

Part I - Loan Data from Prosper dataset exploration

by Muyul Alsubaie

This data set contains 113,937 loans with 81 variables on each loan, including loan amount, borrower rate (or interest rate), current loan status, borrower income, and many others.

Preliminary Wrangling

```
In [4]: # import all packages and set plots to be embedded inline
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plot
import seaborn as sb

%matplotlib inline
```

Load in your dataset and describe its properties through the questions below. Try and motivate your exploration goals through this section.

```
In [5]: # load the dataset
PL = pd.read_csv('prosperLoanData.csv')
```

```
In [6]: pd.set_option('display.max_columns', None) #to display all columns
PL.head()
```

```
Out[6]:
```

	ListingKey	ListingNumber	ListingCreationDate	CreditGrade	Term	LoanStatus	ClosedDate	Bo
0	1021339766868145413AB3B	193129	2007-08-26 19:09:29.263000000	C	36	Completed	2009-08-14 00:00:00	
1	10273602499503308B223C1	1209647	2014-02-27 08:28:07.900000000	NaN	36	Current	NaN	
2	0EE9337825851032864889A	81716	2007-01-05 15:00:47.090000000	HR	36	Completed	2009-12-17 00:00:00	
3	0EF5356002482715299901A	658116	2012-10-22 11:02:35.010000000	NaN	36	Current	NaN	
4	0F023589499656230C5E3E2	909464	2013-09-14 18:38:39.097000000	NaN	36	Current	NaN	

```
In [7]: # descriptive statistics for numeric variables
print(PL.describe())
```

	ListingNumber	Term	BorrowerAPR	BorrowerRate	\
count	1.139370e+05	113937.000000	113912.000000	113937.000000	
mean	6.278857e+05	40.830248	0.218828	0.192764	
std	3.280762e+05	10.436212	0.080364	0.074818	
min	4.000000e+00	12.000000	0.006530	0.000000	
25%	4.009190e+05	36.000000	0.156290	0.134000	
50%	6.005540e+05	36.000000	0.209760	0.184000	

75%	8.926340e+05	36.000000	0.283810	0.250000
max	1.255725e+06	60.000000	0.512290	0.497500

	LenderYield	EstimatedEffectiveYield	EstimatedLoss	EstimatedReturn	\
count	113937.000000	84853.000000	84853.000000	84853.000000	
mean	0.182701	0.168661	0.080306	0.096068	
std	0.074516	0.068467	0.046764	0.030403	
min	-0.010000	-0.182700	0.004900	-0.182700	
25%	0.124200	0.115670	0.042400	0.074080	
50%	0.173000	0.161500	0.072400	0.091700	
75%	0.240000	0.224300	0.112000	0.116600	
max	0.492500	0.319900	0.366000	0.283700	

	ProsperRating (numeric)	ProsperScore	ListingCategory (numeric)	\
count	84853.000000	84853.000000	113937.000000	
mean	4.072243	5.950067	2.774209	
std	1.673227	2.376501	3.996797	
min	1.000000	1.000000	0.000000	
25%	3.000000	4.000000	1.000000	
50%	4.000000	6.000000	1.000000	
75%	5.000000	8.000000	3.000000	
max	7.000000	11.000000	20.000000	

	EmploymentStatusDuration	CreditScoreRangeLower	CreditScoreRangeUpper	\
count	106312.000000	113346.000000	113346.000000	
mean	96.071582	685.567731	704.567731	
std	94.480605	66.458275	66.458275	
min	0.000000	0.000000	19.000000	
25%	26.000000	660.000000	679.000000	
50%	67.000000	680.000000	699.000000	
75%	137.000000	720.000000	739.000000	
max	755.000000	880.000000	899.000000	

	CurrentCreditLines	OpenCreditLines	TotalCreditLinespast7years	\
count	106333.000000	106333.000000	113240.000000	
mean	10.317192	9.260164	26.754539	
std	5.457866	5.022644	13.637871	
min	0.000000	0.000000	2.000000	
25%	7.000000	6.000000	17.000000	
50%	10.000000	9.000000	25.000000	
75%	13.000000	12.000000	35.000000	
max	59.000000	54.000000	136.000000	

	OpenRevolvingAccounts	OpenRevolvingMonthlyPayment	\
count	113937.000000	113937.000000	
mean	6.96979	398.292161	
std	4.63097	447.159711	
min	0.000000	0.000000	
25%	4.000000	114.000000	
50%	6.000000	271.000000	
75%	9.000000	525.000000	
max	51.000000	14985.000000	

	InquiriesLast6Months	TotalInquiries	CurrentDelinquencies	\
count	113240.000000	112778.000000	113240.000000	
mean	1.435085	5.584405	0.592052	
std	2.437507	6.429946	1.978707	
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
25%	0.000000	2.000000	0.000000	
50%	1.000000	4.000000	0.000000	
75%	2.000000	7.000000	0.000000	
max	105.000000	379.000000	83.000000	

	AmountDelinquent	DelinquenciesLast7Years	PublicRecordsLast10Years	\
count	106315.000000	112947.000000	113240.000000	
mean	984.507059	4.154984	0.312646	

std	7158.270157	10.160216	0.727868
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
50%	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
75%	0.000000	3.000000	0.000000
max	463881.000000	99.000000	38.000000

	PublicRecordsLast12Months	RevolvingCreditBalance	BankcardUtilization \
count	106333.000000	1.063330e+05	106333.000000
mean	0.015094	1.759871e+04	0.561309
std	0.154092	3.293640e+04	0.317918
min	0.000000	0.000000e+00	0.000000
25%	0.000000	3.121000e+03	0.310000
50%	0.000000	8.549000e+03	0.600000
75%	0.000000	1.952100e+04	0.840000
max	20.000000	1.435667e+06	5.950000

	AvailableBankcardCredit	TotalTrades \
count	106393.000000	106393.000000
mean	11210.225447	23.230034
std	19818.361309	11.871311
min	0.000000	0.000000
25%	880.000000	15.000000
50%	4100.000000	22.000000
75%	13180.000000	30.000000
max	646285.000000	126.000000

	TradesNeverDelinquent (percentage)	TradesOpenedLast6Months \
count	106393.000000	106393.000000
mean	0.885897	0.802327
std	0.148179	1.097637
min	0.000000	0.000000
25%	0.820000	0.000000
50%	0.940000	0.000000
75%	1.000000	1.000000
max	1.000000	20.000000

	DebtToIncomeRatio	StatedMonthlyIncome	TotalProsperLoans \
count	105383.000000	1.139370e+05	22085.000000
mean	0.275947	5.608026e+03	1.421100
std	0.551759	7.478497e+03	0.764042
min	0.000000	0.000000e+00	0.000000
25%	0.140000	3.200333e+03	1.000000
50%	0.220000	4.666667e+03	1.000000
75%	0.320000	6.825000e+03	2.000000
max	10.010000	1.750003e+06	8.000000

	TotalProsperPaymentsBilled	OnTimeProsperPayments \
count	22085.000000	22085.000000
mean	22.934345	22.271949
std	19.249584	18.830425
min	0.000000	0.000000
25%	9.000000	9.000000
50%	16.000000	15.000000
75%	33.000000	32.000000
max	141.000000	141.000000

	ProsperPaymentsLessThanOneMonthLate	ProsperPaymentsOneMonthPlusLate \
count	22085.000000	22085.000000
mean	0.613629	0.048540
std	2.446827	0.556285
min	0.000000	0.000000
25%	0.000000	0.000000
50%	0.000000	0.000000
75%	0.000000	0.000000
max	42.000000	21.000000

	ProsperPrincipalBorrowed	ProsperPrincipalOutstanding \
count	22085.000000	22085.000000
mean	8472.311961	2930.313906
std	7395.507650	3806.635075
min	0.000000	0.000000
25%	3500.000000	0.000000
50%	6000.000000	1626.550000
75%	11000.000000	4126.720000
max	72499.000000	23450.950000

	ScorexChangeAtTimeOfListing	LoanCurrentDaysDelinquent \
count	18928.000000	113937.000000
mean	-3.223214	152.816539
std	50.063567	466.320254
min	-209.000000	0.000000
25%	-35.000000	0.000000
50%	-3.000000	0.000000
75%	25.000000	0.000000
max	286.000000	2704.000000

	LoanFirstDefaultedCycleNumber	LoanMonthsSinceOrigination \
count	16952.000000	113937.000000
mean	16.268464	31.896882
std	9.005898	29.974184
min	0.000000	0.000000
25%	9.000000	6.000000
50%	14.000000	21.000000
75%	22.000000	65.000000
max	44.000000	100.000000

	LoanNumber	LoanOriginalAmount	MonthlyLoanPayment \
count	113937.000000	113937.000000	113937.000000
mean	69444.474271	8337.01385	272.475783
std	38930.479610	6245.80058	192.697812
min	1.000000	1000.00000	0.000000
25%	37332.000000	4000.00000	131.620000
50%	68599.000000	6500.00000	217.740000
75%	101901.000000	12000.00000	371.580000
max	136486.000000	35000.00000	2251.510000

	LP_CustomerPayments	LP_CustomerPrincipalPayments	LP_InterestandFees \
count	113937.000000	113937.000000	113937.000000
mean	4183.079489	3105.536588	1077.542901
std	4790.907234	4069.527670	1183.414168
min	-2.349900	0.000000	-2.349900
25%	1005.760000	500.890000	274.870000
50%	2583.830000	1587.500000	700.840100
75%	5548.400000	4000.000000	1458.540000
max	40702.390000	35000.000000	15617.030000

	LP_ServiceFees	LP_CollectionFees	LP_GrossPrincipalLoss \
count	113937.000000	113937.000000	113937.000000
mean	-54.725641	-14.242698	700.446342
std	60.675425	109.232758	2388.513831
min	-664.870000	-9274.750000	-94.200000
25%	-73.180000	0.000000	0.000000
50%	-34.440000	0.000000	0.000000
75%	-13.920000	0.000000	0.000000
max	32.060000	0.000000	25000.000000

	LP_NetPrincipalLoss	LP_NonPrincipalRecoverypayments	PercentFunded \
count	113937.000000	113937.000000	113937.000000
mean	681.420499	25.142686	0.998584
std	2357.167068	275.657937	0.017919
min	-954.550000	0.000000	0.700000

25%	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000
50%	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000
75%	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000
max	25000.000000	21117.900000	1.012500

	Recommendations	InvestmentFromFriendsCount \
count	113937.000000	113937.000000
mean	0.048027	0.023460
std	0.332353	0.232412
min	0.000000	0.000000
25%	0.000000	0.000000
50%	0.000000	0.000000
75%	0.000000	0.000000
max	39.000000	33.000000

	InvestmentFromFriendsAmount	Investors
count	113937.000000	113937.000000
mean	16.550751	80.475228
std	294.545422	103.239020
min	0.000000	1.000000
25%	0.000000	2.000000
50%	0.000000	44.000000
75%	0.000000	115.000000
max	25000.000000	1189.000000

In [8]: PL.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 113937 entries, 0 to 113936
Data columns (total 81 columns):
#   Column                                     Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   ListingKey                               113937 non-null object
1   ListingNumber                             113937 non-null int64
2   ListingCreationDate                       113937 non-null object
3   CreditGrade                               28953 non-null  object
4   Term                                       113937 non-null int64
5   LoanStatus                               113937 non-null object
6   ClosedDate                               55089 non-null  object
7   BorrowerAPR                              113912 non-null float64
8   BorrowerRate                             113937 non-null float64
9   LenderYield                              113937 non-null float64
10  EstimatedEffectiveYield                   84853 non-null  float64
11  EstimatedLoss                            84853 non-null  float64
12  EstimatedReturn                          84853 non-null  float64
13  ProsperRating (numeric)                  84853 non-null  float64
14  ProsperRating (Alpha)                    84853 non-null  object
15  ProsperScore                             84853 non-null  float64
16  ListingCategory (numeric)                113937 non-null int64
17  BorrowerState                             108422 non-null object
18  Occupation                               110349 non-null object
19  EmploymentStatus                         111682 non-null object
20  EmploymentStatusDuration                 106312 non-null float64
21  IsBorrowerHomeowner                     113937 non-null bool
22  CurrentlyInGroup                         113937 non-null bool
23  GroupKey                                 13341 non-null  object
24  DateCreditPulled                        113937 non-null object
25  CreditScoreRangeLower                   113346 non-null float64
26  CreditScoreRangeUpper                   113346 non-null float64
27  FirstRecordedCreditLine                 113240 non-null object
28  CurrentCreditLines                      106333 non-null float64
29  OpenCreditLines                         106333 non-null float64
30  TotalCreditLinespast7years              113240 non-null float64
31  OpenRevolvingAccounts                   113937 non-null int64
32  OpenRevolvingMonthlyPayment             113937 non-null float64
33  InquiriesLast6Months                    113240 non-null float64
```

34	TotalInquiries	112778	non-null	float64
35	CurrentDelinquencies	113240	non-null	float64
36	AmountDelinquent	106315	non-null	float64
37	DelinquenciesLast7Years	112947	non-null	float64
38	PublicRecordsLast10Years	113240	non-null	float64
39	PublicRecordsLast12Months	106333	non-null	float64
40	RevolvingCreditBalance	106333	non-null	float64
41	BankcardUtilization	106333	non-null	float64
42	AvailableBankcardCredit	106393	non-null	float64
43	TotalTrades	106393	non-null	float64
44	TradesNeverDelinquent (percentage)	106393	non-null	float64
45	TradesOpenedLast6Months	106393	non-null	float64
46	DebtToIncomeRatio	105383	non-null	float64
47	IncomeRange	113937	non-null	object
48	IncomeVerifiable	113937	non-null	bool
49	StatedMonthlyIncome	113937	non-null	float64
50	LoanKey	113937	non-null	object
51	TotalProsperLoans	22085	non-null	float64
52	TotalProsperPaymentsBilled	22085	non-null	float64
53	OnTimeProsperPayments	22085	non-null	float64
54	ProsperPaymentsLessThanOneMonthLate	22085	non-null	float64
55	ProsperPaymentsOneMonthPlusLate	22085	non-null	float64
56	ProsperPrincipalBorrowed	22085	non-null	float64
57	ProsperPrincipalOutstanding	22085	non-null	float64
58	ScoreExchangeAtTimeOfListing	18928	non-null	float64
59	LoanCurrentDaysDelinquent	113937	non-null	int64
60	LoanFirstDefaultedCycleNumber	16952	non-null	float64
61	LoanMonthsSinceOrigination	113937	non-null	int64
62	LoanNumber	113937	non-null	int64
63	LoanOriginalAmount	113937	non-null	int64
64	LoanOriginationDate	113937	non-null	object
65	LoanOriginationQuarter	113937	non-null	object
66	MemberKey	113937	non-null	object
67	MonthlyLoanPayment	113937	non-null	float64
68	LP_CustomerPayments	113937	non-null	float64
69	LP_CustomerPrincipalPayments	113937	non-null	float64
70	LP_InterestandFees	113937	non-null	float64
71	LP_ServiceFees	113937	non-null	float64
72	LP_CollectionFees	113937	non-null	float64
73	LP_GrossPrincipalLoss	113937	non-null	float64
74	LP_NetPrincipalLoss	113937	non-null	float64
75	LP_NonPrincipalRecoverypayments	113937	non-null	float64
76	PercentFunded	113937	non-null	float64
77	Recommendations	113937	non-null	int64
78	InvestmentFromFriendsCount	113937	non-null	int64
79	InvestmentFromFriendsAmount	113937	non-null	float64
80	Investors	113937	non-null	int64

dtypes: bool(3), float64(50), int64(11), object(17)

memory usage: 68.1+ MB

In [9]: PL.shape

Out[9]: (113937, 81)

In [10]: PL.dtypes

Out[10]:

ListingKey	object
ListingNumber	int64
ListingCreationDate	object
CreditGrade	object
Term	int64
...	
PercentFunded	float64
Recommendations	int64
InvestmentFromFriendsCount	int64

```
InvestmentFromFriendsAmount    float64
Investors                      int64
Length: 81, dtype: object
```

What is the structure of your dataset?

The dataset contains 113,937 loans with 81 features, most variables are numeric.

What is/are the main feature(s) of interest in your dataset?

I'm interested in the borrower's Annual Percentage Rate (APR) for the loan, and Which lender features are most predictive of the highest rate of return.

What features in the dataset do you think will help support your investigation into your feature(s) of interest?

EstimatedReturn, IncomeRange, Debt to Income Ratio, and BorrowerAPR.

Univariate Exploration

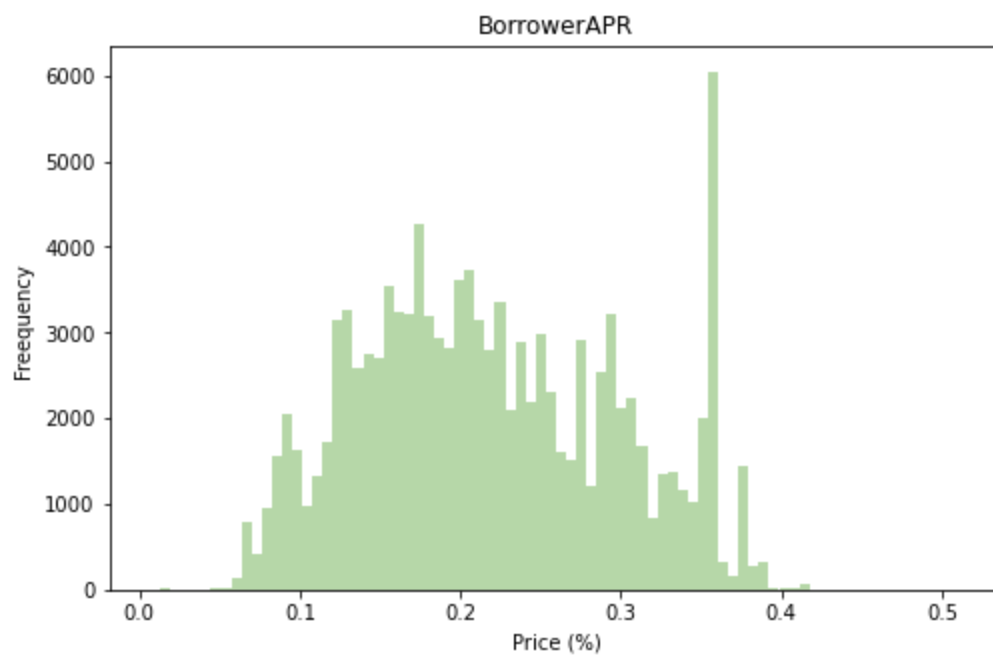
BorrowerAPR

I'll start by looking at the distribution of the main variable of interest: borrower APR.

```
In [11]: #A custom method to display all the required plots
def display_plot(variable, xlabel, title):

    # Method will take four parameters the first two variables are for the used data
    # 2nd, 3rd and 4th parameters are to determine the axes names and title
    plot.figure(figsize=[8,5])
    variable.plot(kind='hist', color='#b6d7a8', bins=80)
    plot.xlabel(' ')
    plot.title('');
```

```
In [12]: #bins = np.arange(0, PL['BorrowerAPR'].max()+binsize, binsize)
display_plot( PL['BorrowerAPR'], 'Price (%)', 'BorrowerAPR')
plot.xlabel('Price (%)')
plot.ylabel('Frequency ')
plot.title('BorrowerAPR');
```



There is a narrow rise at 0.9 and a small low point centered 0.28, there is a significant high point at 0.2, as well as a high point between 0.34 and 0.36, and only a few loans have an APR greater than 0.42%.

```
In [13]: # loans with APR greater than 0.42
PL[PL.BorrowerAPR>0.42]
```

	ListingKey	ListingNumber	ListingCreationDate	CreditGrade	Term	LoanStatus	ClosedDa
18326	0161336483146123835D6A5	1795	2006-03-11 15:43:45.393000000	HR	36	Defaulted	2007-01-00:00:
22195	5686336572505607862C0C7	1849	2006-03-12 13:44:15.060000000	HR	36	Chargedoff	2009-02-00:00:
36018	844033650124564886B3EDC	690	2006-02-23 13:57:02.087000000	HR	36	Completed	2006-03-00:00:
56761	A79D33661366830833F3EF5	2231	2006-03-16 19:30:16.753000000	HR	36	Defaulted	2006-09-00:00:
82043	BBED336465905564254DC8B	1112	2006-03-02 19:00:17.593000000	HR	36	Defaulted	2006-09-00:00:
103973	95ED3365915044756AB754F	1366	2006-03-06 22:36:53.753000000	HR	36	Defaulted	2006-10-00:00:
105889	CC0C3497369291932E3CF0E	481141	2010-10-22 14:07:40.683000000	NaN	36	Chargedoff	2011-04-00:00:

There are no Prosper rating or employment status records for the six borrowers with the highest APR.

Estimated Return

```
In [14]: PL.EstimatedReturn.isnull().sum() #checking for the sum of null values
```


Out[14]: 29084

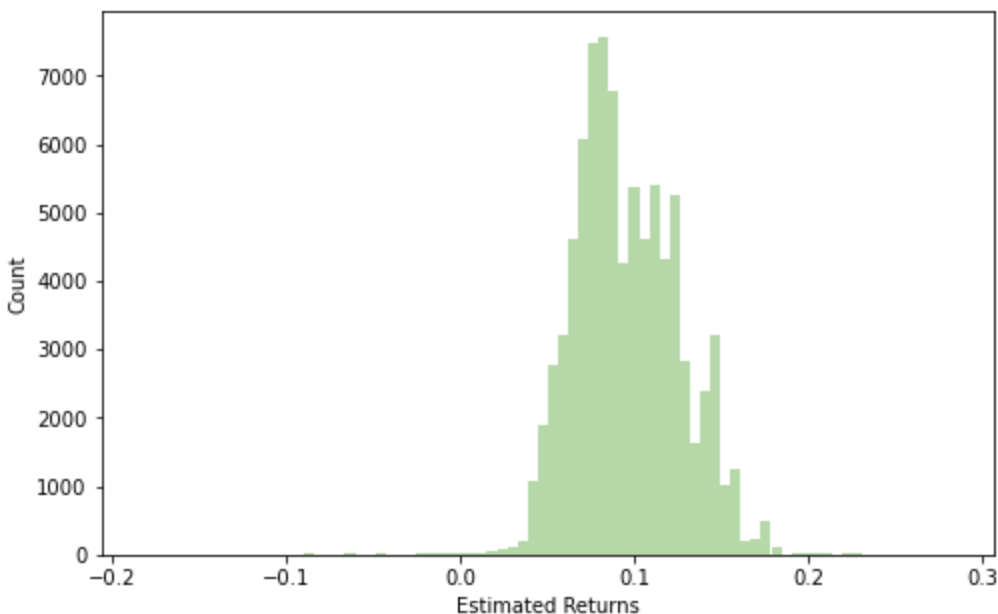
```
In [15]: #drop null rows
PL.EstimatedReturn.dropna(axis = 0, inplace = True)
```

```
In [16]: PL.EstimatedReturn.describe()
```

```
Out[16]: count      84853.000000
mean         0.096068
std          0.030403
min         -0.182700
25%          0.074080
50%          0.091700
75%          0.116600
max          0.283700
Name: EstimatedReturn, dtype: float64
```

The range of estimated returns is -18% to 28%.

```
In [17]: # plot histogram
display_plot( PL['EstimatedReturn'], 'Estimated Returns', 'BorrowerAPR')
plot.xlabel('Estimated Returns')
plot.ylabel('Count');
```



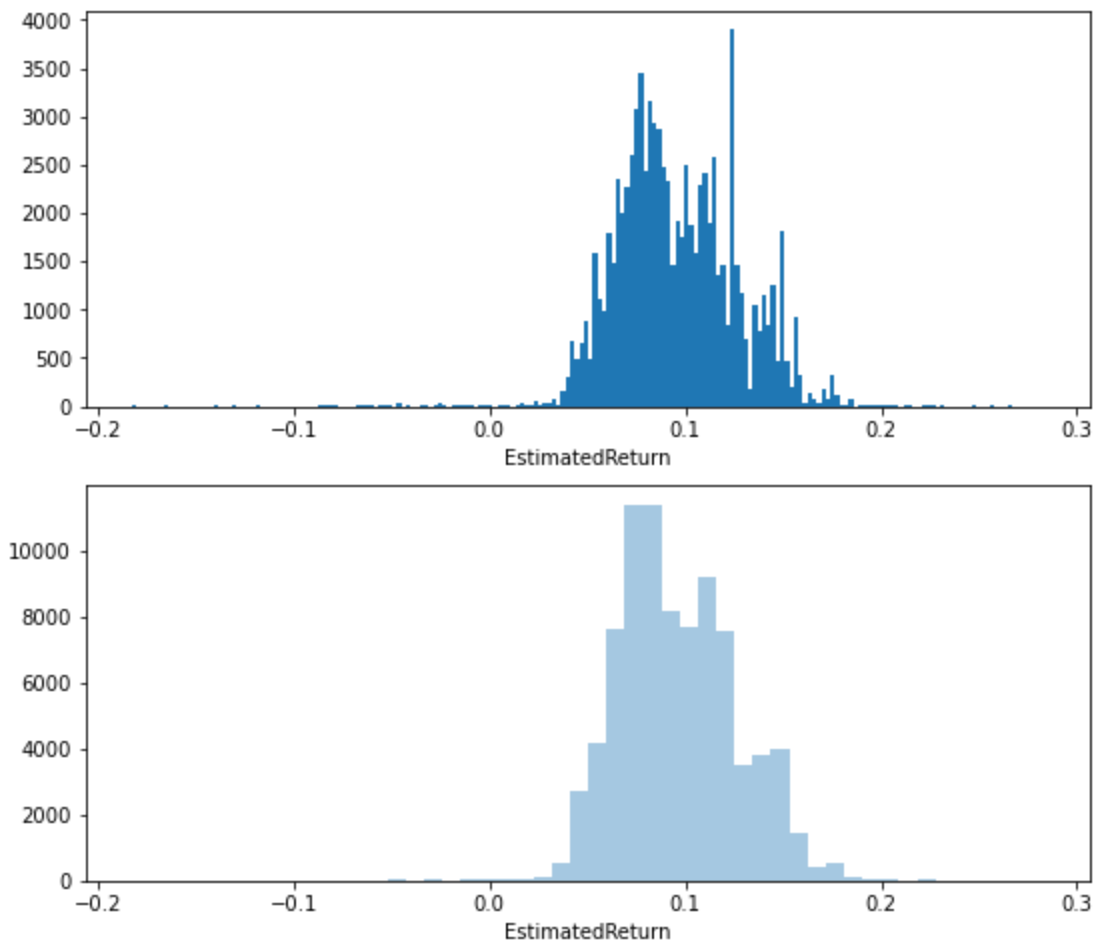
Loans have an estimated return between 0% and 20%.

```
In [18]: # plotting EstimatedReturn
fig, ax = plot.subplots(nrows=2, figsize = [9,8])
variable = ['EstimatedReturn']
for i in range(len(variable)):
    var = variable[i]
    sb.distplot(PL.EstimatedReturn, kde = False )
    ax[i].hist(data = PL, x = var, bins = 200)
    ax[i].set_xlabel('{}'.format(var))

plot.show()
```

D:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2619: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot`

```
(an axes-level function for histograms).  
warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)
```



Surprisingly, the largest bin is around 12.5% and there are a few maxima in some standard values, such as 5.3%, 7.4%, and 15%.

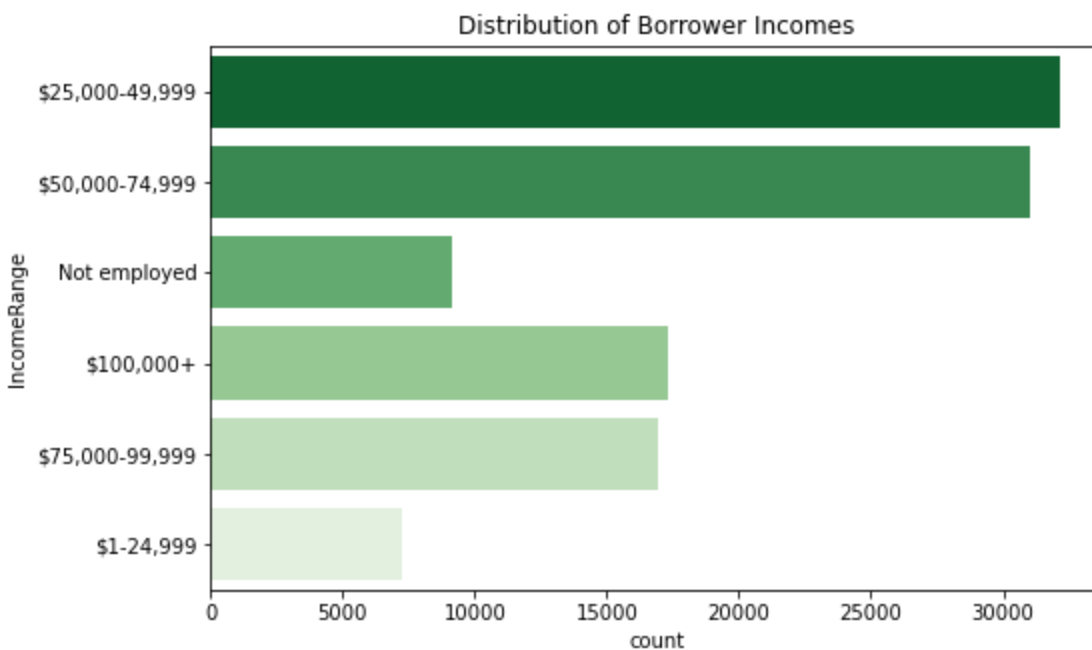
IncomeRange

```
In [19]: PL.IncomeRange.value_counts()
```

```
Out[19]: $25,000-49,999    32192  
$50,000-74,999    31050  
$100,000+        17337  
$75,000-99,999   16916  
Not displayed     7741  
$1-24,999        7274  
Not employed      806  
$0                621  
Name: IncomeRange, dtype: int64
```

```
In [20]: # Replacing not displayed in 0$ income with Not employed  
PL['IncomeRange'].replace(['$0', 'Not displayed'], 'Not employed', inplace = True)
```

```
In [21]: plot.figure(figsize = [8, 5])  
sb.countplot(data=PL, y='IncomeRange',palette = 'Greens_r')  
plot.title('Distribution of Borrower Incomes');
```



The majority of loan requests come from borrowers with incomes of between 25,000k and 49,000k.

Debt to Income Ratio

In [22]: `PL.DebtToIncomeRatio.describe()`

Out[22]:

count	105383.000000
mean	0.275947
std	0.551759
min	0.000000
25%	0.140000
50%	0.220000
75%	0.320000
max	10.010000

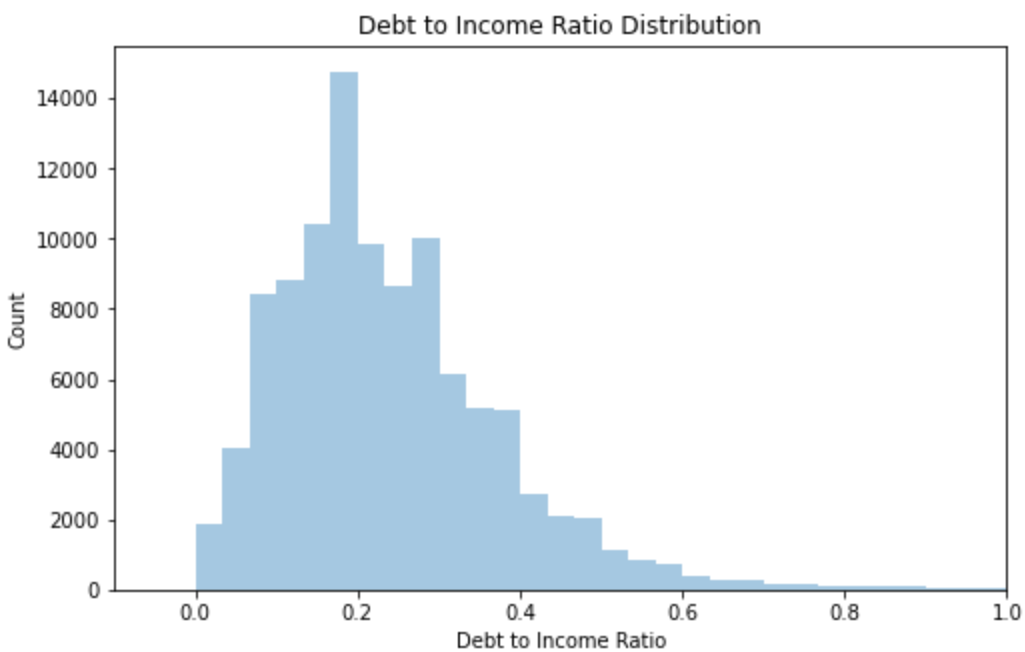
Name: DebtToIncomeRatio, dtype: float64

In [23]:

```
# distribution plot
plot.figure(figsize = [8,5])
sb.distplot(PL.DebtToIncomeRatio, kde = False, bins = 300)
plot.xlim(-.1, 1)
plot.xlabel('Debt to Income Ratio')
plot.ylabel('Count')
plot.title('Debt to Income Ratio Distribution');
```

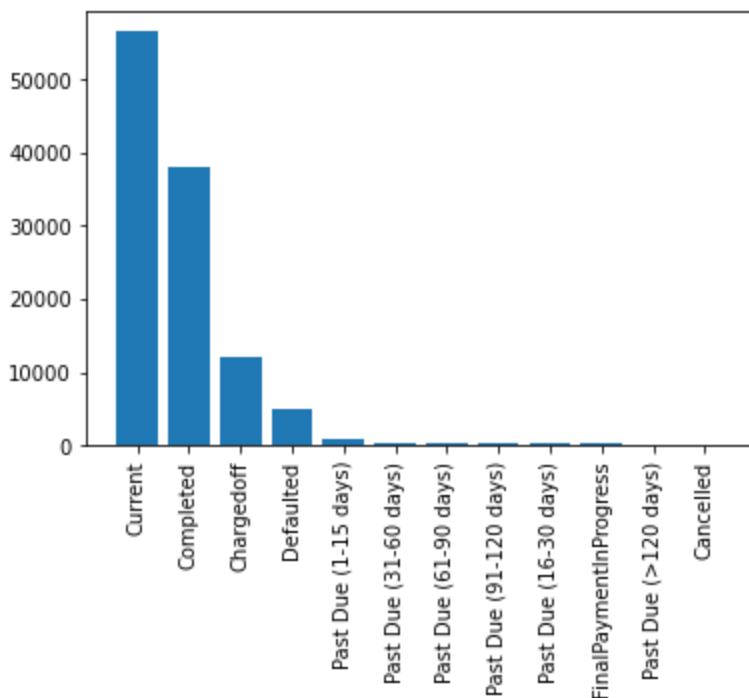
D:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2619: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)



as shown, borrowers who request a loan have a 20% debt to income ratio.

```
In [24]: # Checking for the loan status
LoanStat = PL['LoanStatus'].value_counts()
plot.bar(LoanStat.index, LoanStat)
plot.xticks(rotation = 90);
```



The highest rate is for borrowers who are still paying their loan, followed by borrowers who completed paying for their loan.

Discuss the distribution(s) of your variable(s) of interest. Were there any unusual points? Did you need to perform any transformations?

There are no unusual points and no need to perform any transformations.

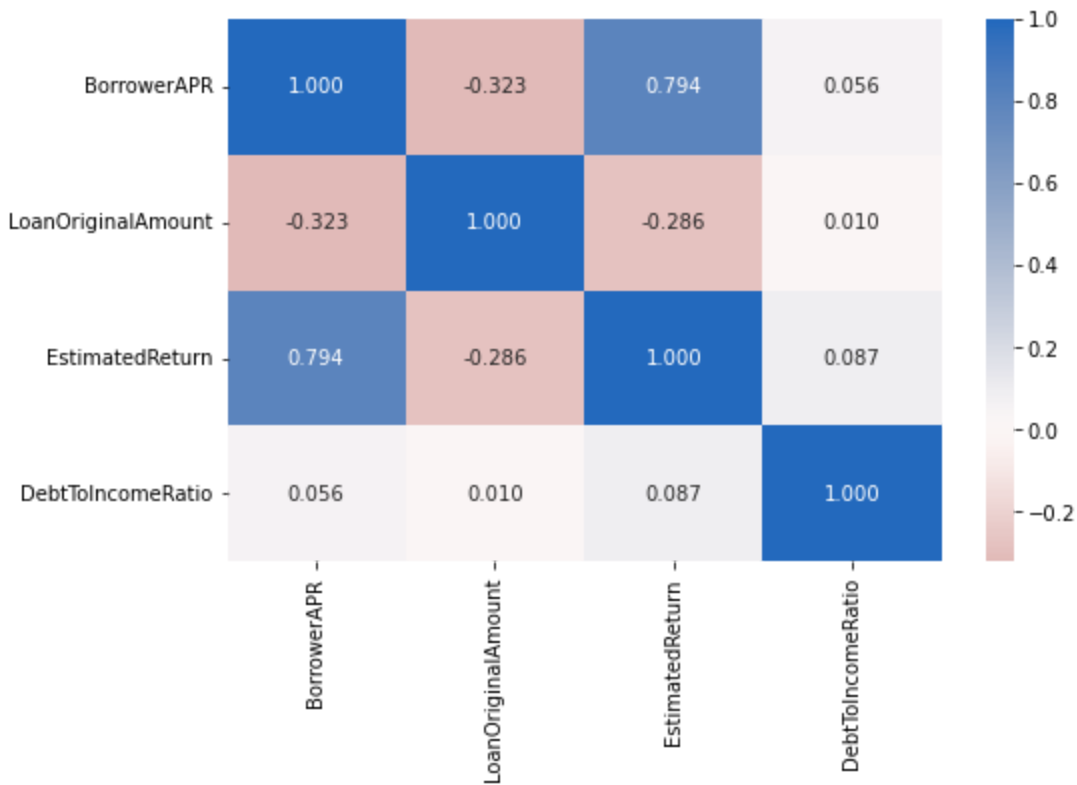
Of the features you investigated, were there any unusual distributions? Did you perform any operations on the data to tidy, adjust, or change the form of the data? If so, why did you do this?

There was no unusual distributions.

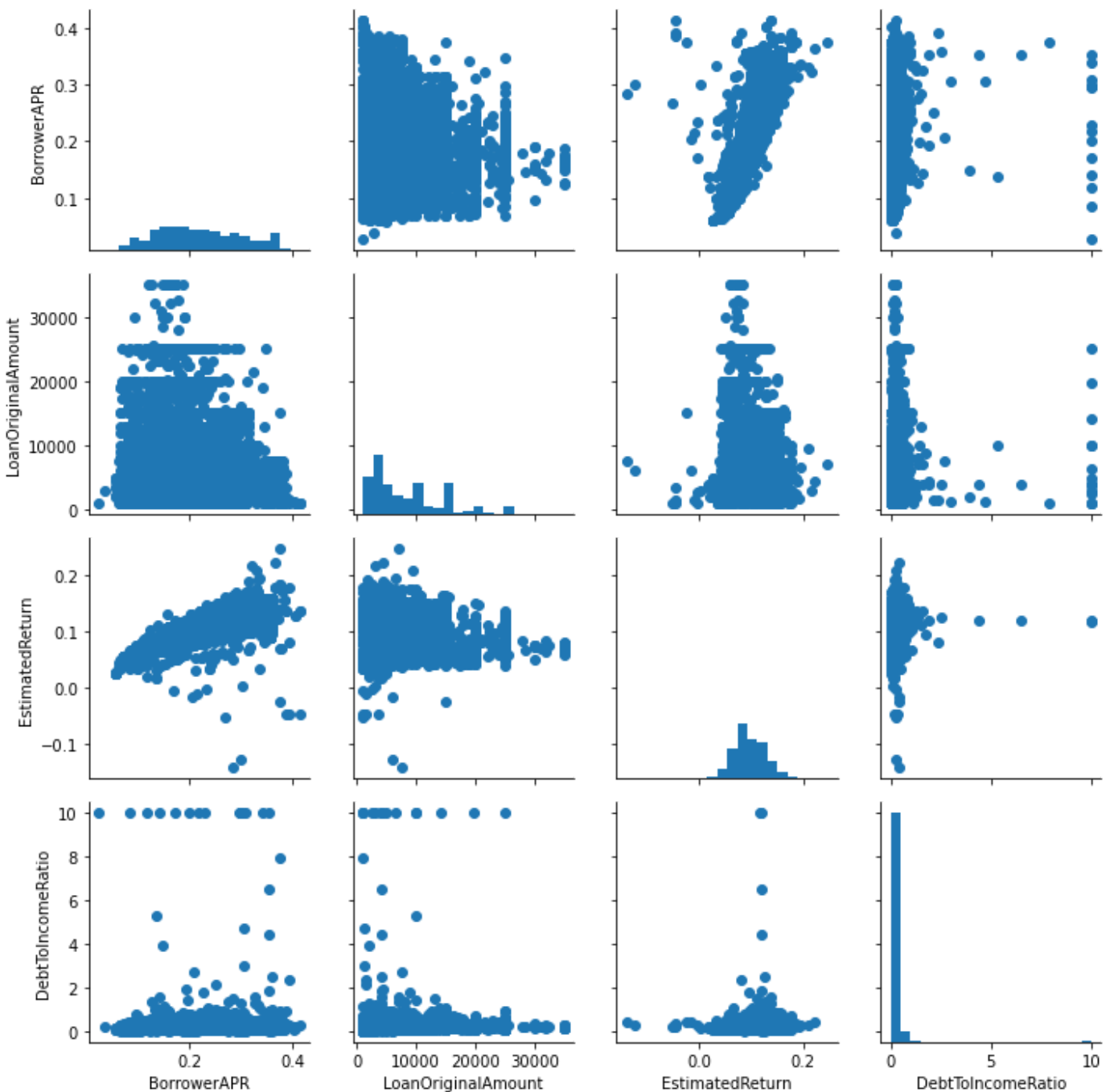
Bivariate Exploration

```
In [25]: num_variables = [ 'BorrowerAPR', 'LoanOriginalAmount', 'EstimatedReturn', 'DebtToIncomeRatio' ]  
cat_variables = [ 'EmploymentStatus', 'Term', 'ProsperRating (Alpha)' ]
```

```
In [26]: # correlation plot  
plot.figure(figsize = [8, 5])  
sb.heatmap(PL[num_variables].corr(), annot = True, fmt = '.3f',  
           cmap = 'vlag_r', center = 0);
```

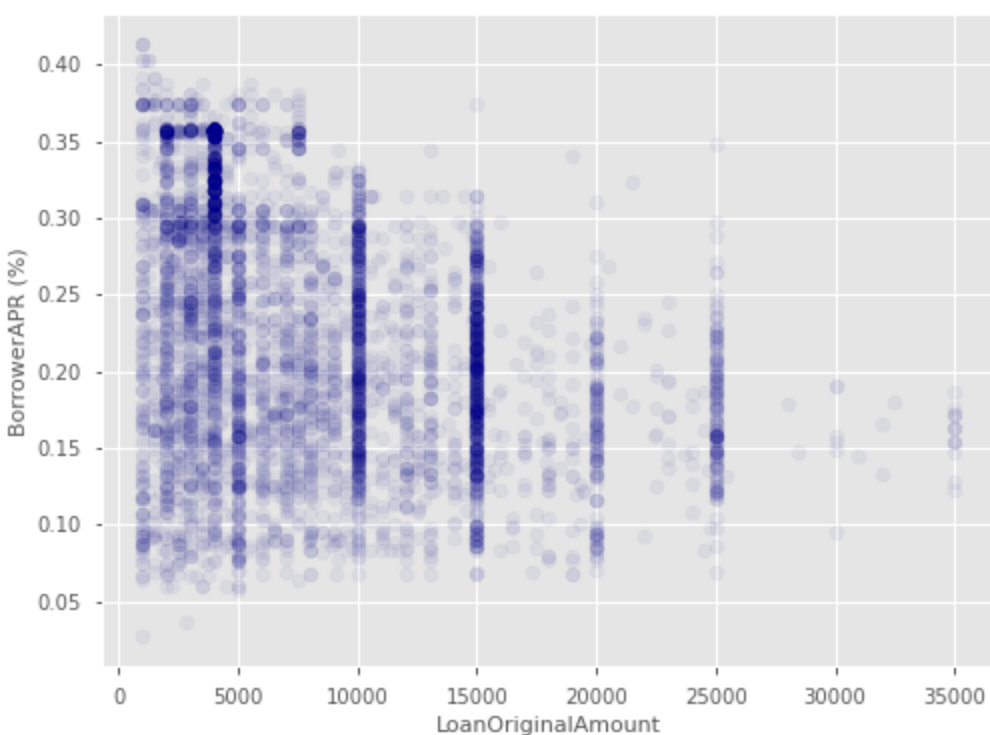


```
In [27]: # plot matrix: sample 5000 loans so that plots are clearer  
  
PL_S = PL.sample(n=5000, replace = False)  
g = sb.PairGrid(data = PL_S, vars = num_variables)  
g = g.map_diag(plot.hist, bins = 20)  
g.map_offdiag(plot.scatter);
```



The scatter plot also demonstrates that BorrowerAPR and LoanOriginalAmount are negatively correlated with a -0.3 correlation coefficient, the lower the APR, the greater the loan amount.

```
In [146... # scatter plot of LoanOriginalAmount vs. BorrowerAPR,
plot.figure(figsize = [8, 6])
plot.scatter(data = PL_S, x = 'LoanOriginalAmount', y = 'BorrowerAPR', alpha = 0.05, col
plot.xlabel('LoanOriginalAmount')
plot.ylabel('BorrowerAPR (%)')
plot.show()
```



APR has a wide range at various loan amounts, but that as loan amounts rise, the APR range reduces

```
In [29]: # plot matrix of numeric features against categorical features.

def boxgrid(x, y, **kwargs):
    sb.boxplot(x, y, color = '#b6d7a8')
plot.figure(figsize = [10, 10])
g = sb.PairGrid(data = PL_S, y_vars = ['BorrowerAPR', 'LoanOriginalAmount', 'EstimatedRet
    x_vars = cat_variabls, height = 3, aspect = 1.5)
g.map(boxgrid);
plot.xticks(rotation=30);
```

D:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variables as keyword args: x, y. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

warnings.warn(

D:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variables as keyword args: x, y. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

warnings.warn(

D:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variables as keyword args: x, y. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

warnings.warn(

D:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variables as keyword args: x, y. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

warnings.warn(

D:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variables as keyword args: x, y. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

warnings.warn(

D:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variables as keyword args: x, y. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

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```
warnings.warn(
```

D:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variables as keyword args: x, y. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

```
warnings.warn(
```

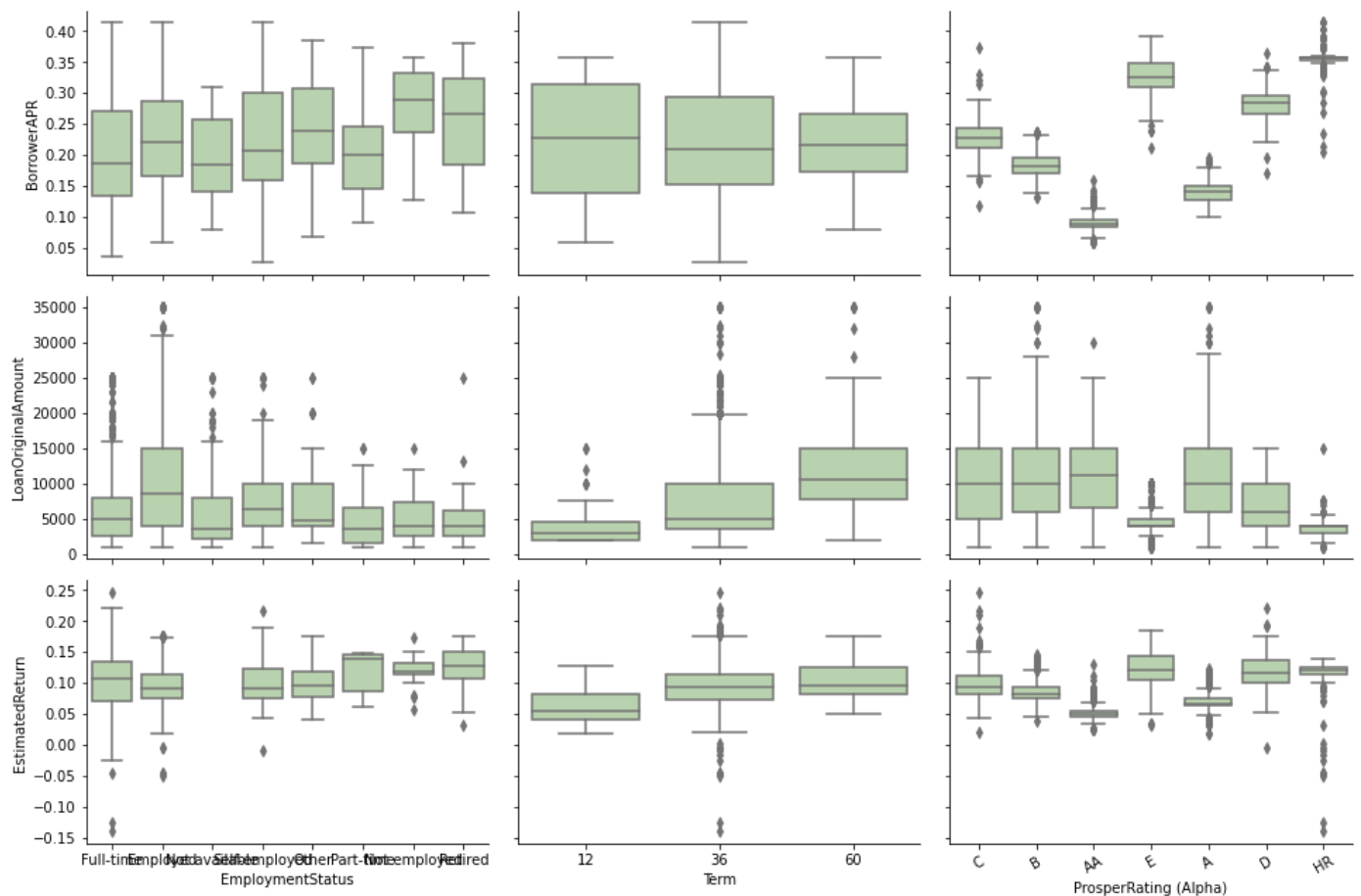
D:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variables as keyword args: x, y. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

```
warnings.warn(
```

D:\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variables as keyword args: x, y. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

```
warnings.warn(
```

<Figure size 720x720 with 0 Axes>



The lowest APRs are offered by borrowers with the highest Prosper ratings, the loan amount rises as the loan term lengthens, and the better the rating, the lower the borrower APR.

```
In [144... plot.figure(figsize = [8, 8])

ordered_alpha = ['AA','A','B','C','D','E', 'HR']
# subplot 1: Prosper rating vs term
plot.subplot(2, 2, 1)
sb.barplot(data = PL_S, x = 'ProsperRating (Alpha)', y = 'Term', order = ordered_alpha ,
plot.show()

# subplot 2: employment status vs. term, use different color palette
```

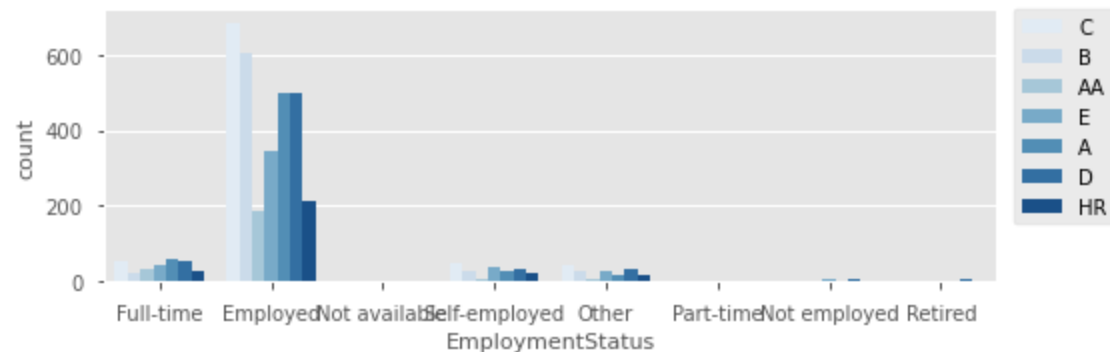
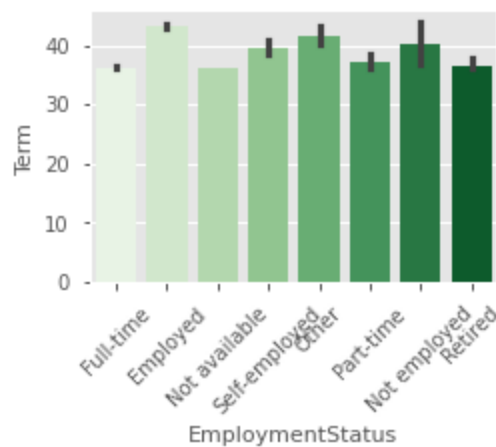
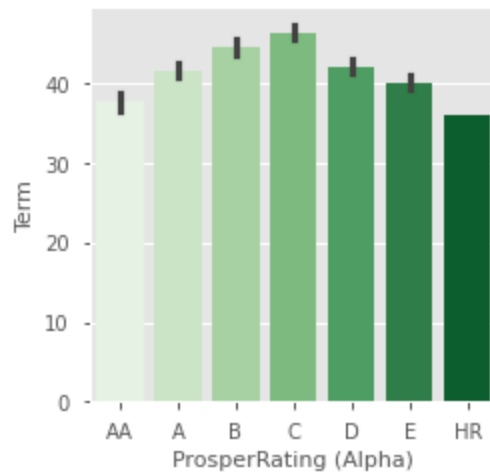


```

plot.subplot(2, 2, 1)
sb.barplot(data= PL_S, x='EmploymentStatus', y='Term', palette = 'Greens')
plot.xticks(rotation = 45)
plot.show()

# subplot 3: Prosper rating vs. employment status
plot.subplot(2, 1, 1)
aix=sb.countplot(data = PL_S, x = 'EmploymentStatus', hue = 'ProsperRating (Alpha)', pal
plot.legend(bbox_to_anchor=(1.02, 1), loc='upper left', borderaxespad=0)
plot.show()

```



It is clear that term and Prosper rating interact in some way, there are proportionally more 60-month loans with B and C grades. Borrowers with HR ratings can only get loans for 36 months.

Talk about some of the relationships you observed in this part of the investigation. How did the feature(s) of interest vary with other features in the dataset?

The scatter plot also demonstrates that BorrowerAPR and LoanOriginalAmount are negatively correlated with a -0.3 correlation coefficient, the lower the APR, the greater the loan amount.

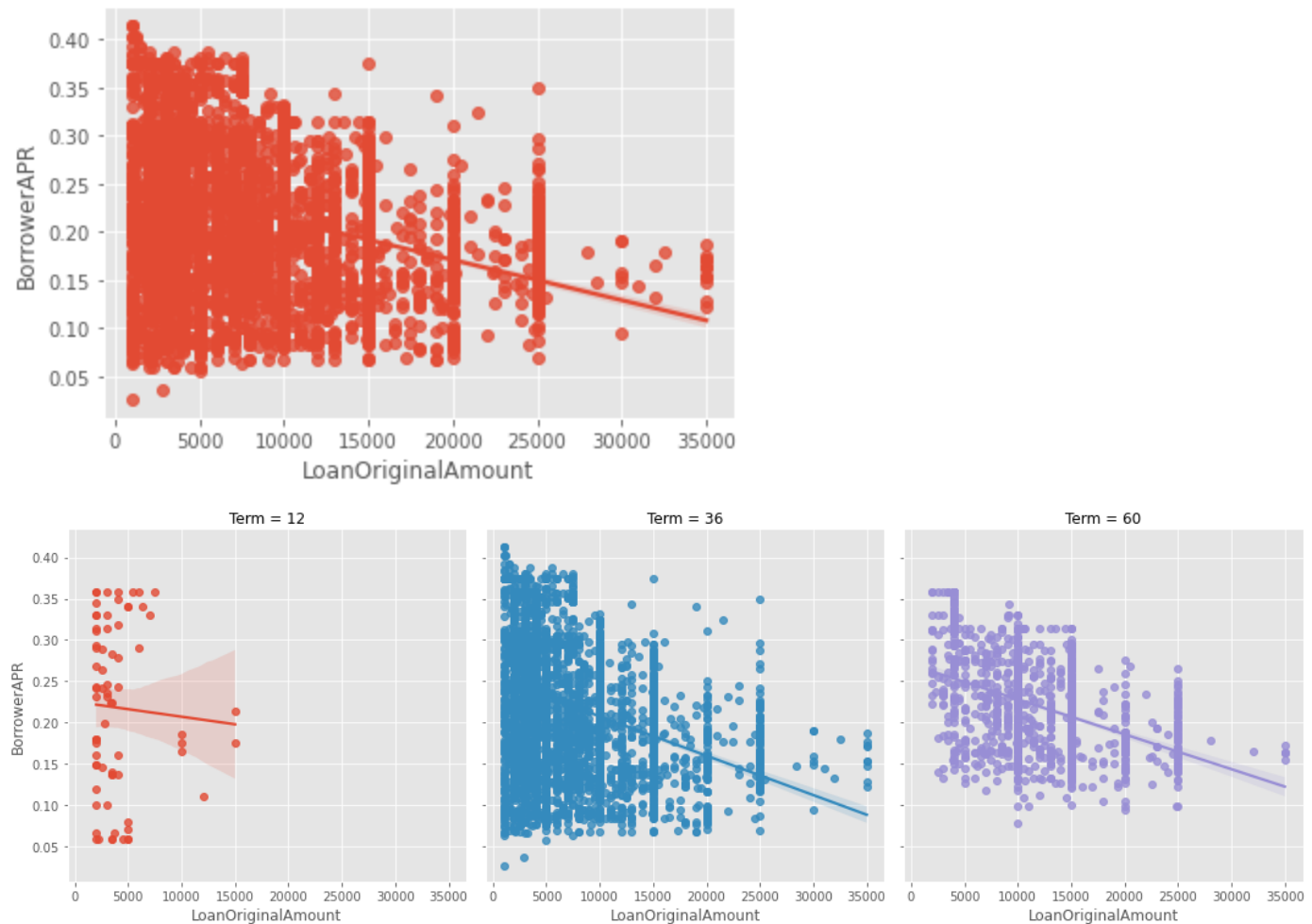
Did you observe any interesting relationships between the other features (not the main feature(s) of interest)?

It is clear that term and Prosper rating interact in some way, there are proportionally more 60-month loans with B and C grades.

Multivariate Exploration

In this section of the analysis, my main focus is on how the categorical variables—Prosper rating and term—affect the correlation between borrower APR and loan original amount.

```
In [55]: # term effects on the APR/loan amount relationship
sb.regplot(x='LoanOriginalAmount', y='BorrowerAPR', data=PL_S)
plot.xlabel('LoanOriginalAmount')
plot.ylabel('BorrowerAPR');
sb.lmplot(x='LoanOriginalAmount', y='BorrowerAPR', data=PL_S, hue='Term', col=
```

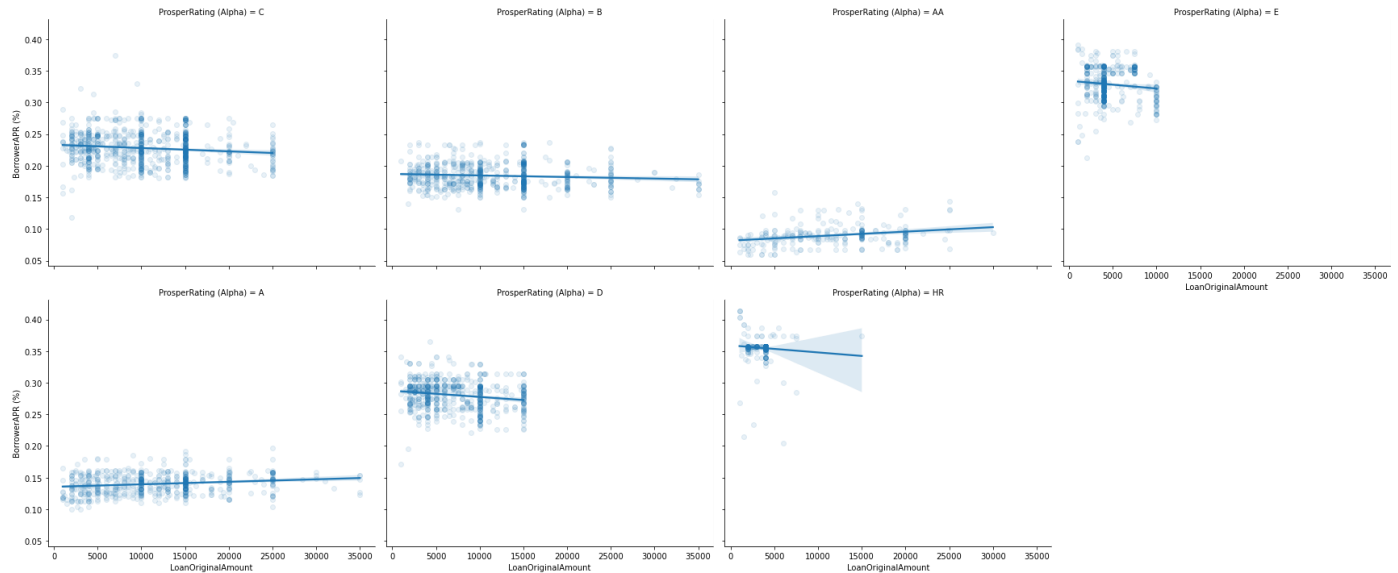


The relation between the loan amount and APR appears to be unaffected by the term.

```
In [42]: # Prosper rating effect on APR and loan amount relationship
g=sb.FacetGrid(data=PL_S, aspect=1.2, height=5, col='ProsperRating (Alpha)', col_wrap=4)
g.map(sb.regplot, 'LoanOriginalAmount', 'BorrowerAPR', x_jitter=0.04, scatter_kws={'alph
g.set_xlabels('LoanOriginalAmount')
```

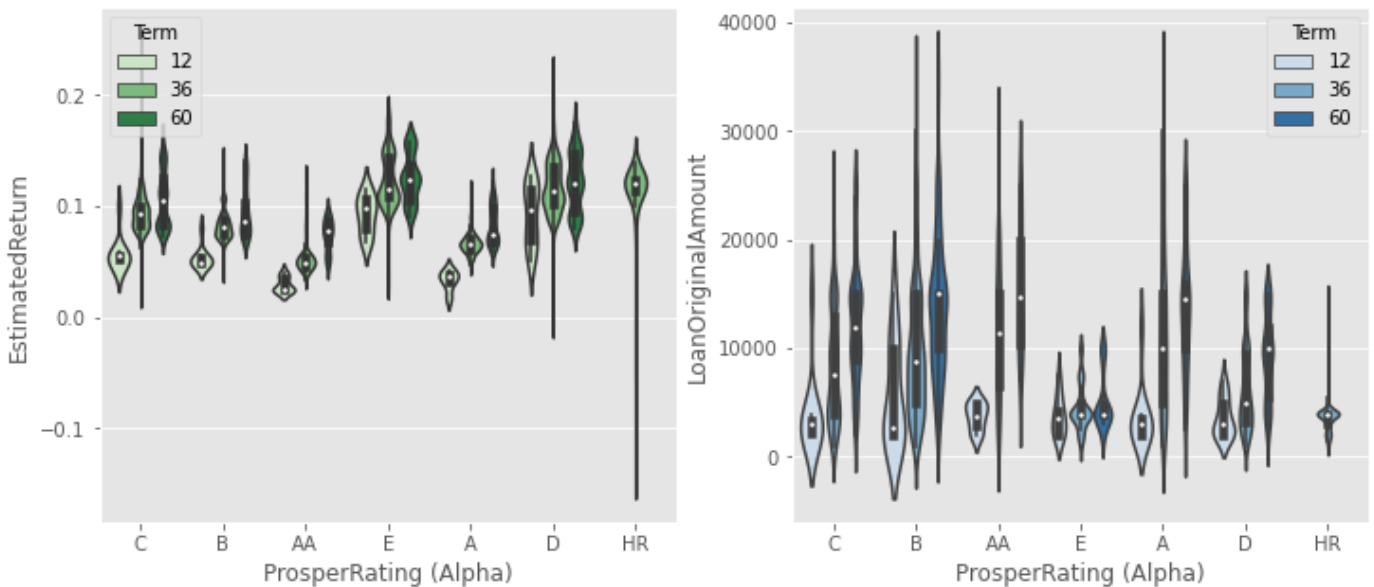
```
g.set_ylabel('BorrowerAPR (%)')
```

```
plot.show()
```



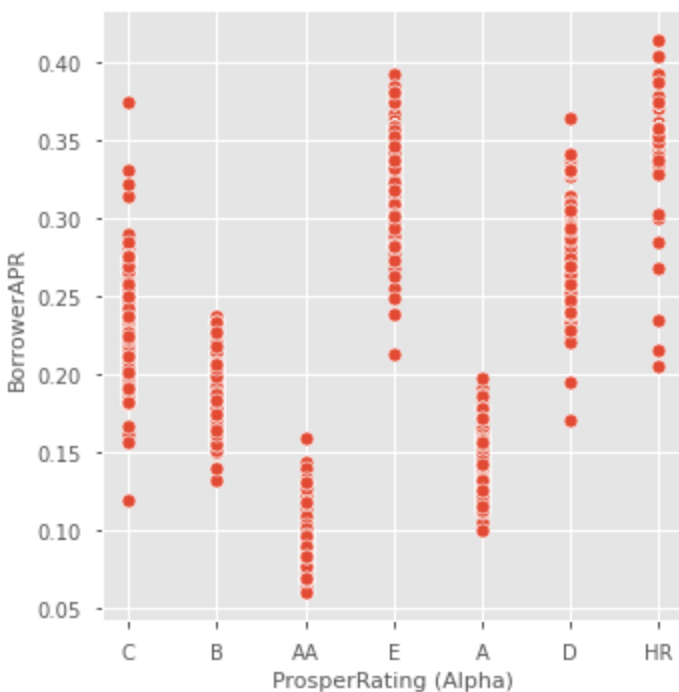
A higher rating raises the loan amount. A better rating lowers the borrower APR.

```
In [65]: fig, ax = plot.subplots(ncols=2, figsize=[12,5])
sb.violinplot(data = PL_S, x = 'ProsperRating (Alpha)', y = 'EstimatedReturn', hue = 'Term',
              palette = 'Greens', linestyle = '', dodge = 0.4, ax=ax[0])
sb.violinplot(data = PL_S, x = 'ProsperRating (Alpha)', y = 'LoanOriginalAmount', hue = 'Term',
              palette = 'Blues', linestyle = '', dodge = 0.4, ax=ax[1]);
```



There is a relationship between term and Estimated Return for loan amount. We can see that a higher Prosper rating results in higher loan amounts, the same goes for LoanOriginalAmount.

```
In [85]: plot.style.use('seaborn-notebook')
sb.relplot(x = 'ProsperRating (Alpha)', y = 'BorrowerAPR', data = PL_S );
plot.show()
```



It's interesting to note that for borrowers with HR-C rates, the borrower APR decreases as the borrow period lengthens. However, the APR rises as the length of the loan increases for borrowers with B-AA grades.

Talk about some of the relationships you observed in this part of the investigation. Were there features that strengthened each other in terms of looking at your feature(s) of interest?

The results of the multivariate analysis revealed that when the Prosper ratings rise from HR to AA, the link between borrower APR and loan amount shifts from being negatively to sluggishly positively. I then looked into how terms and ratings affected loan amounts, and the results showed that with better Prosper ratings, the loan amounts for all three terms increased

Were there any interesting or surprising interactions between features?

Unexpectedly, the borrower APR and loan amount have a negative link when the borrower's Prosper rating is between HR and B, but a positive correlation when the borrower's rating is between A and AA. Another intriguing finding is that for borrowers with HR-C rates, the borrower APR decreases as the borrow time lengthens. However, the APR rises with the length of the loan for those with B-AA credit ratings.