In [1]: #Importing all the required libraries import numpy as np

import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn import preprocessing, svm
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression

Out[2]:

	S.No.	Name	Location	Year	Kilometers_Driven	Fuel_Type	Transmission	Owner_Type	Mileage	Engine	Power	Seats	New_P
0	0	Maruti Wagon R LXI CNG	Mumbai	2010	72000	CNG	Manual	First	26.6 km/kg	998 CC	58.16 bhp	5.0	I
1	1	Hyundai Creta 1.6 CRDi SX Option	Pune	2015	41000	Diesel	Manual	First	19.67 kmpl	1582 CC	126.2 bhp	5.0	I
2	2	Honda Jazz V	Chennai	2011	46000	Petrol	Manual	First	18.2 kmpl	1199 CC	88.7 bhp	5.0	8.61 L
3	3	Maruti Ertiga VDI	Chennai	2012	87000	Diesel	Manual	First	20.77 kmpl	1248 CC	88.76 bhp	7.0	1
4	4	Audi A4 New 2.0 TDI Multitronic	Coimbatore	2013	40670	Diesel	Automatic	Second	15.2 kmpl	1968 CC	140.8 bhp	5.0	1
7248	7248	Volkswagen Vento Diesel Trendline	Hyderabad	2011	89411	Diesel	Manual	First	20.54 kmpl	1598 CC	103.6 bhp	5.0	I
7249	7249	Volkswagen Polo GT TSI	Mumbai	2015	59000	Petrol	Automatic	First	17.21 kmpl	1197 CC	103.6 bhp	5.0	I
7250	7250	Nissan Micra Diesel XV	Kolkata	2012	28000	Diesel	Manual	First	23.08 kmpl	1461 CC	63.1 bhp	5.0	I
7251	7251	Volkswagen Polo GT TSI	Pune	2013	52262	Petrol	Automatic	Third	17.2 kmpl	1197 CC	103.6 bhp	5.0	I
7252	7252	Mercedes- Benz E- Class 2009- 2013 E 220 CDI Avan	Kochi	2014	72443	Diesel	Automatic	First	10.0 kmpl	2148 CC	170 bhp	5.0	I

7253 rows × 14 columns

```
In [3]:
         df = df[['Kilometers_Driven','Year']]
            #Taking only selected two attributes from dataset
            df.columns = ['kil','yr']
         ▶ print('This Dataframe contains %d Rows and %d Columns'%(df.shape))
In [4]:
            This Dataframe contains 7253 Rows and 2 Columns
In [5]:

    df.head()
   Out[5]:
                  kil
                       yr
             0 72000 2010
             1 41000 2015
             2 46000 2011
             3 87000 2012
             4 40670 2013
In [6]:
         M df.tail()
   Out[6]:
                     kil
                        yr
             7248 89411 2011
             7249 59000 2015
             7250 28000 2012
             7251 52262 2013
             7252 72443 2014
```

```
In [7]: ► df.describe()
```

Out[7]:

```
        kil
        yr

        count
        7.253000e+03
        7253.000000

        mean
        5.869906e+04
        2013.365366

        std
        8.442772e+04
        3.254421

        min
        1.710000e+02
        1996.000000

        25%
        3.400000e+04
        2011.000000

        50%
        5.341600e+04
        2014.000000

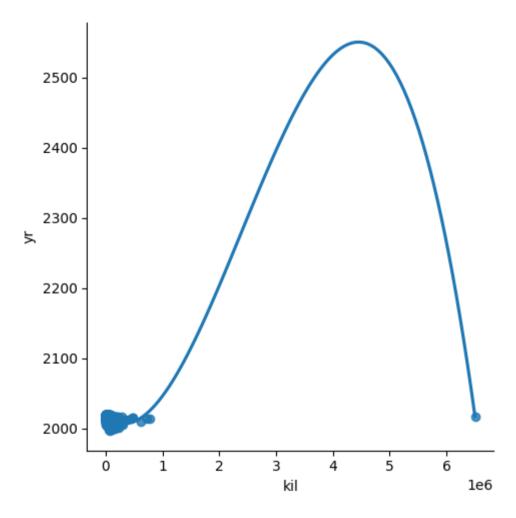
        75%
        7.300000e+04
        2016.000000

        max
        6.500000e+06
        2019.000000
```

In [8]: ► df.info()

```
In [9]: 
#Step-3: Exploring the Data Scatter - plotting the data scatter
sns.lmplot(x="kil",y="yr", data = df, order = 3, ci = None)
```

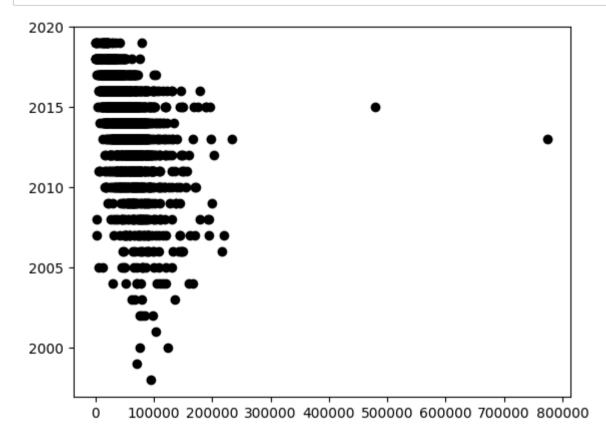
Out[9]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x1a6a383ead0>



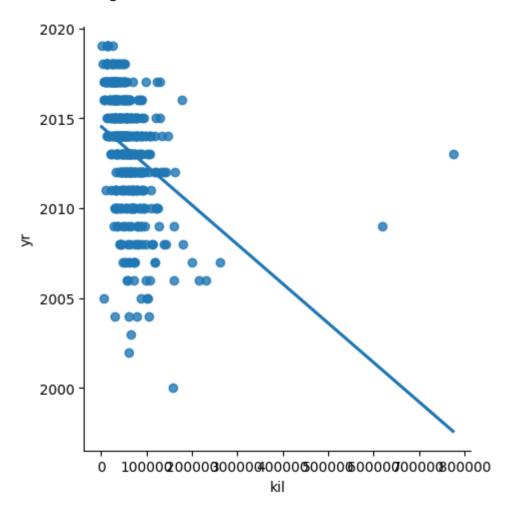
```
▶ #Data cleaning - Eliminating NaN OR missing input numbers
In [11]:
             df.fillna(method ='ffill', inplace = True)
             C:\Users\munigreeshma\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel 15396\3102774782.py:2: SettingWithCopyWarning:
             A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
             See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user guide/indexing.html#retur
             ning-a-view-versus-a-copy (https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view
             -versus-a-copy)
               df.fillna(method ='ffill', inplace = True)
In [12]: ▶ #Training Our Model
             X = np.array(df['kil']).reshape(-1, 1)
             y = np.array(df['yr']).reshape(-1, 1)
             #Seperating the data into independent and dependent variables and convert
             #Now each dataset contains only one coloumn
In [13]: N X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X, y, test size = 0.25)
             # Splitting the data into training data and test data
             regr = LinearRegression()
             regr.fit(X train, y train)
             print(regr.score(X test, y test))
```

0.04670389595657254

```
In [14]: #Exploring Our Results
y_pred = regr.predict(X_test)
plt.scatter(X_test, y_test, color = 'k')
plt.show()
# Data scatter of predicted values
```



Out[15]: <seaborn.axisgrid.FacetGrid at 0x1a6a35a4f50>



In [16]: ▶ sns.pairplot(df)

Out[16]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x1a6a38efa10>

