

NUMERICAL ANALYSIS

ASSIGNMENT#02

SUBMITTED TO:

SIR NOMAN

SUBMITTED BY:

2019-BSCS-226

SHYMA ABDULHAMEED SHAH

Question#01:

(i) Compute the two solutions:

$$x = g(x)$$

$$x = 1 + x - x^2/4$$

Rearranging the above equation to find the fixed point

2019-18-226

$$x^2 = 4$$

$$x = \pm 2$$

Hence the fixed points are $+2, -2$.

(ii) Write the property that fixed-point iteration process will converge to a unique fixed point.

To converge the iteration method we consider an interval $[a, b]$ in which the root lies. The iteration method converge if $|g'(x)| < 1$ whenever $x \in [a, b]$.

(iii) What will happen when $g'(x) = 1$

If $g'(x) = 1$ then the given iteration method cannot converge in general. Because the error term may vanish or may not vanish increasing the number of iterations.

(iv) From the tables discuss converging/diverging behaviour of iterations for both cases.

For Case 1:

$$g'(x) = 1 - x/2$$

when $-3 \leq x \leq -1$ $3/2 < |g'(x)| < 5/2$ and
so $|g'(x)| > 1$ and so the method is not
convergent.

2019-CS-226

For Case 2:

when $1 < x < 2$ $|g'(x)|$ varies between
 $[0, 1/2]$ and so $|g'(x)| < 1$ and
hence the iteration converges to 2.

Page #02

Question #02:

(i) Compute Specific heat Capacity C_p at $T=1300$.

T(°F)	800	1000	1200	1400	1600
H(Btu/lb)	1305	1460	1585	1705	1825

2019-15-226

=> Solving the given data by Newton's Forward Difference formula:

T	H	ΔH	$\Delta^2 H$	$\Delta^3 H$	$\Delta^4 H$
800 _{T_0}	1305 _{H_0}				
1000 _{T_1}	1460 _{H_1}	$1460 - 1305 = 155$ ΔH_0	$125 - 155 = -30$ $\Delta^2 H_0$		
1200 _{T_2}	1585 _{H_2}	$1585 - 1460 = 125$ ΔH_1	$120 - 125 = -5$ $\Delta^2 H_1$	$-5(-30) = 25$ $\Delta^3 H_0$	
1400 _{T_3}	1705 _{H_3}	$1705 - 1585 = 120$ ΔH_2	$120 - 120 = 0$ $\Delta^2 H_2$	$0 - (-5) = 5$ $\Delta^3 H_1$	$5 - (25) = -20$ $\Delta^4 H_0$
1600 _{T_4}	1825 _{H_4}	$1825 - 1705 = 120$ ΔH_3			

Formula By Newton's Forward Difference:

$$F(T) = H_0 + \frac{1}{h} (T - T_0) \Delta H_0 + \frac{1}{2! h^2} (T - T_0)(T - T_1) \Delta^2 H_0 + \frac{1}{3! h^3} (T - T_0)(T - T_1)(T - T_2) \Delta^3 H_0 + \frac{1}{4! h^4} (T - T_0)(T - T_1)(T - T_2)(T - T_3) \Delta^4 H_0$$

where $h = x_1 - x_0 = x_2 - x_1 = \dots = x_n - x_{n-1}$

$$h = 1000 - 800$$

$$h = 200$$

Putting Values in the formula:

$$F(T) = 1305 + \frac{1}{200} (1300 - 800)(155) + \frac{1}{80000} (1300 - 800)(1300 - 1000)(-30)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{48000000} (1300 - 800)(1300 - 1000)(1300 - 1200)(25)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{3.84 \times 10^{10}} (1300 - 800)(1300 - 1000)(1300 - 1200)(1300 - 1400)(-20)$$

Page #03

$$\Rightarrow 1305 + \frac{1}{200}(77500) + \frac{1}{80000}(-4500000) + \frac{1}{48000000}(375000000) \\ + \frac{1}{3.84 \times 10^{10}}(3 \times 10^{10})$$

2019-CS-226

$$\Rightarrow 387.5 - 56.25 + 7.8125 + 0.78125$$

$$F(T) = 1644.84375$$

Thus the Specific heat Capacity C_p at $T=1300$
is 1644.84375