## **Ecommerce Customers**

Project 2

## **Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)**

```
df.info()
```

C+ <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 500 entries, 0 to 499
Data columns (total 8 columns):

2000	COLUMNIE (COCCE C COLUMNIE).		
#	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Email	500 non-null	object
1	Address	500 non-null	object
2	Avatar	500 non-null	object
3	Avg. Session Length	500 non-null	float64
4	Time on App	500 non-null	float64
5	Time on Website	500 non-null	float64
6	Length of Membership	500 non-null	float64
7	Yearly Amount Spent	500 non-null	float64

dtypes: float64(5), object(3)

memory usage: 31.4+ KB

I see no missing values, outliers or duplicated values. Deleting Email, Address and Avatar columns.

```
df.isnull().sum()

Email 0
Address 0
Avatar 0
Avg. Session Length 0
Time on App 0
Time on Website 0
Length of Membership 0
Yearly Amount Spent 0
dtype: int64
```

```
del df['Email']
  del df['Address']
  del df['Avatar']
```

## Correlation HeatMap

0.8

0.6

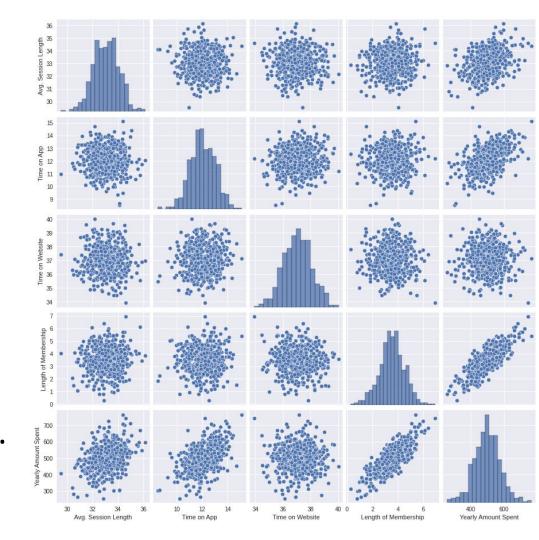
0.4

0.2

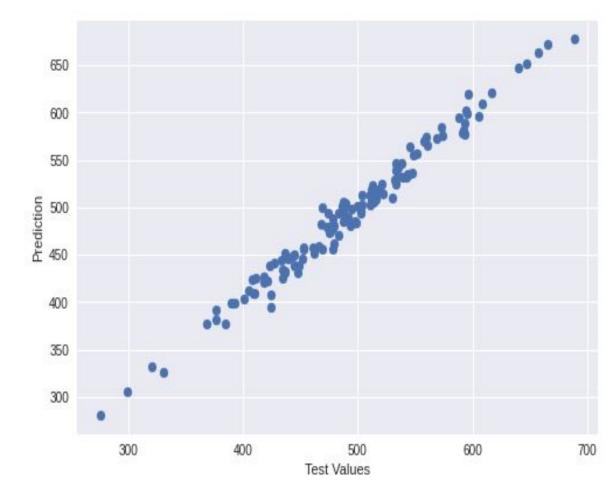
0.0



PairPlot helps us to understand the correlations between last two rows between **Yearly Amount Spent** and Length of Membership as they are Linearly Correlated.



## This diagram shows the linearity of the output



Coefficients indicates the direction of the relationship between a predictor variable and the response variable.

```
features = X.columns
coefficient = reg.coef_

pd.DataFrame({'Coefficient': coefficient}, index=features)
```

Confficient

	Coefficient
Avg. Session Length	25.690832
Time on App	38.688156
Time on Website	0.452799
Length of Membership	61.710503

From this Linear Regression Model to predict the annual revenues whether to focus on the app or the website, I see both are not is a great choice to decide. The Length of Membership determines the Annual Revenues.