PoC for XAMPP root account password process:

- 1. First install xampp any version
- 2. Then start apache & mysql services through xampp control panel
- 3. Once localhost phpmyadmin is accessed, goto phpmyadmin dashboard
- 4. Then goto users section
- 5. Delete (any) named users from users table
- 6. Create a new demo users with **NO** privileges
- 7. Change the root passwords as well
- 8. Logout and verify the credentials of root & users that we made before & check the privileges by making a database

PoC for multisite wordpress configuration with specific ports on XAMPP (Apache):

- 1. Download wordpress & Xampp
- 2. Once done downloading xampp, install xampp & make two different folders with different names, along with the databases in phpmyadmin
- 3. Extract wordpress files & rename both folders
- 4. Install wordpress through web browser by giving the same name as given before in phpmyadmin database
- 5. Once wordpress is installed, Open the dashboard add download some favorite themes from appearance section then activate the downloaded theme in order to view it on a new tab
- 6. Repeat the same process for 2nd static wordpress site
- 7. Once done performing the 2 or more static website tasks, goto the Xampp folder
- 8. Then goto this path "C:\xampp\apache\conf\extra"
- 9. We have to make changes in two files
 - a. One file is named as httpd-vhosts
 - b. Another file named as httpd-conf located in C:\xampp\apache\conf.
- 10. In httpd-vhosts file, we have to add this command at the end:
 - <VirtualHost *:8081>
 - ServerAdmin webmaster@dummy-host2.example.com

- DocumentRoot "C:/xampp/htdocs/static-web-02"
- ServerName staticv1.localhost
- e. </VirtualHost>

f.

- <VirtualHost *:8082>
- ServerAdmin webmaster@dummy-host.example.com
- DocumentRoot "C:/xampp/htdocs/static-web-03"
 - ServerName static2.localhost
- < </VirtualHost>
- 11. In **httpd-conf file,** we have to add these line
 - Listen 8081
 - Listen 8082
 - **c.** Or any ports you want to specify, according to your requirements.
- 12. Once done configuring all the changes, restart the apache from xampp server.
- 13. Check the localhost URL by adding specific ports.

PoC for deploying multi site application with specific ports using Nginx:

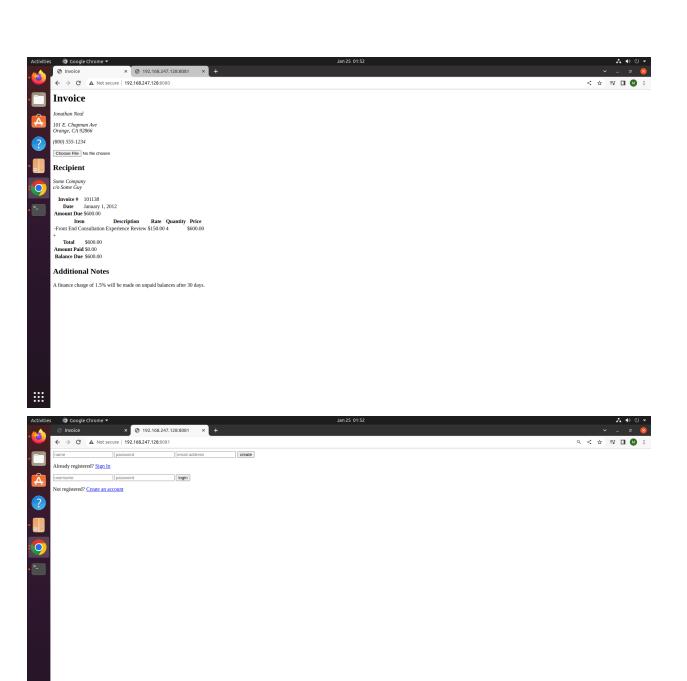
- Install nginx by the command,
 - Apt-get install nginx -y
- Check your nginx web server whether it is running or not. If not then, enable them first & then start services. Steps to check:
 - Sudo systemctl enable nginx.service
 - Sudo service nginx start
 - Sudo service nginx status
- Make a directory & add two html files for static websites.
- After making html files, run these commands:
 - sudo mkdir -p /var/www/websites2/public_html
 - sudo chown -R muneeb:muneeb /var/www/websites/public_html/
 - sudo chmod 775 /var/www/websites/public_html/
- Add those html files in the above directory.

- o cp example.html /var/www/websites/public_html/index.html
- cp test.html /var/www/websites/public_html/index2.html
- Goto this directory
 - cd /etc/nginx/sites-available/
- Make a new file with a custom name through nano/vim editor & add these server blocks, but remember the path where you have copied your static website files.

Server Block Code:

```
server {
      listen *:8080;
      listen [::]:8080;
      server_name example.com;
      location / {
            root /var/www/websites/public_html/;
            index index.html;
      }
}
 server {
      listen *:8081;
      listen [::]:8081;
      server_name test.com;
      location / {
            root /var/www/websites/public_html;
            index index2.html;
      }
}
```

- Once done making a file, copy this file in a new directory /etc/nginx/sites-enabled/
- Run this command:
 - sudo In -s /etc/nginx/sites-available/customwebsites
 ../sites-enabled/multisites
- Delete the default file that will exist in both sites-enabled & sites-directory
- Run this command: **nginx -t** to verify the syntax of files we made earlier.
- Restart the nginx service:
 - Sudo systemctl restart nginx.service
- Check & verify the static website with custom ports on your browser.



PoC for deploying multi site application with specific ports using NGINX REVERSE PROXY:

In this scenario, the process of reverse proxy will be the same as the previous one, i.e, PoC for deploying multi-site applications with specific ports. But we have to make some changes in the file which will be made later on.

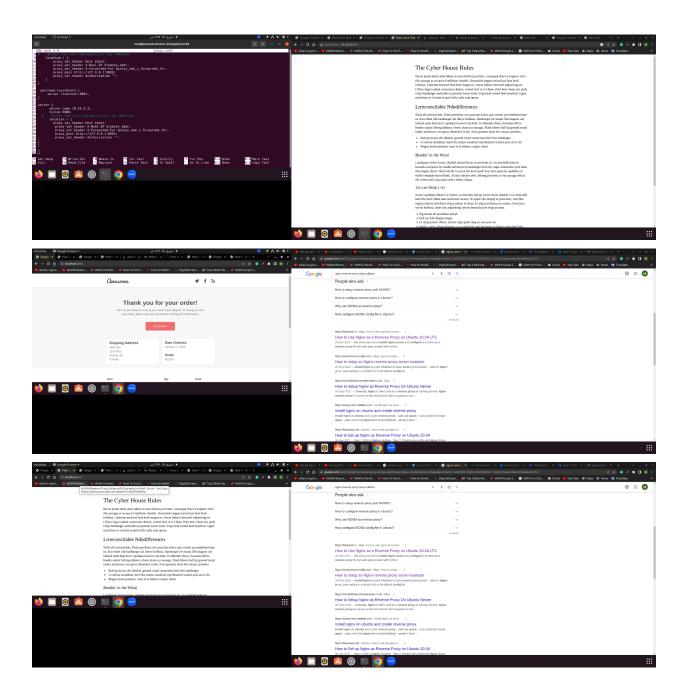
Path directory to make changes in file: /etc/nginx/conf.d/

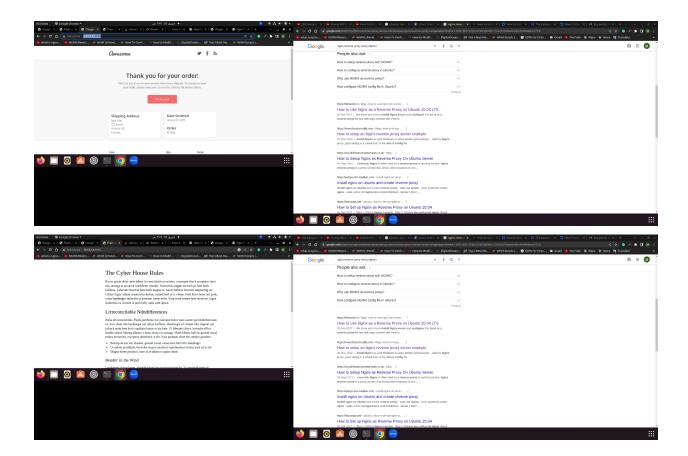
New file: proxy.conf

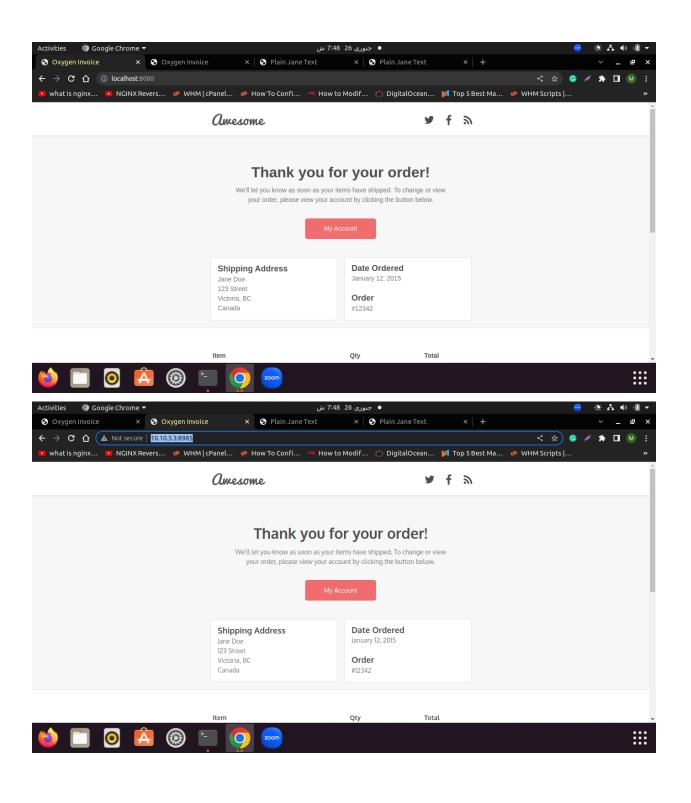
Add these statements in the above file that is made in the above directory.

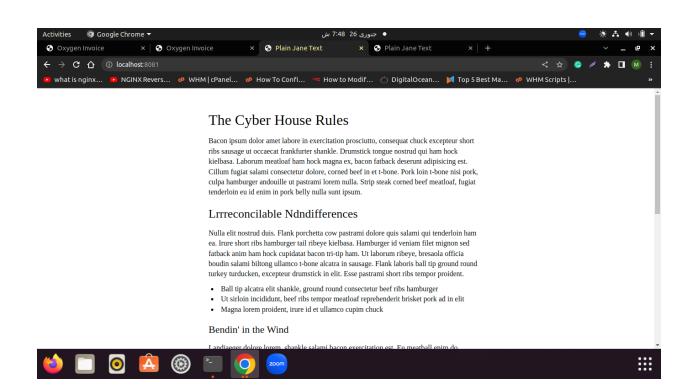
```
upstream localhost {
  server localhost:8985;
server {
  server_name 192.168.17.130;
  listen 8985:
  location / {
    proxy_set_header Host $host;
    proxy_set_header X-Real-IP $remote_addr;
    proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-For $proxy_add_x_forwarded_for;
    proxy_pass http://127.0.0.1:8080;
    proxy_set_header Authorization "";
  }
upstream localhost2 {
  server localhost:8986;
}
server {
   server_name 192.168.17.130;
   listen 8986;
   location / {
    proxy_set_header Host $host;
    proxy_set_header X-Real-IP $remote_addr;
    proxy_set_header X-Forwarded-For $proxy_add_x_forwarded_for;
     proxy_pass http://127.0.0.1:8081;
    proxy_set_header Authorization "";
}
```

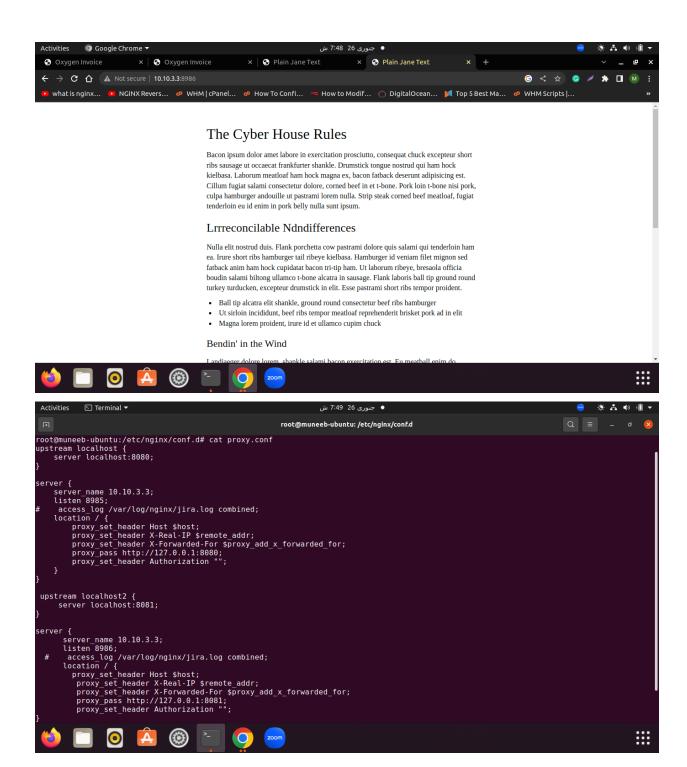
- Once done making the file, refresh the nginx service & debug the syntax with the following commands:
 - Sudo nginx -t (for syntax verification)
 - Sudo service nginx force-reload
 - Sudo service nginx restart
- Then check the multisite on the browser with the port.











PoC for deploying multi site application with specific ports using NGINX REVERSE PROXY ALONG WITH LOAD BALANCING

- Repeat the same process of Nginx reverse proxy tasks. Details already mentioned above.
- We have to make a new configuration file for **Load balancing** in a given directory:
 - /etc/nginx/conf.d
- In the load balancing config file, add these statements, the only thing which is going to change is the path where you have stored the static content & IP Address of a server (with custom ports). Pic attached below.

```
Independent of the server of t
```

- Once adding above statements for nginx load balancer. Restart the nginx service by using any of these commands:
 - Sudo service nginx restart / force-reload
 - o Sudo nginx -s reload
 - Systemctl restart nginx
- Goto the browser & check if the load balancing is working properly or not by adding your server IP address then refresh it repeatedly.



PoC for NGINX CACHING TASK along with Reverse Proxy:

- Repeat the same procedure of reverse proxy (for only 1 website) for this task.
- Goto this directory: /etc/nginx/conf.d
- Goto that file where you have passed the function & command of proxy_pass for reverse proxy configuration.
- Add the first line:
 - "proxy_cache_path /var/cache/nginx levels=1:2
 keys_zone={cache_name that you specify}:10m inactive=60m;"
- After adding the above statement, add these lines after the proxy_pass statement.

- proxy_cache custom_cache;
- proxy_cache_valid any 10m;
- add_header X-Proxy-Cache \$upstream_cache_status;
- After adding the above statement, save this file & restart the nginx service.
- Goto your browser, refresh the page & check the results of cache through Inspect (Ctrl+Shift+I).
- Goto **network** section in inspect, select your **localhost IP**.
- In **Response Header**, you will find the result of Nginx cache which shows **X-Proxy_Cache: HIT.** meaning that your caching tasks for nginx has been successfully done.
- Reference link: https://tonyteaches.tech/nginx-server-cache/

