1. Write a C program that contains a string (char pointer) with a value 'Hello world'. The program should XOR each character in this string with 0 and displays the result.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main()
{
    char str[] = "Hello world";
    for(int i=0;i<strlen(str);i++)
    {
        str[i] = str[i]^0;
    }
    printf("String after XOR with 0:%s",str);
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

2. Write a C program that contains a string (char pointer) with a value 'Hello world'. The program should AND or and XOR each character in this string with 127 and display the result.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main()
char str[] = "Hello world";
for(int i=0;i<strlen(str);i++)
str[i] = str[i]&127;
}
printf("String after AND with 127:%s",str);
char str1[] = "Hello World";
for(int i=0;i<strlen(str1);i++)
str1[i] = str1[i]^127;
printf("\nString after XOR with 127:%s",str1);
char str2[] = "Hello World";
for(int i=0;i<strlen(str2);i++)</pre>
str2[i] = str2[i] | 127;
printf("\nString after OR with 127:%s",str2);
return 0;
}
```

3. Write a Java program to perform encryption and decryption using the following algorithms

a. Ceaser cipher

```
import java.util.*;
public class CaesarCipher {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.print("Enter plaintext: ");
    String plaintext = scanner.next();
    int key = 3;
```

```
// Encryption
    String cipherText = new String();
    for (int i = 0; i < plaintext.length(); i++) {
       char ch = plaintext.charAt(i);
       if (Character.isUpperCase(ch)) {
         ch = (char) (((ch - 'A' + key) \% 26) + 'A');
      } else {
         ch = (char) (((ch - 'a' + key) \% 26) + 'a');
       }
       cipherText+=ch;
    }
    System.out.println("Cipher text: " + cipherText);
    // Decryption
    String decryptedText = new String();
    for (int i = 0; i < cipherText.length(); i++) {
       char ch = cipherText.charAt(i);
       if (Character.isUpperCase(ch)) {
         ch = (char) (((ch - 'A' - key + 26) \% 26) + 'A');
       } else {
         ch = (char) (((ch - 'a' - key + 26) \% 26) + 'a');
       }
       decryptedText+=ch;
    System.out.println("\nDecrypted Text: " + decryptedText);
    scanner.close();
  }
b. Substitution cipher
import java.util.*;
public class SubstitutionCipher {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.print("Enter plaintext: ");
    String plaintext = scanner.next();
    System.out.print("Enter the value of the key: ");
    int key = scanner.nextInt();
    // Encryption
    String cipherText = new String();
    for (int i = 0; i < plaintext.length(); i++) {
       char ch = plaintext.charAt(i);
       if (Character.isUpperCase(ch)) {
         ch = (char) (((ch - 'A' + key) \% 26) + 'A');
       } else {
         ch = (char) (((ch - 'a' + key) \% 26) + 'a');
       cipherText+=ch;
```

}

```
}
    System.out.println("Cipher text: " + cipherText);
    // Decryption
    String decryptedText = new String();
    for (int i = 0; i < cipherText.length(); i++) {
       char ch = cipherText.charAt(i);
      if (Character.isUpperCase(ch)) {
         ch = (char) (((ch - 'A' - key + 26) \% 26) + 'A');
      } else {
         ch = (char) (((ch - 'a' - key + 26) \% 26) + 'a');
      }
       decryptedText+=ch;
    System.out.println("\nDecrypted Text: " + decryptedText);
    scanner.close();
  }
}
c. Hill Cipher
```

4. Write a C/JAVA program to implement the DES algorithm logic.

```
import javax.crypto.*;
public class DES{
public static void main(String[] args) {
//String we want to encrypt
String message="This is a confidential message.";
byte[] myMessage =message.getBytes(); //string to byte array as DES works on bytes
//Generating Key
KeyGenerator Mygenerator = KeyGenerator.getInstance("DES");
SecretKey myDesKey = Mygenerator.generateKey();
//initializing crypto algorithm
Cipher myCipher = Cipher.getInstance("DES");
//setting encryption mode
myCipher.init(Cipher.ENCRYPT MODE, myDesKey);
byte[] myEncryptedBytes=myCipher.doFinal(myMessage);
//setting decryption mode
myCipher.init(Cipher.DECRYPT_MODE, myDesKey);
byte[] myDecryptedBytes=myCipher.doFinal(myEncryptedBytes);
String encrypteddata=new String(myEncryptedBytes);
String decrypteddata=new String(myDecryptedBytes);
System.out.println("Message : "+ message);
System.out.println("Encrypted - "+ encrypteddata);
System.out.println("Decrypted Message - "+ decrypteddata);
}
```

5. Write a C/JAVA program to implement the Blowfish algorithm logic.

```
//cyptro- KeyGenerator,SecretKey
import javax.crypto.*;
//import javax.crypto.spec.SecretKeySpec;
import java.util.*;
public class BlowFish1
public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception
{
       Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
       KeyGenerator kgen = KeyGenerator.getInstance("Blowfish");
       Cipher cipher = Cipher.getInstance("Blowfish");
       SecretKey skey = kgen.generateKey();
       //byte[] raw=skey.getEncoded();
       //SecretKeySpec skeyspec=new SecretKeySpec(raw,"Blowfish");
       //change skey to skeyspec
       cipher.init(Cipher.ENCRYPT_MODE,skey);
       System.out.println("Input your message: ");
       String inputText = sc.nextLine();
       byte[] encrypted = cipher.doFinal(inputText.getBytes());
       cipher.init(Cipher.DECRYPT_MODE,skey);
       byte[] decrypted = cipher.doFinal(encrypted);
       System.out.println( "\nEncrypted text: " + new String(encrypted) + "\n" + "\nDecrypted text: "+ new
String(decrypted));
}
6. Write a C/JAVA program to implement the Rijndael algorithm logic.
import javax.crypto.*;
import javax.crypto.spec.*;
public class AES {
public static void main(String args[]) throws Exception
String message = "Hello";
KeyGenerator kgen = KeyGenerator.getInstance("AES");
kgen.init(128);
SecretKey skey = kgen.generateKey();
byte[] raw = skey.getEncoded();
SecretKeySpec skeySpec = new SecretKeySpec(raw,"AES");
Cipher cipher = Cipher.getInstance("AES");
cipher.init(Cipher.ENCRYPT MODE,skeySpec);
byte[] encrypted = cipher.doFinal(message.getBytes());
cipher.init(Cipher.DECRYPT MODE, skeySpec);
byte[] decrypted = cipher.doFinal(encrypted);
String encryptedData = new String(encrypted);
String decryptedData = new String(decrypted);
```

```
System.out.println("Message:"+message);
System.out.println("Cipher Text:"+encryptedData);
System.out.println("Decrypted Text:"+decryptedData);
}
}
7. Write the RC4 logic in Java Using Java cryptography;
8. Write a Java program to implement RSA algorithm.
import java.math.*;
import java.util.*;
class RSA {
       public static void main(String args[])
       {
               int p, q, n, z, d = 0, e, i;
               int msg = 88;
               double c;
               BigInteger msgback;
               Scanner sc= new Scanner(System.in);
               System.out.println("Enter the values of p & q: ");
               p=sc.nextInt();
               q=sc.nextInt();
               n = p * q;
               z = (p - 1) * (q - 1);
               System.out.println("the value of z = " + z);
               for (e = 2; e < z; e++) {
                      if (\gcd(e, z) == 1) {
                              break;
                      }
               System.out.println("\nthe value of e = " + e);
               for (i = 0; i \le 9; i++) {
                      int x = 1 + (i * z);
                      // d is for private key exponent
                      if (x \% e == 0) {
                              d = x / e;
                              break;
                      }
               System.out.println("the value of d = " + d);
               c = (Math.pow(msg, e)) \% n;
               System.out.println("Encrypted message is: " + c);
               BigInteger N = BigInteger.valueOf(n);
               BigInteger C = BigDecimal.valueOf(c).toBigInteger();
               msgback = (C.pow(d)).mod(N);
               System.out.println("Decrypted message is: "+ msgback);
```

```
}
       static int gcd(int e, int z)
       {
              if (e == 0)
                      return z;
              else
                     return gcd(z % e, e);
       }
}
9. Implement the Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange mechanism using HTML and JavaScript.
  Diffie.html
<html>
<head><title>Diffie Helman</title></head>
<body>
<script src="script.js"></script>
<button onclick=Exchange()>Key Exchange</button>
<div id="output"></div>
</body>
</html>
 script.js
const p=23
const q=5
let pua, pub, pra, prb //pu-public, pr-private keys
function Exchange()
{
pra=Math.floor(Math.random()*(p-1))+1
prb=Math.floor(Math.random()*(p-1))+1
pua=(q**pra)%p
pub=(q**prb)%p
const sa=(pub**pra)%p //sa-shared secret key
const sb=(pua**prb)%p
document.getElementById('output').innerHTML="Private key for A: "+pra+"<br>Public key for A:
"+pua+"<br>Private key for B: "+prb+"<br>Public key for B: "+pub+"<br>Shared Secret key for A:
"+sa+"<br>Shared secret key for B: "+sb
}
10. Calculate the message digest of a text using the SHA-1 algorithm in JAVA.
import java.security.*;
public class SHA1 {
public static void main(String args[])
{
try
{
```

```
MessageDigest md = MessageDigest.getInstance("SHA1");
String input = "Hello";
md.update(input.getBytes());
byte[] output = md.digest();
System.out.println("SHA1"+" "+input+" is\n"+bytesToHex(output));
catch(Exception e) {
e.printStackTrace();
}
public static String bytesToHex(byte[] bytes)
String hex = "";
for(byte b:bytes)
hex += String.format("%02X", b);
return hex;
}
}
11. Calculate the message digest of a text using the MD-5 algorithm in JAVA.
import java.security.*;
public class MD5 {
public static void main(String args[])
{
try
{
MessageDigest md = MessageDigest.getInstance("MD5");
String input = "Hello";
md.update(input.getBytes());
byte[] output = md.digest();
System.out.println("MD5"+" "+input+" is\n"+bytesToHex(output));
}
catch(Exception e) {
e.printStackTrace();
}
public static String bytesToHex(byte[] bytes)
String hex = "";
for(byte b:bytes)
hex += String.format("%02X", b);
return hex;
}
}
```

12. Write a Java program to implement Poly alphabetic algorithm.

```
import java.util.*;
class PolyChiper1 {
  static String generateKey(String str, String key) {
    int x = str.length();
  for (int i = 0; i++)
    if (x == i)
      i = 0;
    if (key.length() == str.length())
       break;
    key+=(key.charAt(i));
  }
  return key;
  }
  static String cipherText(String str, String key) {
    StringBuilder cipher text = new StringBuilder();
    for (int i = 0; i < str.length(); i++) {
       int x = (str.charAt(i) + key.charAt(i)) % 26;
      x += 'A';
       cipher_text.append((char) (x));
    }
    return cipher_text.toString();
  }
  static String originalText(String cipher text, String key) {
    StringBuilder orig text = new StringBuilder();
    for (int i = 0; i < cipher_text.length() && i < key.length(); i++) {
       int x = (cipher_text.charAt(i) - key.charAt(i) + 26) % 26;
      x += 'A';
       orig_text.append((char) (x));
    }
    return orig_text.toString();
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
    String str = sc.nextLine();
    String keyword = sc.nextLine();
    str = str.toUpperCase();
    keyword = keyword.toUpperCase();
```

```
String key = generateKey(str, keyword);
String cipher_text = cipherText(str, key);

System.out.println("Ciphertext : " + cipher_text);
System.out.println("Original/Decrypted Text : " + originalText(cipher_text, key));
}
```

13. Write a Java program to implement One time Pad algorithm.

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
public class OneTimePad {
        public static String stringEncryption(String text,String key)
        {
                String cipherText = "";
                int cipher[] = new int[key.length()];
                for (int i = 0; i < key.length(); i++) {
                         cipher[i] = text.charAt(i) - 'A'+ key.charAt(i) - 'A';
                }
                for (int i = 0; i < key.length(); i++) {
                        if (cipher[i] > 25) {
                                 cipher[i] = cipher[i] - 26;
                        }
                for (int i = 0; i < key.length(); i++) {
                        int x = cipher[i] + 'A';
                         cipherText += (char)x;
                }
                return cipherText;
        }
        public static String stringDecryption(String s,String key)
        {
                String plainText = "";
                int plain[] = new int[key.length()];
                for (int i = 0; i < key.length(); i++) {
                         plain[i]= s.charAt(i) - 'A'- (key.charAt(i) - 'A');
                for (int i = 0; i < \text{key.length}(); i++) {
                        if (plain[i] < 0) {
                                 plain[i] = plain[i] + 26;
                        }
                }
                for (int i = 0; i < key.length(); i++) {
```

```
int x = plain[i] + 'A';
              plainText += (char)x;
       }
       return plainText;
}
public static void main(String[] args)
{
  Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
  System.out.println("Enter plain Text");
       String plainText = sc.nextLine();
       System.out.println("Enter Key");
       String key = sc.nextLine();
       String encryptedText = stringEncryption(plainText.toUpperCase(), key.toUpperCase());
       System.out.println("Cipher Text - "+ encryptedText);
       System.out.println("Message - "+ stringDecryption(encryptedText,key.toUpperCase()));
}
```

}