Thomas Mulvey

Project 1.A: TTT WITH MINIMAX

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Analysis / Sample Outputs: "X" is COMPUTER and goes first

Game 1: HUMAN LOSS



Game 2: TIE



Game 3: HUMAN LOSS



Game 4: HUMAN LOSS

Game 5: TIE

Game 6: TIE



Game 7: TIE



Game 8: HUMAN LOSS



Game 9: TIE



Game 10: TIE



MINIMAX vs MINIMAX: TIE



Results:

Humans vs AI (Human Wins, AI Win, TIE) -- (0, 4, 6)

- Game 3 and 8: Al obviously sees optimal path
- Game 4 and 1: Starting a corner like the AI results in loss
- Starting in middle after corner move is only move that can result in a tie

Al vs Al: always a tie

TTT GAME

```
from os import system, name
import time
def clear():
   # for windows
   if name == 'nt':
       _ = system('cls')
    # for mac and linux(here, os.name is 'posix')
    else:
       _ = system('clear')
   CLASS that defines the board and its behaviour over a tic tac toe game
class TicTacToe:
    CONSTRUCTOR: defines board to use in tic tac toe games
        constructor makes empty list of 9 _.
    def __init__(self, x, o):
       self.board = [ ' for _ in range(9) ] # inits board of 9 '_',
        self.turns played = 0 #9 max.
        self.winning_moves = (
[0,1,2],[3,4,5],[6,7,8],[0,3,6],[1,4,7],[2,5,8],[0,4,8],[2,4,6]
        self.winner = None
        self.x = x #whoever is x player, real or AI
       # note : X ALWAYS GOES FIRST
        self.o = o #whoever is x player, real or AI
        self.turn = self.x #current turn
    returns TRUE if a player has won, or if there is a tie, FALSE otherwise
    self.winner is updated with either 'X' 'O' or 'TIE'
    def is_game_done(self):
       if self.num_turns()<5: #impossible to get win without 5 min moves. save
some cpu cycles
       return False
```

```
else:
            for 1 in self.winning moves:
                # print("checking " + self.player_at(1[0]) + " AND " +
self.player at(1[1]) + " AND " + self.player at(1[2]) )
                if (self.player_at(l[0])) == (self.player_at(l[1])) ==
(self.player_at(1[2])) and (self.player_at(1[0])) !='| ' :
                    self.winner = (self.player at(1[0]))
                    return True
            if self.num turns() == 9: #no one won and 9 turns made
                self.winner = 'TIE'
                return True
            return False
    returns how many valid moves have been played
    def num turns(self):
        return int(self.turns_played)
   given position in board, return 'x', 'o', or ' '
   def player_at(self, position):
        if position > 9 or position < 0:
            return "INVALID"
        return self.board[position]
   print the contents of da board
    def display_board(self):
        s=[' for _ in range(9)]
        for i in range(0,9):
            if self.board[i] == '| ':
                s[i] = i
            else:
                s[i] = self.board[i]
        line1 = " " + str(s[0]) + " | " + str(s[1]) + " | " + str(s[2])
        filler = "-----
        line2 = " " + str(s[3]) + " | " + str(s[4]) + " | " + str(s[5])
        line3 = " " + str(s[6]) + " | " + str(s[7]) + " | " + str(s[8])
        print(line1)
        print(filler)
```

```
print(line2)
       print(filler)
       print(line3)
       print("\n")
   actually play the game!
   def play ttt(self):
       while True:
            clear()
            self.turns_played += 1
            if self.turn is self.x:
                current_player = self.x
                char = 'X'
            else:
                current_player = self.o
                char = '0'
            if current player.kind == 'human':
                self.display_board()
           move = current player.move(self.board) #get move from player,
validation is done within the current_players class
            self.board[move] = char # place move
            if self.is_game_done() is True:
                clear()
                self.display board()
                if self.winner == "TIE":
                    print("THERES A TIE")
                else:
                    clear()
                    self.display_board()
                    print(str(self.winner) + " HAS WON")
                return True
            if self.x.kind == 'MiniMax' == self.o.kind :
                self.display_board()
                time.sleep(1.5)
            if self.turn == self.x:
                self.turn = self.o
            else:
```

self.turn = self.x

```
import random
from Player import *
# X IS MAX (computer) O IS MINS (human)
# we will return score based off of X's position
class MiniMax(Player):
   def init (self, char='X'):
        self.char = char
        self.kind = 'MiniMax'
        if self.char == 'X':
            self.opponent = '0'
        else :
            self.opponent = 'X'
    is game done given board state?
    returns (TRUE, value of state [10 win, -10 lost] ) or FALSE
    def is terminal state(self, board):
        winning_states = (
[0,1,2],[3,4,5],[6,7,8],[0,3,6],[1,4,7],[2,5,8],[0,4,8],[2,4,6]
        for a,b,c in winning states:
            if board[a]==board[b]==board[c]==self.char:
                return (True, 10) #minimax won!
            elif board[a]==board[b]==board[c]==self.opponent:
                return (True, -10) #other player won
        space counter = 0
        for spot in board:
            if spot=='':
                space counter+=1
        if space counter==0: #TIE
            return (True, 0)
        return (False, 0) # aint over yet, chiefton
    def move(self, board): #acutal MINIMAX IMPLEMENTATION
        # in order to cut down brnaching factor a bit, IF ai
        # is going first, just choose a corner.
        if len( self.available positions(board) ) == 9:
            return random.choice( [0,2,6,8] )
```

```
# ON THE MINIMAX TURN, YOU WANT THE BEST (MAX) OF THE OTHER PLAYERS
TURNS (MIN)
        moves=[-10 for _ in range(9)] #move values
        for move in self.available positions(board): # for every child, is it a
            board[int(move)] = str(self.char)
            r = (self.is terminal state(board))[0]
            if (self.is_terminal_state(board))[0] is True:
                return move
            board_val = self.min_value(board)
            board[move] = '| '
            moves[move] = board val
        # try all moves where its currently a tie, if enemy places at this move,
        c=0
        for i in moves:
            if i == 0 and board[c] == '| ':
                board[c] = self.opponent
                res = (self.is_terminal_state(board))[1]
                if int(res) == int(-10):
                    return c
                board[c] = '!'
            c+=1
        # otherwise play random move
        return moves.index(max(moves))
        # if cant find a move there, just take a tie from here.
        # return random.choice(self.available positions(board))
   def max_value(self, board):
        board_done, return_value = self.is_terminal_state(board)
        if board done: # if current board is done, return -10, 0 , 10
            return return_value
        value = -100
        for moves in self.available_positions(board):
            board[moves] = self.char
            new value = self.min value(board)
            if new value > value:
                value = new_value
            board[moves] = '| '
```

```
def min_value(self, board):
    board_done, return_value = self.is_terminal_state(board)
    if board_done:
        return return_value

    value = 100

    for moves in self.available_positions(board):
        board[moves] = self.opponent
        new_value = self.max_value(board)
        if new_value < value:
            value = new_value
        board[moves] = '\bullet'
        return value</pre>
```

PLAYER CLASS

```
class Player:
    def __init__(self, char='X'):
        self.kind = 'human'
        self.char = char

    def move(self, board):
        while True: #valid move
            move = int(input('Your move? '))
            if board[move] != "X" and board[move] != "0" and move >= 0 and move
<= 9:
            return move

    def available_positions(self, board):
        return [i for i in range(0, 9) if board[i] == '\begin{align*} '\begin{alig
```