${\rm RAF201G-Mi\eth misserispr\acute{o}f}$ 2

8. apríl, 8:20-9:50

Prófið inniheldur fjögur dæmi sem hver um sig gilda 25 prósent. Setjið inn lausnir og útreikninga á Gradescope. Gangi ykkur vel!

Lausnir 8. april

Dæmi 1 – Diffurjafna

Rás er lýst með diffurjöfnu hér að neðan. Finnið i(t) fyrir t>0 ef $i(0^+)=1$ A.

$$\frac{di}{dt} + i = 1, \quad t > 0. \quad \textbf{()}$$

Nothinly lanson

Gislum à
$$i(t) = Ae^{st}$$
, $i'(t) = Ase$ 4 settum inn i oldustrata john D
p.e. $Ase^{st} + Ae^{st} = 0$ soo $s = -1$
 $in(t) = Ae^{-st}$

si laum

Grishm á
$$i(t) = h \in \mathbb{R}$$
 & sehm inn i \mathbb{C}

$$0 + k = 1 \quad \text{sno} \quad k = 1$$

$$i p(t) = 1$$

Heilderlanson i(t) = in(1) + ip(t) = Ae +1

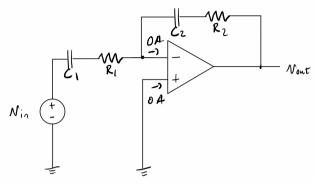
No
$$u$$

$$i(0^{+})=1=A+1 \text{ sw } A=0$$

$$pa \quad u \quad i(t)=1A \quad t=0 \quad 2$$

Dæmi 2 – Kerfisjafna

Gerið ráð fyrir fullkomnum aðgerðarmagnara og finnið $H(p) = v_{\rm out}/v_{\rm in}.$



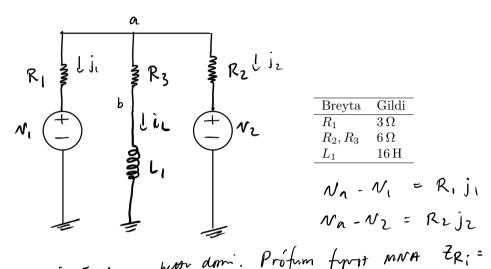
Set
$$Z_1 = \frac{1}{c_1 \rho} + R_1$$
 $Z_2 = \frac{1}{c_2 \rho} + R_2$ $Z_3 = \frac{1}{c_2 \rho} + R_2$ $Z_4 = \frac{1}{c_2 \rho} + R_2$ $Z_5 = \frac{1}{c_2 \rho} + R_2$ $Z_7 = \frac{1}{c_2 \rho} + R_2$

Veit at $N_{-}=V_{+}$ engin strong flats i -/+ pola atgertumagnuans

eta
$$\frac{N_{ont}}{N_{in}} = -\frac{V_{i}}{Y_{2}} = -\frac{Z_{2}}{Z_{1}} = -\frac{C_{i}\left(C_{2}R_{2}p+1\right)}{C_{2}\left(C_{1}R_{1}p+1\right)}$$

Dæmi 3 – Kerfi af fyrstu gráðu

Finnið $i_L(t)$ fyrir t > 0 ef $i_L(0^-) = 0$. $v_1(t) = 24u(t)$ og $v_2(t) = 12u(t)$ er gefið.



pat en margu Lendre til at hym pesti domi. Prófim fyrit MNA ZR:=Ri ZL:=Lip

Yi=\frac{1}{Zi}

$$N\dot{u} = 4c_1(N_b - 0) = \frac{15}{4(3p + 3/2)} = \frac{5/4}{p + 1/2}$$

sno diffiation $e^{i\omega} = \frac{dic}{dt} + \frac{1}{2}ic = \frac{5}{4}$

Nathinly lars in lt) = Ae

Sérlanin i.p(t) =
$$k = \frac{5}{2}$$

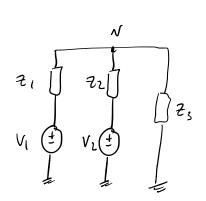
4 Heilderlaum
$$i_{L}(t) = i_{Ln}(t) + i_{Lp}(t) = Ae^{-\frac{1}{2}t} + \frac{1}{2}t > 0$$

$$i_{L}(0^{\dagger}) = 0 = A + \frac{5}{2}$$

svo
$$i_1(t) = \frac{5}{2}(1 - e^{-\frac{1}{2}t})$$
 to

Donar leit til at legen sama depuri erdat nota sailininan, spenmels yn 2 a superposition

Teilum upp ràs mus samuit nam



$$z_1 = R_1$$
, $z_2 = R_2$ $Z_3 = R_3 + Lp$ vir

Notum " superposition" (slöhum é hvori spenndind from sig) $V_1 \stackrel{(+)}{=} V_2 \stackrel{(+)}{=} V_2 \stackrel{(+)}{=} V_2$ $V_1 \stackrel{(+)}{=} V_2 \stackrel{(+)}{=} V_2 \stackrel{(+)}{=} V_2$ $V_1 \stackrel{(+)}{=} V_2 \stackrel{(+)}{=} V_2$

$$N = \frac{Z_2 || t_3}{Z_1 + Z_2 || t_3} V_1 + \frac{Z_1 || t_3}{Z_2 + Z_1 || t_3} V_2$$

$$i_L = \frac{N}{23} = \frac{5/4}{p + \frac{1}{2}}$$
 som v put soma og at ofun.

Dæmi 4 – Kerfi af annarri gráðu

in = ~

Finnið v(t) fyrir t > 0 ef $i_L(0^+) = 5/9$ A og $v(0^+) = 2$ V.

				ιρ
t			ìc	= NCp
	Breyta	Gildi		,
. /	R_1	3Ω	_	
V	C_1	$\frac{1}{18}$ F		
	L_1	$2\mathrm{H}$		

KCL i a get

eða
$$C_1 p N + \frac{N}{R_1} + \frac{N}{4p} = 0$$

$$\partial a \quad \rho^2 N + \frac{1}{R_1 C_1} \rho N + \frac{1}{LC} N = 0$$

Stingum inn tölum & fer ut $\frac{dv}{dt^2} + 6 \frac{dv}{at} + 9v = 0$

Diffiquen som lýzir rásinni er ölustrit szo náttily szörn er heiderlansy

Gistum á NM = Al P firm herriján s² + 65+95 = (5+3)(5+?) = (5+3)=0

His en pros 51 = 52 = - 3 svo raisin er markdenpro.

Nathirly shown a pi
$$V(t) = e^{-3t} (A_1 t + A_2) \cdot v'(t) = (-3)e^{-3t} (A_1 t + A_2) + e^{-3t} A_1$$

$$= e^{-3t} (-3A_1 t + A_1 - 3A_2)$$

Vitum at $V(0^{\dagger}) = Z = A_2$

$$V_{1}tum = \frac{i_{1}(0^{+})}{c_{1}} = -\frac{i_{1}(0^{+}) + i_{1}(0^{+})}{c_{1}} = -\frac{N(0^{+})/R_{1} + i_{1}(0^{+})}{c_{1}} = -\frac{2/3 + 5/9}{1/18} = -\frac{6/9 + 5/9}{1/18} = -\frac{11/9}{1/18} = -\frac{2}{1/18}$$

$$svo N'(o^{+}) = -22 = -3A_{2} + A_{1} svo A_{1} = -22 + 6 = -16$$

$$N(t) = 2e^{-2t}(1-8t) t > 0$$