## Constraint Programming & Data Mining using Choco-solver

## 1 Constraint Programming Using Choco-solver

In this section, we will delve into a new programming paradigm—declarative programming, specifically *Constraint Programming (CP)*, employing the Java library Choco-solver. Choco-solver is an open-source Java library tailored for CP.

In your local repository, you will find:

- "HelloWorld.java": A "Hello World" program using Choco Solver.
- "Sudoku.java" : A CP modeling of the sudoku( $n \times n$ ) problem.
- "HardSudoku.java": An instance of Sudoku to be modeled.
- "VeryHardSudoku.java": Another instance of Sudoku to be modeled.
- "GTSudoku.java": A variant of the problem to be modeled.
- Question 1 Fork the GitHub repository using the following Classroom link: LINK
- **Question 2** Import your local repository using an IDE of your choice.
- Question 3 Execute the main method of the "Sudoku.java" class.

Question 4 • Take the time to understand the code of the "Sudoku.java" class and model/complete the code of the "HardSudoku.java", "VeryHardSudoku.java", and "GTSudoku.java" classes. Figures 1, 2, and 3 represent respectively the "Hard," "VeryHard," and "GT" instances of Sudoku.

8								
		3	6					
	7			9		2		
	5				7			
				4	5	7		
			1				3	
		1					6	8
		8	5				1	
	9					4		

FIGURE 1 – Hard Sudoku instance.

	G			F	8	9	6	4	В	D	5			3	
6	С					4	E	2	7					5	9
			D			G	7	F	E			6			
		4	3	Α							6	1	В		
7			5	8	F			П		В	E	9			G
8				9			4	D			3				2
С	1	3				6			G				F	4	5
9	D	В			G					F			7	A	6
G	В	Α		П	2			П		7		Г	5	6	D
5	6	F				Α			2				8	7	4
D				6			9	5			G				F
3			С	В	5					A	4	G			1
		9	6	G							7	2	С		
			G			В	D	С	5			F			
4	3					8	2	G	F					1	7
	8			5	9	E	Α	1	3	2	D			G	

 $\label{eq:Figure 2-Very Hard Sudoku instance.}$ 

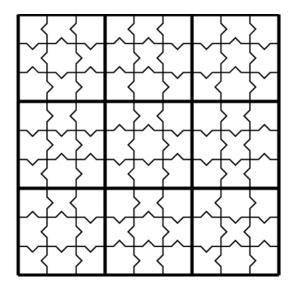


Figure 3 – Very Hard Sudoku instance.

## 2 Declarative Itemset Mining Using Choco-mining module

In this section, we will be working with:

- CHOCO-MINING is a Java library designed for solving itemset mining problems, built on the CHOCO-SOLVER framework.
- The SPMF library, an open-source Java-based software and data mining library, specializing in pattern mining (SPMF).

**Question 5** • Clone the GitHub repository of Choco-Mining (link).

Question 6 • Open the file ExampleClosedItemsetMining. java and perform the following tasks:

- 1. Review the code in detail.
- 2. Run the main.
- 3. Run it on other datasets such as mushroom or chess.
- 4. Display the number of resulting patterns.
- 5. Display the execution time.

**Question 7** • Add the frequency constraint :  $freq(P) \ge \theta$ .

**Question 8** • Add a constraint on the size of the returned patterns :  $size(P) \ge \alpha$ .

**Question 9** • Now we are going to replicate the tasks using SPMF. Just run the .jar file available in your local repository. The goal is to run LCM for closed itemset enumeration, relaunch with different thresholds for frequency, and also for pattern size.

Question 10 • We will now add a constraint, which we will call CategoryConstraint here, to our file 'ExampleClosedItemsetMining.java' that models the following problem: Let's consider a dataset with n items. The dataset contains categories of size catSize (e.g., household products, appliances, etc.). The dataset is organized into nbCat = n/catSize categories, with items at the end that do not belong to any category but do not exceed the number of catSize. Figure 4 provides an example of a dataset with 8 items, 2 categories of size 3, and 2 items at the end that are out of category but do not exceed the category size. The question now is to have a constraint model that allows enumerating all closed itemsets composed of items belonging to at least m categories:

$$\texttt{CategoryConstraint}(P) \equiv \sum_{i=1}^{\texttt{nbCat}} \prod_{j=1}^{\texttt{catSize}} P_i \geq \texttt{m}$$

For example, the dataset in Figure 4 yields the following patterns with m=2:BEF.

**Question 11** • How can this CategoryConstraint be taken into account in SPMF?

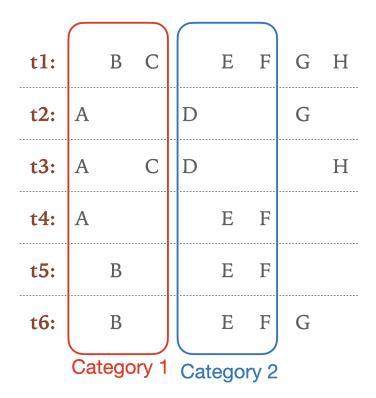


Figure 4 – Items categories illustration.