Real Time Fluid Simulation

using Smoothed-Particle Hydrodynamics and OpenGL

Computer Graphics CS 488

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ABSTRACT

This paper explores the field of Smooth Particle Hydrodynamics (SPH), starting at its beginnings as a tool to simulate astrophysical phenomena and following its evolution and implementation as a way to simulate fluids such as water. We will then give a brief mathematical background and ensuing algorithm of our SPH simulation followed by a detailed explanation of it.

Author Keywords

SPH, Smoothed Particle Hydrodynamics, OpenGL, Fluid Simulation, Real Time

Download code at https://github.com/munter2/RealTimeFluid

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INTRODUCTION

Smoothed Particle Hydrodynamics (SPH) successfully simulates fluids by breaking up a fluid body into individual parts, or particles. These particles together form a particle system that simulates various gravitational forces. Fluid movement is simulated in the system by moving particles around any particle moved, simulating a rippling, wave effect.

The ripple effect is created by first calculating which particles are surrounding a particle moved, and these surrounding particles are moved according to the movement of the first particle moved. But SPH wasn't originally intended to simulate liquid substances, but astrophysical phenomena.

HISTORY

Given all the different applications for Smoothed Particle Hydrodynamics (SPH), it was first used to simulate interstellar phenomena. Conceived in 1977 by Gingold and Monaghan was an improvement to the Standard Finite Difference Method, which until their breakthrough, was the method to use to simulate astrophysical phenomena. They improved on this method by making "use of Lagrangian description of fluid flow which automatically focuses attention on fluid elements" [2]. In this implementation, particles "move according to the Newtonian equations with forces due to the pressure gradient and other body forces: gravity, rotation and magnetic" [2].

The result of Gingold and Monaghan's theory and implementation was a robust and extendable idea that could easily made more accurate "by increasing the number of particles

and by using the devices known to improve Monte Carlo integration methods" [2].

MATHEMATICAL BACKGROUND

$$a_i^n = \frac{F_i^n}{m_i} = \dots (1)$$

THE ALGORITHM

In the following, we denote the position for the particle i at time t as x_i^t , its velocity as v_i^t and its acceleration as a_i^t . We omit the vector notation $(\boldsymbol{x}, \boldsymbol{v}, \boldsymbol{a})$ for these quantities, since the following equations are valid for the vectors as well as for each component individually.

As suggested in [3], we use the *Velocity-Verlet* time stepping scheme as follows:

Algorithm 1: Single Timestep with Velocity Verlet Algorithm

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{Data:} \ x_i^t, v_i^{t-\frac{\Delta t}{2}}, a_i^t, \Delta t \\ \textbf{Result:} \ x_i^{t+\Delta t}, v_i^{t+\frac{\Delta t}{2}}, a_i^{t+\Delta t} \\ v_i^{t+\frac{\Delta t}{2}} = v_i^{t-\frac{\Delta t}{2}} + \Delta t a_i^t \ ; \\ x_i^{t+\Delta t} = x_i^t + \Delta t v_i^{t+\frac{\Delta t}{2}} \ ; \\ a_i^{t+\Delta t} = a_i^{t+\Delta t} (x_i^{t+\Delta t}, m_i) \ \text{from equation 1} \ ; \end{array}$

References

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- 2. R.A. Gingold, J. M. Smoothed particle hydrodynamics: theory and application to non-spherical stars. *Mon. Not. R. Astron. Soc.*", (375-389), 1977:
- 3. S. Adami X. H., N. A. A generalized wall boundary condition for smoothed particle hydrodynamics. *Journal of Computational Physics*, (231), 2012:

Appendix: Code

```
Listing 1: sphModel.hpp
                                                          66
   #ifndef SPH HPP
   define SPH_HPP
   #define _USE_MATH_DEFINES // make M_PI
       available
                                                          71
   #include <iostream>
   include <stdio.h>
   include <cmath>
   include <random>
                                                          76
   include <unistd.h>
   using std::ostream;
   class SPH {
     public:
       static const unsigned _ghostDepth = 3;
        // Constructor
       SPH (unsigned);
       // Destructor
        ~SPH();
       // Time Propagation of model
       void timestep(float);
       // Update forces on particles based on
           SPH
       void updateForces();
31
        // Overloading Output Operator
       friend ostream& operator<<(ostream&,</pre>
            const SPH&);
       // Applying elastic boundary conditions
       void applyBoundary();
36
                                                         101
       // Get Radius of Particle i
       unsigned getTotalParticles() const;
41
        // Write position to the 3-array x
       inline void getPosition(unsigned index,
                                                         106
            float* x) {
          if(index >= _nTotal) {
  std::cout << "ERROR: Invalid index";</pre>
            return:
46
          // Take into account switching of axes
              for OpenGL
         x[0] = _x2[index];
x[1] = _x3[index];
x[2] = _x1[index];
                                                         116
51
        // Write velocity to the 3-array v
       inline void getVelocity(unsigned index,
            float* v) {
          if(index >= _nTotal) {
  std::cout << "ERROR: Invalid index";</pre>
                                                         121
            return;
          // Take into account switching of axes
              for OpenGL
          v[0] = _v2[index];
         v[1] = _v3[index];
v[2] = v1[index];
61
```

```
// Return Kinetic Energy
  float getEkin() const;
    / Return Potential Energy
  float getEpot() const;
   // Get Radius of Particle i
  float getRadius(unsigned) const;
  // Setting Gravity
  void setGravity(float);
  // Functions for changing Box position
  // void moveBoxX(float);
  // void moveBoxY(float);
private:
  unsigned _nParticles; // Number of fluid
       particles
  unsigned _nGhostWall; // Number of ghost
      particles in the walls
  unsigned _nGhostObject; // Number of
  ghost particles in the object
unsigned _nTotal; // Total number of
      particles
  // Array of particle coordinates &
      velocities & accelerations
  float* _x1;
  float* _x2;
float* _x3;
  float* _v1;
float* _v2;
float* _v3;
  float* _a1;
  float* _a2;
float* _a3;
  // Array of particle masses
  float * _m;
   // Array of particle radii
  float* _r;
  // Wall Coordinates
  float _x2MinWall;
float _x2MaxWall;
  float _x3MinWall;
float _x3MaxWall;
  // Box Coordinates
  float _x2MinBox;
float _x2MaxBox;
float _x3MinBox;
  float _x3MaxBox;
  // Velocity component introduced by Box
      movement
  float _v2Box;
float _v3Box;
   // Gravity
  float _g;
  // Damping factor for elastic bounding on
       walls
  float _damping;
   // Total time
  float _T;
```

```
unsigned _tStep;
131
       // Size of current timestep
       float _dt;
       // Was the Box moved?
       bool _boxMoved;
   #endif // SPH_HPP
```

59

84

Listing 2: sphModel.cpp

```
#include "sphModel.hpp"
   // TODO: implement SPH interaction
   // TODO: introduce ghost particles on
       boundary
   SPH::SPH(unsigned N)
     : _nParticles(N),
       _nGhostWall(100),
       _nGhostObject(0),
       _nTotal(_nParticles+_nGhostWall+
            _nGhostObject),
       _x1(new float[_nTotal]),
       _x2(new float[_nTotal]),
_x3(new float[_nTotal]),
       _v1(new float[_nTotal]),
14
       _v2(new float[_nTotal]),
       _v3(new float[_nTotal]),
_a1(new float[_nTotal]),
                                                       79
       _a2(new float[_nTotal]),
       _a3(new float[_nTotal]),
19
       _m(new float[_nTotal]),
_r(new float[_nTotal]),
       _x2MinWall(-100),
       _x2MaxWall(+100),
       _x3MinWall(-100),
24
       _x3MaxWall(+100),
       _x2MinBox(-40),
       _x2MaxBox(+40),
       _x3MinBox(-100),
       _x3MaxBox(+100),
29
       _{g(0)},
       _damping(.8),
       _T(0.0),
       _{tStep(0)}
       _dt(0),
34
       _boxMoved(false)
     std::cout << "\nInitializing Model...";</pre>
     // Seeding random number generator and set
39
         parameters for normal distribution
       std::random_device rd; // Uncomment to
        make it even more random ;)
     // std::mt19937 e2(rd());
     std::mt19937 e2(42);
     float mean = 0; // mean velocity
float stddev = 50; // standard deviation of
44
          velocity
     std::normal_distribution<> dist(mean, stddev
         );
     // Initialize Fluid Particles
                                                       109
     for(unsigned i=0; i<_nParticles; ++i) {</pre>
49
       // Position
```

```
_x3[i] = fmod(rand(), 200) - 100;
  // Masses (assume all particles have the
     same mass)
  _{m[i]} = 1; // 1e-6 * (1+i%3);
  // Radius / Support of particles
 _r[i] = 1; // 1+i%3;
  // Compute Forces acting on particles
     based on positions
  updateForces();
  // Velocities (sampled from random normal
       distribution)
  _v1[i] = dist(e2);
 _{v2[i]} = dist(e2);
  _{v3[i]} = 0;
  // _v1[i] = 0; // TODO: remove, v_x = 0
     only for debugging
  // _v2[i] = 40.f; // TODO: remove, v_y =
      40 only for debugging
// Initialize Ghost Particles in Wall
for (unsigned i=_nParticles; i<_nParticles+</pre>
   _nGhostWall; ++i) {
  int side = (i-_nParticles)/(.25*
      _nGhostWall);
  float ratio = 0;
  switch(side) {
    // Position
    case 0: // Bottom
ratio = float(i-_nParticles)/(.25*
          _nGhostWall);
      _{x2[i]} = -100 + 200*ratio;
_{x3[i]} = -100;
      break;
    case 1: // Top
      ratio = float(i-_nParticles)/(.25*
           _nGhostWall)-1;
      _x2[i] = -100 + 200*ratio;
      _x3[i] = +100;
break;
    case 2: // Left
      ratio = float(i-_nParticles)/(.25*
    _nGhostWall)-2;
      _{x2[i]} = -100;
      _{x3[i]} = -100 + 200*ratio;
      break;
    case 3: // Right
      ratio = float(i-_nParticles)/(.25*
           _nGhostWall)-3;
      _{x2[i]} = +100;
       _x3[i] = -100 + 200*ratio;
      break;
  _x1[i] = 0;
  // Velocities = 0 in boundary
 _{v1[i]} = 0;
  _{v2[i]} = 0;
  _{v3[i]} = 0;
  // Masses (assume all particles have the
     same mass)
```

```
_{m[i]} = 1e10;
                                                                 if(_a2)
                                                                             delete[] _a2;
                                                                             delete[] _a1;
delete[] _v3;
114
                                                                 if(_a1)
        // Radius / Support of particles
                                                                 if(_v3)
        _r[i] = .2;
                                                                 if (_v2)
                                                                             delete[] _v2;
                                                                 if (_v1)
                                                                             delete[] _v1;
                                                                             delete[] _x3;
                                                                 if(_x3)
                                                                 if (_x2)
                                                                             delete[] _x2;
      // Initialize Ghost Particles in Object
                                                                 if(_x1)
                                                                           { delete[] _x1;
                                                                 std::cout << "\nMemory freed";</pre>
      for(unsigned i=_nParticles+_nGhostWall; i<</pre>
          _nTotal; ++i) {
        int side = (i-_nParticles-_nGhostWall)
                                                               void SPH::timestep(float dt) {
            /(.25*_nGhostObject);
        float ratio = 0;
                                                                 // Update Time counters
124
                                                                 _{dt} = dt;
        float boxWidth = _x2MaxBox - _x2MinBox;
float boxHeight = _x3MaxBox - _x3MinBox;
                                                                  T += _dt;
                                                                 ++_tStep;
        // TODO: cast float to int
                                                                 // Update Forces
129
        switch(side) {
                                                                 updateForces();
          // Position
                                                                 for(unsigned i=0; i<_nParticles; ++i) {</pre>
          case 0: // Bottom
            ratio = float(i-_nParticles-
    _nGhostWall)/(.25*_nGhostObject);
                                                                   // Update Velocities
134
                                                                   _v1[i] += _dt*_a1[i];
_v2[i] += _dt*_a2[i];
            _x2[i] = _x3MinBox + boxWidth*ratio;
_x3[i] = _x3MinBox;
                                                                   _{v3[i]} += _{dt*_a3[i]};
            break;
                                                                   // Update Positions
          case 1: // Top
                                                                   _x1[i] += _dt*_v1[i];
_x2[i] += _dt*_v2[i];
_x3[i] += _dt*_v3[i];
             ratio = float (i-_nParticles-
139
                 _nGhostWall)/(.25*_nGhostObject)
                 -1;
             _x2[i] = _x3MinBox + boxWidth*ratio;
             _x3[i] = _x3MaxBox;
                                                           209
          case 2: // Left
                                                                 // applyBoundary();
             ratio = float(i-_nParticles-
                 _nGhostWall)/(.25*_nGhostObject)
                                                                 // TODO: remove - sleeping only for
  debugging, simulates longer execution
                 -2;
             _x2[i] = _x3MinBox;
             _x3[i] = _x3MinBox + boxHeight*ratio; 214
                                                                 unsigned microseconds = 20000;
                                                                 usleep (microseconds);
          case 3: // Right
ratio = float(i-_nParticles-
149
                 _nGhostWall)/(.25*_nGhostObject)
-3;
                                                              void SPH::updateForces() {
             _x2[i] = _x3MaxBox;
             _x3[i] = _x3MinBox + boxHeight*ratio;
                                                                 float d1, d2, d3; // Particle Distance in
             break;
                                                                     each space direction
        }
                                                                 float R; // Particle Distance in 3D space
                                                                 float theta, phi; // Angles for orientation
154
                                                                      in 3D space
        // Velocities = 0 in Object
                                                                 float F; // Force between two particles
        _{v1[i]} = 0;
        _{v2[i]} = 0;
                                                                 for(unsigned i=0; i<_nParticles; ++i) {</pre>
        _{v3[i]} = 0;
159
                                                                   _a1[i] = 0;
                                                                   _a2[i] = 0;
        // Masses (assume all particles have the
                                                                   a3[i] = 0;
            same mass)
        _{m[i]} = 1e10;
                                                                   for (unsigned a=0; a<_nParticles /*_nTotal</pre>
        // Radius / Support of particles
164
                                                                        */; ++a) {
        _r[i] = 3;
                                                                      if(a == i) continue; // Particles don't
                                                          234
                                                                           interact with themselves
                                                                      d1 = _x1[a] - _x1[i];
                                                                     d2 = x2[a] - x2[i];
d3 = x3[a] - x3[i];
   SPH::~SPH() {
      // Free memory
                                                           239
      if(_r) { delete[] _r; }
                                                                      R = sqrt(d1*d1+d2*d2+d3*d3);
        ( m) { delete[]
( a3) { delete[]
174
                           m;
```

```
if (R == 0) continue;
                                                                      // if (_x1[i] >= _x2MinBox && _x1[i] <
                                                                          center1Box /*&& _x2[i] >= _x3MinBox
&& _x2[i] < center2Box*/) _v1[i] = -</pre>
           phi = atan2(d2,d1); // d2 or d3
244
           theta = acos(d3/R);
                                                                           _damping*std::abs(_v1[i]) + v1Box;
                                                                     // F = (std::abs(d1) > 70 ? -d1 : d1);
           F = (R>50 ? R : -10000/R);
           // R-50; // (R > 70 ? -R : R); // (R!=0
? 1/R : 0); // Only Temporary
249
                                                                      // if(_x2[i] >= _x3MinBox && _x2[i] < center2Box /*&& _x2[i] >= _x3MinBox
                force computation: Hooke's law
                                                                          && _x2[i] < center2Box*/) _v2[i] = + _damping*std::abs(_v2[i]) + v2Box;
           _a1[i] += F*sin(theta)*cos(phi);
                                                                      // if(_x2[i] <= _x3MaxBox && _x2[i] >
           _a2[i] += F*sin(theta)*sin(phi);
                                                                          center2Box /*&& _x2[i] <= _x3MaxBox
&& _x2[i] > center2Box*/) _v2[i] = +
   _damping*std::abs(_v2[i]) + v2Box;
           _a3[i] += F*cos(theta);
254
           // No Interaction
           _a1[i] = 0;
                                                             304
           _a2[i] = 0;
                                                                      if(x2[i] \ge x3MinBox && x2[i] <
           _a3[i] = 0;
                                                                          center2Box) _v2[i] = -std::abs(_v2[i
259
                                                                      if(_x2[i] \le _x3MaxBox \&\& _x2[i] >
                                                                          center2Box) _v2[i] = +std::abs(_v2[i]
        _a3[i] += _g; // add gravity
264
                                                                   }
      std::cout << "Acceleration 1: " << _a1[0];
std::cout << "Acceleration 10: " << _a1[9];
std::cout << "Acceleration 100: " << _a1</pre>
                                                                 void SPH::moveBoxX(float dx) {
269
                                                                   float tmpMinX = _x2MinBox + dx;
float tmpMaxX = _x2MaxBox + dx;
                                                                   if(tmpMinX > _x2MinWall && tmpMaxX <</pre>
    void SPH::applyBoundary() {
                                                                        _{x2MaxWall} {
      float center1Box = .5*(x2MinBox+x2MaxBox)
                                                                      _x2MinBox = tmpMinX;
274
                                                                      _x2MaxBox = tmpMaxX;
      float center2Box = .5*(_x3MinBox+_x3MaxBox)
                                                                      // Move Ghost particles
                                                                      for(unsigned i=_nParticles+_nGhostWall; i
      for (unsigned i=0; i<_nParticles; ++i) {</pre>
                                                                          <_nTotal; ++i) {
                                                                        _x2[i] += dx;
        // Additional velocitiy componentes
279
             introduced by box movement
        float v2Box = 0;
                                                                   } else {
        float v3Box = 0;
                                                                     std::cout << "You hit the wall";</pre>
        // Check if the box was moved within the
                                                                   _v2Box = dx/_dt;
             last time interval
                                                                   _boxMoved = true;
        if(_boxMoved) {
           v2Box = _v2Box;
v3Box = _v3Box;
                     _v3Box;
           _boxMoved = false; // movement of box
                                                                 void SPH::moveBoxY(float dy) {
                                                                  float tmpMinY = _x3MinBox + dy;
float tmpMaxY = _x3MaxBox + dy;
               has been considered, set to false
                                                                   if(tmpMinY > _x3MinWall && tmpMaxY <
    _x3MaxWall) {</pre>
           _v2Box = 0; // reset velocity
               components of Box to zero
                                                                      _x3MinBox = tmpMinY;
_x3MaxBox = tmpMaxY;
           _{v3Box} = 0; // reset velocity
289
               components of Box to zero
                                                                      // Move Ghost particles
        // Elastic reflection on wall
                                                                      for(unsigned i=_nParticles+_nGhostWall; i
        if(_x1[i] <= _x2MinWall) _v1[i] = +</pre>
                                                                          <_nTotal; ++i) {
             _damping*std::abs(_v1[i]);
                                                                        _x3[i] += dy;
        if(x1[i] >= x2MaxWall)
                                        _{v1[i]} = -
             _damping*std::abs(_v1[i]);
                                                             344
        if(x2[i] \le x3MinWall) v2[i] = +
                                                                   } else {
        _damping*std::abs(_v2[i]);
if(_x2[i] >= _x3MaxWall) _v2[i] = -
                                                                     std::cout << "You hit the wall";</pre>
                                                                   _v3Box = dy/_dt;
             _damping*std::abs(_v2[i]);
                                                                   _boxMoved = true;
                                                             349
        // Elastic reflection on box
```

```
float SPH::getRadius(unsigned i) const {
354
     return _r[i];
                                                            os << "\n
                                                            os << "\n";
   float SPH::getEkin() const {
     float Ekin;
359
                                                      414
     for(unsigned i=0; i<_nParticles; ++i) {</pre>
                                                            return os;
       Ekin += _m[i] * (_v1[i] *_v1[i] + _v2[i] *
           _{v2[i]} + _{v3[i]}*_{v3[i]};
                                                                         Listing 3: Simulation.cpp
     return .5*Ekin;
                                                          #define GLM FORCE RADIANS
                                                           define BUFFER_OFFSET(i) (reinterpret_cast<</pre>
   float SPH::getEpot() const {
                                                              void*>(i))
     float Epot;
     for(unsigned i=0; i<_nParticles; ++i) {</pre>
                                                          #include <string>
       Epot += _m[i] * _x2[i];
     return _g*Epot;
                                                          #ifdef TARGET_OS_MAC // MAC
                                                            std::string platform = "MAC";
                                                            // TODO: Include Mac Headers here
   void SPH::setGravity(float g) {
                                                          telif defined __linux__ // LINUX
                                                            std::string platform = "LINUX";
     _q = q;
                                                            #include "Aluminum/Includes.hpp"
#include "Aluminum/Program.hpp"
   ansigned SPH::getTotalParticles() const {
                                                            #include "Aluminum/MeshBuffer.hpp"
                                                            #include "Aluminum/MeshData.hpp"
#include "Aluminum/Shapes.hpp"
     return _nTotal;
379
                                                            #include "Aluminum/Camera.hpp"
                                                            #include "Aluminum/Utils.hpp"
   // Overloaded output operator
                                                            #include "Aluminum/MeshUtils.hpp"
                                                            #include "Aluminum/FBO.hpp"
   ostream& operator << (ostream& os, const SPH& s
                                                            #include "Aluminum/Behavior.hpp"
      ) {
                                                            #include "Aluminum/ResourceHandler.hpp"
     os << "\n
                                                            #include "Aluminum/Texture.hpp"
                                                            #include "Aluminum/RendererLinux.hpp"
                                                          #elif defined _WIN32 || defined _WIN64
     os << "\nTime: " << s._T << "\tTimestep:
                                                            std::string platform = "WINDOWS";
     " << s._tStep;
os << "\nGravity:\t" << s._g;
os << "\nKinetic Energy: \t" << s.getEkin
                                                           error "unknown platform"
                                                          #endif
     ();
os << "\nPotential Energy: \t" << s.getEpot</pre>
     ();
os << "\nBox:\t[ " << s._x2MinBox << " , "
                                                          include "sphModel.hpp"
         << s._x2MaxBox << " ] x [ " << s.
                                                          #include "extendedShapes.hpp"
         _x3MinBox << " , " << s._x3MaxBox << "
     unsigned nOutput = 2; // Only output first
         particle
                                                          using glm::vec3;
     // unsigned nOutput = s._nParticles; // All
394
                                                          using glm::mat4;
          particles
                                                          float pi = glm::pi<float>();
     os << "\nPosition:\t| ";
     for(unsigned i=0; i<nOutput; ++i) {</pre>
                                                          using namespace aluminum;
       printf("%3.4f %3.4f %3.4f | ", s._x1[i],
           s._x2[i], s._x3[i]);
                                                          // TODO: improve performance by only adding
399
                                                              one single sphere instead of N spheres (
                                                              just use different model matrices).
     os << "\nVelocity:\t| ";
                                                          // TODO: make liquid flow in from top
     for(unsigned i=0; i<nOutput; ++i) {</pre>
                                                          // TODO: pass in only points to shader and
       printf("%3.4f %3.4f %3.4f | ", s._v1[i],
                                                              use geometry shader to create 3d
           s._v2[i], s._v3[i]);
                                                              particles
                                                          // TODO: see 3.5.1: flowing water and
                                                              particle effects, stream output
     os << "\nAcceleration:\t| ";
     for(unsigned i=0; i<nOutput; ++i) {</pre>
                                                          class Simulation : public RendererLinux {
       printf("%3.4f %3.4f
                                .4f | ", s._a1[i],
           s._a2[i], s._a3[i]);
```

```
public:
     static const unsigned N = 0; // 40;
     unsigned M = 0;
     ResourceHandler rh;
     Camera camera;
                                                   114
     Program program;
     GLint posLoc = 0;
     GLint normalLoc = 1;
64
     GLint colloc = 2;
     MeshBuffer* mb;
     mat4 view, proj;
     Behavior rotateBehavior;
     bool gravityOn;
74
     SPH fluidsimulation = SPH(N); // Initialize
          Fluid simulation model with N
         particles
                                                   129
79
     unsigned stepCounter = 0; // TODO: remove -
         step counter that keeps track of how
         many timesteps have been done - model
         stops after certain number of steps
     void onCreate() {
84
       rh.loadProgram(program, "resources/
                                                   139
           simulation", posLoc, normalLoc, -1,
           colLoc);
       M = fluidsimulation.getTotalParticles();
           // Render all particles
       mb = new MeshBuffer[M];
                                                   144
       for(int i=0; i<M; ++i) {</pre>
94
         MeshData md;
         // addCube (md, fluidsimulation.getRadius
             (i), vec3(0,0,0));
         // addRect (md, 4.f, 4.f, 100.f, vec3 (0, 0, 0)
         addSphere (md, 5*fluidsimulation.
             getRadius(i),8,8);
         mb[i].init(md, posLoc, normalLoc, -1,
             colLoc);
                                                   154
       glEnable(GL_DEPTH_TEST);
       glViewport(0, 0, width, height);
104
       rotateBehavior = Behavior(now()).delay
           (1000).length(5000).range(vec3(3.14,
           3.14, 3.14)).reversing(true).repeats (-1).linear();
                                                   159
       camera = Camera(glm::radians(60.0)
           ,1.,0.01,1000.0);
```

```
camera.translateZ(-400);
  gravityOn = false;
  void loadProgram(Program &p, const std::
     string& name) {
  p.create();
  p.attach(p.loadText(name + ".vsh"),
     GL_VERTEX_SHADER);
  glBindAttribLocation(p.id(), posLoc, "
     vertexPosition");
  // glBindAttribLocation(p.id(), colLoc, "
     vertexColor");
  glBindAttribLocation(p.id(), normalLoc,
     vertexNormal");
  p.attach(p.loadText(name + ".fsh"),
     GL_FRAGMENT_SHADER);
  p.link();
void onFrame() {
     // PROPAGATE MODEL
     if(stepCounter < 0 /*5000*/) {
   ++stepCounter;
   fluidsimulation.timestep(.05); //
       Propagate fluidsimulation in time
   std::cout << fluidsimulation; // Output</pre>
        current status of Fluid particles
  // Getting position data for rendering
   unsigned M = 5;
   float* X = \text{new float}[3*M];
   float* V = \text{new float}[3*M];
   for(unsigned i=0; i<M; ++i) {</pre>
      fluidsimulation.getPosition(i,(X+3*i)
      fluidsimulation.getVelocity(i,(V+3*i)
         );
   // TODO: position = position, velocity
       = colorcoded
    // TODO: opengl: allow switching from
       particle view to grid view
   delete[] V;
   delete[] X;
```

```
// Keyboard Interaction
                                                        void specialkeys(int key, int x, int y) {
       // Start displaying
                                                           // FreeGlutGLView::specialkeys(key,x,y);
       glViewport(0, 0, width, height);
                                                           // Switch Cross Compatible with Linux/
169
       // glClearColor(0.1,0.1,0.1,1.0);
                                                              MacOS
       glClearColor(1.0,1.0,1.0,1.0);
       glClear(GL_COLOR_BUFFER_BIT |
                                                           float dxBox = 1;
           GL_DEPTH_BUFFER_BIT);
                                                           if(key == GLUT_KEY_UP || false) {
       if (camera.isTransformed) {
174
                                                   229
                                                             // camera.rotateX(glm::radians(-2.));
         camera.transform();
                                                             // fluidsimulation.moveBoxY(dxBox);
                                                           } else if(key == GLUT_KEY_DOWN || false)
       vec3 totals = vec3(.0f,.0f,.0f); //
                                                             // camera.rotateX(glm::radians(2.));
           rotateBehavior.tick(now()).totals();
                                                             // fluidsimulation.moveBoxY(-dxBox);
           // TODO: uncomment for rotation
                                                           } else if(key == GLUT_KEY_RIGHT || false)
                                                   234
179
       // Draw Cubes
                                                             // camera.rotateY(glm::radians(2.));
       for(int i=0; i<M; ++i) {</pre>
                                                             // fluidsimulation.moveBoxX(+dxBox);
         program.bind(); {
                                                           } else if(key == GLUT_KEY_LEFT || false)
       proj = glm::perspective(45.0, 1.0, 0.1,
184
                                                             // fluidsimulation.moveBoxX(-dxBox);
           100.0);
                                                             // camera.rotateY(glm::radians(-2.));
                                                   239
       view = qlm::lookAt(vec3(0.0,0.0,100)),
           vec3(0,0,0), vec3(0,1,0);
           mat4 model = mat4(1.0);
                                                   244
189
                                                        void keyboard(unsigned char key, int x, int
           float position[3];
                                                             y) {
           float velocity[3];
           fluidsimulation.getPosition(i,
                                                           float dxCamera = 5;
               position);
           fluidsimulation.getVelocity(i,
                                                           if(key == ' ' || false) {
               velocity);
                                                             camera.resetVectors();
                                                           } else if(key == 'a' || false) {
           model = glm::translate(model, vec3(
                                                             camera.rotateY(glm::radians(-2.));
               position[0],position[1],position
               [2]));
                                                             else if(key == 's' || false) {
                                                             camera.rotateY(glm::radians(+2.));
                                                   254
           // For Rotation of Cubes
                                                           } else if(key == 'n' || false) {
                                                             camera.translateZ(-dxCamera);
           model = glm::rotate(model, -totals.x,
                                                           } else if(key == 'u' || false) {
                vec3(1.0f,0.0f,0.0f));
                                                             camera.translateZ(+dxCamera);
           model = glm::rotate(model, -totals.y,
                                                             else if(key == 'h' || false) {
                vec3(0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f));
                                                             camera.translateX(+dxCamera);
           model = glm::rotate(model, -totals.z,
                                                           } else if(key == '1' || false) {
                vec3(0.0f, 0.0f, 1.0f));
                                                             camera.translateX(-dxCamera);
                                                           } else if(key == 'k' || false) {
                                                             camera.translateY(-dxCamera);
           glUniformMatrix4fv(program.uniform("
               model"), 1, 0, ptr(model));
                                                            else if(key == 'j' || false) {
                                                             camera.translateY(+dxCamera);
           glUniformMatrix4fv(program.uniform("
           view"), 1, 0, ptr(camera.view));
glUniformMatrix4fv(program.uniform("
                                                           } else if(key == 'g' || false) {
                                                             if (gravityOn) {
               proj"), 1, 0, ptr(camera.
                                                               fluidsimulation.setGravity(0);
                                                   269
               projection));
                                                               gravityOn = false;
           glUniform3f(program.uniform("velocity
                                                               fluidsimulation.setGravity(-20);
               "), std::abs(velocity[0])/100,
                                                               gravityOn = true;
               velocity[1]/100,.25);
                                                   274
209
           mb[i].draw();
         } program.unbind();
                                                   279
214
```

Listing 4: simulation.vsh

```
#version 150
uniform mat4 proj, view, model;
uniform vec3 velocity;
in vec4 vertexPosition, vertexNormal,
    vertexColor;

out vec3 color;

void main() {
    vec4 position = view * model *
        vertexPosition;
```

```
color = velocity; // vertexColor.xyz;
gl_Position = proj * position;
}
```

Listing 5: simulation.fsh

```
#version 150
in vec3 color;
out vec4 frag;

void main() {
   frag = vec4(vec3(color),1.0);
}
```