KS test / Inspection method , Use of KS standard product)

Material standards

- Plaster cement plate, rock sound absorption ceiling plate.
 - Breaking away from the scale of the 尺 (The old unit)
 - (303×606 mm (1 尺×2 尺) ► 300×600 mm)

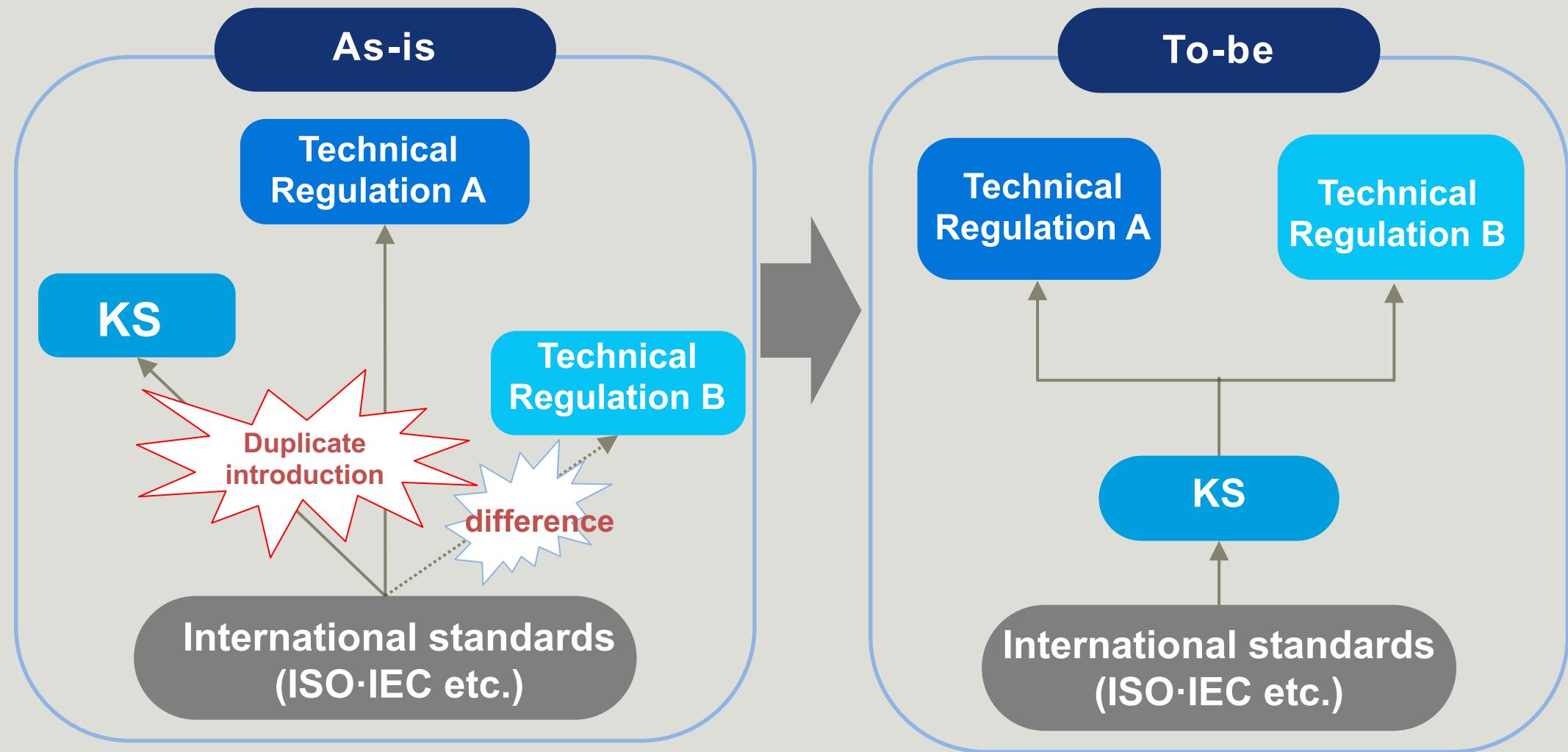
Technical Regulation

▪ Use of KS in the specification



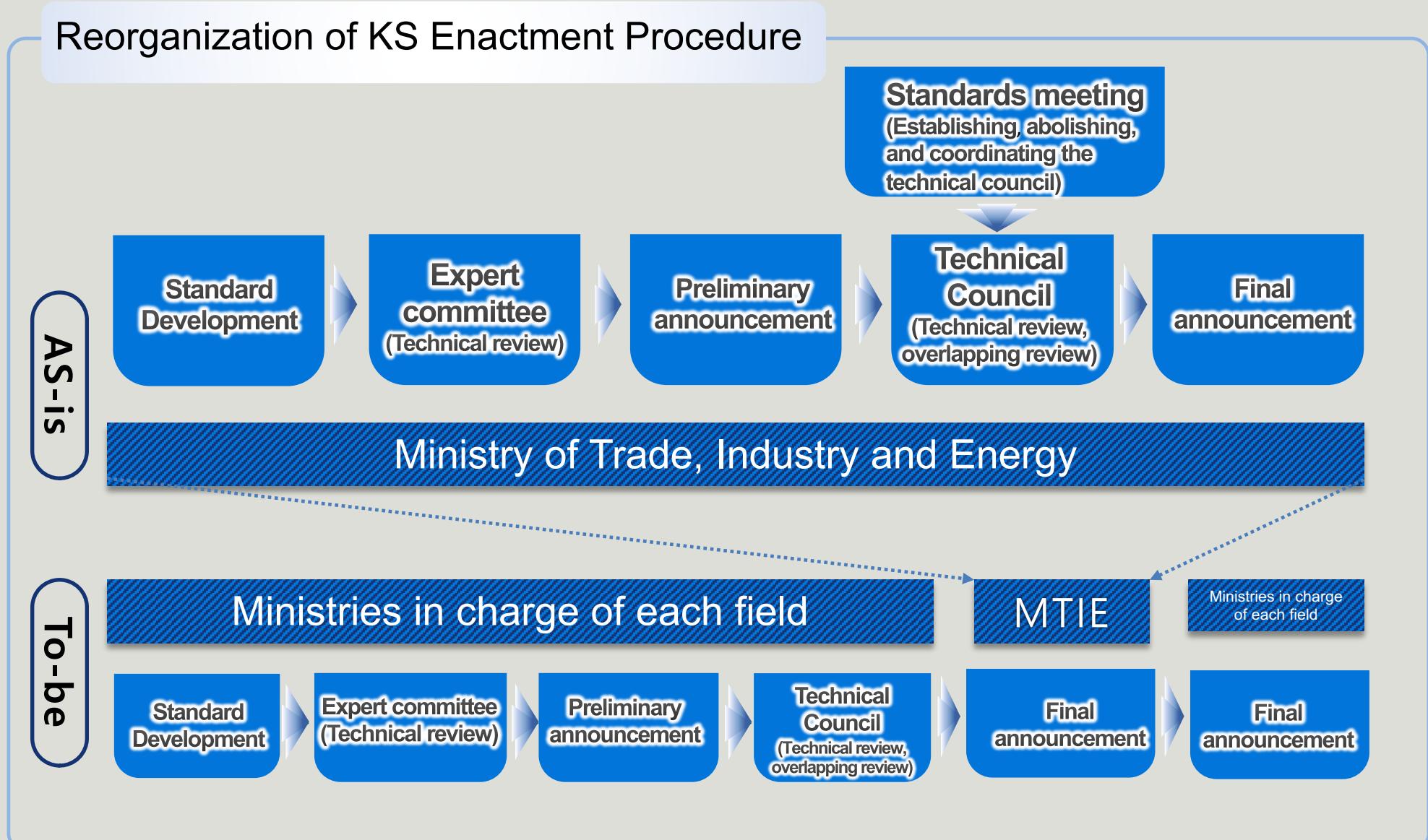
Technical Regulation

- KS and Certification advancement plan



Technical Regulation

- KS and Certification advancement plan



Technical Regulation

- Status of delegation to related ministries in standard work.

Department	KS(Count)	TC/SC
Ministry of Science and ICT	1,135	32
Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Rural Affairs	526	17
Ministry of Environment	598	29
Ministry of Employment and Labor	31	1
Ministry of Land, Infrastructure and Transport	218	11
Ministry of Oceans and Fisheries	40	0
Ministry of Food and Drug Safety	888	41
Korea Forest Service	422	13
Korea Meteorological Administration	9	2
SUM	3,867	146

※ TC/SC : Technical Committee / Sub Committee

Conclusion

• 26

The 20th century Key Words

Capital, Land, Labor

The 21th century Key Words

Knowledge, information, **standards**,
technology, globalization



(Korea standard Association, 2008)

1. KCL at a glance

KCL is a leading testing and certification agency in South Korea based on the nation's top technical skills, infrastructure and research manpower.

OVER **230,000**
Test Reports

OVER **35,000**
Customers

OVER **196**
Revenue
KRW billion

ABOUT **943**
Employees

OVER **500**
R&D Projects

99
National Recognitions

In 2010~2020
27 Proposals
ISO Standards

24 Countries
Global Networks



Business Portfolio»

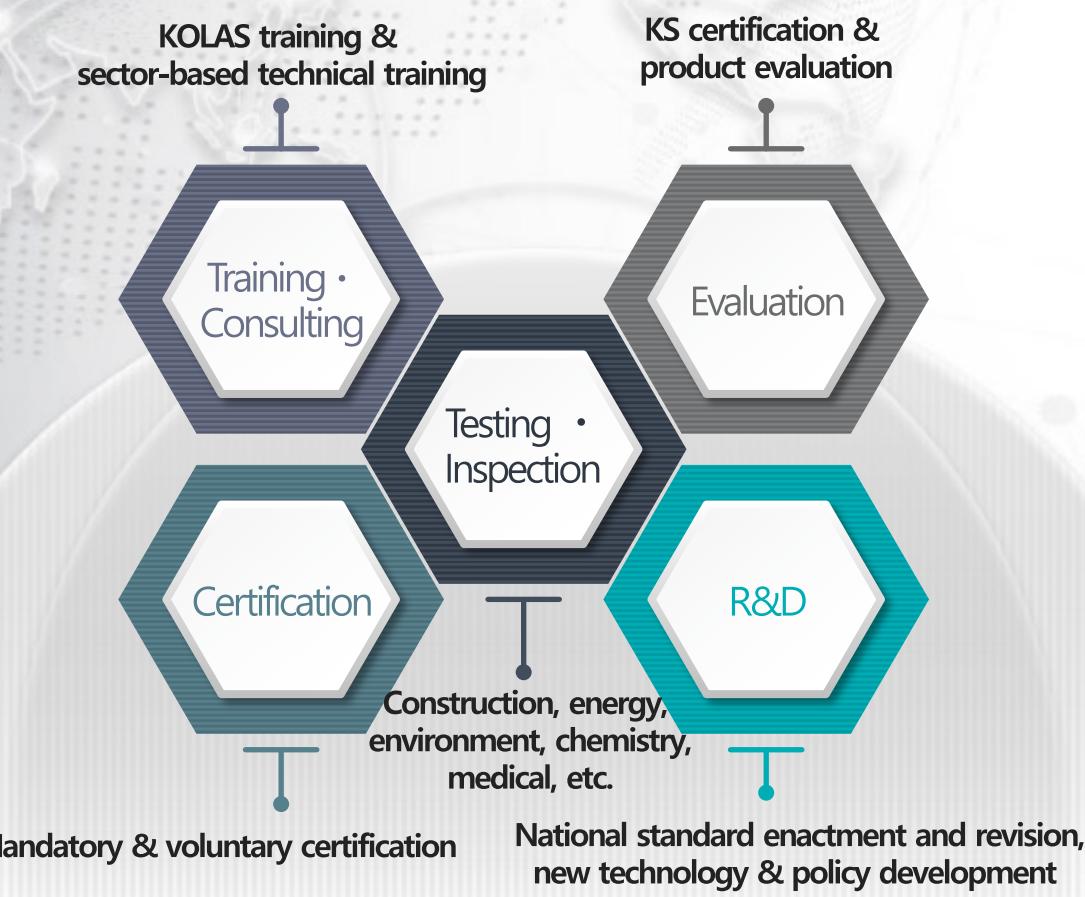


2. History

KCL is a leading testing and certification agency in South Korea based on the nation's top technical skills, infrastructure and research manpower.

Basis of Establishment

- [Law] Article 32 of the Civil Act 『Incorporation of Non-profit-making Juristic Person and Permission thereof.』
- [Ministry] Korean Agency for Technology and Standards (KATS) under the Ministry of Trade, Industry and Energy (MOTIE)



Brief History

- 1971**
[Apr. 10] Establishment of Korea Export Goods Testing Laboratory
- 1994**
[Jul. 15] Establishment of Korea Institute of Construction Materials
- 2010**
[Jul. 08] Launch of Korea Conformity Laboratories [KCL]
- 2014**
[May 15] Infrastructure supply for building energy performance evaluation and consulting service (SASO, Saudi Arabia)
- 2015**
[Apr. 28] Opening of China Branch in Qingdao
[Jul. 01] Launch of incorporated foundation [KCL]
[Oct. 26] Declaration of "KCL Vision 2020"
[Nov. 30] Designation as KS Certification Institution
- 2016**
[Jun. 28] Opening of Samcheok Real-scale Fire Testing & Research Center
[Nov. 11] Opening of Daegu Safety Convergence Technology Center
- 2017**
[May. 23] Opening of Jincheon Climatic Environment Real-scale Test Center
[Oct. 19] Award the presidential citation at the World Standards Day
- 2018**
[Feb. 08] Ground breaking ceremony for Yeosu CO₂ business platform
- 2019**
[May. 08] Opening of Daegu & Gyeongbuk Branch new buildings
[Jun. 25] Transfer of Honam Division head office to Yeosu and completion of Carbon Capture & Utilization(CCU) center
- 2020**
[Apr. 20] Opening of Jincheon Battery Center
[Sep. 21] Opening of Gyeongnam Branch building in Yeongnam Division

Modernization of Uzbekistan Building Code (UBC) System

Thank you

