

# BeagleBone Black project

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2018

# Tasks

- **Compile embedded Linux for BeagleBone Black**
- **Develop C application which uses**
  - **TCS34725 RGB colour sensor**
  - **L3GD20H 3-axis gyroscope**

# Compiling Linux

## ■ Buildroot

- custom Linux kernel 3.12 with patches for Texas Instruments SoCs
- U-Boot 2016.03
- gdbserver for remote debugging
- openssh for remote connection
- set of elementary programs BusyBox

# Files

- FAT32 boot partition
  - X-Loader - MLO
  - U-boot binary - u-boot.bin
  - Linux kernel - zImage
- Linux partition
  - filesystem - rootfs.ext2

# Configuration

- Allowed remote login for root user using password
  - /etc/ssh/sshd\_config
  - PermitRootLogin yes
  - otherwise turn off!!!
- Set static IP address
  - /etc/network/interfaces
  - iface eth0 inet static  
address 192.168.1.2  
netmask 255.255.255.0

# Development

- IDE Eclipse Oxygen from October 2017
- remote debugging
- both devices in 192.168.1.0 subnet
- root user

# Cross-Compilation Configuration

- Adding a line for cross-compiling tools to the PATH variable in the file “.profile”:  
PATH="/home/jaroslav/buildroot-2016-05/buildroot/output/host/usr/bin:\$PATH"
- Creation of C/C++ project: gyroRGB
- Set the toolchain: Cross GCC
- Configuration: Debug [Activate]
- Prefix: arm-buildroot-linux-uclibcgnueabihf-
- Path: /home/jaroslav/buildroot-2016.05/output/host/usr/bin

**The compiling process is made in Linux x86 machine and the execution in ARM architecture (BBB)!**

# Development III

## Run **Debug Configuration**

Open a new **C/C++ Remote Application** and the code of the program to be debugged

- Project name
- Build Configuration: Use Active
- C/C++ Application: browse executable
- Remote Absolute File Path for C/C++ Application
- Commands to execute before application: chmod +x location path of the application
- **GDB Debugger:** Location path of the **gdb**
- **GDB Command:** Location path of the **.gdbinit** file
- **Debugger Options:** Gdbserver Settings / Port number

# Sensors



(a) TCS34725 RGB colour sensor



(b) L3GD20H 3-axis gyroscope

# Soldering

Figure: BeagleBone Black with HAT with sensors



# Implementation - RGB sensor

- First check in the datasheet of the sensor for address of the I2C device.

## Available Options

DEVICE	ADDRESS	PACKAGE – LEADS	INTERFACE DESCRIPTION	ORDERING NUMBER
TCS34721 <sup>†</sup>	0x39	FN-6	I <sup>2</sup> C Vbus = V <sub>DD</sub> Interface	TCS34721FN
TCS34723 <sup>†</sup>	0x39	FN-6	I <sup>2</sup> C Vbus = 1.8 V Interface	TCS34723FN
TCS34725	0x29	FN-6	I <sup>2</sup> C Vbus = V <sub>DD</sub> Interface	TCS34725FN
TCS34727	0x29	FN-6	I <sup>2</sup> C Vbus = 1.8 V Interface	TCS34727FN

<sup>†</sup> Contact TAOS for availability.

# Implementation - RGB sensor

- Example of configuration used in the code

```
// Select enable register(0x80)
// Power ON, RGBC enable, wait time disable(0x03)
char config[2] = {0};
config[0] = 0x80;
config[1] = 0x03;
write(file, config, 2);
```

# Implementation - RGB sensor

## ■ Command Register

Table 4. Command Register

COMMAND	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	--
	CMD	TYPE			ADDR/SF				

`config[0] = 0x80;`

# Implementation - RGB sensor

## ■ Time Register

### Wait Time Register (0x03)

Wait time is set 2.4 ms increments unless the WLONG bit is asserted, in which case the wait times are 12× longer. WTIME is programmed as a 2's complement number.

Table 7. Wait Time Register

FIELD	BITS	DESCRIPTION			
		REGISTER VALUE	WAIT TIME	TIME (WLONG = 0)	TIME (WLONG = 1)
WTIME	7:0	0xFF	1	2.4 ms	0.029 sec
		0xAB	85	204 ms	2.45 sec
		0x00	256	614 ms	7.4 sec

```
config[1] = 0x03;
```

# Implementation - Gyroscope

- First check in the datasheet of the sensor for address of the I<sup>2</sup>C device.

The Slave ADDress (SAD) associated to the L3GD20H is 110101xb. SDO/SA0 pin can be used to modify less significant bit of the device address. If SDO/SA0 pin is connected to voltage supply LSb is '1' (address 1101011b) else if SDO/SA0 pin is connected to ground LSb value is '0' (address 1101010b). This solution permits to connect and address two different gyroscopes to the same I<sup>2</sup>C bus.

# Implementation - Gyroscope

- Example of configuration used in the code

```
// Enable X, Y, Z-Axis and disable Power down mode(0x0F)
char config[2] = {0};
config[0] = 0x20;
config[1] = 0x0F;
```

# Implementation - Gyroscope

## ■ Axis control register

**Table 19. CTRL1 register<sup>(1)</sup>**

DR1	DR0	BW1	BW0	PD	Zen	Xen	Yen
-----	-----	-----	-----	----	-----	-----	-----

1. Xen, Yen, Zen enable X, Y or Z register in level sensitive trigger mode. Once LVLen bit = 1, DEN level replaces the LSB of X, Y or Z axes and all axis are available for reading.

# Implementation - Gyroscope

- Axis control register possible combination of value

**Table 20. CTRL1 description**

DR1-DR0	Output data rate selection. Refer to <a href="#">Table 21</a>
BW1-BW0	Bandwidth selection. Refer to <a href="#">Table 21</a>
PD	Power mode. Default value: 0. Refer to <a href="#">Table 21</a> 0= Power Down 1= Normal Mode (For Sleep Mode set {PD:Zen:Yen:Xen} to {1000})
Zen	Z axis enable. Default value: 1 (0: Z axis disabled; 1: Z axis enabled)
Yen	Y axis enable. Default value: 1 (0: Y axis disabled; 1: Y axis enabled)
Xen	X axis enable. Default value: 1 (0: X axis disabled; 1: X axis enabled)

**DR<1:0>** is used to set ODR selection. **BW <1:0>** is used to set bandwidth selection.