COPY



Mallory Transportation System UNIFORM THROUGH EXPORT BILL OF LADING



2. EXPORTER (Principal or seller-licensee and address including ZIP Code)			5. DOCUMENT NUMBER S550E19743945	5a. B/L NUMBEI MALY0074394		
PLASKOLITE, LLC 400 W NATIONWIDE BLVD STE 400 COLUMBUS OH 43215 UNITED STATES			6. EXPORT REFERENCES Sea Waybill Shipper Ref.: 478787,788,789 Booking Ref.: RICVM7101800 Consignee Ref.:			
3. CONSIGNED TO (Not negotiable unless consigned "To Order") 3M INNOVATION SINGAPORE PTE LTD NO. 2 TUAS LINK 4 SINGAPORE 637321 REP. OF SINGAPORE			7. FORWARDING AGENT (Name and Address - references) MALLORY ALEXANDER INT'L LOGISTICS, LLC 4294 SWINNEA RD FMC # 172NF CHB # 99-00023 MEMPHIS TN 38118 B. POINT (STATE) OF ORIGIN OR FTZ NUMBER			
			8. POINT (STATE) OF ORIGIN OR FTZ NUMBER COMPTON, UNITED STATES			
4. NOTIFY PARTY / INTERMEDIATE CONSIGNEE (Name and Address) SAME AS CONSIGNEE			9. DOMESTIC ROUTING / EXPORT INSTRUCTIONS For Foreign Delivery Contact: JACOBSON GLOBAL LOGISTICS (SINGAPORE) PTE LTD 2 BUKIT MERAH CENTRAL 15-01 SINGAPORE 159835 REP. OF SINGAPORE			
		13. PLACE OF RECEIPT BY PRE-CARRIER		Fax:		
14. VESSEL / VOYAGE		COMPTON, UNITED STATES 15. PORT OF LOADING / EXPORT	10, LOADING PIER / TERMINAL	Tux.		
OSAKA EXPRESS / 077W		LOS ANGELES, UNITED STAT				
16. FOREIGN PORT OF UNLOADING (Vessel and air only) SINGAPORE					ONTAINERIZED (Vessel) Yes □ No	
MARKS AND NUMBERS (18)	NUMBER OF PACKAGES (19)	DESCRIPTION OF COMMODITIES (20)		GROSS WEIGHT (21)	MEASUREMENT (22)	
Container Seals NYKU4754991 6693478 27 CTN - 19168 KG - GEN - ACRYL		x 40HC CONTAINER 81 Carton(s) ACRYLIC RESIN HTS 3906.10 CA945 UVA-10 MOD 2 LL2 AES X20190515959698 Type Weight(KG) Tare(KG) Gross(KG) Volume(M3) 40HC 19168.00 0.00 19168.00 0.00 IC RESIN HTS 3906.10 CA945 UVA-10 MOD 2 LL2		27 CTŇ (ode Y/CY*	
TCLU7939196 6693487 27 CTN - 19168 KG - TCNU5823100 6693470 27 CTN - 19168 KG -	GEN - ACRYL	40HC 19168.00 0.00 IC RESIN HTS 3906.10 40HC 19168.00 0.00 IC RESIN HTS 3906.10	CA945 UVA-10 MOD 2 LL2		Y/CY* Y/CY*	
ITN: X20190515959698 Consol Ref: C01015720	INCOTERM: DOOR TO PO		PREPAID *Shipper L ON BOARD 23-May-19	oad and Count		
FREIGHT CHARGES PAYABLE A COMPTON, UNITED STATES	ΛT	BY		DECLARED VALUE (23)		
*See Article 3 Limitation on Carrier's Liability/Shipper's Ad Valorem Option. The Carrier shall in no event be or become liable for any lose or demands to or in connection with the transportation of the Cooks in			OUT DETAILS OUADOES ETO	PREPAID	COLLECT	
an amount exceeding USD \$500 per Package or Container as provided on the reverse side hereof, unless the nature and value of such goods have been declared by the Shipper before shipment and inserted below this Bill of Landing and the Carrier's act valorem freight charge paid. Such declaration of value shall not however, be conclusive on the Carrier's proposes of determining the extent of the Carrier's liability. If the Shipper desires to have a valuation in excess of said USD \$500 per Package or Container or any other applicable limitation, the Merchant must so stulpulate such value in this Bill and such additional limit will be assumed by the Carrier only upon payment of the Carrier's ad valorem freight charge.			GHT DETAILS, CHARGES ETC.			
otherwise stated above, one of which being accomplished, Carrier, one (1) original Bill of Lading must be surrendered	ontain the cargo herein mentioned ce and back of the Bill of Ladious Goods, Packages, Containers ar tated herein are furnished by the I sibility or llability regarding such al Bill(s) of Lading have been s the others, if any, to be void. If re	tio be carried to which the do which the do the weight, derohant and information. ignored the total that the to				
delivery order. LOS ANGELES, UNITED STA	ATE:23-Mav-19					
· ,	,	TOTAL CHARGE	ES			
		. STAL SHAROL				



4294 Swinnea Rd • Memphis, TN 38118 • 901-367-9400

(1) CLAUSE PARAMOUNT: All carriage under this Bill of Lading to or from the United States shall have effect subject to the provisions of the Carriage of Goods by Sea Act of the United States, 46 U.S.C. sections 1300-1315 (hereafter, "COGSA"). All carriage to and from other States shall be governed by the law of any state making the Hague Futies or Hague-Nistor Rules computed hypotropic better to the Bill of the

- 2.1 "Shiri" means the vessel named in this Bill of Lading, or any conveyance owned, charlered, towed or operated by Carrier or used by

- 2.1 "Shigt" means the vessel named in this Bill of Lading, or any conveyance owned, chartered, towed or operated by Carrier or used by Carrier for the performance of this contract.

 2.2 "Carrier" means Mailtory Transportation System on whose behalf this Bill of Lading has been signed.

 2.3 "Merchant" includes the Shipper, the Receiver, the Consignee, the Holder of this Bill of Lading and any person having a present or future interest in the Goods or any person ading on behalf of any of the above-mentioned persons.

 2.4 "Package" is the largest individual unit of partialty or completely covered or contained cargo made up by or for the Shipper which is delivered and entrusted to Carrier, including patietized units and each container stuffled and sealed by the Shipper or on its behalf, although the Shipper may have furnished a description of the contents of such especies container on this bill of ladies.

 2.5 "Container" includes any container, trailer, transportable tank, lift van, flat, patiet, or any similar article of transport used to consolidate records.
- goods.
 2.6 "Carrier's container or carrier's equipment" includes containers or equipment owned, leased or used by Carrier in the transportation of Marties goods.
 Goods' mean the cargo described on the face of this Bill of Lading and, if the cargo is packed into container(s) supplied or furnished by

(3) SUBCONTRACTING: Carrier shall be entitled to subcontract directly or indirectly on any terms the whole or any part of the handling, stora or carriage of the goods and all duties undertaken by Carrier in relation to the goods. Every servant, agent, subcontractor (including subcontractors, or other person whose services have been used to perform this contract shall be entitled to the rights, exemptions from limitations or, it liability, defenses and immunities set from herein. For these purposes, Carrier shall be deemed to be acting as agent or trust for such servants, agents, subcontractors, or other persons who shall be deemed to be parties to this contract.

(4) ROUTE OF TRANSPORT: Carrier is entitled to perform the transport in any reasonable manner and by any reasonable means, methods and routes. The Ship shall have the liberty, either with or without the goods on board, to at any time, adjust navigational instruments, make that thips, dry dock, go to repair yards, shift berths, take in fuel or stores, embark or disembark any persons, carry contraband and hazardous goods, sall with or without pitois and save or attempt to save life or property. Delays resulting from such activities shall not be deemed a deviation.

(5) HINDRANCES AFFECTING PERFORMANCE

5) HINDRANCES AFFECTING PERFORMANCE: 5.1 Carrier shall use reasonable embeavors to complete transport and to deliver the goods at the place designated for delivery. 5.2 If at any time the performance of this contract as evidenced by this Bill of Lading in the opinion of Carrier is or will be affected by any hindrance, risk cleakly, hipty, difficulty of disadvantage of any kind, including strike, and if by virtue of the above it has rendered or is likely to render it in any way unsafe, impracticable, unlawful, or against the interest of Carrier to complete the performance of the contract. Carrier whether or not the transport is commenced, may windout notice to Merchant elect to; gift their the performance of this contract as terminated and place the goods at Merchant's disposal at any place Carrier shall deem safe and convenient, or (b) deliver the goods at the place of delivery. In any event. Carrier shall be entitled to, and Merchant hall gay, full freight for any goods received for transportation and additional compensation for extra costs and expenses resulting from the circumstances referred to above.
S.1 at arts estonage, discharge, or any actions according to sub-part 5.2 above Carrier remarks arrangements to store and/or broward the goods, it is agreed that he shall do so only as agent for and at the sole risk and expense of Merchant without any liability whatsoever in respect of such acenow.

). In addition to all other liberties provided for in this Article, shall have liberty to comply with orders, directions, regulations o suggestions as to navigation or the carriage or handling of the goods or the ship howsoever given, by any actual or purported government or public authority, or by any committee or person having under the terms of any insurance on the Ship, the right to give such order, direction, regulation, or suggestion. If by reason of and/or in nomplance with any such order, direction, regulation, or suggestions, anything is done or is not done the same shall be deemed to be included within the contract of carriage and shall not be a deviation.

5. BASIC LIABILITY:

5.1 Carrier shall be liable for loss of or damage to the goods occurring between the time when it takes goods into its outstody and the time of delivery but shall not be liable for any consequential or special damages arising from such loss or damage.

5.2 If it is established that the loss of or damage to the goods occurred during sea carriage or during carriage by land in the United States, inability shall be governed by the legal rules applicable as provided in Section 1 of the Bill of Lading, 15.3 NoRMthstanding Section 1 of this Bill of Lading, If the loss or damage occurred outside of the United States not during sea carriage and it can be proved where the loss or damage damage coursed, the liability of Carrier in respect of such loss or damage shall be determined by the provisions contained in any international convention or notional law, which provisions; cannot be departed from by private contract to the determent of Merchant, and would have applied if Merchant had made a separate and direct contract with Carrier in respect of the particular stage of transport where the loss or damage occurred and received as evidence thereof any particular document which must be issued in order to make such international convention or notional law applicable.

6.4 If it cannot be determined when the loss of or damage to the goods occurred, liability shall be governed as provided in Section 5.2 above.

6.5 Carrier foste on tundertake that the goods is faile be delivered at any particular time or for any particular market and shall not be liable for any delay.

6.6 Carrier shall not be liable for any loss or damage arising from; (a) an act or ornission of Merchant or person other than Carrier acting on behalf of Merchant from whom Carrier took the goods or unicading of the goods by or on behalf of Merchant or person other than Carrier acting on shall not Merchant from whom Carrier took the goods or unicading of the goods by or on behalf of Merchant of person other than Carrier acting or which the ca

(g) inter, mines caused by actual safe or printy or carrier, (ii) any cause or event which a could not prevent by the exercise of due diligence.

6.7 When Carrier pays claims to Merchant Carrier shall automatically be subrogated to all rights of Merchant against all others, including inland Carriers, on account of the losses or damages for which such claims are paid.

6.8 The defenses and limits of liability provided for in this Bill of Lading shall apply in any action or claim against Carrier relating to the goods, or the receipt, transportation, storage or delivery thereof, whether the action be founded in contract, tort or otherwise.

(7) COMPENSATION FOR LOSS AND DAMAGE

I COMPENSATION FOR LOSS AND DAMAGE:

7.1 Unless otherwise mandated by computionly applicable law. Carrier's liability for compensation for loss of or damage to goods shall in no case exceed the amount of US\$500 per package or per customary freight unit, unless Merchant, with the consent of carrier, has declared a higher value for the goods in the gase provided on the front of this Bill of Lading and poid earth relight per Carrier's tartific case such higher value shall be the limit of Carrier's liability. Any partial loss or damage shall be adjusted pro rata on the basis of such declared value. Where a container is suffered by Starier for sighteent, Carrier's lability. Where a container is suffered by Starier for religionary to the container of the container is easied when received by Carrier for religionary carrier's lability and be container in sealed when the Stipper declares the value on the face hereof and pays additional charges on such declared value as stated in Carrier's latiff. The freight charged on sealed containers when no higher valuation is declared by the Shipper is based on a value of US\$500 per container. However, Carrier shall not, I any case, be liable for an amount greater than the actual loss to the person entitled to make the claim. Carrier shall have the option of replacing lost goods or repairing damaged goods.

pous. case where Carrier's liability for commensation may exceed the amounts set forth in Section 7.1 above commensation shall be 7.2 in any case where cames isolarly for compensation may exceed the amounts set form in section 7.1 across, compensation shall be calculated by reference to the value of the goods, according to their current market price, at the time and place they are delivered, or should have been delivered, in accordance with this contract.
7.3 If the value of the goods is less than US\$500 per package or per outsomary freight unit, their value for compensation purposes shall be

deemed to be the invoice value, plus freight and insurance, if pade to be considered to be the invoice value, plus freight and insurance, if pade to a consent proposed to the state of the proposed to the pr

as required.

will not arrange for insurance on the goods except upon express instructions from the Consignor and then only at Consignor's

dipresentation of a declaration of value for insurance purposes prior to shipment.

(8) DE SCRIPTION OF GOOD'S AND INFORMATION FOR U.S. CUSTOMS: Carrier is responsible for transmitting information to U.S. Customs and Border Protection prior to lading of the Goods including, without limitation, precise commodity descriptions, numbers and quantities of the lowest external packaging unit, the shipper's complete name and address, the consignee's or the owner's representative's complete name and address, hazardous materials codes, and container seal numbers. For this, and other purposes, Carrier relies on information provided by Merchant in a timely fashion. Merchant warrants to Carrier that all particulars of the goods, including, without limitation, the precise descriptions, marks, number, quentity, weight, seal numbers, identities of shipper and onosignee and hazardous materials codes furnished by Merchant are correct and Merchant shall indemnity Carrier against all claims, penalties, losses or damages arising from any inaccuracy.

(9) CARRIER'S CONTAINERS: If goods are not received by Carrier already in containers, Carrier may pack them in any type container. Merohant shall be liable to Carrier for damage to Carrier's containers or equipment if such damage occurs while such equipment is in control of Merohant or his agents. Merohant riblementies Carrier for any damage or injury to persons or properly caused by Carrier's containers or equipment during handling by or when in possession or control of Merohant.

(10) CONTAINER PACKED BY MERCHANT: If Carrier receives the goods already packed into containers:

10.1. This Bill of Lading is prima facile evidence of the receipt of the particular number of containers set forth, and that number only. Carrier accepts no responsibility with respect to the order and condition of the contents of the containers;

10.2. Merchant warrants that the stowage and seals of the contrainers are safe and proper and suitable for handling and carriage and indemnifies Carrier for any injury, loss or damage caused by breach of this warranty;

10.3. Delivey shall be deemed as full and complete performance when the containers are delivered by Carrier with the seals intact; and 10.4. Carrier has the right but not the obligation to open and inspect the containers at any time without notice to Merchant, and expenses resulting from such inspections enable be tome by Merchant; and 10.5. Merchant shall inspect containers before stuffing them and the use of the containers shall be prima facile evidence of their being sound and suitable for use.

- 11.1 Merchant may not tender goods of a dangerous nature without written application to Carrier and Carrier's acceptance of the same. In the application, Merchant must identify the nature of the goods with reasonable specificity as well as the names and addresses of the shippers
- and oneignees.

 11.2 Merchant shall distinctly and permanently mark the nature of the goods on the outside of the package and ontainer in a form and manner as required by law and shall submit to Carrier or to the appropriate authorities all necessary documents required by law or by Carrier for the transportation of such goods.

 13.3 If the goods subsequently, in the judgment of Carrier, become a danger to Carrier, the Ship, or other cargo, Carrier may dispose of the goods without compensation to Merchant and Merchant shall indemnity Carrier for any loss or expenses arising from such action.

(12) DECK CARGO: Camer has the right to carry the goods in any container under deck or on deck. Carrier is not required to note "on deck stowage" on the face of this Bill of Lading and goods so camed shall constitute under deck stowage for all purposes including General Average. Except as otherwise provided by any law applicable to this contract, if this Bill of Lading states that the cargo is stowed on deck, then Carrier shall not be labele for any non-delivery, miscellevery, delay or loss to goods carried on deck, whether or not caused by Carrier's negligence or the

(15) SOLAS WEIGHT CERTIFICATION: Merchant acknowledges that it is required to provide verified weights obtained on calibrated, certified equipment of all cargo that is to be tendered to steamath p limes. Shipper agrees that Carrier is entitled to rely on the accuracy of such weights and to counter-legging or endorse it as Carrier's on certified weight to the steamath pin example the cargo. The Merchant agrees that it shall indemnity and hold the Carrier harmless from any and all claims, losses, penalties or other code resulting from any incorrect or questionable verification of the weight provided by Merchant or its agent or contractor on which the Carrier relies.

(11) DANGEROUS GOODS:

4) HEAVY LIFT: 1.4.1 Single packages with a weight exceeding 2,240 pounds gross not presented to Carrier in enclosed containers must be declared in writing by Merchant before receipt of the packages by Carrier. The weight of such packages must be clearly and durably marked on the outside of the package in litera and figures on tides than tho inches high.
1.4.2 If Merchant falls to comply with the above provisions, Carrier shall not be liable for any loss of or damage to the goods, persons or properly, and Merchant shall be liable for any loss of or damage to persons or properly resulting from such failure and Merchant shall indemnity Carrier against any loss or liability suffered or incurred by Carrier as a result of each failure.
1.4.3 Merchant agrees to comply with all laws or regulations concening overweight containers and Merchant shall indemnity Carrier against any loss or liability suffered or incurred by Carrier as a result of Merchants failure to comply with such laws or regulations.

(15) DELIVERY: Carrier shall have the right to deliver the goods at any time at any place designated by Carrier within the commercial or geographic limits of the port of discharge or place of delivery shown in this Bill of Lading. Carrier's responsibility shall cease when delivery has been made to Merchant, any person unknotzed by Merchant no receive the goods, or in any manner or to any other person in accordance with the outsion and usage of the port of discharge or place of delivery. If goods should remain in Carrier's outsloby after discharge from the ship and possession is not taken by Merchant, after notice, within the time allowed in Carrier's applicable tariff, the goods may be considered to have been delivered to Merchant or abendoned at Carrier's option, and may be disposed of or stored at Merchant's expenses.

(16) NOTICE OF CLAIM: Written notice of claims for loss of or damage to goods occurring or presumed to have occurred while in the oustody of Carrier must be given to Carrier at the port of discharge before or at the time of removal of the goods by one entitled to delivery. If such notice is not provided, removal shall be prime facile evidence of delivery by Carrier. If such loss or damage is not apparent, Carrier must be given written notice within 3 days of the delivery.

written notice within 3 days of the delivery.

(11) FRIGISHT AND CHARGES:

17.1 Frieght may be calculated on the basis of the particulars of the goods furnished by Merchant, who shall be deemed to have guaranteed to Carrier the accuracy of the contents, weight, measure, or value as furnished by him at the time of receipt of the goods by the Carrier or inland Carrier, out Carrier for the contents of the content of the contents of the content of the cont

(18) LIEN: Carrier shall have a lien on any and all property (and documents relating thereto) of Merchant in its actual or constructive possession, custody or control or en route, which lien shall survive delivery, for all distins for charges, expenses or advances incurred by Carrier in connection with his shipment, or any previous shipment, of Merchant, or both, which lien shall survive delivery, and if such odam remains unsatisfied for 50 days after demand for its payment is made, Carrier may sell at public auction or private saile, upon 10 days written notice, registered mail to Merchant, the goods, wares and/or merchandise or so much as may be necessary to satisfy such lien and the costs of recovery, and apply the net proceeds of such sale to the syment of the amount due Carrier. Any surplus from such sale shall be transmitted to Merchant, and Merchant shall be itable for any deficiency in the sale.

(19) TIME BAR: Carrier shall be discharged from all liability for loss of or damage to goods unless sult is brought within one (1) year after deliver of the goods or the date when the goods should have been delivered. Sult shall not be deemed brought against Carrier until jurisdiction at have been obtained over Carrier by service of summons. The time bar for overcharge claims shall be 1 month.

(20) JURI SDICTION: The courts of New York shall have exclusive jurisdiction over any dispute arising from the carriage evidenced by this Bill of Lading. Merchant and Carrier each hereby agree to the personal jurisdiction of the forum having jurisdiction over their disputes under this clause. Except as otherwise provided in this Bill of Lading, the laws of the State of New York shall agree.

11) GENERAL AVERAGE:
2.1.1 General Average shall be adjusted at New York, or any other port at Carrier's option, according to the York-Antwerp Rules of 1994. The General Average statement shall be prepared by adjusters appointed by Carrier.
2.1.2 in the event of accident, damage, damper or disaster after commencement of the voyage resulting from any cause whatsoever, whether due to negligence or not, for the consequence of which Carrier is not responsible by statute, contract or otherwise, Merchant shall contribute with Carrier in General Average nature that may be made or incurred, and shall pay salvage or special onlyage incurred in respect of the goods. If a salving vessel is owned or operated by Carrier, salvage shall be paid for as fully as if the salving vessel or vessels belonged to strangers.

(22) BOTH-TO-BLAME COLLISION CLAUSE: If the ship comes into collision with another vessel as a result of negligence of the other ve and any negligence or fault on the part of Camier or its servants or subcontractors, Merchant shall indemnity Camier against all loss or liability represents loss of, or damage to, or any against all loss or liability represents loss of or damage to, or any anim whatsoev Merchant paid or payable by the other or non-carrying vessel or her owners to Merchant and set-off, recouped or recovered by the other or carrying vessel or her owners and the contract of the contract o

(25) CARRIER'S TARIFF'S: The goods carried under this Bill of Lading are also subject to all the terms and conditions of tariff(s) published pursuant to the regulations of the United States Federal Maritime Commission or any other regulationy agency which governs a particular portion of the carriage and the terms are incorporated herein as part of the terms and conditions of this Bill of Lading, Copies of Carriers' tariffs may be obtained from Carriers that specific the same and conditions of this Bill of Lading, Copies of Carriers' tariffs may be obtained from Carriers that specific the same and the commission's website at www.time.gov. Carrier may eried into Negotiated Rate Arrangements with Merchant In Ileu of publishing the applicable rates and charges for services provided in his rate lariff.

(24) DERISHARI E CARGO:

24) PERI SHABLE CARGO:
2.4.1 Goods of a perinable nature shall be carried in ordinary containers willhout special protection, services or other measures unless there is noted on the reverse side of this Bill of Lading that the goods will be carried in a refrigerated, heated, electrically vertilated or otherwise specially equipped container or are to receive special attention in any way. Carrier shall not be liable for any loss of or damage to goods as special hold or container arising from latent detects, breakdown, or sloppage of the refrigeration, vertilation or heating machinery, insulation, ships plant, or other such apparatus of the vessel or container, provided that Carrier shall before or at the beginning of the transport exercise due diligence to maintain the special hold or container in an efficient state.

2.4.2 Merchant undertakes not to lender for transportation any goods that require refrigeration without given written notice of their nature.

2.4.2 Merchant undertakes not to lender for transportation any goods that require temperature setting of the thermostatic controls before receipt of the goods by Carrier. In case of refrigerated containers packed by or on behalf of Merchant, Merchant warrants that the goods have been properly slowed in the container and that the thermostatic controls have been adequately set before receipt of the goods by Carrier. In case of refrigerated containers are not designed to freeze down cargo which has not been presented for stuffing at or below its designated carrying temperature. Carrier shall not be responsible for the consequences of cargo tendered at a nighter temperature than that required to the transportation.

2.4.4 If the above requirements are not compiled with, Carrier shall not be lable for any loss of or damage to the goods whatsoever.

(25) SEVERABILITY: The terms of this Bill of Lading shall be severable, and, if any part or term hereof shall be held invalid, such holding shall not affect the validity or enforceability of any other part or term hereof.

(26) VARIATION OF THE CONTRACT: This contract supersedes all prior agreement between the parties with respect to its subject matter. No servant or agent of Carrier shall have power to walve or vary any of the terms here

EFFECTIVE DATE: July 1, 2016